

The Governor's
Economic
and
Demographic
Report

2008-2009

Kansas Division of the Budget

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Readers of *The Governor's Economic and Demographic Report* can access this information on the Kansas Division of the Budget's website at <http://budget.ks.gov>.

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2008 U.S. Economic Review

Catastrophic changes in global credit markets over the past six months have had a devastating effect on the U.S. economy, precipitating massive reductions in lending and a fundamental reassessment of investment risk and asset valuations. Confidence in global financial systems and institutions has plummeted, locking down capital markets, leading to unprecedented global governmental interventions in an attempt to forestall what could be the most severe economic contraction since the Great Depression. These conditions have resulted in the loss of nearly \$11 trillion in U.S. household net worth since last year, with equity markets dropping by some \$7 trillion and declines of about \$4 trillion in the value of the nation's housing stock.

On November 28, the Business Cycle Dating Committee of the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER) met by conference call and officially declared an end to the most recent economic expansion. The committee maintains a history of the beginning and end dates of U.S. recessions. The committee determined that a peak in economic activity occurred in the U.S. economy in December 2007. The peak marks the end of the expansion that began in November 2001 and the beginning of a recession. The expansion lasted 73 months; the previous expansion of the 1990s lasted 120 months.

A recession is a significant decline in economic activity spread across the economy, lasting more than a few months, normally visible in production, employment, real income, and other indicators. A recession begins when the economy reaches a peak of activity and ends when the economy reaches its trough. Between trough and peak, the economy is in an expansion.

Recessions are defined as two or more consecutive quarters of economic contraction, which has not happened yet. However, because a recession is a broad contraction of the economy, not confined to one

sector, the NBER emphasizes economy-wide measures of economic activity. The Business Cycle Dating Committee believes that domestic production and employment are the primary measures of economic activity. Since the recession began in December last year, the economy has lost 1.2 million jobs.

The average length of the 11 post-World War II recessions has been about ten months. The 1973-75 recession followed oil price shocks and failed attempts at government price controls. The recession of 1981-82 was largely caused by high interest rates implemented to contain runaway inflation and a financial crisis caused by a real estate crash. These were the two worst recessions in the postwar period with each lasting 16 months. Another financial and real estate crisis led to the recession of 1990-91. The more recent 2001 recession was largely caused by the collapse of overvalued technology stocks and lasted eight months. The present recession was largely caused by the over inflated growth in home prices and unsustainable rates of new home construction. Under normal circumstances a price correction would occur and the economy would quickly return to growth.

Initially, most of the uncertainty resulted from the fears of lenders to extend credit to banks. Subsequently, the focus of the uncertainty began to shift from the credit markets to the anticipated magnitude of the global recession. As such, the extraordinary monetary and fiscal measures taken by the U.S. and other governments around the world in recent months have been designed to inject financial markets with liquidity, sustain key institutions and companies, and stimulate demand through massive public spending programs. However, to date these measures have yet to stabilize markets, restore confidence, or provide a clear path to recovery. In spite of the passage of the \$700 billion Troubled Asset Relief Program (TARP) legislation on October 3, which was intended to help restore investor confidence, the Dow Jones Industrial Average immediately dropped about 20 percent, or more than 2,000 points, over the course of one week.

The general economic environment has deteriorated significantly in 2008, with credit market turmoil leading the way. Over time the effects of the financial crisis will extend beyond the direct impacts on the banking system and the credit-sensitive real estate and automotive industries, and extend to virtually every corner of the economy. The U.S. stock market has declined by 40 percent. The only positive news is that crude oil prices have dropped by more than two-thirds since peaking at over \$150 per barrel in July, saving consumers billions of dollars. Unfortunately, the reason oil prices have plunged is the widespread speculation that a severe global recession will dramatically reduce crude oil demand.

As shown in Table 1-1, which presents major U.S. economic trends for 2008 and the forecast for 2009, real GDP growth is expected to decrease from 1.4

Table 1-1

Major U.S. Economic Trends 2008 & 2009		
	2008	2009
GDP Growth (\$ Constant)	1.4 %	-- %
Personal Income Growth (\$ Current)	4.3	2.9
Consumer Price Index Increase (CPI-U)	4.3	1.8
Unemployment Rate (Monthly Average)	5.6	7.3

percent in 2008 to zero in 2009, while personal income growth is expected to slow from 4.3 percent to 2.9 percent. With the exception of energy and fuel costs, the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) has shown stable yearly increases for the last several years. The inflation rate is expected to slow from 4.3 percent in 2008 to 1.8 percent in 2009. The only rather large increase occurred in 2005 when it jumped by 5.3 percent. This was the highest rate of increase since 1992 when the CPI-U increased by 4.2 percent. However, the national unemployment rate is expected to increase slightly from 5.6 percent in 2008 to 7.3 percent in 2009.

Employment data are important when analyzing the economy. The initial datum derived is the civilian labor force, which is based on a sample survey of households. Once the civilian labor force is determined, then employment, unemployment, and the unemployment rate are derived. The civilian labor force includes those who are at least 16 years old and either employed or looking for employment. Military personnel, retirees, children, and those not actively seeking work are not included. In 2008, the labor

force grew 0.8 percent, compared to a 1.1 percent growth rate in 2007. This is the slowest growth rate in recent years since 2004 when the labor force increased only 0.6 percent. Figure 1-1 shows the U.S. civilian labor force growth rate from 1970 through 2008.

Figure 1-1



The level of employment is the number of individuals in the civilian labor force who are employed. In 2008, employment in the U.S. decreased by 0.3 percent. This compares to a 1.1 percent increase in 2007 and a 1.9 percent increase in 2006. Again this is the slowest rate of increase in recent years since 2002 when employment decreased by only 0.3 percent. Figure 1-2 presents the U.S. employment growth rate from 1970 through 2008.

Figure 1-2



The unemployment rate is expressed as a percentage of the number of people unemployed to the total number of people in the labor force. In 2008, the

unemployment rate stood at 5.6 percent, up significantly from the 4.6 percent rate in 2006 and 2007. In 1992, the unemployment rate was 7.5 percent. The unemployment rate in the U.S. steadily declined every year to 4.0 percent in 2000. Then in 2001, the unemployment rate increased to 4.7 percent. Subsequently, the unemployment rate soared to 5.8 percent in 2002. In 2003, the unemployment increased further to 6.0 percent, it then dropped back to 5.1 percent in 2005. Figure 1-3 shows the U.S. unemployment rate from 1970 through 2008.

Figure 1-3

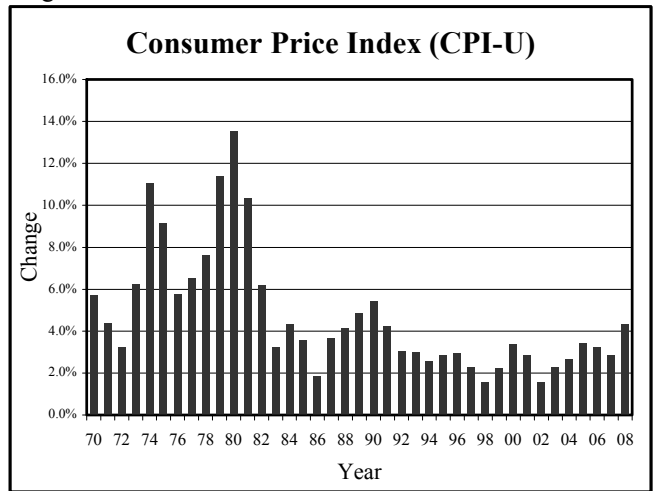


Inflation is another important economic indicator. In general, inflation is the increase in the price of a given “market basket” of goods. Inflation can be measured in several ways. However, the most commonly used measurement is the Consumer Price Index. This index was first constructed during World War I as a basis for adjusting shipbuilders’ wages, which were under government control during the war. In this report, the CPI-U is used because it is reflective of the typical urban consumer’s purchases and is the most commonly used measurement. In 2008, the rate of inflation, as measured by the CPI-U, increased by 4.3 percent compared to a 2.8 percent increase in 2007. This was the highest rate of increase since 1990 when the CPI increased 5.4 percent. Figure 1-4, in the next column, shows the CPI-U from 1970 through 2008.

Gross Domestic Product

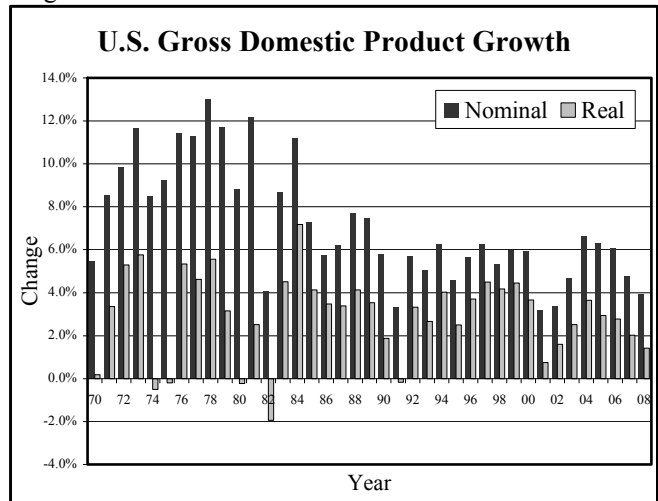
Gross domestic product, or GDP, is the value of final goods and services produced within the country during a given year. GDP is measured both in real terms and

Figure 1-4



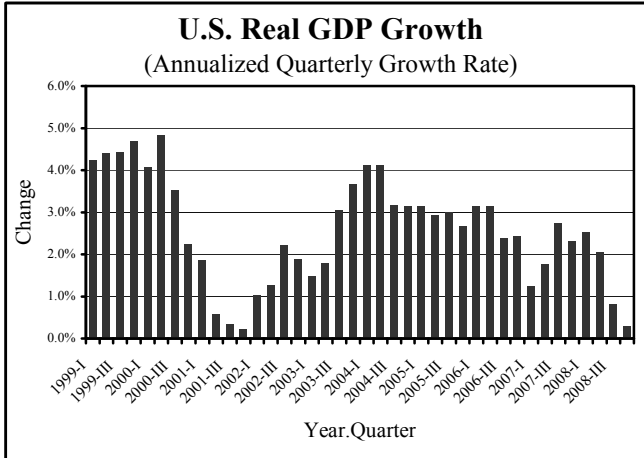
in nominal terms. Nominal GDP is the dollar value of the final goods and services, while real GDP is the value of the final goods and services as adjusted for price changes (inflation) that occurred over the course of that year. U.S. nominal GDP increased at a 3.9 percent rate in 2008 compared to a 4.8 percent rate in 2007 and a 6.1 percent rate in 2006. This is the slowest rate of nominal GDP growth since 2002 when it grew at only a 3.4 percent pace. Figure 1-5 presents U.S. gross domestic product growth from 1970 through 2008.

Figure 1-5



Real GDP grew by 1.4 percent in 2008, compared to a 2.0 percent increase in 2007 and a 2.8 percent increase in 2006. This is the slowest rate of growth since 2001 when real GDP grew at only a 0.8 percent rate. Figure 1-6, on the following page, presents the annualized quarterly growth rate for the U.S. real GDP from the first quarter of 1999 through the fourth quarter of 2008.

Figure 1-6



There are five major categories of GDP: consumption, investment, exports, imports (exports and imports constitute international trade), and government spending. Real GDP for 2008 is shown in Table 1-2.

Table 1-2

	Real 2008*	Percent Change	
		2006-2007	2007-2008
Gross Domestic Product	11,687.2	2.0 %	1.4 %
Consumption	8,284.5	2.8	0.4
Durables	1,195.2	4.8	(3.8)
Nondurables	2,390.1	2.5	(0.1)
Services	4,713.5	2.6	1.4
Investment	1,707.0	(5.4)	(5.7)
Fixed	1,738.1	(3.1)	(3.9)
Nonresidential	1,426.0	4.9	3.1
Structures	338.8	12.7	11.2
Equipment	1,070.1	1.7	(0.8)
Residential	359.2	(17.9)	(20.9)
Inventory Change	(31.1)	(105.9)	1,143.3
Net Exports	(384.6)	(11.2)	(29.6)
Exports	1,549.6	8.4	8.7
Imports	1,934.2	2.2	(1.9)
Government	2,070.9	2.1	2.9
Federal	795.3	1.6	5.6
Defense	537.3	2.5	7.0
Nondefense	257.9	(0.2)	3.0
State and Local	1,275.9	2.3	1.3

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, and Moody's Economy.com

Consumption. The largest component of GDP is consumption, or consumer spending. Changes in consumer spending are affected by a variety of factors, including personal income, the savings rate, debt accumulation, discretionary income, and consumers'

confidence in the economy. Consumer discretionary income was significantly affected by the continuing high cost of gasoline. Although prices have fallen recently, prices during the late summer and early fall were higher than a year ago.

In 2008, real (adjusted for inflation) consumption increased by 0.4 percent, compared to a 2.8 percent increase last year. The overall increase in real consumer spending was led by a 1.4 percent increase in expenditures on services. This compares to a 2.6 percent increase last year. Retail sales and food services increased by 0.6 percent, while retail sales and food excluding autos increased 3.8 percent. The highest increases were for expenditures for food and beverage stores at 5.1 percent, general merchandise at 3.8 percent, food services and drinking places at 3.4 percent, food and beverage stores at 5.8 percent, and clothing and accessories at 1.1 percent. Expenditures for building materials, equipment, and supplies decreased 3.9 percent.

Expenditures on durable goods, or those with an expected useful life of more than one year, decreased 3.8 percent in 2008. This compares to a 4.8 percent increase last year. Non-durables are goods with an expected useful life of one year or less. Expenditures on nondurable goods decreased by 0.1 percent in 2008 compared to a 2.5 percent increase in 2007. Table 1-3 presents U.S. real personal consumption expenditure growth for 2007 and 2008.

Table 1-3

	Expenditures	
	2007	2008
Personal Consumption	2.8 %	0.4 %
Durables	4.8	(3.8)
Motor Vehicles	2.0	(13.2)
Nondurables	2.5	(0.1)
Services	2.6	1.4
Retail Sales & Food Services	4.1	0.6
Ret. Sales & Food Less Autos	4.4	3.8
Bldg. Mat., Equip., & Supplies	(2.7)	(3.9)
General Merchandise	4.3	3.8
Food & Beverage Stores	5.0	5.1
Clothing & Accessories	5.0	1.1
Food Serv. & Drinking Places	5.1	3.4

Source: Moody's Economy.com

Business Investment. Capital investment has continued to expand at a reasonable rate. Spending on nonresidential construction has been particularly strong, reflecting higher outlays for new office and commercial buildings, as well as a rapid increase in expenditures on drilling and mining structures. Outlays for equipment and software have slowed somewhat, though backlogs for “on order” capital goods, such as industrial machinery and other types of heavy equipment, remain high. Moreover, financial conditions continue to be favorable for investment spending because profitability is high, the cost of capital is relatively low, and significant cash reserves remain on firms’ books.

In real terms, overall investment fell by 5.7 percent in 2008 following a 5.4 percent decrease in 2007. Specifically, fixed investment decreased 3.9 percent. Nonresidential investment increased 3.1 percent, while residential investment dropped 20.9 percent and inventories plummeted 1,143.3 percent.

International Trade. In 2008, real imports decreased by 1.9 percent following a 2.2 percent increase in 2007. During that same period, real exports increased by 8.7 percent in 2008 following a 8.4 percent increase in 2007. The result was a trade deficit of \$384.6 billion in 2008.

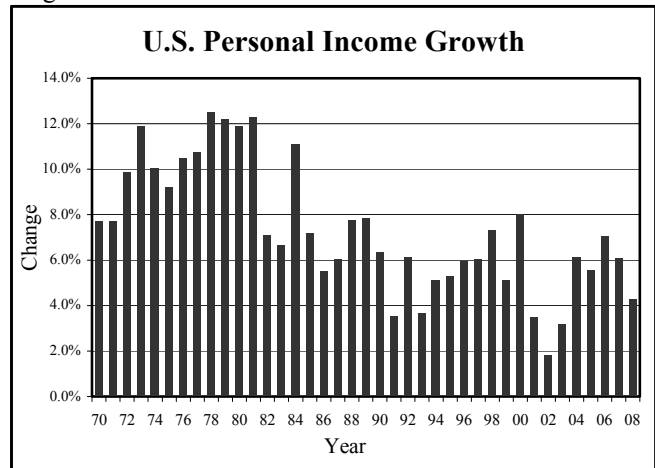
Government Expenditures. Real government spending increased by 2.9 percent in 2008 compared to a 2.1 percent increase in 2007. Specifically, federal government expenditures increased 5.6 percent in 2008, compared to a 1.6 percent increase experienced in 2007. Within the federal government category, national defense expenditures increased 7.0 percent in 2008 compared to a 2.5 percent increase in 2007, and non-defense expenditures increased 3.0 percent in 2008 compared to a 0.2 percent decrease in 2007. At the state and local government levels, expenditures increased at a 1.3 percent rate in 2008 compared to a 2.3 percent increase in 2007.

Personal Income. Personal income is the dollar value of income available to households for consumption expenditures. Total personal income is derived by summing salaries and wages, other labor income, proprietors’ income, rental income, personal dividend income, personal interest income, and transfer payments. From this sum, personal contributions for social insurance and personal taxes are deducted. In

2008, personal income increased by 4.3 percent, which is much lower than the 6.1 percent growth rate experienced in 2007. Figure 1-7 presents U.S. personal income growth from 1970 through 2008.

Rental income surged 36.7 percent in 2008, compared to a 9.5 percent drop in 2007, while dividend income rose 6.8 percent compared to a 12.4 percent surge in 2007. Interest income in 2008 increased 1.7 percent, following a 7.9 percent increase in 2007.

Figure 1-7



Disposable personal income is personal income less personal taxes. Disposable income increased 1.1 percent in 2008 compared to a 2.8 percent increase in 2007. Median household income increased 3.0 percent in 2008 compared to a 4.2 percent increase in 2007. Table 1-4 below presents U.S. personal income composition and growth from 2007 to 2008.

Table 1-4

	U.S. Personal Income Growth, 2007-2008		
	<i>(Dollars in Billions of Chain Weighted 2000 Dollars)</i>		
		Percent Change	
	2008*	2006-2007	2007-2008
Median Household Income	51,716	4.2 %	3.0 %
Personal Income	9,900.0	3.4	0.3
Disposable Income	8,700.0	2.8	1.1
Dividends	839.5	12.4	6.8
Interest	1,234.9	7.9	1.7
Rent	54.7	(9.5)	36.7
Personal Saving Rate	1.6 %	0.2	1.0

* Estimated

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, and Moody's Economy.com

2009 U.S. Economic Outlook

Personal Savings. Personal savings is derived by subtracting personal outlays from disposable personal income. The personal savings rate is personal savings expressed as a percentage of disposable personal income. In 2008, the personal savings rate was 1.6 percent, compared to a 0.6 percent rate in 2007.

Inflation & Prices. Inflation can be measured using several methods. Two specific methods are the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U) and the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) Price Deflator. Up until 2008, inflation has been less than 4.0 percent since 1992. In 2008, inflation, as measured by the CPI-U, rose to 4.3 percent compared to a 2.9 percent rate in 2007. More specifically, the cost of food less energy increased 2.4 percent in 2008 compared to 2.3 percent in 2007. The cost of shelter increased 2.5 percent in 2008 compared to 3.7 percent in 2007, and the cost of food generally increased 5.4 percent in 2008 compared to a 4.0 percent increase in 2007. The cost of food away from home increased 4.2 percent in 2008 compared to 3.6 percent in 2007. Finally, the cost of medical care increased 3.8 percent in 2008 compared to a 4.4 percent increase in 2007. During that same time frame, inflation, as measured by the GDP Price Index, stood at 2.4 percent in 2008 compared to a 2.7 percent increase in 2007. Table 1-5 presents the seasonally adjusted percent change for U.S. consumer prices for 2007 and 2008.

Table 1-5

	Prices	
	2007	2008
GDP Chain Price Deflator	2.7 %	2.4 %
Consumer Price Index	2.9	4.3
Less Food & Energy	2.3	2.4
Shelter	3.7	2.5
Food	4.0	5.4
Food Away from Home	3.6	4.2
Medical Care	4.4	3.8

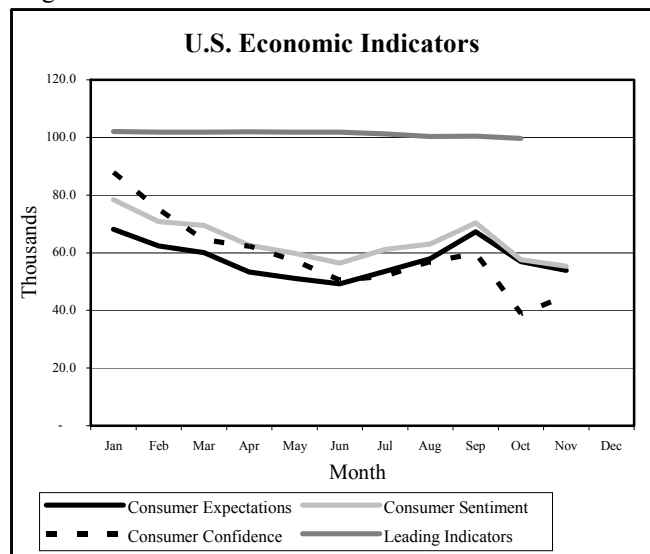
Source: Moody's Economy.com

Productivity. One major factor contributing to holding inflation in check in recent years has been strong productivity growth. Productivity growth, as measured by output per hour, increased 3.0 percent in 2008, compared to a 1.4 percent growth rate in 2007.

As 2008 drew to a close, the year-long recession appeared to be intensifying. The economy has lost nearly 1.2 million jobs since the beginning of 2008. The downturn is very broad-based. According to Moody's Economy.com the economy is expected to lose somewhere around 2.2 million jobs total through the third quarter of 2009. Representing about 1.6 percent of the peak payroll count, this recession will see comparatively fewer job losses than the last recession when the economy lost 2 percent of its peak employment level. Although payroll job losses will be fewer, the recession will be more severe as measured by the extent and duration of unemployment. Moody's Economy.com expects an increase in the unemployment rate of just over 3 percentage points though the first quarter of 2010. During the recessions of 2001 and the early 1990s, the jobless rate increased by 2.4 and 2.2 percentage points, respectively. One has to go back to the twin recessions of the early 1980s to see a rise in the unemployment rate of the size projected now.

Four commonly cited predictors of future economic performance are the Composite Index of Leading Economic Indicators, the Consumer Confidence Index, the Index of Consumer Sentiment, and the Index of Consumer Expectations. Figure 1-8 presents these indices for 2007.

Figure 1-8



The Composite Index of Leading Economic Indicators and the Consumer Confidence Index are compiled by

the Conference Board, which is a private, not-for-profit organization that conducts business and economic research and forecasting. The Composite Index of Leading Economic Indicators is a composite index of ten leading economic indicators that reach cyclical turning points before the actual turning point occurs in the economy as a whole. Each series included in the Composite Index of Leading Indicators is selected because of its performance on six important characteristics, including economic significance, statistical adequacy, timing consistency at business cycle peaks and troughs, conformity to business expansions and contractions, smoothness, and prompt availability.

The Conference Board also compiles the Consumer Confidence Index. This index is based on the Consumer Confidence Survey, which is based on a representative sample of 5,000 U.S. households.

The Index of Consumer Sentiment and the Index of Consumer Expectations are compiled by the Survey Research Center at the University of Michigan. These indices focus on how consumers view prospects for their own financial situation, how they view prospects for the general economy over the near term, and their view of prospects for the economy over the long term.

While the overall inflation rate during 2008 was higher than expected, the difference was almost entirely a result of higher energy and food prices. Excluding food and energy, the core CPI increased 2.4 percent during 2008. Inflation forecasts for the CPI and the GDP price index show overall inflation resuming a lower trend in 2008.

The most immediate fallout from the financial crisis is its impact on consumer and business confidence. Consumer confidence is near business cycle and quarter-century lows. This is in spite of the recent sharp decline in oil and gasoline prices. The Conference Board index has been reflecting much steeper decline than other measures of consumer confidence. Consumer confidence plunged in October, to its lowest reading since the Conference Board began its survey more than 40 years ago, surpassing the old record by more than 5 points. The lack of consumer confidence will exacerbate the effect of diminishing household wealth. Net worth has fallen by \$12 trillion since last year, with \$4 trillion due to the 20 percent decline in house prices, and the remainder due to the drop in stock prices. According to Moody's Economy.com, every dollar loss in household net

worth reduces consumer spending by about 5 cents over the following two years, and thus the wealth lost over the past year could cut \$275 billion from consumer spending in both 2009 and 2010.

With the exception of July, the Consumer Expectations, Consumer Sentiment, and Consumer Confidence Indices all drifted downward during the course of the year. The Consumer Expectations Index fell from a high of 68.1 in January to a low of 49.2 in June, before rebounding to 67.2 in September, and dropping back to 53.9 by November. The Consumer Sentiment Index fell from a high of 78.4 in January to a low of 55.3 in November. The 12.7 point drop in October was the largest monthly decline on record. The present conditions component of the index fell to its lowest level on record. The index of Consumer Confidence fell from a high of 87.9 in January to a low of 38.8 in November. In keeping with this trend, the Index of Leading Economic Indicators has drifted downward for a high 102.1 during January to a low of 99.6 in October. This indicates that an economic slowdown is imminent.

Real GDP is expected to remain flat in 2009. Total non-farm employment is expected to decrease 1.0 percent in 2009 compared to a 0.1 percent decrease in 2008. Productivity, as measured by output per hour, is also expected to increase 2.5 percent in 2009 compared to a 3.0 percent increase in 2008. Business investment spending is expected to decrease 3.0 percent in 2009 compared to a 5.7 percent decline in 2008.

The unemployment rate is expected to increase significantly from 5.6 percent in 2008 to 7.3 percent in 2009. Nominal personal income is also forecasted to increase by 2.9 percent in 2009 compared to a 4.3 percent increase in 2008. Even though inflation in 2008 was well above the level forecast at the start of the year, inflation is expected to remain modest for 2009. The CPI is expected to increase by 1.8 percent in 2009 compared to a 4.3 percent increase in 2008. Oil prices are expected to moderate down to the \$75 per barrel range in 2009.

Gross Domestic Product

Moody's Economy.com estimates that the financial crisis is likely to reduce Gross Domestic Product in 2009 by as much as \$300 billion or about 2 percent of GDP. Table 1-6, on the following page, presents the

nominal and the real U.S. GDP composition and growth estimates for 2008 and the forecasts for 2009.

Table 1-6

	Real		Percent Change
	(\$ Chained 2000)		
	2008*	2009**	
Gross Domestic Product	11,687.2	11,681.7	(0.0) %
Consumption	8,284.5	8,213.1	(0.9)
Durables	1,195.2	1,137.1	(4.9)
Nondurables	2,390.1	2,352.2	(1.6)
Services	4,713.5	4,731.2	0.4
Investment	1,707.0	1,655.1	(3.0)
Fixed	1,738.1	1,671.9	(3.8)
Nonresidential	1,426.0	1,387.6	(2.7)
Structures	338.8	315.1	(7.0)
Equipment	1,070.1	1,050.8	(1.8)
Residential	359.2	333.4	(7.2)
Inventory Change	(31.1)	(16.8)	45.8
Net Exports	(384.6)	(325.5)	15.4
Exports	1,549.6	1,633.9	5.4
Imports	1,934.2	1,959.4	1.3
Government	2,070.9	2,121.6	2.4
Federal	795.3	824.5	3.7
Defense	537.3	556.0	3.5
Nondefense	257.9	268.4	4.1
State and Local	1,275.9	1,297.7	1.7

*Estimated
**Forecasted

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, and Moody's Economy.com

Consumption. The present recession is unique because of its unparalleled effect on consumer spending. The disequilibrium in housing and mortgage markets that underlie the current recession are significantly more widespread than previous recessions. Real personal consumption expenditures fell 3.1 percent at an annual rate in the third quarter. This was the first such decline since 1991, the sharpest since 1980, and continues a period of weakening growth. As a result, spending is virtually unchanged from a year ago, the worst result since 1991.

The declines in spending were broadbased. Durable goods spending dropped 14 percent, led by a 26 percent decline in spending on motor vehicles and parts. Reduced wealth, credit availability, and job losses constrained consumer purchases of big-ticket items. In addition, real nondurable goods spending also fell sharply as consumers minimized purchases of

nonessential items. Growth in spending on services was very modest with households cutting back on discretionary items like recreation.

Moody's Economy.com reports that during the second half of 2008 household balance sheets and credit conditions eroded significantly. Loan delinquencies and defaults were at near historic levels. According to Moody's Economy.com, consumer spending is expected to continue falling through the early part of 2009. Spending growth is not likely to return until mid-2009. However, growth is likely to be much slower than usual as households attempt to rebuild their balance sheets by increasing their rate of saving in the aftermath of the financial crisis.

Overall, real consumption growth is projected to decrease 0.9 in 2009 compared to 0.4 percent increase in 2008. Since the last recession in 1991, consumer spending has consistently increased at a more rapid rate than disposable income. The result was that the savings rate fell. The decline implied that most of the spending growth over this period was driven by capital gains and/or consumer credit. In the latter half of the 1990s, the low savings rate did not appear to be a severe problem because stock market investments were not only sustaining, but enriching many households. However, the stock market correction in 2000 ended this trend. Currently, the low savings rate combined with a high debt level indicates that many consumer budgets are tight. However, the personal savings rate is expected to increase significantly from 1.6 percent in 2008 to 3.0 percent in 2009. Table 1-7

Table 1-7

	U.S. Personal Consumption Expenditure Growth	
	Percent Change, Seasonally Adjusted, 2008-2009	
	Expenditures	
	2008	2009
Personal Consumption	0.4 %	(0.9) %
Durables	(3.8)	(4.9)
Motor Vehicles	(13.2)	(11.1)
Nondurables	(0.1)	(1.6)
Services	1.4	0.4
Retail Sales & Food Services	0.6	(1.9)
Ret. Sales & Food Less Autos	3.8	(0.5)
Bldg. Mat., Equip., & Supplies	(3.9)	(6.1)
General Merchandise	3.8	2.9
Food & Beverage Stores	5.1	3.9
Clothing & Accessories	1.1	(0.8)
Food Serv. & Drinking Places	3.4	2.5

Source: Moody's Economy.com

presents U.S. personal consumption expenditure growth estimates for 2008 and the forecasts for 2009.

During the unprecedented economic expansion of the 1990s, a tight labor market and low inflation allowed consumers to realize significant gains in real purchasing power. Now, however, those particular circumstances are not present. The result is that real disposable income is expected to increase by 1.1 percent in 2009, the same rate as in 2008. Real consumer spending growth is expected to decrease 0.9 in 2009 after a 0.4 percent increase in 2008. This trend will be supported largely by a 0.4 percent increase in services consumption.

Consumption of durables is expected to decrease by 4.9 percent in 2009 compared to a 3.8 percent decrease in 2008. Automobile purchases are expected to decline 11.1 percent in 2009 compared to a 13.2 percent drop in 2008. Expenditures for nondurable goods are forecasted to decrease 1.6 percent in 2009 compared to a 0.1 percent decrease in 2008. However, expenditures for services are forecasted to increase by 0.4 percent in 2009 compared to a 1.4 percent increase in 2008.

Retail sales and food services expenditures are expected to decrease 1.9 percent in 2009, while retail sales and food excluding autos is expected to decrease 0.5 percent. More specifically, expenditures for food and beverage stores is expected to increase 3.9 percent, while expenditures for general merchandise are expected to increase 2.9 percent, and expenditures for food services and drinking places are expected to increase 2.5 percent in 2009. On the other hand, expenditures for building materials, equipment, and supplies is expected to decline 6.1 percent, while expenditures for retail sales and food services are expected to decrease 1.9 percent, and expenditures for clothing and accessories expenditures are expected to decrease 0.8 percent.

Business Investment. Moody's Economy.com expects that the contraction in business investment and profits will be about in line with past recessions. Moody's Economy.com predicts that the financial crisis will lead to substantial declines in business investment through mid 2009. Tighter credit conditions and lower wealth are likely to reduce consumer spending, which, combined with a higher cost of capital, are likely to continue to dampen

business spending. Although there is expected to be improvement in credit conditions by mid year, credit conditions are likely to be tighter than usual for longer, slowing a recovery in business investment.

Residential construction is experiencing its worst period since the Bureau of Census started recording monthly data in January 1959. When adjusted for inflation, the residential fixed investment portion of GDP declined another annualized 20 percent in the third quarter of 2008 as compared with the second. This marks the tenth consecutive double-digit decline in residential investment. This has resulted in a significant excess inventory of new homes in most markets. From peak to trough, Moody's Economy.com expects the median existing house price to decline by about 30 percent. Although construction is expected to stabilize by the middle of 2009, Moody's Economy.com suggests that it may take two years before the housing market regains a semblance of order.

For 2009, real business investment spending is expected to decrease to a 3.0 percent compared to a 5.7 percent decline in 2008. Real fixed investment is expected to decrease 3.8 percent; nonresidential investment is forecasted to decrease 2.7 percent; and residential construction is expected to drop 7.2 percent in 2009. Within nonresidential investment, spending on structures should fall 7.0 percent, while spending on equipment should fall 1.8 percent.

International Trade. The impact of the economic and financial crisis is not limited to the U.S. Demand is contracting globally. In addition to the U.S., the European Union (E.U.) also began experiencing negative growth in the third quarter of 2008 with consumer and business sentiment reaching low points. Eastern European and Baltic countries are experiencing difficulties securing financing for their sizeable budget deficits. Moreover, softening domestic demand and sluggish export demand in the U.S. and the E.U. will constrain Asian and Latin American economies. In turn, slowing demand from Asia and Latin America will dampen European exports and growth.

Real trade exports are expected to increase by 5.4 percent in 2009 compared to an 8.7 percent increase in 2008. Meanwhile, real trade imports are expected to increase 1.3 percent in 2009 compared to a 1.9 percent

decrease in 2008. Given these increases, the real trade deficit is likely to remain over \$325.0 billion in 2009.

Government Expenditures. The Congressional Budget Office estimates that the federal budget deficit for fiscal year 2008, which ended on September 30, was a record \$438 billion, \$276 billion more than the shortfall recorded in FY 2007. Relative to the size of the economy, that deficit was equal to 3.1 percent of GDP, up from 1.2 percent in 2007. The average deficit over the preceding five years, 2002-2006, was 2.6 percent of GDP. The CBO estimates that receipts in FY 2008 were about \$44 billion (or 1.7 percent) below receipts in FY 2007, falling from 18.8 percent of GDP in FY 2007 to about 17.7 percent of GDP in FY 2008. Federal spending rose by about 8 percent. The recession, the stimulus package enacted earlier this year, and continued strong growth in federal spending all contributed to the record deficit.

Moody's Economy.com estimates that with the recession, the Troubled Asset Relief Program, and a fiscal stimulus totaling about \$300 billion, the federal government will see budget deficits of about \$1 trillion in both FY 2009, which started on October 1, and FY 2010. These deficits would amount to about 7 percent of GDP, the largest as a share of the economy since World War II. Subsequently, the deficit will likely contract in the near term as the economy recovers from the recession and the financial crisis. However, over the longer run, without a significant change in fiscal policy, increased spending on Social Security and Medicare payments as the population ages will lead to ongoing budget deficits of at least 3 percent of GDP. Federal aid to the struggling auto industry would also add significantly to the budget deficit.

In real terms, government expenditures are estimated to increase by 2.4 percent in 2009. Total federal government expenditures are estimated to increase by 3.7 percent. Specifically, national defense expenditures are expected to increase 3.5 percent, and non-defense expenditures are expected to increase by 4.1 percent. Real state and local government expenditures are forecasted to increase 1.7 percent.

Personal Income. In 2009, real personal income in the U.S. is forecasted to grow at a 1.0 percent rate. Increases also are anticipated in personal interest income at 5.3 percent, personal dividend income at 2.9 percent, and disposable personal income at 1.1

percent. Rental income is expected to drop 11.7 percent. The median household income is expected to increase 2.1 percent to \$52,783 in 2009. Table 1-8 presents the categories of U.S. personal income growth for 2008 and 2009.

Table 1-8

U.S. Personal Income Growth, 2008-2009			
<i>(Dollars in Billions)</i>			
	2008*	2009**	Percent Change
Median Household Income	51,716	52,783	2.1 %
Personal Income	9,900	10,000	1.0
Disposable Income	8,700	8,800	1.1
Dividends	840	864	2.9
Interest	1,235	1,301	5.3
Rent	55	48	(11.7)
Personal Saving Rate	1.6 %	3.0	1.4

* Estimated
** Forecasted

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis and Moody's Economy.com

Personal Savings. The rate of personal savings is expected to increase to a 3.0 percent rate in 2009.

Inflation & Prices. One of the few positives to emerge from the financial crisis is energy, food, and other commodity prices. According to Moody's Economy.com, the total savings to households from reduced food and energy costs could be as much as \$200 billion. Thus, inflation will continue to moderate in 2009, but deflation is unlikely.

According to the U.S. Energy Information Administration (EIA), the current U.S. and global economic downturn has led to a decrease in global energy demand and a rapid and substantial reduction in crude oil and other energy prices. According to Moody's Economy.com this year's contraction in oil demand is proving to be the deepest since the early 1980s. Several indicators suggest that the current overall economic downturn will be the deepest since 1991. The recent announcement by the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) to lower its production target by 1.5 million barrels per day (bbl/d), effective November 1, is aimed at offsetting this lower oil demand and stabilizing prices at or above recent levels. Future price levels will primarily depend on the magnitude and duration of the economic downturn as well as OPEC and non-OPEC behavior.

The condition of the global economy is expected to remain the most important factor driving world oil prices. The average price of West Texas Intermediate (WTI) crude oil is projected to be \$63.50 in 2009. The average U.S. prices for regular-grade gasoline and diesel fuel in 2009 are projected to be \$2.37 and \$2.73 per gallon, respectively. Residential heating oil prices during the current heating season (October through March) are projected to average \$2.75 per gallon, a reduction of about 17 percent from the 2007-2008 heating season. Residential propane prices are projected to average \$2.22 this winter, a decrease of 10 percent from last winter. Residential natural gas prices are projected to average \$13.02 per thousand cubic feet (Mcf), an increase of 2 percent from last winter. The impact of the economic downturn on demand is also lowering current and expected natural gas prices. The Henry Hub natural gas spot price is projected to average \$6.82 per Mcf in 2009.

As measured by the CPI-U, inflation is forecasted to be 1.8 percent. As measured by GDP Chain Price Deflator, it is expected to be 1.3 percent. Table 1-9 presents price changes for 2008 and 2009 as measured by the GDP Price Index.

The core rate of inflation is expected to moderate gradually during 2009. Moody's Economy.com

Table 1-9

	Prices	
	2008	2009
	GDP Chain Price Deflator	2.4 %
Consumer Price Index	4.3	1.8
Less Food & Energy	2.4	1.8
Shelter	2.5	0.9
Food	5.4	3.0
Food Away from Home	4.2	2.5
Medical Care	3.8	4.6

Source: Moody's Economy.com

expects commodity prices to begin to rebound slowly by the second half of 2009. More specifically, the core rate of inflation is expected to be 1.8 percent in 2009 compared to 4.3 percent in 2008. Medical care costs are expected to increase 4.6 percent, shelter costs are expected to increase 0.9 percent, food costs are expected to increase 3.0 percent, while food away from home is expected to increase 2.5 percent compared to 4.2 percent in 2008.

Productivity. Productivity, as measured by output per hour, is expected to grow at a 2.5 percent rate in 2009, compared to a 3.0 percent rate in 2008.

Chapter 2

Kansas Employment & Income

Overview

Overall, as with the global and the U.S. economies, the Kansas economy is expected to experience a significant down turn in 2009. However, the state's economic downturn is generally expected to be less severe than the nation as a whole. After experiencing steady employment growth through most of 2007, manufacturing has been experiencing significant job losses since midyear. Significant job losses have been experienced in the food manufacturing sector, which has been hit particularly hard by the sharp increases in energy prices experienced during the first half of the year. Increasingly tight credit markets have had a significant dampening effect on the housing market. With the possible exception of the Kansas City area, slowing residential construction has prevented a sharp increase in inventory levels, which has kept housing prices relatively stable. Consumer spending has also begun to slow in response to modest wage growth and limited access to credit, forcing retailers to limit their payrolls. Gross state product (GSP) is forecast to increase by 3.5 percent, and personal income is expected to increase by 3.2 percent. Table 2-1 presents major Kansas economic trends for 2008 and 2009.

Table 2-1

Major Kansas Economic Trends	2008	2009
GSP Growth (\$ Constant)	3.5 %	3.5 %
Personal Income Growth (\$ Current)	4.2	3.2
Employment Growth Rate		
Place of Residence	0.5	0.9
Place of Work	0.6	0.5
Unemployment Rate (Monthly Average)	4.4	4.7

Source: Kansas Department of Labor, Labor Market Information Services

Personal income growth in 2008 slowed to 4.2 percent, with growth in wage and salary disbursements slowing to 3.5 percent, contributions for social insurance is expected to slow to 3.4 percent, other labor income growth slowing to 3.2 percent, dividend, interest, and rent growth slowing to 3.1 percent, and growth in proprietors' income slowing to 1.7 percent. However,

transfers are expected to increase by 10.8 percent, while the residence adjustment is expected to decrease by 5.2 percent. In 2009 personal income growth is expected to slow even further to 3.2 percent, with growth in wage and salary disbursements slowing to 2.9 percent, contributions for social insurance is expected to slow to 2.4 percent, other labor income growth slowing to 2.1. In 2009 employment by place of residence is expected to increase by 0.9 percent, while employment by place of work is expected to increase by only 0.5 percent. In 2009, the unemployment rate is expected to increase to 4.7 percent, up from 4.4 percent in 2008, however, this is still significantly below the 7.3 percent unemployment rate forecast for the U.S. as a whole in 2009.

From October 2007 to October 2008, non-farm salary and wage employment reached 1,402,300 jobs, an increase of only 8,600 jobs since October 2007. Only six of the eleven reporting industry sectors showed job increases compared to a year ago. Primary contributors to the increase include government which added 7,900 jobs; professional and technical services which added 1,400 jobs; education and health services which added 1,300 jobs; natural resources and mining which added 600 jobs, information services which added 400 jobs; and leisure and hospitality services which added 100 jobs. The state's unemployment rate rose from 3.7 percent in October 2007 to 4.5 percent in October 2008.

From October 2007 through October 2008, annual employment in the goods producing industries decreased 0.4 percent, while employment in the services producing industries increased 0.8 percent. Within the goods producing industries, natural resources employment increased 6.6 percent, while manufacturing employment decreased 0.5 percent; and construction employment decreased by 1.0 percent. Within the services producing industries, government employment increased 3.0 percent, information and professional and business services increased 1.0 percent each, education and health services increased 0.8 percent, leisure and hospitality services increased 0.1 percent. Employment in other services remained

constant, while employment in financial activities decreased 0.7 percent, and trade, transportation, and utilities employment decreased 0.4 percent. Farm employment declined 2.7 percent in 2008.

The Kansas economy has slowed due in large part to the overall downturn in manufacturing. In 2007, manufacturing accounted for 13.5 percent of total employment in Kansas. Within the manufacturing industry, the transportation equipment manufacturing sector is significant because of the Wichita area's focus on aircraft manufacturing and the Kansas City area's focus on car and truck manufacturing. The transportation equipment manufacturing sector accounts for 27.5 percent of all of the state's manufacturing jobs.

The global credit crisis will have a significant negative impact on the state's durable goods manufacturers that will more than offset the positive effect of falling energy prices. Aerospace and machinery manufacturers, which were responsible for much of the state's growth in manufacturing employment over recent years, are likely to be the hardest hit. Customers in these industries depend heavily on credit to finance purchases. The Federal Reserve's Senior Loan Officer Opinion Survey found that 84 percent of financial institutions tightened their commercial and industrial loan standards for large and medium-sized borrowers for the fourth quarter of 2008. In addition, a slowing global economy and an appreciating dollar will also have a dampening effect on the state's exports.

Similarly, tightening mortgage lending standards will continue to dampen housing demand for much of the year. However, the relatively low level of speculative residential construction in the state and more stringent credit standards has allowed most of the state to avert a major inventory accumulation. This is a major factor as to why housing prices in most of the state have not fallen precipitously as they have in many other parts of the country. Nevertheless, housing prices are likely to experience some decline over the next year and will not cause a major reduction in consumer spending. The traditionally conservative borrowing habits and practical saving habits of Kansans are likely to mediate a sharp decline in consumer spending over the next year.

A possible exception is the Kansas City area, where according to the Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas

City's Subprime Loan Report, although the area had a below average foreclosure rate compared to other metropolitan areas, the area had a higher delinquency rate on subprime loans than the national average. The Report also found that existing Kansas City-area subprime loans were originated earlier than in other parts of the nation, that area borrowers had lower average credit scores, and that area borrowers are paying above-average interest rates.

Another indication of the breadth of the impact of the financial crisis is that three of the four companies chosen to manage a state-owned casino have withdrawn their bids. Most recently, Kansas Entertainment withdrew its plan for a \$705 million resort at the Kansas Speedway in Wyandotte County because of tight credit markets and a poor economy. Earlier a proposal by Harrah's Entertainment-Summer Gaming and Resorts was withdrawn because of the poor economy. Penn National Gaming withdrew its proposal for a facility in Cherokee County after losing its bid to Harrah's for a facility in Sumner County citing competition from a nearby Indian casino. The only project still scheduled to move forward at the time this report was prepared is Butler National Service Corporation of Olathe's proposal for an \$87.5 million casino in Dodge City, to be open as soon as the latter half of 2009.

The state had expected that expanded gaming would generate an additional \$200 million in revenues. In addition to four state-owned casinos, expanded gaming provisions allowed for slot machines at dog and horse tracks. However, two racetracks could not agree with the state over the division of proceeds. Park City's dog track closed after Sedgwick County voters rejected a gaming measure in 2007.

On a more positive note, Kansas emerged as the leading contender for a new \$563 million federal biodefense lab. Federal officials recommended that the new National Bio and Agro-Defense Facility be located in Manhattan. If Manhattan is ultimately selected for the facility, construction is expected to bring up to 1,600 temporary jobs with a payroll of about \$183 million. The laboratory complex is expected to employ 250 to 350 and have a payroll up to \$30 million annually. Federal officials unanimously agreed that the Manhattan proposal "best met the purpose and need to site, construct and operate" the laboratory complex. The facility will focus on livestock diseases and other threats to the nation's

food supply. However, the selection will not be final until a senior official with the U.S. Department of Homeland Security renders a decision.

The Kansas agricultural sector produces a wide array of products, with wheat, corn, sorghum, and soybeans as the main crops. Kansas is perennially the nation's largest wheat producer, harvesting nearly 400.0 million bushels of wheat per year, which is approximately 20.0 percent of the total U.S. wheat output. In addition to the significant contribution Kansas makes to the production of row crops, the state is a large producer of livestock. More than 60.0 percent of the state's agricultural receipts are derived from cattle production.

According to the Annual Small Grain Summary, wheat production in 2008 was estimated at 356 million bushels or 25 percent above 2007. The final yield was 40 bushels per acre or seven bushels above 2007. Acreage harvested for grain was 8.9 million acres or about 300,000 acres above 2007. The corn crop is forecasted to be 493 million bushels, down 5 percent from 2007. Yield is forecasted to be 137 bushels per acre, three bushels below 2007. Generally, the monthly average prices farmers received for wheat, corn, sorghum, and soybeans were above last year's levels. Cattle sales have generally been up this year, although placements are down from a year ago. Much of the increase in corn prices and production are resulting from high fuel prices and speculation regarding increased ethanol demand as an alternative fuel. Because of these and other factors the value of farmland in Kansas surged in 2008. Although farm input costs increased significantly in 2008, farm debt ratios have also reached record lows. Overall, farm income in 2009 is expected to be significantly higher because of higher crops prices and higher demand for key crops.

Kansas Employment Review

Employment data are compiled in two ways: by place of residence and by place of work. The first compilation, employment by place of residence, is based on a sample survey of households. From the sample survey, the civilian labor force is determined. Once the civilian labor force is determined, then employment, unemployment, and the unemployment rate are derived. Children, retirees, military personnel,

and those who are not actively seeking work, are not considered to be part of the civilian labor force. The second compilation is based on employment by place of work. For this compilation, data are gathered from information primarily obtained directly from firms as part of the unemployment insurance program. Place of work data are further categorized by industry.

Employment by Place of Residence

From October 2007 to October 2008, the Kansas civilian labor force grew at a rate of 1.5 percent, with employment increasing 0.6 percent and unemployment rate increasing 0.9 percentage points from 3.6 percent to 4.5 percent. Table 2-2 presents Kansas over-the-year employment details for 2007 and 2008, by place of residence.

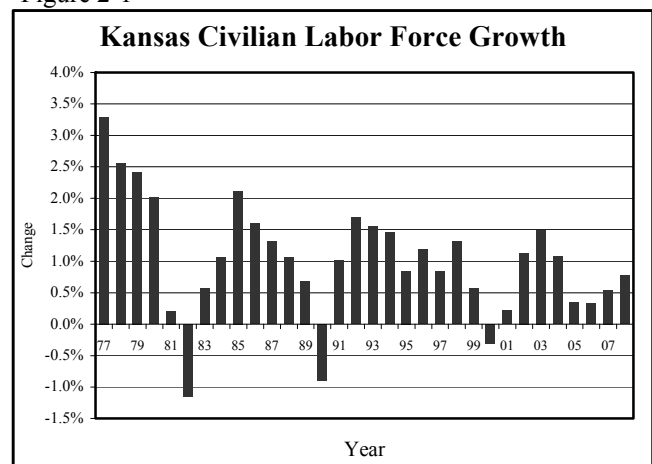
Table 2-2

Kansas Employment, by Place of Residence October 2007-October 2008			
	2007	2008	% Change
Place of Residence Data			
Civilian Labor Force	1,474,864	1,497,596	1.5 %
Employment	1,422,230	1,430,615	0.6
Unemployment	52,634	66,981	27.3
Unemployment Rate	3.6	4.5	0.9

Source: KS Dept. of Labor, Labor Market Info. Servs.

Figure 2-1 presents trends in the Kansas civilian labor force from 1977 through 2008.

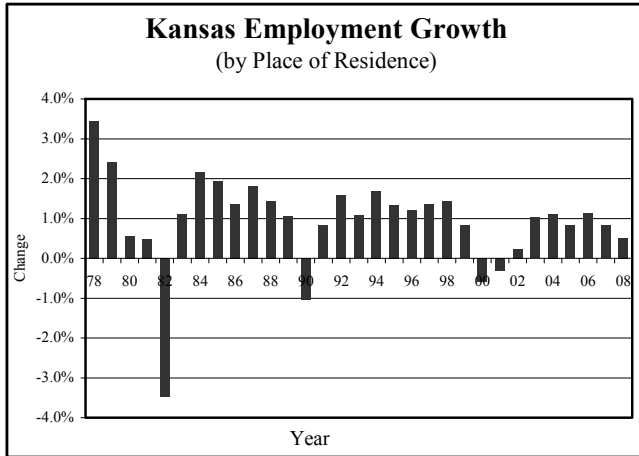
Figure 2-1



The relationship between labor force growth and the business cycle can be clearly observed in this graphic. There have been three recessions over the past 30

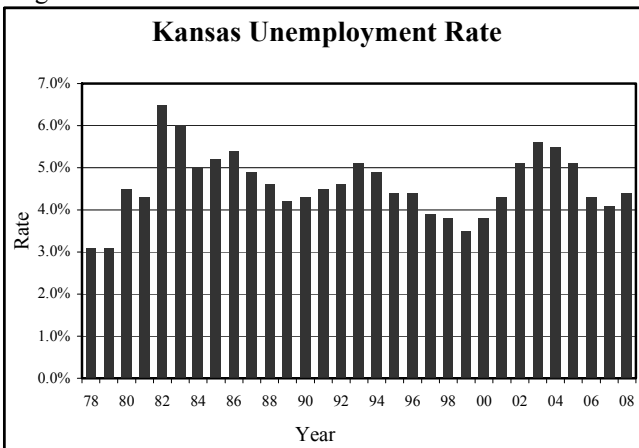
years: 1982, 1990, and 2000. The accompanying declines in the civilian labor force can be clearly seen in these years. It is also noteworthy that the economic slowdown in 2000 was relatively mild compared to the ones in 1982 and 1990. A similar pattern can be seen in Kansas employment growth. Figure 2-2 presents Kansas employment trends by place of residence from 1978 through 2008.

Figure 2-2



The unemployment rate is also based on the civilian labor force. The unemployment rate in Kansas increased from 3.6 percent in October 2007 to 4.5 percent in October 2008. The highest rate during the last several decades occurred in 1982 when the unemployment rate reached 6.5 percent and then fell to 6.0 percent in 1983. Rates have not reached those levels for quite some time; however, the low levels experienced in the late 1990s are not anticipated in the near future either. Figure 2-3 presents the Kansas unemployment rate from 1978 through 2008.

Figure 2-3



Employment by Place of Work

The classifications of employment by place of work are goods producing industries, services producing industries, and farming. This section presents an overview of employment in the goods producing industries by subcategory. The next section presents employment in the services producing industries followed by farming. Compared to October 2007, employment in Kansas, as measured by place of work, was 0.6 percent higher. Figure 2-4 presents Kansas employment by place of work for 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-4

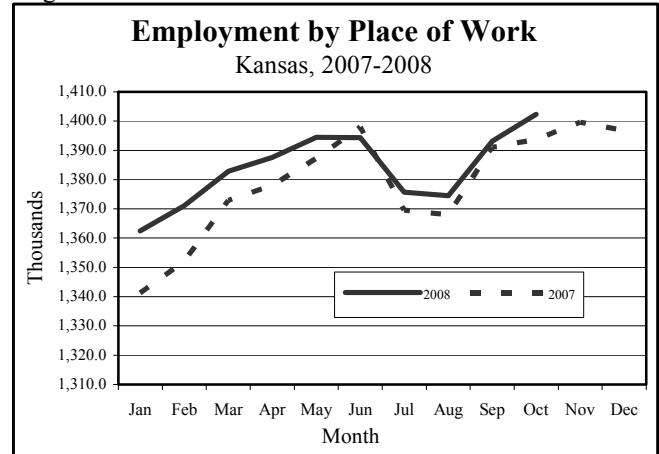


Table 2-3 presents Kansas employment details for 2007 and 2008, by place of work.

Table 2-3

Place of Work Data	Kansas Employment, by Place of Work October 2007-October 2008		% Change
	2007	2008	
Total Nonfarm	1,393,700	1,402,300	0.6 %
Total Private	1,129,300	1,130,000	0.1
Goods Producing	262,900	261,900	(0.4)
Natural Resources	9,100	9,700	6.6
Construction	67,200	66,500	(1.0)
Manufacturing	186,600	185,700	(0.5)
Durable Goods	119,500	120,900	1.2
Machinery	17,800	18,600	4.5
Electrical Equipment	4,100	4,200	2.4
Transp. Equip.	51,300	52,400	2.1
Aerospace Product	41,600	43,200	3.8
Non-Durable Goods	67,100	64,800	(3.4)
Food Manufacturing	32,200	31,200	(3.1)
Animal Slaughtering	19,100	18,000	(5.8)

Table 2-3 (cont'd)

Kansas Employment, by Place of Work October 2007-October 2008			
	2007	2008	% Change
Place of Work Data			
Service-Providing Ind.	1,130,800	1,140,400	0.8 %
Private Service-Providing	866,400	868,100	0.2
Trade, Transp. & Util.	264,400	263,400	(0.4)
Wholesale Trade	60,200	60,200	--
Retail Trade	148,800	148,900	0.1
Motor Vehicle	18,400	18,500	0.5
Grocery Stores	20,100	20,200	0.5
General Merchandise	35,000	35,700	2.0
Trans. Warehouse	55,400	54,300	(2.0)
Utilities	7,400	7,200	(2.7)
Elec. Power Trans.	5,500	5,500	--
Trans. & Wrhse.	48,000	47,100	(1.9)
Truck Trans.	18,100	18,100	--
Information	40,100	40,500	1.0
Telecommunications	25,100	24,500	(2.4)
Financial Activities	74,400	73,900	(0.7)
Finance & Insurance	58,900	58,700	(0.3)
Credit Intermed.	28,100	28,000	(0.4)
Insurance Carriers	24,800	25,000	0.8
Real Estate	15,500	15,200	(1.9)
Professional & Business	147,000	148,400	1.0
Prof. & Science	58,200	58,400	0.3
Mgmt. of Companies	11,400	11,700	2.6
Administrative	77,400	78,300	1.2
Ed. & Health Serv.	172,700	174,000	0.8
Health Care & Serv.	156,400	158,000	1.0
Hospitals	42,500	42,200	(0.7)
Leisure & Hosp.	115,300	115,400	0.1
Arts & Entertainment	12,900	12,800	(0.8)
Amuse./Gambling	10,400	10,600	1.9
Accommodation	102,400	102,600	0.2
Food Services	91,900	92,100	0.2
Other Services	52,500	52,500	--
Government	264,400	272,300	3.0
Federal	23,600	24,400	3.4
State	55,800	56,200	0.7
Local	185,000	191,700	3.6
Farm Employment	62,600	64,300	2.7

Source: KS Dept. of Labor, Labor Market Info. Serv.

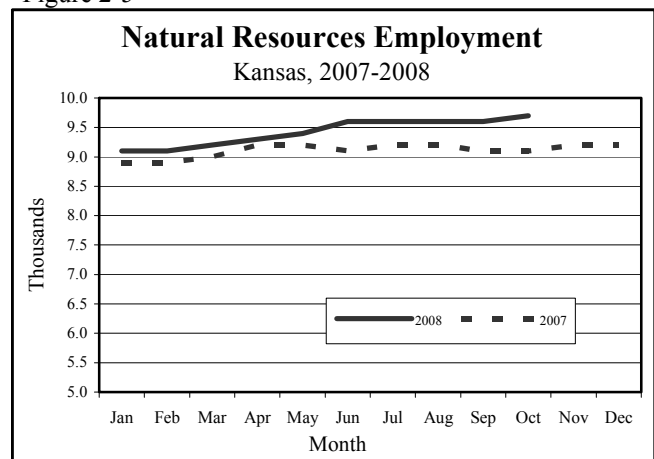
Goods Producing Industries

As measured by place of work, employment in the goods producing industries decreased 0.4 percent from October 2007 through October 2008. There are three general categories within the goods producing

industries: natural resources, construction, and manufacturing.

Natural Resources & Mining. The natural resources and mining super-sector is made up of two parts: the agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting sector, and the mining sector. The agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting sector is establishments primarily engaged in growing crops, raising animals, harvesting timber, and harvesting fish or other animals from a farm, ranch, or their natural habitats. The mining sector is made up of establishments that extract naturally occurring mineral solids (coal and ores), liquid minerals (crude petroleum), and gases (natural gas). The term mining is used in the broad sense to include quarrying, well operations, beneficiating (e.g., crushing, screening, washing, and flotation), and other preparation that is customarily performed at the mine site, or as a part of mining activity. Growth in natural resources and mining employment accelerating during the course of 2008 with employment levels remaining above 2007 levels for the entire year through October. From October 2007 through October 2008, natural resources mining employment increased by 6.6 percent. Figure 2-5 compares monthly employment in natural resources for 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-5

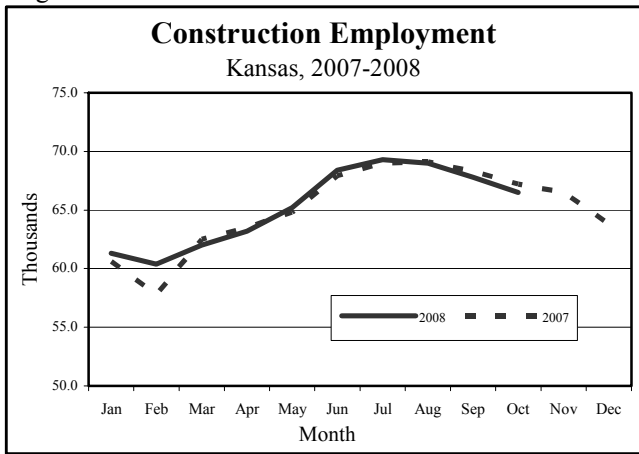


Construction. The construction sector includes establishments primarily engaged in the construction of buildings or engineering projects (e.g., highways and utility systems). Establishments primarily engaged in the preparation of sites for new construction and establishments primarily engaged in subdividing land for sale as building sites also are included in this sector. Construction work done may include new work, additions, alterations, or

maintenance and repairs. Activities of these establishments generally are managed at a fixed place of business, but they usually perform construction activities at multiple project sites.

Monthly construction employment levels began the year above 2007 levels but began slipping back below last year's levels by mid year and remained below 2007 levels through October. From October 2007 through October 2008, construction employment was down 1.0 percent. This particular industry sector is affected greatly by the seasons and the weather. For this reason, it is important to consider the inherent seasonal nature of the industry when analyzing construction employment changes. Figure 2-6 presents trends in construction employment in Kansas for 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-6

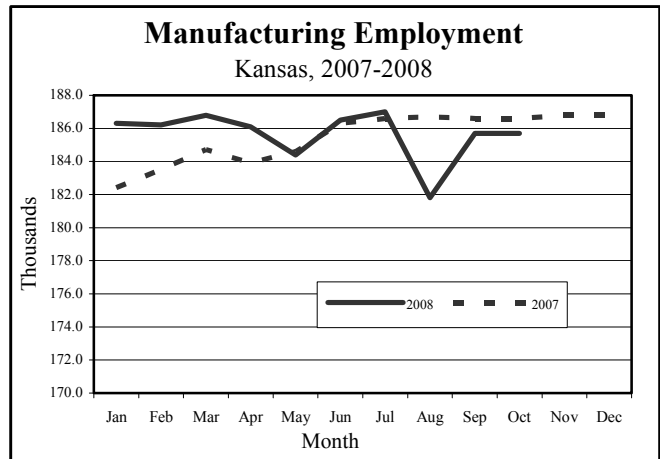


Manufacturing. The manufacturing sector consists of establishments engaged in the mechanical, physical or chemical transformation of materials, substances or components into new products.

Figure 2-7, at the top of the next column, presents trends in manufacturing employment for 2007 and 2008. Monthly manufacturing employment began the year well above 2007 levels, but fell back mid year below last year's levels and remained below 2007 levels through October. From October 2007 through October 2008, manufacturing employment decreased 0.5 percent.

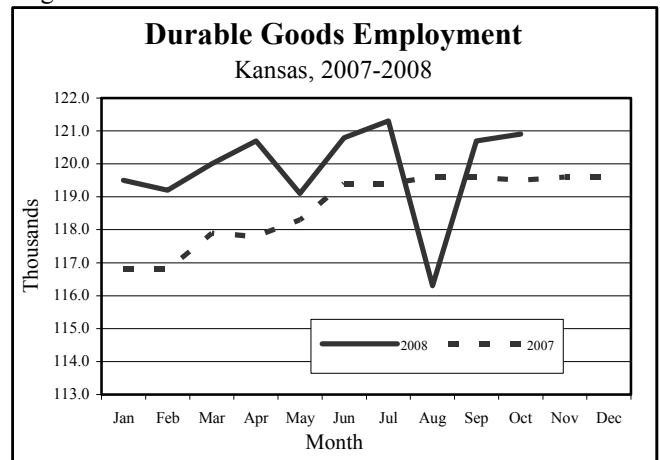
From October 2007 to October 2008, durable goods manufacturing employment increased by 1.2 percent. Durable goods are defined as goods with an expected useful life of more than one year. In 2008, monthly

Figure 2-7



durable goods manufacturing employment were consistently above last year's levels through October, with the exception of significant labor disputes affecting several Wichita area aircraft manufacturers. Figure 2-8 presents the yearly trends in durable goods manufacturing employment, by month, for both 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-8

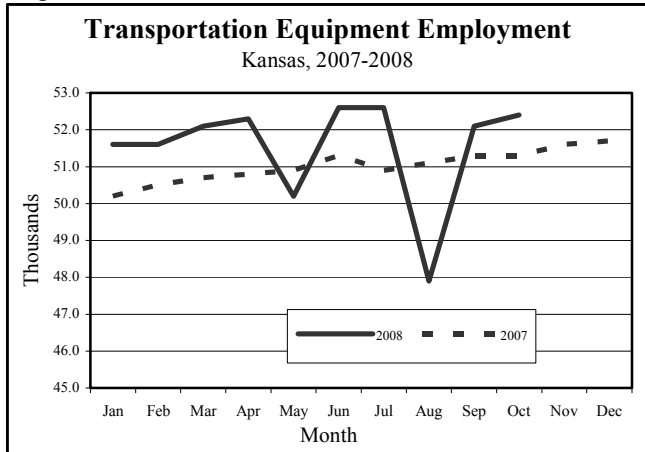


Three important subcategories within the durable goods manufacturing are machinery, electrical equipment, and transportation equipment. Employment in machinery manufacturing increased 4.5 percent, employment in electrical equipment manufacturing increased 2.4 percent, and employment in transportation equipment manufacturing increased by 2.1 percent.

The dynamics of aircraft and parts manufacturing employment in the Wichita metropolitan area are of particular interest when analyzing the Kansas

economy. As shown in Figure 2-9, monthly transportation equipment manufacturing employment was general above 2007 levels through October, with the exception of a series of labor disputes affecting Wichita area aircraft manufacturers.

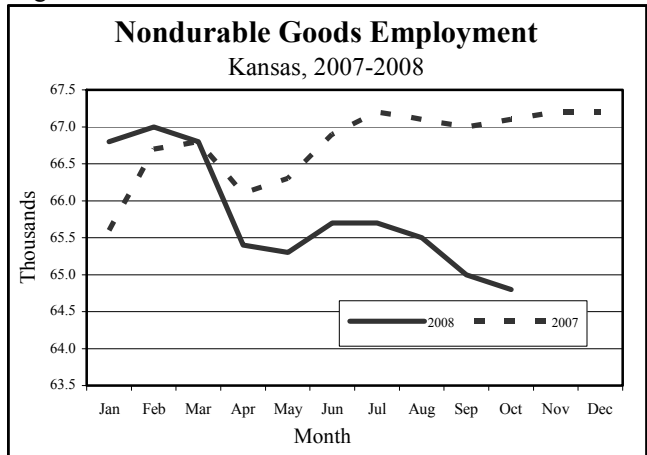
Figure 2-9



Employment trends in transportation equipment, a sub-component of durable goods manufacturing, are important for four reasons. First, transportation equipment manufacturing is a major exporting sub-sector within the Kansas economy. Second, aircraft and related parts manufacturing is a major subcategory of the transportation equipment manufacturing sub-sector. Third, the Wichita metropolitan area's economy is driven largely by aircraft-related manufacturing. Fourth, the Kansas manufacturing industry is driven to a considerable extent by the Wichita metropolitan area's manufacturing employment. For these reasons, employment changes in transportation equipment manufacturing have a potentially significant effect on the Kansas economy. Employment in aerospace products manufacturing rose by 3.8 percent in 2007.

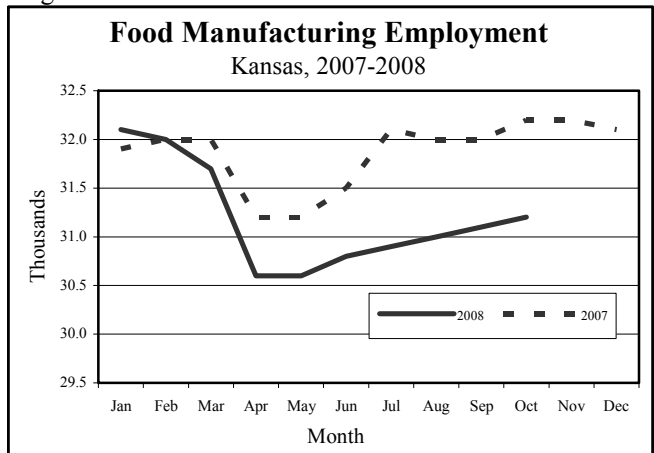
Nondurable goods are defined as goods with an expected useful life of less than one year. Although monthly employment in nondurable goods manufacturing began the year above 2007, nondurable manufacturing employment has dropped significantly since March and remained will below 2007 levels through October. Much of the job loss may be attributed to losses in animal slaughtering employment. From October 2007 to October 2008, employment in nondurable goods decreased by 3.4 percent. Figure 2-10, in the next column, shows nondurable goods manufacturing employment for 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-10



Within nondurable goods manufacturing, the food manufacturing sector accounts for nearly 50.0 percent of employment in Kansas. Food manufacturing employment decreased 3.1 percent over this period. Monthly food manufacturing employment has dropped significantly since March and remained will below 2007 levels through October. Within food manufacturing, animal slaughtering employment actually decreased by 5.8 percent. Figure 2-11 presents trends in food and kindred products employment in Kansas for 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-11



Services Producing Industries

The second broad classification of employment by place of work is the services producing industries. Employment in the services producing industries grew at a 0.8 percent rate in 2008. There are eight major categories within the services producing industries.

They include trade, transportation, and utilities; information; finance; professional and technical services; educational and health services; leisure and hospitality services; other services; and government. In 2007, only five of the eight major categories experienced increases in employment, while two experienced decreases, and one remained unchanged.

Trade, Transportation, & Utilities. The trade super-sector includes the wholesale and the retail trade sectors. The wholesale trade sector is made up of establishments engaged in wholesaling merchandise, generally without transformation, and rendering services incidental to the sale of merchandise. Wholesalers are organized to sell or arrange the purchase or sale of (1) goods for resale (i.e., goods sold to other wholesalers or retailers), (2) capital or durable non-consumer goods, and (3) raw and intermediate materials and supplies used in production. Wholesalers sell merchandise to other businesses and normally operate from a warehouse or office.

The retail trade sector consists of establishments engaged in retailing merchandise, generally without transformation, and rendering services incidental to the sale of merchandise. The retailing process is the final step in the distribution of merchandise. Retailers are, therefore, organized to sell merchandise in small quantities to the general public. Two main types of retailers exist: store and non-store retailers.

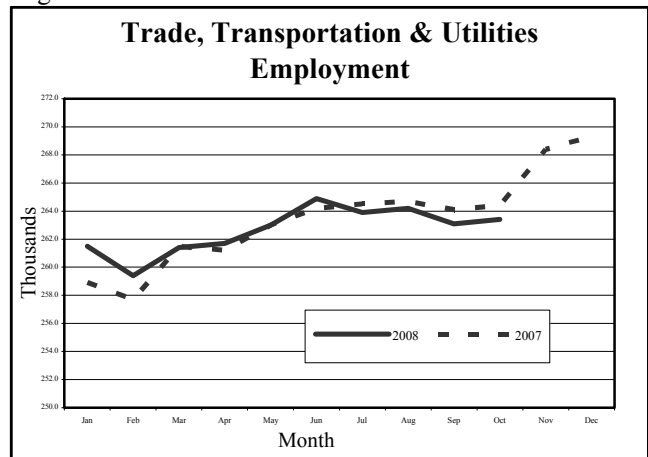
The transportation and warehousing sector includes industries that provide transportation of passengers and cargo, warehousing and storage for goods, scenic and sightseeing transportation, and support activities related to modes of transportation. Establishments in these industries use transportation equipment or transportation-related facilities as a productive asset. The type of equipment used depends on the mode of transportation. The modes of transportation are air, rail, water, road, and pipeline.

The utilities sector consists of establishments engaged in providing utility services, specifically electric power, natural gas, steam supply, water supply, and sewage removal. Within this sector, the specific activities associated with the utility services provided vary by utility. Electric power includes generation, transmission, and distribution; natural gas includes distribution; steam supply includes provision and/or distribution; water supply includes treatment and distribution; and sewage removal includes collection,

treatment, and disposal of waste through sewer systems and sewage treatment facilities.

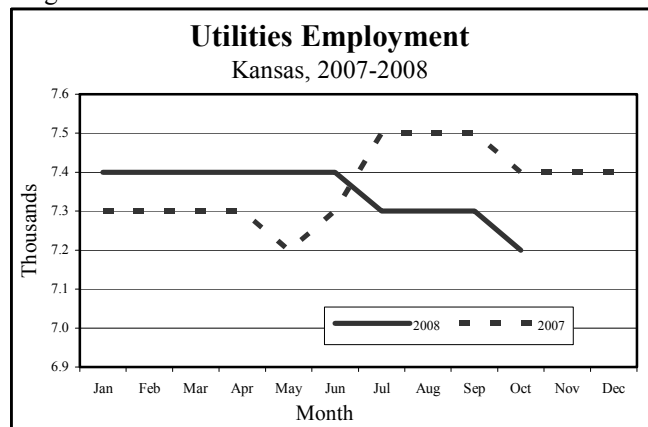
Employment in trade, transportation, and utilities decreased 0.4 percent from October 2007 to October 2008. Monthly employment began the year above 2007 levels, but since mid-year trade, transportation, and utilities employment has drifted below last year's levels through October. Trends in trade, transportation and public utilities employment for 2007 and 2008 are presented in Figure 2-12.

Figure 2-12



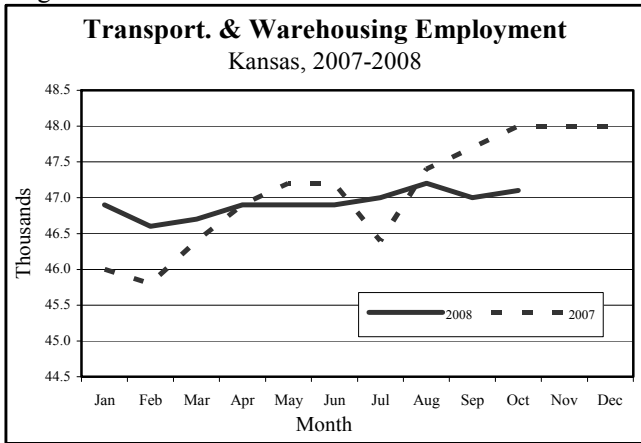
Within the trade, transportation, and utilities category, there are four subcategories. These categories include utilities; transportation and warehousing; wholesale trade; and retail trade. Monthly employment began the year above 2007 levels, but since mid-year utilities employment has drifted below last year's levels through October. From October 2007 to October 2008 transportation and warehousing employment decreased 2.7 percent. Figure 2-13 presents trends in utilities employment in 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-13



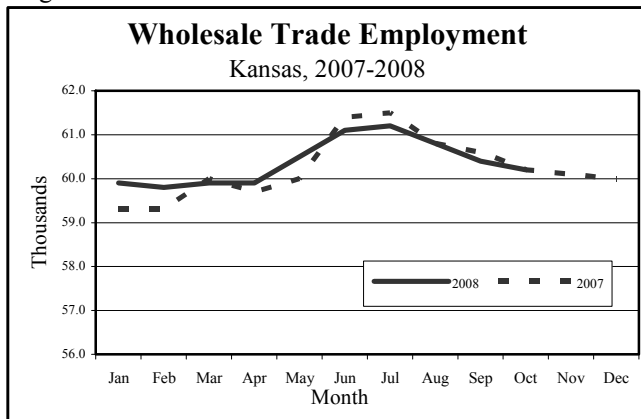
Monthly employment in transportation and warehousing began the year above last year's levels, but since mid-year employment has dropped below last year's levels through October. From October 2007 to October 2008 transportation and warehousing employment decreased 1.9 percent. Figure 2-14 presents trends in transportation and warehousing employment in 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-14



Monthly wholesale trade employment was near 2007 levels for most of the year through October. From October 2007 to October 2008, wholesale trade employment was unchanged. Trends in wholesale trade employment for both 2007 and 2008 are shown in Figure 2-15.

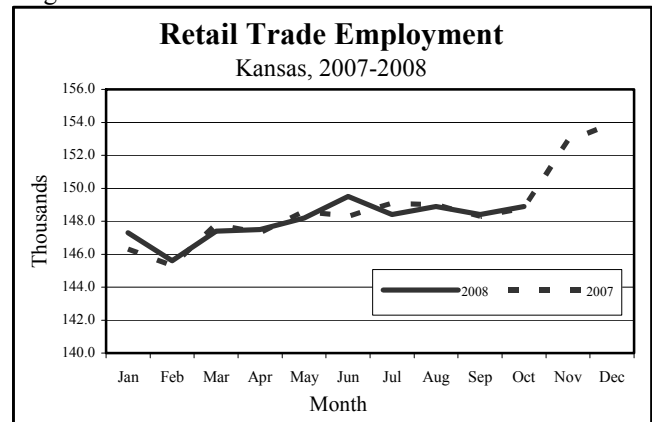
Figure 2-15



Monthly retail trade employment levels were near 2007 levels for most of the year through October. Monthly retail trade employment levels remained above 2006 levels for the entire year. From October 2007 to October 2008, retail trade employment increased 0.1 percent. Trends in retail trade

employment during 2007 and 2008 are shown in Figure 2-16.

Figure 2-16



Information. The information sector includes establishments that are engaged in the following processes: (1) producing and distributing information and cultural products, (2) providing the means to transmit or distribute these products, as well as data or communications, and (3) processing data. The first major component of this sector is the publishing industry, which includes software publishing, traditional publishing, and publishing exclusively on the Internet. The second major component is motion picture and sound recording. The third is broadcasting, which includes traditional broadcasting, as well as broadcasting exclusively over the Internet. Telecommunications also is a component of this sector, as are Internet service providers and web search portals, data processing industries, and the information services industries. Although information employment levels were below 2007 levels for most of the year, information employment in October 2008 was 1.0 percent above that in October 2007. However, within that category, telecommunications employment actually decreased by 2.4 percent over that same time. Figure 2-17, on the following page, shows the 2007 and 2008 trends for information employment.

Financial Activities. The financial activities supersector is made up of two parts: the finance and insurance sector, and the real estate and rental and leasing sector. The finance and insurance sector consists of establishments primarily engaged in financial transactions (transactions involving the creation, liquidation, or change in ownership of financial assets) and/or in facilitating financial transactions. Three principal types of activities are

Figure 2-17

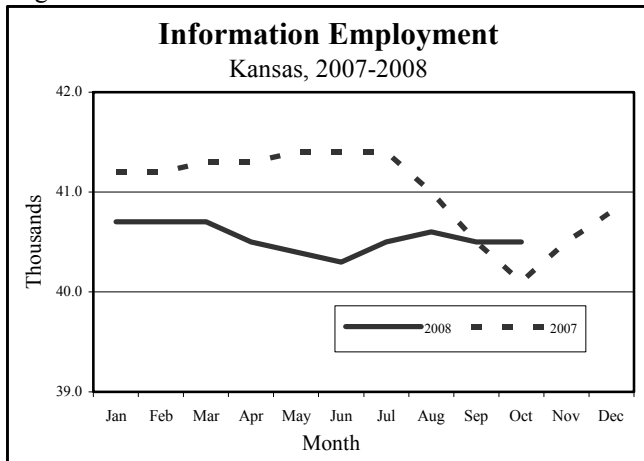
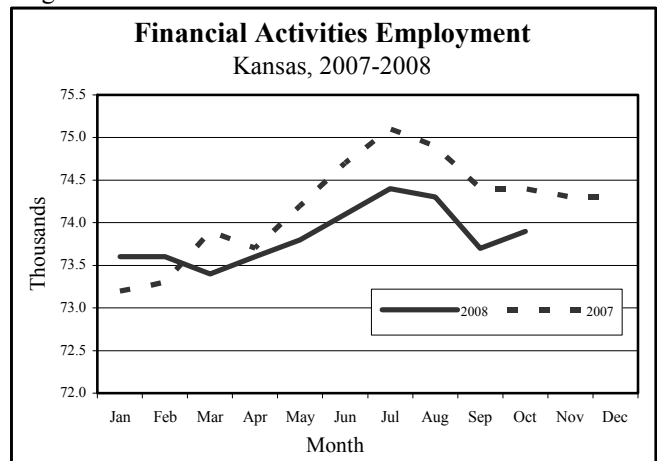


Figure 2-18



identified: (1) raising funds by taking deposits and/or issuing securities and, in the process, incurring liabilities; (2) pooling of risk by underwriting insurance and annuities; and (3) providing specialized services that facilitate or support financial intermediation, insurance, and employee benefit programs. The real estate and rental and leasing sector consists of establishments primarily engaged in renting, leasing, or otherwise allowing the use of tangible or intangible assets, and those that provide related services.

The major portion of this sector is made up of establishments that rent, lease, or otherwise allow the use of their own assets by others. This sector also includes establishments primarily engaged in managing real estate for others, selling, renting and/or buying real estate for others, and appraising real estate. The main components of this sector are the real estate lessors industries; equipment lessors industries, including motor vehicles, computers, and consumer goods; and lessors of non-financial intangible assets, except copyrighted works.

From October 2007 to October 2008, employment in financial activities decreased by 0.7 percent. Within this category insurance employment increased 0.8 percent, credit intermediation employment decreased 0.4 percent, and real estate employment decreased by 1.9 percent. As shown in Figure 2-18 in the next column, financial activities employment began the year above 2007 levels, but has been below last year's levels since March.

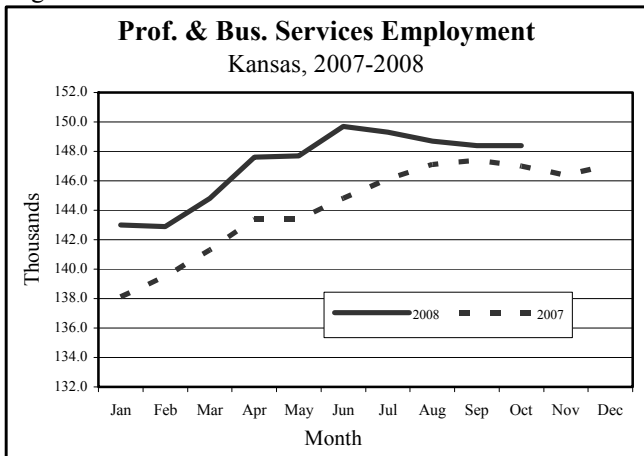
Professional & Business Services. The professional and technical services super-sector is made up of three

parts: the professional, scientific, and technical services sector; the management of companies and enterprises sector; and the administrative/support and waste management/remediation services sector. The professional, scientific, and technical services sector consists of establishments that specialize in performing professional, scientific, and technical activities for others. These establishments perform activities that include: legal advice and representation; veterinarian services; accounting, bookkeeping, and payroll services; as well as architectural, engineering, and specialized design services. Also included in the professional, scientific, and technical services sector are enterprises that provide services related to computers, consulting, research, advertising, photography, translation, and interpretation. The sector that is entitled management of enterprises includes establishments that hold the securities of, or other equity interests in, enterprises for the purpose of owning a controlling interest or influencing management decisions, as well as establishments that administer sections of the enterprise that normally undertake the strategic or organizational planning and decision making role. Government is not included in this sector.

The administrative/support and waste management/remediation services sector is made up of establishments that perform routine support activities for the day-to-day operations of other organizations. These essential activities are often undertaken in-house in many sectors of the economy. Activities performed include office administration, hiring and placing personnel, as well as document preparation and similar clerical services. It also includes solicitation, collection, security and surveillance, cleaning, and waste disposal.

Although employment levels have drifted downward since mid year, professional and business services employment remained above 2007 levels for the entire year. The result was a year-over-year increase of 1.0 percent. Within this category, employment in the management of companies and enterprises increased 2.6 percent, while employment in administrative and support services increased 1.2 percent, while employment in professional, scientific, and technical services increased 0.3 percent. Figure 2-19 presents trends in professional and business services employment for 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-19

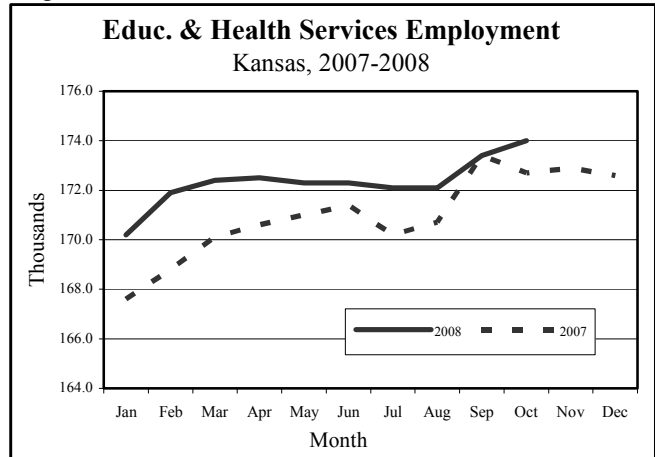


Educational & Health Services. The education and health services super-sector is made up of two parts: the educational services sector and the health care and social assistance sector. Only privately-owned establishments are included here because publicly-owned establishments that provide education or health services are included in government. The educational services sector is made up of establishments that provide instruction and training in a variety of subjects. This instruction and training is provided by specialized institutions, such as schools, colleges, universities, and training centers. The health care and social assistance sector is made up of establishments that provide health care and social assistance for individuals. The industries in this sector are arranged on a continuum starting with those that provide medical care exclusively, continuing with those that provide health care and social assistance, and finally those that provide only social assistance.

Education and health services employment remained above 2007 levels for most of the year. The result was an overall 0.8 percent gain compared to a year ago.

Within this category, employment in health care and social assistance increased by 1.0 percent, while employment in hospitals decreased by 0.7 percent. Figure 2-20 presents trends in educational and health services employment for 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-20

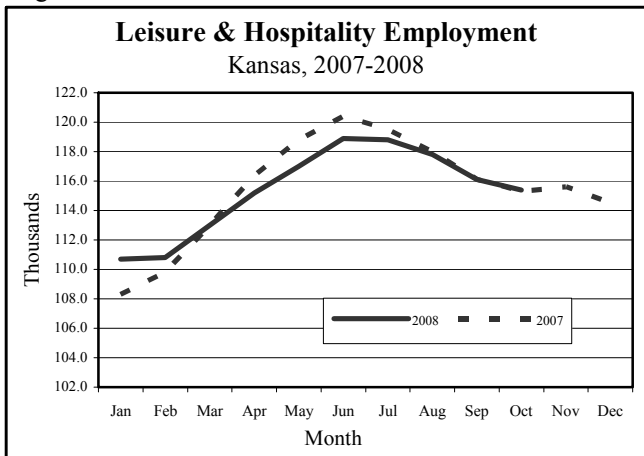


Leisure & Hospitality Services. The leisure and hospitality super-sector is made up of two parts: the arts, entertainment, and recreation sector, and the accommodation and food services sector. The arts, entertainment, and recreation sector includes a range of establishments that operate facilities or provide services to meet varied cultural, entertainment, and recreational interests. This sector includes establishments that are involved in producing, promoting, or participating in live performances, events, or exhibits intended for public viewing; establishments that preserve and exhibit objects and sites of historical, cultural, or educational interest; and establishments that operate facilities or provide services that enable patrons to participate in recreational activities or pursue amusement, hobby, and leisure-time interests. The accommodation and food services sector consists of establishments that provide customers with lodging and may prepare meals, snacks, and beverages for immediate consumption. The sector includes both accommodation and food services establishments because the two activities are often combined at the same establishment.

In 2008, employment in leisure and hospitality services remained near 2007 levels. From October 2007 to October 2008 industry employment was up 0.1 percent. Within that sector, employment in accommodation and food services increased 0.2, while employment in arts, entertainment, and recreation

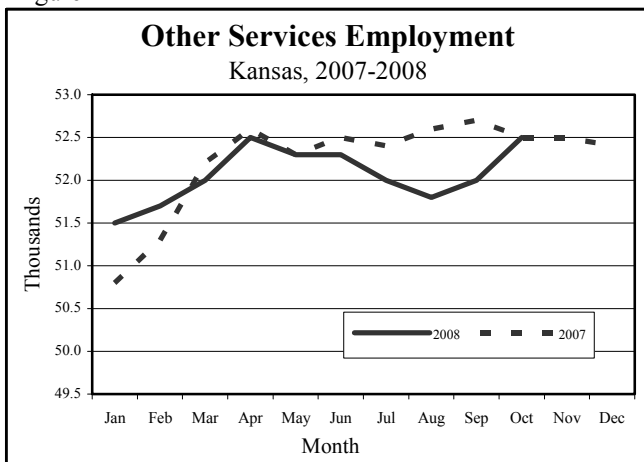
decreased 0.8 percent. Figure 2-21 presents trends in leisure and hospitality employment for 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-21



Other Services. The other services sector consists of establishments engaged in providing services not specifically provided for elsewhere in the North American Industry Classification System. Establishments in this sector are primarily engaged in activities, such as equipment and machinery repair; promoting or administering religious activities; grant making; advocacy; and providing dry cleaning and laundry services, personal care services, death care services, pet care services, photofinishing services, temporary parking services, and dating services. Figure 2-22 presents other services employment trends for 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-22

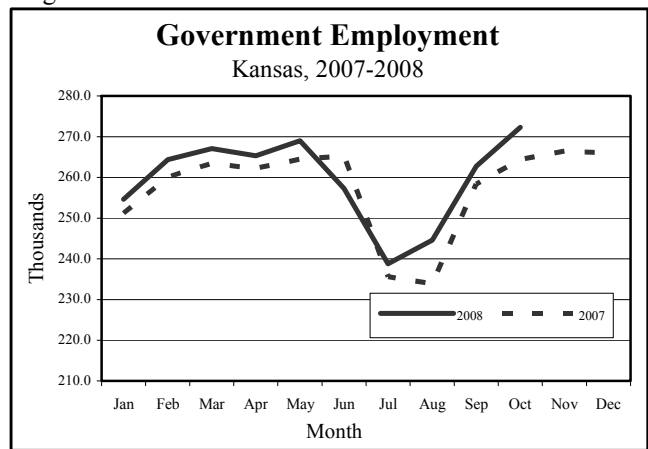


From October 2007 to October 2008, employment in other services remained unchanged. Other services employment began the year above 2007 levels,

dropped below last year's levels for much of the year, but rebounded to match last year's level by October.

Government. The government sector is made up of publicly-owned establishments. This sector includes federal, state, and local government agencies that administer, oversee, and manage public programs and have executive, legislative, or judicial authority over other institutions. These agencies also set policy, create laws, adjudicate civil and criminal legal cases, and provide for public safety and national defense. Public schools and public hospitals are included in government. Figure 2-23 presents trends in government employment for 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-23



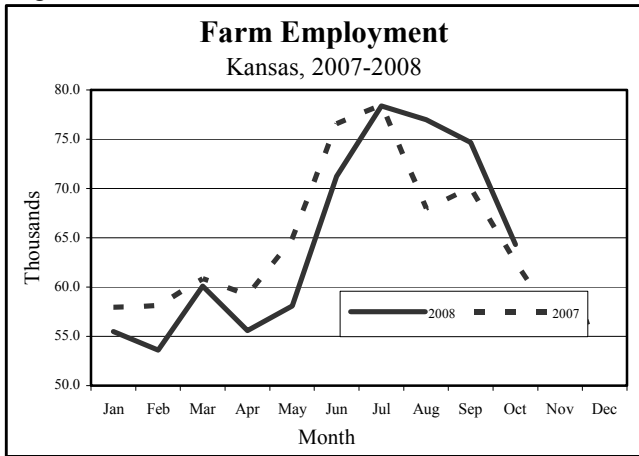
Total government employment (civilian only) in Kansas increased by 3.0 percent from October 2007 to October 2008. Local government employment increased 3.6 percent, while federal government employment increased 3.4 percent, and state government employment in Kansas increased 0.7 percent. Overall government employment in 2008 was above 2007 levels for most of the year through October. A reduction in government employment typically occurs each summer and is attributable largely to the fact that faculty at public schools and universities are on nine-month appointments.

Farming

Farm employment began the year below 2007 levels, but since mid-year has been running above last year's levels through October. Thus, compared to October of 2007, farm employment was up 2.7 percent in 2008. Much of the variation in farm employment during the

year is due to the inherently seasonal nature of the industry. Figure 2-24 presents farm employment trends for 2007 and 2008.

Figure 2-24



Comparative Employment in the Plains Region

The employment data presented in this section may not be in exact conformity with data presented earlier because the data are compiled from different sources.

The information in earlier sections is based on data from the Kansas Department of Labor, Labor Market Information Services, while the information in this section is based on data from the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. In all cases, this report presents the most recent data available. Table 2-4 below presents employment growth rates for Kansas and the Plains region from 2006 to 2007. The Plains region encompasses seven states, including Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota. Table 2-5, on the following page, shows employment growth rates for Kansas and the Plains region from October 2007 to October 2008.

Employment by Industry Type

Total non-farm employment in Kansas increased at a rate of 1.9 percent in 2007, compared to a 1.0 percent growth rate for the Plains region as a whole. South Dakota experienced the highest rate of increase at 2.0 percent, followed by Kansas at 1.9 percent, and Nebraska at 1.7 percent.

From October 2007 to October 2008, total non-farm employment in Kansas increased at a 0.6 percent rate

Table 2-4

	Plains Region Employment Growth Rates, 2006-2007							
	KS	IA	MN	Percent Change			SD	Plains
				MO	NE	ND		
Total Nonfarm	1.9 %	0.9 %	0.5 %	0.8 %	1.7 %	1.6 %	2.0 %	1.0 %
Natural Resources & Mining	5.8	(4.5)	(1.7)	5.6	NA	8.5	NA	3.7
Construction	1.6	(2.6)	(5.5)	--	NA	3.2	NA	(1.7)
Construction & Mining	2.1	(2.6)	(5.3)	0.2	4.3	4.3	1.3	(0.7)
Manufacturing	1.5	(0.7)	(1.3)	(2.4)	(0.2)	--	1.0	(0.8)
Durable Goods	2.9	(0.9)	(1.7)	(3.7)	0.6	(0.6)	NA	(1.2)
Non-Durable Goods	(0.9)	(0.3)	(0.5)	(0.3)	(1.0)	1.2	NA	(0.5)
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	1.3	0.1	0.3	0.8	2.0	0.4	1.9	0.8
Wholesale Trade	1.3	0.4	0.1	1.8	(0.2)	1.6	1.6	0.8
Retail Trade	0.7	(0.6)	0.2	0.1	1.2	(0.2)	2.0	0.3
Transportation & Utilities	3.0	1.6	0.9	1.5	5.1	1.4	1.6	2.1
Information	2.5	1.5	0.2	0.6	(1.0)	1.3	4.3	1.0
Financial Activities	2.5	2.1	(0.7)	1.3	3.4	3.1	4.4	1.4
Professional & Business Services	4.3	3.1	1.6	1.8	2.6	4.2	7.4	2.5
Educational & Health Services	2.8	1.7	4.6	1.8	1.3	2.2	2.6	2.7
Leisure & Hospitality	0.7	1.9	1.1	1.1	1.7	3.8	0.7	1.3
Other Services	0.6	1.6	(1.4)	0.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	0.2
Government	1.2	1.1	(0.3)	1.3	1.0	0.1	0.4	0.8
Federal	(6.9)	1.1	--	1.3	(1.9)	(3.0)	--	(0.9)
State	0.7	1.6	1.5	1.0	2.3	1.3	--	1.3
Local	2.6	1.0	(1.0)	1.5	1.1	(0.2)	0.6	0.8

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Table 2-5

	Plains Region Employment Growth Rates, October 2007-October 2008							
	Percent Change							
	KS	IA	MN	MO	NE	ND	SD	Plains
Total Nonfarm	0.6 %	0.4 %	(0.6) %	(0.5) %	0.7 %	1.2 %	1.2 %	-- %
Construction & Mining	(0.1)	(1.1)	(5.1)	(2.5)	1.0	4.6	1.2	(1.8)
Manufacturing	(0.5)	(1.2)	(2.7)	(3.6)	(1.3)	(0.8)	2.6	(2.0)
Trade, Transportation, & Utilities	(0.4)	0.6	(0.8)	(0.3)	(0.5)	2.2	(0.2)	(0.2)
Information	1.0	0.6	(2.3)	(1.9)	(3.1)	(1.3)	(1.4)	(1.2)
Financial Activities	(0.7)	0.2	1.6	(2.4)	2.8	(0.5)	1.6	0.1
Professional & Business Services	1.0	(0.1)	(2.2)	(0.1)	2.6	1.7	1.5	(0.3)
Educational & Health Services	0.8	1.7	1.6	1.9	2.8	1.0	3.8	1.8
Leisure & Hospitality Services	0.1	1.2	(0.3)	(1.1)	1.6	0.3	0.7	(0.1)
Other Services	--	(0.2)	(1.1)	(0.9)	0.3	2.0	(0.6)	(0.5)
Government	3.0	1.1	1.0	0.8	(0.4)	0.8	0.5	1.1

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

compared to no change for the Plains region as a whole. North Dakota and South Dakota had the highest growth rate in the region at 1.2 percent, followed by Nebraska at 0.7 percent. Changes in Kansas employment that were greater than the regional average include: government with a 3.0 percent increase; information and professional and business services with 1.0 percent increases each; leisure and hospitality services with a 0.1 percent increase; other services which remained unchanged; construction and mining with a 0.1 percent decrease; and manufacturing with a 0.5 percent decrease. Industries in Kansas that realized employment changes below the regional average include education and health services with a 0.8 percent increase, trade, transportation, and utilities with a 0.4 percent decrease, and financial activities with a 0.7 percent decrease.

Construction & Mining. Construction and mining employment in the Plains region decreased 0.7 percent in 2007. Nebraska and North Dakota led the region with 4.3 percent increases each, followed by Kansas with a 2.1 percent increase. From October 2007 to October 2008, construction and mining employment in the Plains region decreased by 1.8 percent. North Dakota led the region with a 4.6 percent increase, followed by South Dakota with a 1.2 percent increase, Nebraska with a 1.0 percent increase, and Kansas with a 0.1 percent decrease.

Manufacturing. Manufacturing employment in the Plains region decreased by 0.8 percent in 2007. Kansas led the region with a 1.5 percent increase, followed by South Dakota with a 1.0 percent increase,

and North Dakota with no change in manufacturing employment. From October 2007 to October 2008, manufacturing employment in the region decreased 2.0 percent. South Dakota led the region with a 2.6 percent increase, followed by Kansas with a 0.5 percent decrease, and North Dakota with a 0.8 percent decrease.

Trade, Transportation, & Utilities. In 2007, trade, transportation, and utilities employment increased by 0.8 percent in the region. Nebraska recorded the largest employment increase at 2.0 percent, followed by South Dakota at 1.9 percent, and Kansas at 1.3 percent. From October 2007 to October 2008, trade, transportation, and utilities employment growth in the region decreased by 0.2 percent. North Dakota led the seven-state region with a 2.2 percent growth rate, followed by Iowa with a 0.6 percent growth rate, and South Dakota with a 0.2 percent decrease. Kansas ranked fifth in the region with a 0.4 percent decrease.

Information. In 2007, information employment in the Plains region increased by 1.0 percent. South Dakota led the region with a 4.3 percent increase, followed by Kansas with a 2.5 percent decrease, and Iowa with a 1.5 percent increase. Between October 2007 and October 2008, information employment in the Plains region decreased by 1.2 percent. Kansas led the region with a 1.0 percent increase, followed by Iowa with a 0.6 percent increase, and North Dakota with a 1.3 percent decrease.

Financial Activities. In 2007, financial activities employment grew at a 1.4 percent rate across the

region as a whole. South Dakota led the region with a 4.4 percent growth rate, followed by Nebraska with a 3.4 percent growth rate, North Dakota with a 3.1 percent growth rate, and Kansas with a 2.5 percent growth rate. Between October 2007 and October 2008, financial activities employment in the Plains region grew at a 0.1 percent rate. Nebraska led the region with 2.8 percent growth rate, followed by Minnesota and South Dakota with 1.6 percent growth rates each. Kansas ranked sixth in the seven-state region with a 0.7 percent decrease.

Professional & Business Services. Professional and business services employment increased by 2.5 percent in the region as a whole in 2007. South Dakota led the region with 7.4 percent growth, followed by Kansas with 4.3 percent growth, and North Dakota with 4.2 percent growth. Between October 2007 and October 2008, the region as a whole experienced a 0.3 percent decrease in employment in this category. Nebraska led the region with 2.6 percent growth, followed by North Dakota with 1.7 percent growth, South Dakota with 1.5 percent growth, and Kansas with 1.0 percent growth.

Educational & Health Services. Educational and health services employment in the Plains region as a whole increased 2.7 percent in 2007. Minnesota led the region with a 4.6 percent growth rate, followed by Kansas with a 2.8 percent growth rate, and South Dakota with 2.6 percent growth. Between October 2007 and October 2008, the region as a whole experienced a 1.8 percent growth rate in educational and health services employment. South Dakota led the region with 3.8 percent growth, followed by Nebraska with 2.8 percent growth, and Missouri with 1.9 percent growth each. Kansas ranked last in the seven-state region with 0.8 percent growth.

Leisure & Hospitality Services. In 2007, leisure and hospitality services employment in the Plains region as a whole increased at a 1.3 percent rate. North Dakota experienced the highest growth at 3.8 percent, followed by Iowa with 1.9 percent growth, and Nebraska with 1.7 percent growth. Between October 2007 and October 2008, leisure and hospitality services employment decreased by 0.1 percent in the region. Nebraska recorded the highest growth at 1.6 percent, followed by Iowa with a 1.2 percent growth rate, and South Dakota with 0.7 percent growth. Kansas ranked fifth in the seven-state region with a 0.1 percent increase.

Other Services. Other services employment increased at a 0.2 percent rate in the Plains region in 2007. Iowa led the region in other services employment growth with a 1.6 percent increase, followed by North Dakota and South Dakota with 1.3 percent increases each. Kansas ranked fifth in the seven-state region with a 0.6 percent increase. Between October 2007 and October 2008, the region as a whole experienced 0.5 percent decrease in other services employment. North Dakota led the region with 2.0 percent growth, followed by Nebraska with 0.3 percent growth, and Kansas with no change in other services employment.

Government. Government employment in the Plains region increased 0.8 percent in 2007. Missouri led the region with a 1.3 percent growth rate, followed by Kansas with a 1.2 percent growth rate, and Iowa with a 1.1 percent growth rate. Between October 2007 and October 2008, government employment in the Plains region increased by 1.1 percent. Kansas led the region with a 3.0 percent increase, followed by Iowa with a 1.1 percent increase, and Minnesota with a 1.0 percent increase.

Kansas Personal Income Review

Personal income is defined as the income received by, or on behalf of, all residents. It consists of income from all sources received by persons, which includes participation in production, both government and business transfer payments, and government interest, which is treated as a transfer payment. "Persons" is defined as individuals, nonprofit institutions primarily serving individuals, private noninsured welfare funds, and private trust funds.

Personal income is calculated by summing its components, which include salaries and wages, other labor income, proprietors' income, personal rental income, personal dividend income, personal interest income, and personal transfer payments, less personal contributions for social insurance.

A lag of eight months occurs before final estimates of state personal income for the previous calendar year are released. Accordingly, 2007 estimates of Kansas personal income were not available until August 2008. Kansas personal income totaled \$101.3 billion in 2007, which is a 6.3 percent increase over 2006.

Personal Income by Source

Salaries and wages accounted for over half of Kansas personal income and increased at a 6.1 percent rate in 2007. The second largest source of personal income in Kansas is dividends, interest, and rent. Dividends, interest, and rent increased by 6.9 percent. Other labor income increased 3.7 percent in 2007. This category consists largely of employer payments for health insurance and other benefits. Other labor income reached a level of approximately \$13.2 billion in 2007, indicating the importance of fringe benefits in personal income growth. Proprietors' income increased 10.9 percent in 2007. Specifically, farm proprietors' income rose by 267.7 percent in 2007, while non-farm proprietors' income increased 8.3 percent. Transfers increased at a 5.5 percent rate in 2007, while personal contributions for social insurance increased 4.3 percent. A significant portion of Kansas personal income is paid to Kansans from out-of-state sources. This portion is particularly noticeable for residents who live in Johnson and Wyandotte Counties and work in Missouri. This significance is reflected in the residence adjustment of \$867.6 million, which increased by 6.4 percent in 2007.

Nonfarm Earnings by Industry

Increases in earnings were realized in a number of industries in 2007. Specifically, forestry, fishing, and related activities earnings increased 8.3 percent in 2007, while mining earnings increased 13.2 percent and utilities earnings increased 8.4 percent. Earnings from construction increased 3.3 percent and manufacturing earnings increased 2.6 percent in 2007. Specifically, durable goods manufacturing earnings increased 4.3 percent, while nondurable goods manufacturing earnings increased 0.2 percent. Wholesale trade earnings increased 6.6 percent, while retail trade earnings increased 3.3 percent. Transportation and warehousing earnings increased 4.9 percent.

In 2007, the only decrease in earnings in the services industries was realized in real estate and rental and leasing which decreased 0.7 percent. Increases were realized in professional and technical services at 6.7 percent, management of companies and enterprises at 23.5 percent, administrative and waste services at 8.9 percent, and educational services at 7.9 percent. Increases also were realized in earnings from health

care and social assistance services at 6.6 percent, arts, entertainment, and recreation at 5.5 percent, accommodation and food services at 2.0 percent, and other services at 7.2 percent in 2007. In the government sector, earnings grew at a 6.7 percent rate in 2007. Within total government, civilian federal government earnings decreased 1.2 percent, military earnings grew by 17.1 percent, and state and local government earnings increased 6.1 percent. Appendix A presents a breakdown of Kansas personal income and growth rates by industry for 2006 and 2007.

Kansas Personal Income Estimates

Personal income in Kansas is estimated to have grown by 4.2 percent in 2008. Table 2-6, at the top of the next page, presents Kansas personal income in 2007. In addition, the table shows the estimates for 2008 and the forecasts for 2009.

In 2008, salaries and wages, which are the largest component of Kansas personal income, are estimated to have increased 3.5 percent, while other labor income increased 3.2 percent, and overall proprietors' income increased 1.7 percent. Specifically, farm proprietors' income decreased by 92.6 percent, while non-farm proprietors' income increased 5.0 percent. During the same time frame, dividends, interest, and rent increased by 3.1 percent, and transfer payments increased by 10.8 percent. Finally, the residence adjustment for income earned by Kansas residents from sources outside the state decreased 5.2 percent.

For 2009, Kansas personal income is forecasted to grow at a 3.2 percent rate. Growth in salaries and wages is expected to slow to 2.9 percent, while other labor income growth is expected to slow to 2.1 percent. Proprietors' income growth is expected to increase 5.3 percent, while growth in dividends, interest, and rent is expected to increase 3.9 percent. Transfer payments are expected to grow at a 2.9 percent rate in 2009.

Comparative Personal Income

In 2007, personal income growth in Kansas at 6.3 percent was lower than the growth that occurred in the

Table 2-6

Kansas Personal Income					
2007 Actual, 2008 Estimate & 2009 Forecast					
<i>(Dollars in Millions)</i>					
	2007	2008	2009	Percent Change	
	Actual	Estimate	Forecast	2007-2008	2008-2009
Salaries & Wages Disbursements	\$ 54,245	\$ 56,155	\$ 57,785	3.5 %	2.9 %
Other Labor Income	13,227	13,655	13,939	3.2	2.1
Proprietors' Income:	9,769	9,937	10,467	1.7	5.3
Farm	326	24	34	(92.6)	41.7
Nonfarm	9,443	9,913	10,433	5.0	5.2
Dividends, Interest, & Rent	17,237	17,767	18,455	3.1	3.9
Transfers	14,326	15,878	16,346	10.8	2.9
Residence Adjustment	868	823	807	(5.2)	(1.9)
Less: Social Insurance	8,396	8,685	8,892	3.4	2.4
Total Personal Income	101,276	105,530	108,907	4.2	3.2

Plains region at 6.6 percent, but higher than that of the U.S. at 6.0 percent. Within the Plains region, North Dakota was the fastest growing state in the nation with 12.0 percent growth, followed by South Dakota, the second fastest growing state in the nation, with 11.7 percent growth, and Nebraska, the ninth fastest growing state, with 7.3 percent growth. Appendix B presents a listing of comparative state personal income and per capita personal income data for all states for 2005 through 2007.

In 2007, Kansas per capita personal income growth at 5.6 percent was lower than that of the Plains region at 5.9 percent, but higher than that of the U.S. at 5.0 percent. Again, North Dakota led the nation and the Plains region with an 11.7 percent increase in per capita personal income, followed by South Dakota, which was second in the nation and the region with a 10.6 percent increase, followed by Nebraska, which was eighth in the nation with a 6.6 percent increase.

Personal Income. Nationally, Kansas ranked 32nd in total personal income, while Minnesota ranked 16th, Missouri ranked 21st, Iowa ranked 30th, Nebraska ranked 36th, South Dakota ranked 47th, and North Dakota ranked 51st in 2007. In terms of personal income growth, the Plains region, which averaged 6.6 percent growth, was ranked second out of the eight statistical regions. The Southwest region was the fastest growing at a rate of 7.1 percent. Nationally, Kansas ranked 19th at 6.3, while North Dakota ranked first at 12.0 percent, South Dakota ranked second at 11.7 percent, Nebraska ranked ninth at 7.3 percent,

Iowa ranked 13th at 7.0 percent, Minnesota ranked 20th at 6.3 percent, and Missouri ranked 35th at 5.4 percent.

Per Capita Personal Income. In 2007, the Plains region's average per capita personal income at \$36,587 lagged behind the national average of \$38,564, and was ranked fourth out of the eight regions. The New England region had the highest per capita personal income of \$47,256, followed by the Mideast region at \$45,120, and the Far West region at \$40,854.

In 2007, Kansas ranked 24th in the U.S. in per capita personal income at \$36,483. The Plains region state that ranked highest nationally was Minnesota's 13th place with a dollar value of \$40,969. After Kansas, Nebraska was ranked 26th at \$36,189, North Dakota was ranked 27th at \$35,955, South Dakota was 29th at \$35,664, Iowa was 32nd at \$34,796, and Missouri was ranked 35th at \$33,984.

In terms of per capita personal income growth, the Plains region, which averaged 5.9 percent, exceeded the national average of 5.0 percent, and ranked second out of the eight regions in 2007. New England was the fastest growing region at 6.1 percent followed by the Plains region, and the Mideast region at 5.8 percent. In 2007 Kansas ranked 19th in per capita personal income growth at 5.6 percent, while North Dakota ranked first at 11.7 percent, South Dakota ranked second at 10.6 percent, Nebraska ranked eighth at 6.6 percent, Iowa ranked 11th at 6.5 percent, Minnesota

ranked 22nd at 5.5 percent, and Missouri ranked 30th at 4.6 percent.

Disposable Personal Income. Disposable personal income is defined as the amount equal to personal income minus personal taxes. In other words, disposable income is the income available for personal use. Nationally, Kansas ranked 32nd in disposable personal income. In 2007, other states in the region that ranked higher than Kansas include Minnesota ranked at 18th, Missouri at 21st, and Iowa at 30th. In 2007, states in the region that ranked lower than Kansas include Nebraska ranked at 36th, South Dakota at 47th, and North Dakota at 50th.

In terms of disposable income growth, the Plains region, which averaged 6.2 percent growth, exceeded the national average of 5.3 percent and was second out of the eight statistical regions. The Southwest region was the fastest growing region with a growth rate of 6.5 percent, followed by the Plains region, and the Rocky Mountains region at 5.5 percent. Within the Plains region, North Dakota led the nation with a 12.0 percent growth rate, followed by South Dakota, which was second in the nation with an 11.7 percent growth rate, followed by Nebraska with a 6.9 percent growth rate, Iowa with a 6.7 percent growth rate, Minnesota with a 5.8 percent growth rate, Kansas with a 5.6 percent growth rate, and Missouri with a 4.8 percent growth rate. Appendix C presents comparative state total and per capita disposable personal income data for the U.S., the eight regions, and each state for 2005 through 2007.

Per Capita Disposable Personal Income. The Plains region's average per capita disposable personal income of \$32,224 lagged behind the national average of \$33,619 in 2007. The Plains ranked fourth regionally.

New England had the highest regional per capita personal income at \$40,066, followed by the Mideast region at \$38,321, and the Far West region at \$35,320. Of the Plains region states, Minnesota ranked 15th in per capita personal income at \$35,454, followed by North Dakota at \$32,487, South Dakota at \$32,451, Kansas at \$32,067, Nebraska at \$32,066, Iowa at \$31,020, and Missouri at \$30,042.

In terms of per capita disposable personal income growth, the Plains region averaged 5.4 percent, which exceeded the national average of 4.3 percent. It ranked first out of the eight regions nationally. New England was the second fastest growing region at 5.2 percent, followed by the Mideast region with a 4.9 percent growth rate. Of the Plains region states, North Dakota led the nation with 11.6 percent growth, followed by South Dakota, which was second in the nation with 10.6 percent growth, Nebraska with 6.3 percent growth, Kansas with 5.1 percent growth, Minnesota with 5.0 percent growth, Missouri with 4.1 percent growth, and Iowa with 2.3 percent growth.

Per Capita Personal Income Trends. Kansas per capita personal income in 2007 was \$36,483, which is a 5.6 percent increase from the 2006 level. This increase is above the 5.0 percent growth rate for the U.S. as a whole, but below the 5.9 percent growth rate for the Plains region. Kansas per capita income in 2007 was 0.3 percent below the Plains region's average of \$36,587, and 5.4 percent below the national average. Over the past ten years Kansas per capita income, as a percentage of the national average, has ranged from a high of 94.9 percent in 1997, to a low of 92.7 percent in 2005. Table 2-7, on the following page, presents historical per capita personal income data for Kansas, the Plains region, and the U.S. from 1996 through 2007.

Table 2-7

Per Capita Personal Income, 1996-2007**Kansas, Plains Region, & U.S.**

<u>Year</u>	<u>Kansas</u>	<u>Plains Region</u>	<u>U.S.</u>	<u>Percentage Change from Prior Year</u>			<u>Kansas as a Percentage of:</u>	
				<u>Kansas</u>	<u>Plains Region</u>	<u>U.S.</u>	<u>Plains Region</u>	<u>U.S.</u>
1996	22,845	23,378	24,175	-- %	-- %	-- %	97.7 %	94.5 %
1997	24,041	24,422	25,334	5.2	4.5	4.8	98.4	94.9
1998	25,483	25,928	26,883	6.0	6.2	6.1	98.3	94.8
1999	26,195	26,737	27,939	2.8	3.1	3.9	98.0	93.8
2000	27,691	28,326	29,845	5.7	5.9	6.8	97.8	92.8
2001	28,717	29,052	30,574	3.7	2.6	2.4	98.8	93.9
2002	28,980	29,638	30,821	0.9	2.0	0.8	97.8	94.0
2003	29,802	30,618	31,504	2.8	3.3	2.2	97.3	94.6
2004	30,995	32,078	33,123	4.0	4.8	5.1	96.6	93.6
2005	32,136	33,123	34,650	3.7	3.3	4.6	97.0	92.7
2006	34,558	34,557	36,744	7.5	4.3	6.0	100.0	94.1
2007	36,483	36,587	38,564	5.6	5.9	5.0	99.7	94.6

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Local & Regional Employment & Income

Major Labor Market Employment

The economy of Kansas is generally concentrated in urbanized areas, each with a similar economic base. For statistical purposes, these geographic areas include four metropolitan areas and 11 selected counties. The metropolitan areas include the Wichita metropolitan area (Butler, Harvey and Sedgwick Counties), the Topeka metropolitan area (Shawnee County), the Lawrence metropolitan area (Douglas County) and the Kansas City, Kansas metropolitan area (Franklin, Johnson, Leavenworth, Linn, Miami, and Wyandotte Counties). The selected counties each contain a city that is the major economic base for the region. In addition, the city has a population that is in excess of 12,000 people and constitutes at least 50.0 percent of the total county population. The 11 selected counties and associated cities are Barton County (Great Bend), Crawford County (Pittsburg), Ellis County (Hays), Finney County (Garden City), Ford County (Dodge City), Lyon County (Emporia), McPherson County (McPherson), Montgomery County (Coffeyville-Independence), Reno County (Hutchinson), Riley County (Manhattan), and Saline County (Salina). It should be kept in mind that employment estimates reported in this section are based on data through October 2008, the most recent data available when this report was prepared.

Employment by Place of Residence

Employment by place of residence is based on a sample survey of households. From the sample survey, the civilian labor force is determined. The civilian labor force comprises all individuals 16 years of age and over classified as employed or unemployed. This number is then used as the basis from which employment, unemployment, and the unemployment rates are derived.

From October 2007 to October 2008, the civilian labor force increased in only two of the state's four major labor markets. The labor force increased 1.6 percent in the Wichita area and 1.4 percent in the Kansas City,

Kansas area, while the labor force decreased 1.1 percent in the Lawrence area and 0.7 percent in the Topeka area.

However, the level of employment did increase in three of the state's four major labor markets. Employment increased by 0.6 percent in the Wichita area, 0.4 percent in the Kansas City, Kansas area, and 0.3 percent in the Topeka area, while employment decreased by 1.8 percent in the Lawrence area.

Notwithstanding, the unemployment rate increased in three of the state's metropolitan labor markets from October 2007 to October 2008. The unemployment rate rose from 4.2 percent to 5.1 percent in the Kansas City, Kansas area; from 3.5 percent to 4.4 percent in the Wichita area; from 3.1 percent to 3.7 percent in the Lawrence area; while the unemployment rate in the Topeka area actually fell from 4.9 percent to 4.0 percent.

Employment by Place of Work

Employment by place of work is determined by compiling data primarily from information obtained from businesses covered by the unemployment insurance program. Employment by place of work data are then categorized by industry type. The two major categories are the goods producing industries and the services producing industries. The following section first presents employment by place of work for Wichita, Topeka, and the Kansas City, Kansas areas. Because of federal budget reductions implemented by the Bureau of Labor Statistics at the U.S. Department of Labor, data are no longer being tabulated for smaller metropolitan areas such as Lawrence. The data for each of the other 11 counties are presented in the following section.

Wichita Metropolitan Area. Based on place of work data, employment in all industries in the Wichita metropolitan area decreased 0.3 percent in 2008. Employment in the goods producing industries decreased by 1.2 percent, while employment in the

service producing industries increased by 0.1 percent. Notably, employment in transportation equipment manufacturing generally increased 3.8 percent and employment in aerospace products manufacturing specifically also increased 3.8 percent. Table 3-1 presents employment in the Wichita metropolitan area for 2007 and 2008.

Employment decreased in four of the eight service producing industries in the Wichita area during 2008. Specifically, employment in information decreased 4.8 percent; other services decreased 3.7 percent; professional and business services decreased 2.3 percent; and trade, transportation, and utilities employment decreased 0.6 percent. However, employment levels did increase in government (2.7 percent) and education and health services (1.9 percent), while employment in financial activities and leisure and hospitality remained unchanged. Farm employment in the Wichita metropolitan area rose by 2.1 percent workers in 2008.

According to Moody's Economy.com the Wichita area's economy has been remarkably stable given the sharp downturn nationally. The local labor market has remained relatively stable, while they have declined significantly nationally. The most striking difference between the Wichita and the U.S. economies in 2008 has been in the housing market. Prices have remained stable in the Wichita area, in contrast to the double-digit declines seen nationally. While construction activity slowed in 2008, the time on market for houses being sold has been very consistent. Foreclosure rates remain well below national averages. Household budgets are much more stable in the Wichita area than nationally due to prudent spending and saving habits. Debt burdens in the Wichita area remain significantly below the national average.

Wichita State University's Center for Economic Development and Business Research (CEDBR) revised its 2009 jobs forecast downward, but it is still anticipating job growth in spite of the national recession. According to the forecast, Wichita is expected to increase jobs by 0.5 percent or approximately 1,650 jobs in 2009, after an increase of 0.5 percent in 2008. The forecast calls for job growth across most industries, with half of the new jobs coming in the aircraft industry. The previous forecast predicted 6,000 new jobs. Local developments such as the 1,800 layoffs announced at Boeing, Cessna and

Table 3-1

Wichita Metropolitan Area Employment			
Butler, Harvey & Sedgwick Counties			
October 2007-October 2008			
	2007	2008	% Chg.
Place of Residence Data			
Civilian Labor Force	313,713	318,793	1.6
Employment	302,865	304,755	0.6
Unemployment	10,848	14,038	29.4
Unemployment Rate	3.5	4.4	0.9
Place of Work Data			
Total Nonfarm	306,500	305,700	(0.3)
Total Private	265,100	263,200	(0.7)
Goods Producing	83,200	82,200	(1.2)
Natural Res. & Const.	17,400	17,100	(1.7)
Manufacturing	65,800	65,100	(1.1)
Durable Goods	57,500	57,900	0.7
Machinery	5,300	5,500	3.8
Trans. Equipment	39,700	41,200	3.8
Aerospace Prod.	39,300	40,800	3.8
Service Providing Indus.	223,300	223,500	0.1
Private Service Providing	181,900	181,000	(0.5)
Trade, Trans. & Util.	51,900	51,600	(0.6)
Wholesale Trade	10,900	11,100	1.8
Retail Trade	32,700	32,400	(0.9)
General Mdse.	7,200	7,300	1.4
Trans., Whse., & Util.	8,300	8,100	(2.4)
Information	6,300	6,000	(4.8)
Financial Activities	11,500	11,500	--
Prof. & Bus. Services	30,600	29,900	(2.3)
Prof., Scientific & Tech.	8,400	8,500	1.2
Admin. & Waste	18,800	18,100	(3.7)
Employment Services	5,900	4,900	(16.9)
Educ. & Health Services	42,900	43,700	1.9
Health & Social Assist.	37,000	37,400	1.1
Hospitals	9,600	9,800	2.1
Leisure & Hospitality	27,800	27,800	--
Accom. & Food	24,000	24,000	--
Food Services	21,500	21,000	(2.3)
Other Services	10,900	10,500	(3.7)
Government	41,400	42,500	2.7
Federal	5,300	5,500	3.8
State	5,700	6,100	7.0
Local	30,400	30,900	1.6
Farm Employment	4,800	4,900	2.1

Source: Ks Dept. of Labor, Labor Mkt. Info. Service

Hawker Beechcraft near year-end and declines in local indicators such as home sales and the unemployment rate led to a revision of the forecast. Although local aviation manufacturers have backed off planned increases in production, production levels will remain

about the same in 2009 as in 2008. Despite reports of weakening aviation markets, order backlogs remain high. Both Hawker Beechcraft and Cessna have made adjustments to their 2009 production schedules with modest layoffs of approximately 800 workers. At the same time, Cessna continues its Citation Columbus development which is expected to add 1,000 workers over the next five years. The CEDBR concludes that the Wichita area should expect modest growth with most job growth expected to occur in the second half of 2009.

Wichita is one of five major aviation clusters in the world along with Seattle, Dallas, Montreal and Toulouse, France. Each cluster does at least \$10 billion a year or more in business. Of the five clusters, Wichita has the greatest exposure in the business jet segment, making it more vulnerable to downturns. Manufacturers here are in the smaller end of the business jet and jetliner markets, areas that decline faster because they are more sensitive to pricing. Wichita's aircraft manufacturing jobs account for more than one-half of the local economy's manufacturing sector. The industry can provide a tremendous boost to the local economy when times are good, but can be potentially disastrous when market conditions are poor. The aviation industry is important not only to Wichita, but Kansas as a whole because manufacturing accounts for nearly one-quarter of all jobs in the Wichita Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA).

According to the Center for Economic Development and Business Research, manufacturing accounted for 21.6 percent of all jobs in the Wichita MSA during 2007. About 87 percent of manufacturing jobs are in the durable goods sub-sector and dominated by jobs in aviation manufacturing. About 13 percent of manufacturing jobs are in the non-durable goods sub-sector, dominated by jobs in food processing. Payroll earnings for the manufacturing industry totaled approximately \$3.89 billion in 2007, with average earnings per job of \$59,425. The aviation manufacturing (transportation equipment) sector accounted for 60 percent of manufacturing jobs, with payroll for 2007 totaling more than \$2.7 billion and average earnings per job of \$69,151.

According to CEDBR, each aerospace job generates approximately 3.9 total jobs throughout the state based on both the firm's and the employee's spending. Each aerospace wage dollar generates approximately \$2.60 in the state based on both the firm's and the

employee's spending. Presently, Cessna employs approximately 8,000 workers in the Wichita area, Spirit Aerosystems employs approximately 10,500 workers, Hawker Beechcraft employs approximately 7,700 workers, Boeing employs approximately 3,000 workers, and Bombardier employs approximately 2,800 workers in the Wichita area.

According to Kansas Occupational Outlook 2014, manufacturing jobs in southcentral Kansas are expected to increase by 16,170 between 2004 and 2014. These jobs are expected to have an annual salary of at least \$40,000. In an effort to fulfill that need, ground was broken for the Kansas Technical Training Initiative, a \$54.0 million project to build an aviation technical training center in Wichita. Sedgwick County has issued bonds to cover the cost of construction, using federal and state grants to pay off the debt. The facility is scheduled to open in late 2009 or early 2010. The 107,000-square-foot training center will consolidate programs from the area's four community and technical colleges. The center will enroll approximately 500 students in a manufacturing program and approximately 100 students in an avionics program. The design includes an assessment center, aviation center, and manufacturing center. Almost 22.0 percent of Wichita's jobs—double the national average—are in manufacturing.

Boeing announced that it intends to cut 800 jobs—about a quarter of its Wichita work force—in the first half of 2009. Boeing's layoffs will affect managers as well as hourly and salaried positions. The company employs about 3,000 people in Wichita in a variety of programs. Besides the 767 international tanker program, Boeing works on global transport and executive systems programs for the U.S. executive fleet, (such as Air Force One), B-52 refueling systems support, mission planning, engineering support for the Airborne Laser program and the Boeing 747-8, and integrated logistics support. The delay in a bid to replace the Air Force's aerial refueling tankers has had a significant impact. The contract could be worth \$100 billion over the next 30 years. Boeing filed a protest in March after it lost a bid to replace tankers to a team of Northrop Grumman and EADS. The Air Force said in September that it would rebid the program after the next administration takes office. Work on tanker programs for Japan and Italy will wind down in 2009. Early in 2009, the certification, flight test and development activities will conclude.

Current work on aircraft in the executive transport fleet will end in early 2009, and the planes won't be back for the next modification or upgrade for several months. Two years ago, the plan was to shift employees assigned to the international tanker programs to the U.S. tanker program. However, that is no longer possible. Furthermore, layoffs at Boeing might extend beyond Wichita next year, as the company looks to cut costs in response to difficult market conditions and a slowing global economy.

Boeing may also delay the first deliveries of the 787 Dreamliner by at least six more months due to a recent strike by union workers and other production glitches. This would set deliveries back by more than two years from the original schedule. The strike ended in November after the Machinists union ratified a four-year contract with the company. The 57-day strike by Boeing Machinists ended after 74 percent of union members voted in favor of a new four-year contract. The Machinists represent about 750 hourly workers in Wichita and about 26,000 in Washington and Oregon. Job security, pensions, and health care were top issues for the union. The union received concessions from Boeing regarding increases to medical insurance, changes to retiree medical insurance, and seniority. The new contract includes wage increases of 5 percent in the first year, 3 percent in the second year, 3 percent in the third year, and 4 percent in the final year. It also included a lump-sum bonus of 10 percent of earnings or \$5,000, whichever is greater, and \$1,500 bonuses in the second and the third year.

Also affected by the strike were the majority of workers at Spirit AeroSystems, a major Boeing supplier, who were on three-day work weeks for most of the duration of the strike. The shortened schedules are likely to remain in effect until the end of January. The work stoppage was the Machinists' fourth strike against Boeing in two decades and its longest since 1995. The International Association of Machinists and Aerospace Workers staged strikes against Boeing for 24 days in 2005, 69 days in 1995, and 48 days in 1989. The work stoppage cost Boeing an estimated \$100 million a day in deferred revenue and postponing delivery of its long-awaited 787 jetliner, which was already delayed three times, as well as other commercial planes. In addition, Boeing's contract with the Society of Professional Engineering Employees in Aerospace (SPEEA) was set to expire in December, but the expiration has been pushed to the

end of the month to give union members time to study Boeing's offer before they vote.

Bombardier Learjet has not announced any layoffs or work force reductions and the company has not received any order cancellations, although orders have softened. The Wichita facility presently employs approximately 2,800 workers, up from 2,300 at the beginning of the year. It also employs about another 300 consultants and contractors. The site is working to take on assembly of its new Learjet 85 and expanding production of the Learjet 60.

Cessna Aircraft announced that it will cut about 500 jobs in Wichita. The announcement came just six months after state, city and county officials approved an incentive package worth tens of millions of dollars so Cessna would build its Citation Columbus plant in Wichita. The new facility is expected to add an additional 1,000 jobs when it opens in 2009. The cuts will come through involuntary and voluntary layoffs. Contract labor could also be cut. The reductions come as Cessna—the city's largest private employer—adjusts its production schedules for the coming year amid a softening global economy. Based on the recent feedback from customers, Cessna revised its delivery schedule downward for 2009—from an expected 535 jets to slightly up relative to the 2008 level of 475 aircraft. Slowing 2009 deliveries will allow the company to avoid \$100 million in costs.

In April, the Kansas Legislature passed a bill that gave Cessna up to \$33 million to build its new Citation Columbus plant in Wichita. The City of Wichita and Sedgwick County together gave Cessna an additional \$10 million. During the 2001-03 economic downturn, Cessna laid off 3,000 workers, but it continued to spend money on new products. During that time, Cessna developed the Citation Mustang, XLS and CJ3. Today, those models account for 60 percent of the company's \$15 billion of outstanding orders.

Flight Safety International announced that it is delaying plans for a major expansion to its Cessna Citation training facilities. The original plan was to begin construction in January 2009 and be ready to open at the end of 2009 or early 2010. Flight Safety employs more than 450 people at three centers in Wichita.

Hawker Beechcraft announced that it would cut about 490 jobs as it lowers production. Hawker Beechcraft

intends to cut 5 percent of its workforce as it faces “serious challenges” from an “unprecedented worldwide economic decline,” its top executive said in a letter to employees. The layoffs will be a mix of hourly and salaried workers. Hawker Beechcraft employs 7,700 workers in Wichita. The company is reducing production to match potential declines in demand, reducing inventories, and curtailing capital expenses. Hawker Beechcraft is a highly leveraged company, carrying almost \$2.4 billion in debt. Interest expense in 2008 will total nearly \$190 million, equivalent to more than \$500,000 a day. In addition, Hawker Beechcraft faced 25-day Machinist strike during August. The union represents 4,700 hourly workers at Hawker Beechcraft in Wichita and about 500 in Salina. The new three-year contract, which was approved by 77 percent of voters, gives workers 4 percent wage increases in each year, a \$7 pension increase to \$51 per month for each year of service, a freeze on health care premiums and a choice of plans and hospitals. The union received concessions from the company regarding a controversial plan to reduce earned time off for new employees and to downgrade two job codes for new employees.

Major construction projects will also partially offset any decline in residential homebuilding. The Wichita Downtown Development Corporation reports that \$312 million has been invested in the downtown area since 2002, including \$43 million in public investment. Construction is continuing on the \$130.0 million WaterWalk development in downtown Wichita. A 60,000-square-foot office building and a multiple-story, multi-use building is the heart of the project. The city is the major source of an already-announced \$30.0 million public investment for WaterWalk infrastructure, the majority of which is being funded by tax increment financing. WaterWalk developers have guaranteed a minimum \$30.0 million investment in the development and future property taxes from that investment will pay off the majority of that financing. Developers say they actually expect to invest closer to \$80.0 to \$100.0 million over the next decade as the project grows. When completed, the project is expected to create over 2,000 new jobs worth more than \$65 million annually. The Intrust Bank Arena, a \$205.5 million new 15,000-seat sporting and entertainment facility, is not expected to be completed until January 2010. Moreover, construction of Cessna’s new \$200 million Citation Columbus plant is expected to commence in early 2009, meaning that the

two largest construction projects in the area’s history will be under way at the same time.

In 2007, voters rejected two referenda for allowing gaming in Sedgwick County. Amid unusually heavy voter turnout for a non-general election, a proposal to allow casinos in Sedgwick County was defeated by a vote of 56 percent in opposition to 43 percent in favor. Nevertheless, Sumner County, which approved a similar referendum in 2005, moved forward with plans to build a casino. The plan required a minimum investment of \$225 million and is projected to have an economic impact of at least \$150 million annually. Penn National Gaming, Sumner Gaming-Harrah’s Entertainment, MGM Mirage-Foxwoods Development-Chisholm Creek Ventures, and Marvel Gaming-Binion Family Trust all submitted proposals to build and operate a Sumner County facility.

However, plans for a casino in Sumner County are on hold after Sumner Gaming Joint Venture LLC, a partnership of Harrah’s Entertainment and Kansas-based Sumner Gaming and Resorts, withdrew its proposal for a \$535 million casino near Mulvane because of the poor economy. A statement by the joint venture said it remained enthusiastic about the economic and tourist benefits from a casino in Mulvane. It said economic conditions and disruptions in the financial markets made it impossible to proceed “as planned.” The state’s casino review board had selected this proposal in August over two other bids. Bidding for Sumner County’s casino is expected to re-open January 1. Applications will be due to the state by April 1.

Moody’s Economy.com forecasts that although Wichita’s economy will slow in 2009, it will not contract as with most of the country. Hiring in the aerospace industry will slow considerably but will continue to expand modestly. This, together with stable house prices, will lead to moderate growth in consumer spending. According to Moody’s Economy.com the financial crisis is likely to have a relatively mild effect on the Wichita area relative to most parts of the country. The lack of overbuilding has allowed house prices to rise in Wichita, unlike most of the country. Developers quickly reduced their output, which has prevented a substantial increase in inventory levels. Stable housing prices should limit the area’s exposure to a significant increase in foreclosures. According to a study conducted by the

National Association of Realtors, the Wichita Metropolitan Statistical Area is the fourth-best in the nation for home price appreciation. Wichita's third-quarter 2008 median price of \$125,300 was up 5.5 percent, ranking the area behind Elmira, N.Y., Decatur, Ill., and Bloomington-Normal, Ill. Moody's Economy.com concludes that the Wichita area's outlook is positive based on its favorable manufacturing composition, a low cost of doing business, affordable housing, and a well-educated population.

Moody's Economy.com concludes that the aerospace industry will remain the primary source of growth in the metro area over the next year. Although the financial crisis has slowed growth in new orders and will continue do so over the near term, all of the aerospace firms in the area have substantial order backlogs.

Topeka Metropolitan Area. Based on place of work data, all industries' employment in the Topeka metropolitan area increased 0.5 percent in 2008. Table 3-2 presents employment in the Topeka metropolitan area for 2007 and 2008.

Employment in the goods producing industries decreased 0.8 percent, while employment in the services producing industries increased by 0.7 percent. Within the goods producing industries, natural resources and construction employment decreased 1.7 percent, while manufacturing employment remained unchanged.

Employment increased in six of eight service producing industries in the Topeka area during 2008. Specifically, employment in information services increased 4.2 percent, professional and business services increased 2.1 percent, other services increased 2.1 percent, leisure and hospitality increased 1.3 percent, and education and health services increased 1.2 percent, while employment in trade, transportation, and utilities decreased 1.0 percent, and financial activities employment remained unchanged. Farm employment in the Topeka metropolitan area rose by 2.3 percent in 2008.

Thirty years ago, four of the leading employers were Santa Fe Railway, Southwestern Bell, Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. and the Menninger Clinic, but only two, Burlington Northern Santa Fe and Goodyear, remain in the top 25. The Menninger Clinic relocated to

Table 3-2

Topeka Metropolitan Area Employment			
Shawnee County			
October 2007-October 2008			
	2007	2008	% Chg.
Place of Residence Data			
Civilian Labor Force	120,539	119,659	(0.7)
Employment	114,605	114,916	0.3
Unemployment	5,934	4,743	(20.1)
Unemployment Rate	4.9	4.0	(0.9)
Place of Work Data			
Total Nonfarm	110,500	111,100	0.5
Total Private	82,100	82,500	0.5
Goods Producing	13,300	13,200	(0.8)
Natural Res. & Const.	6,000	5,900	(1.7)
Manufacturing	7,300	7,300	--
Non-Durable Goods	5,700	5,500	(3.5)
Service Providing Indus.	97,200	97,900	0.7
Private Service Providing	68,800	69,300	0.7
Trade, Tran. & Utilities	20,200	20,000	(1.0)
Wholesale Trade	3,800	3,800	--
Retail Trade	11,400	11,300	(0.9)
Trans. & Warehouse	5,000	4,900	(2.0)
Information	2,400	2,500	4.2
Financial Activities	7,500	7,500	--
Finance & Insurance	6,300	6,200	(1.6)
Prof. & Bus. Services	9,400	9,600	2.1
Educ. & Health Services	16,800	17,000	1.2
Health & Social Services	16,400	16,700	1.8
Hospitals	5,800	6,000	3.4
Leisure & Hospitality	7,800	7,900	1.3
Accom. & Food Serv.	7,000	7,100	1.4
Food Services	6,300	6,500	3.2
Other Services	4,700	4,800	2.1
Government	28,400	28,600	0.7
Federal	3,000	3,100	3.3
State	9,500	9,700	2.1
Local	15,900	15,800	(0.6)
Farm Employment	4,400	4,500	2.3

Source: Ks Dept. of Labor, Labor Mkt. Info. Service

Houston in 2003. Southwestern Bell, now called AT&T, reduced its local workforce from 1,000 employees in 2002 to 473 presently. Now, Topeka's top 25 employers are a mix of government, health care, food processing, tire manufacturing, education, retail and transportation entities. The State of Kansas remains the area's largest employer with 8,436 employees.

Collective Brands, founded as Payless ShoeSource in Topeka in 1956, is the area's seventh largest employer.

Collective Brands Inc., a homegrown business, known in recent years as Payless ShoeSource, employs about 1,000 people at its Topeka headquarters. The company announced a 46,000-square-foot expansion that includes a new cafeteria, fitness center, and 100 new offices for the Store Development Team. The announcement is significant because an announcement was made in 2007 that the company was planning to close its 850,000 square-foot Topeka distribution center. The closing will eliminate 450 to 550 jobs. The closing of the distribution center is tied to the creation of centers in other parts of the country. The company's board of directors approved management's recommendation for a \$77 million investment in the company's supply chain that is designed to improve efficiency in delivering footwear and accessories. The company's stores are heavily clustered on the more populated East and West coasts. With a distribution center on the West Coast and another east of the Mississippi River, the new supply chain model will be more closely aligned with the company's retail facilities. Payless plans to move its distribution operations to a 400,000-square-foot facility in Redlands, Calif., and a 600,000-square foot distribution center in Brookville, Ohio. Workers at the distribution center earn between \$10 and \$20 per hour and receive benefits, such as health care and vacation.

Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. is the area's ninth largest employer. The Goodyear facility has been a fixture in Topeka since the federal government built it during World War II to make military tires. Goodyear later took over management and produced its first tire at the facility in March 1945, before buying the facility from the government in 1946. The radial truck tire line at the Topeka facility has been very important for many years, but demand tends to be very cyclical. About 580 workers at Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. were expected to file for unemployment benefits after three temporary shutdowns in the radial truck tire division over the course of the year. Affected employees were allowed to take vacation during the shutdown or were temporarily laid off without pay. The shutdown was attributed to slow demand from the trucking industry and a significant accumulation of inventory of radial truck tires. The radial truck tire sales have been slowing because of lower demand for original equipment semitrailer tires, economic softness, rising fuel costs, and high raw material expenses. Because factories are capable of producing thousands of tires per week, a large inventory can build up quickly if

sales slow. A major factor reducing demand is a 50 percent drop in sales of new commercial trucks. New truck sales have been down because carriers were concerned that new Environmental Protection Agency requirements on engines would reduce mileage. Another factor slowing sales is a slowdown in freight movement due to the slowdown in the economy and high fuel prices. Also during the year, American Tire Corp. offered to acquire Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co.'s off-the-road tire plant in Topeka and said it would invest \$200 million to modernize the facility. However, Goodyear announced that the Topeka facility was not for sale.

In 2002, the Legislature approved a \$10.0 million incentive for Goodyear to retool the Topeka facility. The money for the state incentive came from payroll withholding tax from the local Goodyear plant. The incentive money was paid to Goodyear only if it maintained the agreed upon employment at the facility. Another \$750,000 for Goodyear comes from a local option quarter-cent sales tax designated for economic development. If Goodyear closes the local Topeka plant before a ten-year period is up, the company has to repay the sales tax incentive. In conjunction with these incentives, the company has committed to invest more than \$100.0 million in its Topeka plant to upgrade its manufacturing processes. Goodyear's new Fuel Max Technology is focused on fuel and tire costs. Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. manufactures over-the-road tires, military tires and radial truck tires in Topeka, where it employs about 1,600 people. The Topeka Goodyear plant is still producing tires for Humvees for the U.S. military, even though Michelin has the primary contract for providing the tires to the Pentagon. The starting wage at Goodyear is \$13.08 per hour. After three years, employees are qualified to apply for jobs that pay \$20 to \$24 per hour.

Frito-Lay is Topeka's 20th largest employer, and employs about 840 people in its manufacturing and distribution facilities in Topeka. Frito-Lay opened its Topeka plant more than 35 years ago. The company pays an average wage of \$18.50 per hour and a starting wage of more than \$16 per hour. The plant produces Lays, Ruffles, Cheetos, Doritos, Funyuns, Fritos, Tostitos and SunChips. In 2006, the Topeka Joint Economic Development Organization (JEDO), which partners with city and county elected officials to administer money from a half-cent, county-wide sales

tax, approved an estimated \$125,000 to \$175,000 in incentives for Frito-Lay to carry out a \$40 million expansion project at its plant in Topeka. The money is part of a ten-year incentive package being put together by local and state agencies for Frito-Lay. The package includes a ten-year tax exemption on the project worth an estimated \$278,902. In 2007, Frito-Lay opened the \$40 million expansion that created 75 jobs in Topeka. The 40,000 square foot expansion facilitated a new production line for SunChips—a “healthier” whole grain chip that has gained in popularity in recent years. Frito-Lay first produced SunChips at its Irving, Texas, plant in 1991, but the company now has SunChips production in seven plants. Frito-Lay manufactures nine to ten million bags of chips per week in Topeka, with SunChips comprising 15 percent of the total. The expansion of the plant is large enough to accommodate another future product line. The plant is located on 47 acres, but the company recently year purchased an additional 117 acres.

Home Depot is exploring the prospect of establishing a distribution center near the Target Distribution Center. Topeka’s Joint Economic Development Organization (JEDO) board members voted to offer 75 acres of free land in the Central Crossing Commerce Park plus cash incentives of up to \$600,000 to an undisclosed company. JEDO partners with city and county elected officials and contracts with Go Topeka to oversee the proceeds from \$5 million generated from a half-cent sales tax approved by voters in 2004 for economic development and road and bridge improvements. The 75 acres JEDO approved was initially purchased for \$750,000 and now has an estimated value of \$2.25 million. The package also includes incentives of \$1,500 for each new full-time job created at the distribution center by the end of 2012, up to \$600,000 to be paid out if it creates 400 jobs. If the distribution center project goes forward with the project, construction could begin as early as late fall. The center would employ at least 400 people, and possibly up to 600. Base hourly pay would be between \$10 and \$12 an hour plus benefits, with supervisors paid between \$14 and \$16 per hour plus benefits for supervisors, and managers paid approximately \$50,000 a year plus benefits. The company was not interested in using the soon to be vacated Payless distribution facility because the company’s facility requires unique design requirements. In addition, the proposed area also poses topographical challenges because the area would require significant regrading and the possible

removal of a pond. The company also may pursue a self-funded industrial revenue bond issue that would include eligibility for a property tax exemption for the facility for up to ten years and a sales tax exemption for labor and materials used in construction.

Moody’s Economy.com predicts that Topeka’s economy will continue to slow significantly and return to its familiar position lagging the Kansas economy. According to Moody’s Economy.com, Topeka’s long-term growth potential is limited by several constraints. Most notably, the area lacks a dynamic growth driver. The lack of lucrative private-sector employment opportunities in the area will continue to limit growth. The lack of a skilled labor pool makes it difficult to attract high-tech employers. Moreover, a relatively older population limits the natural rate of population growth. The housing market is not expected to improve in any significant degree until well into 2009. However, Topeka’s large public sector will limit volatility in the labor market. Nevertheless, Topeka is expected to continue underperforming the U.S. in terms of both employment and income growth.

Lawrence Metropolitan Area. As mentioned above, data on employment by place of work are no longer tabulated for the Lawrence metropolitan area. Thus, Table 3-3 presents only employment by place of residence in the Lawrence metropolitan area for 2007 and 2008.

Table 3-3

Lawrence Metropolitan Area Employment Douglas County October 2007-October 2008			
	2007	2008	% Chg.
Place of Residence Data			
Civilian Labor Force	63,000	62,327	(1.1)
Employment	61,067	59,941	(1.8)
Unemployment	1,933	2,386	23.4
Unemployment Rate	3.1	3.8	0.7

Source: Ks Dept. of Labor, Labor Mkt. Info. Service

According to Moody’s Economy.com Lawrence’s economy is in recession. Employment has decreased over the past year due to significant slowdowns in construction and manufacturing. The unemployment rate in the area is at a three-year high and has risen sharply since the end of 2007 and consumers have come under a great deal of stress due to slow wage growth. Although the housing market in the Lawrence

area has experienced tremendous growth over the past several years and pushed average home prices up to nearly \$250,000, housing demand is expected to slow significantly due to rising unemployment and tight credit markets. Moody's Economy.com suggests that because of the rapid growth in the area, an excess supply of single-family homes has been building up over the past six years. Moody's Economy.com predicts that existing home sales will remain down for the near term with housing prices moderating due to weak demand.

The primary benefit of KU's presence in Lawrence area is the stability it provides the local economy. The large student body provides a steady source of demand for the retail industry during the academic year, and the university provides residents with many stable, high-paying jobs. The university also gives the metro area a large pool of highly-skilled graduates, making the area an attractive destination for high value added companies seeking to relocate or expand into Kansas. However, according to Moody's Economy.com, Lawrence has shown an inability to attract such a group of employers, and a continuing failure to do so will result in more KU students moving once they graduate, taking with them the skills to fill higher-paying, higher-skilled jobs elsewhere. Thus, population growth in the Lawrence area will continue to be well below the national average.

To address this, the Lawrence Chamber of Commerce has focused on fostering a robust economy, providing and preserving superior amenities and maintaining Lawrence's distinct spirit and atmosphere. An important component of this plan is East Hills Business Park, a project designed to attract emerging and promising startups to test, advance and market their ideas in pharmaceuticals or other technologies. The goal is to transform a warehouse building into a high-tech center with state-of-the-art laboratories, shared office space, and common conference rooms.

Moody's Economy.com predicts that employment will continue to decline in Lawrence over the near term, as overall structural weakness in the service sector remains a drag on the local economy. The area's large concentration of nondurable goods manufacturers is unlikely to experience significant growth in payrolls in the near future facing trends toward increasing outsourcing and the substitution of capital for labor. Although biotechnology research at KU will bolster

the local economy, this will have only a marginal impact on overall employment growth. Longer term, weak population growth will lead to tepid gains in construction and retail employment, while an unfavorable manufacturing composition will lead to steady job losses in that sector. As a result, Lawrence is expected to lag the national economy in terms of both income and employment growth.

Kansas City, Kansas Metropolitan Area. Because of changes in statistical reporting areas, Kansas City, Kansas is now regarded as a separate statistical area. The area includes Franklin, Johnson, Leavenworth, Linn, Miami, and Wyandotte Counties. Employment by place of work in the Kansas City, Kansas metropolitan area decreased 0.5 percent in 2008. Employment in goods producing industries decreased 5.9 percent, while employment in service producing industries did increase 0.3 percent.

Within the goods producing industries, natural resources and construction employment fell 10.0 percent, while employment in non-durable goods manufacturing declined 5.3 percent, while durable goods manufacturing employment decreased 1.9 percent. Within the service providing industries, employment in government increased 3.5 percent; information increased 1.8 percent; education and health services increased 1.3 percent; and other services increased 1.2 percent. On the other hand, employment in leisure and hospitality decreased 2.4 percent, financial activities employment decreased 1.2 percent, and employment in trade, transportation, and utilities decreased 0.9 percent. Farm employment in the Kansas City, Kansas rose by 3.8 percent in 2008. Table 3-4 on the following page presents employment by place of residence for the Kansas City, Kansas metropolitan area.

According to the Mid-America Regional Council's (MARC) 2009 Greater Kansas City Economic Forecast, the recession has already caused the region to lose about 4,000 jobs. Because of the uncertainty created by the current international financial crisis, the forecast includes two scenarios. The two scenarios differ based on how severe and long the recession might be, as well as how strongly the local economy recovers. In the first scenario, it is assumed that the recession lasts about six months and results in an additional 11,000 jobs lost in the Kansas City area. Under this scenario, it is assumed that by the end of 2010, one half of the jobs lost will be recovered. In

Table 3-4

Kansas City, KS Metro. Area Employment			
October 2007-October 2008			
	2007	2008	% Chg.
Place of Residence Data			
Civilian Labor Force	440,302	446,303	1.4
Employment	421,910	423,486	0.4
Unemployment	18,392	22,817	24.1
Unemployment Rate	4.2	5.1	0.9
Place of Work Data			
Total Nonfarm	450,600	448,200	(0.5)
Total Private	392,800	388,400	(1.1)
Goods Producing	59,700	56,200	(5.9)
Natural Res. & Const.	23,000	20,700	(10.0)
Manufacturing	36,700	35,500	(3.3)
Durable Goods	21,500	21,100	(1.9)
Computer & Electronic	4,200	3,900	(7.1)
Transportation Equip.	3,600	3,800	5.6
Non-Durable Goods	15,200	14,400	(5.3)
Service Providing Indus.	390,900	392,000	0.3
Private Service Providing	333,100	332,200	(0.3)
Trade, Trans. & Util.	96,900	96,000	(0.9)
Wholesale Trade	25,000	25,500	2.0
Durable Goods	12,600	12,300	(2.4)
Retail Trade	47,700	47,100	(1.3)
General Merchandise	11,800	11,900	0.8
Trans., Warehouse & Util.	24,200	23,400	(3.3)
Trans. & Warehousing	22,100	22,500	1.8
Information	22,600	23,000	1.8
Telecommunications	17,200	17,300	0.6
Financial Activities	33,400	33,000	(1.2)
Finance & Insurance	26,800	26,800	--
Insurance Carriers	12,900	12,900	--
Prof. & Business Services	73,800	73,800	--
Prof., Scientific & Tech.	32,100	31,700	(1.2)
Admin. & Waste	37,700	37,600	(0.3)
Educ. & Health Services	52,800	53,500	1.3
Health & Social Assist.	47,200	48,600	3.0
Hospitals	13,900	14,200	2.2
Leisure & Hospitality	37,100	36,200	(2.4)
Accom. & Food	31,800	31,100	(2.2)
Food Services	29,400	29,300	(0.3)
Other Services	16,500	16,700	1.2
Government	57,800	59,800	3.5
Federal	7,200	7,300	1.4
State	6,600	6,800	3.0
Local	44,000	45,700	3.9
Farm Employment	5,200	5,400	3.8

Source: Ks Dept. of Labor, Labor Mkt. Info. Service

the second scenario, it is assumed that the recession lasts about a year, resulting in the loss of an additional 30,000 jobs locally. Under this scenario, local employment does not start growing again until sometime after 2010.

Consistent with this theme, some major local employers that have announced employment reductions include American Airlines, American Century Investments, Cerner, Embarq, H&R Block, *The Kansas City Star*, Russell Stover, Sprint Nextel, and YRC Worldwide, among others.

In addition, Applebee's was acquired by IHOP Corp. Aquila was acquired by longtime Black Hills. Butler Manufacturing was acquired by Blue Scope Steel of Australia. Capital One Home Loans is expected to furlough approximately 320 Overland Park employees starting in February. Farmland Industries and Interstate Bakeries have sought bankruptcy court protection from creditors. Marion Laboratories was acquired by Merrell Dow pharmaceuticals. NovaStar Financial has experienced massive layoffs and delisting by the New York Stock Exchange. Even Hallmark Cards has experienced some modest downsizing.

According to Moody's Economy.com the Kansas City area economy has experienced job losses across most industries. The area's goods manufacturers have also been significantly affected as the national recession has curtailed demand for manufactured goods, especially vehicles, while the construction industry has contracted significantly due to dwindling housing demand. Growth in the Kansas City economy has slowed because of weakness in the housing market. Housing activity in the area has also declined from its peak. Building permit issuance has slowed as housing prices and home sales have fallen from their peak. Even though the housing slowdown is well under way, the local housing market has likely not bottomed out yet. Service industries have also experienced job losses as the financial crisis has deepened, placing consumers on increasingly tight budgets. Moreover, the ongoing uncertainty created by the financial crisis is likely to result in continuing job losses in the financial activities and professional and business services industries. This will have a noticeable impact on the Kansas City area economy where these two industries account for about one out of every five jobs. As such, the contraction of these two high-paying industries will create a drag on per capita personal income growth.

In November, American Century Investments announced the furlough of approximately 270 employees in a cost-cutting move that affects 17

percent of its work force. The reductions at the Kansas City-based mutual fund giant reflect the ongoing turmoil created by the financial crisis that has caused many investors to pull out of the stock market. Earlier in the year American Century laid off about 90 workers. These cuts focused on employees involved in direct sales of mutual funds to individuals. As a basis for comparison, American Century cut about 270 jobs in 2001-2002, after the technology and telecom bubble burst, or about 9 percent of its workforce. American Century employees who are let go will receive one month's pay and benefits for each year they worked at the company. The severance is limited to one year of pay and benefits, but no employee will receive less than three months. The cuts are not expected to affect portfolio managers.

Sprint Nextel Corp. announced that it is moving its post-merger headquarters from Reston, Va., to Overland Park. The headquarters consolidation comes amid the company's latest cost-cutting program. About 4,000 employees and 1,600 contractors are expected to be eliminated. The Overland Park-based telecom giant is offering voluntary buyout packages to an unspecified number of its workers. The company now employs about 57,000 workers overall, including 12,300 in the Kansas City area.

In 2008, Sprint appeared to be distancing itself from its troubled Nextel acquisition. In January, Sprint took a nearly \$30 billion noncash accounting charge for the \$38 billion purchase of Nextel in 2005, writing off much of the goodwill value of its purchase and other acquisitions. Questions about the fate of the Nextel network have been contributing to ongoing uncertainty surrounding the Kansas City region's largest private employer for months. Federal regulators have given Sprint Nextel Corp. approval to spin off and merge its new WiMax wireless broadband network with that of Clearwire Corp. The Federal Communications Commission (FCC) approved a plan to combine Sprint's Xohm network with Clearwire's WiMax-like network. Google, Intel and a group of cable companies are investing billions in the \$14.6 billion venture, which will carry Clearwire's name. The Justice Department has already indicated that it will allow the deal to proceed, but will continue to monitor it.

CenturyTel, a Louisiana-based local phone company, acquired Overland Park's Embarq, which was spun off from Sprint Nextel in 2006, in a stock deal valued at

nearly \$12 billion. The combined operations will shift its headquarters to northern Louisiana. Embarq has about 3,500 employees in the Kansas City area. CenturyTel and Embarq executives vowed to maintain a "significant presence" in the Overland Park area. Embarq, number 381 on the Fortune 500 list, occupies a corporate headquarters at I-435 and Nall Avenue, has other prominent office towers nearby at 95th Street and Metcalf Avenue, and maintains a complex in Gardner. CenturyTel serves 25 states, including Missouri, where it has more than 20 percent of its 2 million phone lines. Embarq services nearly 5.9 million phone lines in 18 states.

Although Ford Motor Co. announced that it likely had sufficient funding to weather the duration of the recession, General Motors Co. (GM) announced that its financial condition was so dire that it would likely run out of cash sometime in 2009. With the deepening financial crisis, American automakers appealed to Congress for \$25 billion in federal loans, low-interest emergency borrowing, and a share of the Wall Street bailout. While both automakers have closed dozens of U.S. assembly plants in recent years, employment levels at Ford's Claycomo and GM's Fairfax factories have remained steady. The Kansas City area's Ford and General Motors auto plants rank among the most efficient in North America according to an annual study conducted by Harbour Consulting of Troy, Michigan. Nevertheless, plunging auto sales are likely to have a significant impact on the nearly 7,000 Kansas City auto workers. In the Kansas City area, one supplier has already closed and another has reduced operations. Similarly, the bankruptcy of a Canadian parts company has led to the shutdown of its St. Joseph plant.

General Motors Co. announced that it would reduce output by 25 percent and will place approximately 370 of its 2,750 employees at its Fairfax assembly plant on indefinite leave early in 2009. GM is slowing production at its Fairfax assembly plant in anticipation of declining sales in the upcoming year. In all, GM plans 3,600 indefinite layoffs at ten assembly plants starting next year. In addition, GM announced that it will suspend production for three consecutive weeks in January of 2009. Since area GM workers will begin their holiday break December 24, the plant will effectively be shut down for more than a month. Facing a 22 percent decline in U.S. sales in 2008 and fast running out of cash, GM announced that it was

cutting production at four North American plants in 2009, including Fairfax. The Fairfax facility makes the Chevrolet Malibu and Saturn Aura passenger cars.

In December 2007, General Motors (GM) announced that it plans to spend \$208 million preparing its Fairfax, Kansas plant to build the redesigned 2008 Chevrolet Malibu. The investment will be used to buy new equipment and expand the plant's body shop. The Fairfax plant builds the current version of the Malibu, Malibu Maxx, and the Saturn Aura. The Unified Board of Commissioners for Wyandotte County and Kansas City, Kansas, approved \$146 million in revenue bonds and a five-year tax abatement as incentives for GM's investment at Fairfax facility. The State of Kansas also provided help in eliminating a machinery and equipment tax for new business investments. The tax break for this GM investment will be about \$10 million. The plant is currently producing about 60 vehicles an hour.

The Chevrolet Malibu built at Fairfax has been one of GM's bright spots for the past two years, posting strong sales. However, the production of the next-generation Buick LaCrosse at Fairfax has been delayed. Originally scheduled to begin production on March 1, the 2010 LaCrosse is now slated to be launched in mid-May. The new Buick is expected to add about 100 jobs at Fairfax. The new jobs will be filled by GM workers transferring to Fairfax from idled facilities around the country. GM is expected to build 65,000 to 75,000 units of the new cars next year. The Fairfax plant will continue to build the Malibu with production of the Aura to eventually be discontinued. Production of all three vehicles at the facility would likely push the plant to its capacity. If this comes to pass, GM would be forced to add a third shift at Fairfax.

In November 2007, Ford shut down the sport utility line of the Claycomo plant, temporarily idling about 3,000 workers who make the Ford Escape and Mercury Mariner for three weeks. The automaker followed up with similar action for two weeks in December. The layoffs did not affect the 1,000 workers who make the F-150 pickup truck. Sales for the Escape and Mariner have been down slightly this year, while sales of the F-150 have been down more drastically. However, Ford introduced a new F-150 in the fall. The F-series remains the best-selling vehicle in the country. The Claycomo plant has about 4,200

hourly and 200 salaried employees. The plant has three shifts producing the Ford Escape/Mercury Mariner compact SUV and one shift building the new F-150 pickup.

During 2008, Ford has offered a variety of voluntary severance incentives for employees. They include early retirement providing a lump-sum payout, as well as credited additional years for the pension plan, and a cash buyout for younger employees not of retirement age. The company has also offered educational severance packages that can provide tuition and health-care coverage while a departing worker or a family member receives training or education for another career. With overtime schedules virtually eliminated, the company said some employees who accept the voluntary severance package may actually receive a monthly pension equal to or even more than their current net take-home pay. It was the latest in a series of voluntary severance programs that Ford has offered to hourly workers since 2006. About 2,100 employees accepted an offer to retire early or take a cash buyout during the two programs in 2006. Approximately 7,000 hourly workers companywide accepted the voluntary severance offer during 2008. About 250 area union workers decided to accept the offer over the course of the year. The jobs of those accepting the offer are to be filled by other company workers from plants elsewhere that have closed or eliminated shifts.

In 2007, Burlington Northern-Santa Fe Railroad (BNSF) announced plans to build the BNSF Intermodal and Logistics Park in Gardner, Kansas (southwest Johnson County). The Park will be a \$1.0 billion freight hub and warehouse complex. The railroad has said it needs the logistics park to transfer goods from trains to trucks and vice versa because it is running out of capacity at its freight center in Kansas City, Kansas. Under the railroad's plan, trains would be unloaded at the site, with the goods stored on-site or trucked to other destinations. BNSF will invest \$200.0 million for the intermodal facility. BNSF will operate the intermodal facility through a contractor, employing about 350 employees. The rest of the space will be occupied by up to 12 million square feet of warehouses and distribution centers. BNSF anticipates that the Gardner hub will be an important site for the movement of goods from the Pacific Rim to the Midwest. Containers unloaded off ships from the West Coast would travel by train to Gardner,

where they would be transferred to trucking operations for distribution to their final destinations. An economic impact study estimates that the distribution center will generate \$650.0 million in investments over a 20-year period when fully built. The entire facility is expected to create 13,000 jobs in the state over a 20-year period. Of the 13,000 total, approximately 7,500 jobs will be in Gardner, 4,500 will be in other areas of Johnson County, and 1,000 will be in the Kansas City metro area. The facility is expected to become operational in 2009.

The financial crisis notwithstanding, the largest economic development project in Kansas continues to move forward as the Johnson County Board of Commissioners approved a public infrastructure plan to accelerate the construction of improvements supporting the new intermodal and logistics park at Gardner. The Allen Group, one of the nation's leading Inland Port development companies, is developing a 600-acre logistics park adjacent to BNSF's intermodal facility. The City of Gardner also approved the same finance, annexation, and development agreements supporting the creation of the facility. The annexation and development agreements, in combination with the public infrastructure plan of finance, set forth three stages of public infrastructure improvements totaling approximately \$52 million.

Kansas City, Missouri is presently in the process of investing more than \$2.4 billion in the downtown area. Kansas City's downtown revival is anchored by the Sprint Center, the Power & Light District, the Kauffman Center for the Performing Arts, and a new ballroom at Bartle Hall. The new \$280.0 million Kansas City Live entertainment district is anchored by the \$120.0 million H&R Block 14-story downtown corporate headquarters, which opened in August 2006. Across the street, construction is beginning on the mammoth Power & Light District project being developed by the Cordish Co., based in Baltimore, Maryland. Two blocks to the east, the Sprint Center Arena opened in 2007. The Federal Reserve Bank of Kansas City is moving employees into its new \$200 million facility near Grand Boulevard and Main Street and J.E. Dunn Construction Co. recently broke ground on its new, \$60 million corporate headquarters on downtown's east side. Construction was also begun on the \$326.0 million Kauffman Metropolitan Kansas City Performing Arts Center. Plans call for two 1,600-seat halls, one for symphonic music, the other for

opera and ballet, along with a multipurpose facility called Celebration Hall. In addition, the city has pledged \$47.0 million to build two parking garages for the complex. Construction of the new arena was financed with a combination of \$276.0 million in private and public financing. Major contributors include the Anschutz Entertainment Group (AEG) (\$54.0 million), the National Association of Basketball Coaches (\$10.0 million), and Sprint, which has purchased naming rights for up to \$2.5 million per year. Public contributions come from a new hotel and rental car fee.

Notwithstanding, a new report shows that Kansas City, Missouri is accumulating millions of dollars in debt on underperforming economic development projects. The City will soon have to cover nearly \$10 million in debt and other payments for projects receiving financial incentives. A report to the city council said nearly \$5 million was needed to make debt service payments that were not sufficiently covered by revenue from the projects. The majority of that is attributed to the late opening of the Power & Light downtown entertainment district and rising interest rates on its variable-rate bonds. The City may also have to make debt payments not covered by anticipated revenues from the 909 Walnut Street condominium project, the HOK headquarters garage at Third and Wyandotte streets, and the Harley Davidson plant in Platte County. The remaining deficiency reflects other reimbursements to tax increment financing (TIF) projects that were not anticipated in this year's budget. When these projects were approved, anticipated earnings and sales taxes from these developments were expected to pay for themselves even generating excess revenues. However, in many cases this did not happen. According to the report the development project may be generating new activity at the expense of existing activities. The biggest concern remains the Power & Light District. The debt payment on that project is projected to jump to \$18 million in 2009 and the \$8 million reserve fund available this year will have been depleted. If the district cannot substantially increase 2008's projected \$4.8 million in revenues, it could leave the City with a significant shortfall to cover. In addition, even though the Sprint Center has hosted 140 events and drawn 1.3 million people, exceeding its original projections of 90 events and 1 million spectators for the first year, the \$276 million arena remains without a promised major-league tenant. A major component in the public's approval of an

initiative to finance most of the project with taxes on hotel stays and car rentals was the prospect of a National Basketball Association (NBA) or National Hockey League (NHL) team guaranteeing 40 to 50 dates. Complicating matters is that no team in the NHL has moved since 1997. The only NBA team to relocate since 2002 was the Seattle Super Sonics, whose owner Clay Bennett moved the club to his hometown of Oklahoma City this summer when he could not get a new, publicly financed arena built in Seattle. Neither league presently has plans for expansion. AEG has a three-year period of exclusivity to attract a major-league tenant.

The winning proposal for a gaming facility in Wyandotte County was a Hard Rock casino to be located next to Kansas Speedway. The speedway's \$705 million proposal was chosen for a 15-year contract to build and manage a state-owned casino in Wyandotte County. The winning proposal developed by Cordish, the Baltimore-based developer of Kansas City's Power & Light District, was expected to bring a Hard Rock branded casino with 3,000 slots, 140 table games and 300 hotel rooms, and more than 275,000 square feet of retail, dining and entertainment attractions. An interim facility was planned to open by next June with 2,000 slots and 75 table games. A second NASCAR cup race, an infield road course for sports car racing, and an annual Camping World national RV rally were also anticipated. An estimated \$241 million in casino revenue, at least 22 percent of which was to go to the state.

Kansas Entertainment withdrew its plans for a \$705 million resort at the Kansas Speedway in Wyandotte County because of tight credit markets and a poor economy. Although private companies will finance, build and operate the casinos, the state law upheld by the Kansas Supreme Court in 2008 declared that the state "owns" the business of gaming. The state will get a minimum 22 percent cut of gross revenue, with an additional 5 percent off the top for local host governments and a state fund to aid compulsive gamblers

In November, Kansas City voters dramatically reversed course and turned down a light-rail tax by a resounding margin. Only 44 percent of voters backed an extra 3/8-cent sales tax for a 14-mile light-rail line. This was a vastly different outcome than two years ago, when Kansas City voters approved a plan that the

city later decided was unworkable and too costly. Two years ago, voters approved a 27-mile route that would have run from the zoo to the airport—but did not require a tax increase. The city repealed that plan because it diverted money from an existing bus tax.

According to Moody's Economy.com the Kansas City area economy is expected to contract through the middle of 2009 as recent developments in the financial system will likely deepen the current downturn. Moody's Economy.com predicts that employment will decrease in the Kansas City economy in the near term consistent with national trends. The housing market will continue to be a drag on the Kansas City area's growth. In response to oversupply and low demand, home prices have fallen significantly over the last year and will continue to decline in the near future. Home affordability is also improving in Kansas City, and will continue this trend as home prices fall to more sustainable levels.

Moody's Economy.com expects per capita personal income growth to slow significantly as the current recession results in greater unemployment and slower wage growth in the near term. Per capita income growth is expected to continue the current deceleration to a below average pace in coming years. This should be somewhat offset, however, by a relatively low cost of living, which has fallen in recent years when compared to the nation. Low living costs and modest per capita income growth will allow most consumers to maintain similar spending patterns while also continuing to attract new residents to the area.

Kansas & Adjacent States Metro Areas' Employment Trends

This section presents employment trends through October 2008 by major industry types for the region that includes Colorado, Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, and Oklahoma. In 2005, the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) updated Census 2000-based statistical areas using population estimates for 2003. Relative to the 1990s, the updated lists added 49 new Metropolitan Statistical Areas while revising definitions of existing Metropolitan Statistical Areas. The list also identified for the first time 578 Micropolitan Statistical Areas. Additionally, the OMB designated and defined two new sets of statistical areas

that include 125 Combined Statistical Areas and 25 Metropolitan Divisions in the most populous Metropolitan Statistical Areas. New England City and Town Areas also are defined as an alternative to the county-based metropolitan and micropolitan areas in the six New England states.

The OMB is responsible for maintaining and updating statistical area classifications, a task it has accomplished every decade since the 1950 census. The OMB establishes and maintains the definitions of

these areas solely for statistical purposes. The classification is intended to provide nationally consistent definitions for collecting, tabulating, and publishing federal statistics for a set of geographic areas. Table 3-5 presents employment growth rates for 22 of the 24 metropolitan areas in the five-state region from October 2007 through October 2008. As mentioned previously, data are no longer being tabulated for smaller MSA's such as Lawrence, Kansas and Lawton, Oklahoma. Also there are only limited data available for other MSA's such as

Table 3-5

Metropolitan Area Employment Growth Rates, October 2007-October 2008											
Kansas & Adjacent States											
	Total Nonfarm	Const. & Mining	Manu- facturing	Trade, Trans. & Utilities	Infor- mation	Finan. Activ.	Prof/Bus Services	Educ./ Health Services	Leisure/ Hosp. Services	Other Services	Govern- ment
Kansas											
Topeka	0.5	(1.7)	--	(1.0)	4.2	--	2.1	1.2	1.3	2.1	0.7
Wichita	(0.3)	(1.7)	(1.1)	(0.6)	(4.8)	--	(2.3)	1.9	--	(3.7)	2.7
Kan. City, KS	(0.5)	(10.0)	(3.3)	(0.9)	1.8	(1.2)	--	1.3	(2.4)	1.2	3.5
Colorado											
Boulder/											
Longmont	1.4	(2.9)	(1.1)	(0.4)	1.1	1.3	2.0	3.6	3.5	3.9	1.9
Colorado											
Springs	(0.6)	(5.6)	(4.2)	(1.2)	(2.6)	(2.9)	(1.9)	4.1	--	--	1.9
Denver/											
Aurora	0.1	(2.5)	(2.2)	(0.5)	(1.0)	(1.3)	(1.3)	3.3	1.4	1.5	2.8
Fort Collins/											
Loveland	--	(2.8)	(0.8)	(1.3)	4.0	(3.4)	(0.6)	5.0	(2.4)	6.4	0.7
Grand Junction	3.9	10.6	(3.0)	1.5	11.1	2.9	7.5	2.3	4.1	--	3.1
Greeley	1.1	2.7	6.5	(0.7)	--	--	(3.8)	3.8	(1.4)	--	0.6
Pueblo	0.3	(9.1)	(4.4)	--	--	(4.5)	--	4.2	4.8	4.8	--
Missouri											
Columbia	0.1	NA	NA	2.0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	(0.3)
Jefferson City	(0.2)	NA	NA	3.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.7
Joplin	1.4	NA	(2.0)	2.4	NA	NA	NA	1.7	NA	NA	4.9
Kan. City, MO	(0.5)	(3.1)	(6.2)	(0.5)	(2.1)	(3.1)	--	1.5	1.5	(0.8)	1.8
St. Joseph											
MO-KS	(0.2)	NA	NA	1.7	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	(1.0)
St. Louis											
MO-IL	(0.9)	(0.6)	(4.2)	(0.4)	(1.6)	(0.9)	(1.1)	1.4	(0.8)	(0.5)	(1.2)
Springfield	0.2	2.9	(7.7)	0.9	--	--	(0.5)	2.8	(0.5)	1.1	1.1
Nebraska											
Lincoln	0.6	2.5	(0.6)	(1.2)	(3.4)	2.4	1.0	2.0	(0.6)	--	1.6
Omaha/ Council											
Bluffs, NE-IA	0.6	2.3	0.3	(1.8)	(4.8)	1.8	0.9	3.0	1.8	9.8	(1.9)
Oklahoma											
Oklahoma City	1.1	5.8	0.5	1.8	(0.8)	(0.9)	1.6	3.3	1.9	1.8	(2.6)
Tulsa	0.1	4.7	0.2	0.6	(6.7)	0.4	(3.7)	2.4	1.2	3.3	(2.0)
All Area Average	0.0	(0.5)	(2.3)	(0.2)	(1.3)	(0.8)	(0.7)	2.4	0.5	1.3	0.6

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

Columbia, Missouri, Jefferson City, Missouri, Joplin, Missouri, and St. Joseph, Missouri-Kansas.

Employment by Industry Type

Total nonfarm employment in the major labor markets in the five-state area remained unchanged from October 2007 to October 2008. Grand Junction, Colorado led the five-state area in employment growth with a growth rate of 3.9 percent. It was followed by Boulder/Longmont, Colorado and Joplin, Missouri with growth rates of 1.4 percent each. Out of the 22 major markets in the five-state area, Topeka ranked 8th with a growth rate of 0.5 percent, while Wichita ranked 17th with a 0.3 percent decrease in nonfarm employment, and Kansas City, Kansas ranked 19th with a 0.5 percent decrease.

Construction & Mining. Total construction and mining employment in the major labor markets in the five-state area decreased 0.5 percent in 2008. Grand Junction, Colorado led the five-state area in employment growth with a growth rate of 10.6 percent. It was followed by Oklahoma City, Oklahoma with a growth rate of 5.8 percent, and Tulsa, Oklahoma with a growth rate of 4.7 percent. Out of the 22 major markets in the five-state area, Topeka ranked ninth with a 1.7 percent decrease, Wichita ranked tenth with a 1.7 percent decrease, and Kansas City, Kansas ranked 17th with a 10.0 percent decrease in construction and mining employment.

Manufacturing. Manufacturing employment in the major metropolitan areas in the five-state region decreased 2.3 percent in 2008. Greeley, Colorado led the five-state area with 6.5 percent growth in manufacturing employment, followed by Oklahoma City, Oklahoma with 0.5 percent growth, and Omaha/Council Bluffs, Nebraska/Iowa with 0.3 percent growth. Topeka ranked fifth with no change in manufacturing employment, while Wichita ranked eighth with a 1.1 percent decrease, and Kansas City, Kansas ranked 13th in the five-state area with a 3.3 percent decrease in manufacturing employment.

Trade, Transportation, & Public Utilities. Trade, transportation, and public utilities employment in the major metropolitan areas in the five-state region decreased 0.2 percent in 2008. Jefferson City, Missouri led the five-state area with a 3.5 percent

increase in trade, transportation, and public utilities employment growth, followed by Joplin, Missouri with a 2.4 percent increase, and Columbia, Missouri with a 2.0 percent increase. Wichita ranked 14th with a 0.6 percent decrease in trade, transportation, and public utilities employment, Kansas City, Kansas ranked 16th with a 0.9 percent decrease, and Topeka ranked 17th with a 1.0 percent decrease in trade, transportation, and public utilities employment.

Information. Information employment in the major metropolitan areas in the five-state region decreased 1.3 percent in 2008. Grand Junction, Colorado had the highest growth rate in the five-state area at 11.1 percent, followed by Topeka with a 4.2 percent growth rate, and Ft. Collins/Loveland, Colorado with a 4.0 percent growth rate. Kansas City, Kansas ranked 4th with a 1.7 percent growth rate and Wichita ranked 16th with a 4.8 percent decrease in information employment.

Financial Activities. Financial activities employment in the major metropolitan areas in the five-state region decreased 0.8 percent in 2008. Within the five-state region Grand Junction, Colorado experienced the highest growth in financial activities employment at 2.9 percent, followed by Lincoln, Nebraska with 2.4 percent growth, and Omaha/Council Bluffs, Nebraska/Iowa with 1.8 percent growth. Topeka and Wichita ranked eighth with financial activities employment remaining unchanged, while Kansas City, Kansas ranked 12th with a 1.2 percent decrease in financial activities employment.

Professional & Business Services. Professional and business services employment in the major metropolitan areas in the region decreased 0.7 percent in 2008. Grand Junction, Colorado had the highest growth rate in professional and business services employment in the five-state area at 7.5 percent, followed by Topeka at 2.1 percent and Boulder/Longmont, Colorado 2.0 percent growth. Kansas City, Kansas ranked seventh in the five-state area with professional and business services employment remaining unchanged, while Wichita ranked 15th with 2.3 percent decrease in professional and business services.

Education & Health Services. Education and health services employment in the major metropolitan areas in the region increased 2.4 percent in 2008. Fort Collins/Loveland, Colorado had the highest growth

rate in education and health services employment at 5.0 percent, followed by Pueblo, Colorado at 4.2 percent and Colorado Springs, Colorado at 4.1 percent. Wichita ranked 13th in the five-state area with 1.9 percent growth, while Kansas City, Kansas ranked 17th with 1.3 percent growth, and Topeka ranked 18th with 1.2 percent growth.

Leisure & Hospitality Services. Leisure and hospitality services employment in the major metropolitan areas in the region increased 0.5 percent in 2008. Pueblo, Colorado had the highest growth rate in leisure and hospitality services employment at 4.8 percent, followed by Grand Junction, Colorado with 4.1 percent growth, and Boulder/Longmont, Colorado followed with 3.5 percent growth. Topeka ranked eighth with 1.3 percent growth, while Wichita ranked 11th with leisure and hospitality services remaining constant, while Kansas City, Kansas ranked 17th with a 2.4 percent decrease in leisure and hospitality services employment.

Other Services. Other services employment in the major metropolitan areas in the five-state region increased 1.3 percent in 2008. Omaha, Nebraska had the highest growth rate in other services employment at 9.8 percent, followed by Ft. Collins/Loveland, Colorado at 6.4 percent, and Pueblo, Colorado at 4.8 percent. Topeka ranked sixth with 2.1 percent growth in other services employment, while Kansas City, Kansas ranked ninth with 1.2 percent growth, and Wichita ranked 17th with 3.7 percent decrease in other services employment.

Government. Government employment in the major metropolitan areas in the five-state region increased 0.6 percent in 2008. Joplin, Missouri experienced the highest growth in government employment with a 4.9 percent growth rate, followed by Kansas City, Kansas with a 3.5 percent growth rate, and Grand Junction, Colorado with a 3.1 percent growth rate. Wichita ranked fifth with a 2.7 percent growth rate, while Topeka ranked 11th with 0.7 percent growth in government employment.

Regional Labor Market Employment

Table 3-6 on the following page presents employment trends for the 11 selected counties from October 2007

to October 2008. The civilian labor force increased in all of the state's 11 secondary labor markets during 2008. Lyon County experienced the highest rate of increase at 3.0 percent, followed by Montgomery County with a 2.6 percent growth rate, and Crawford, Ellis, and Ford Counties with a 1.6 percent increases each. Similarly, employment increases were experienced in all of the state's secondary labor markets in 2008. Ford and Lyon Counties experienced the highest rate of growth at 1.2 percent each, followed by Montgomery County at 0.9 percent. However, more importantly, the unemployment rate increased in all of the state's 11 secondary labor markets in 2008. The unemployment rate increased by 1.8 percentage points in Lyon County, while the unemployment rate increased 1.6 percentage points in Montgomery County, and the unemployment rate increased 0.9 percent in Ellis County.

County Personal Income

Both the levels and the components of personal income are important in understanding local economies. Because of this effect, county personal income is presented in this section.

Total Personal Income

Total personal income in Kansas grew at a 6.3 percent rate in 2007. Johnson County generated the highest level of personal income with \$28.0 billion, followed by Sedgwick County with \$19.3 billion. Butler, Cowley, Crawford, Douglas, Harvey, Leavenworth, McPherson, Miami, Montgomery, Reno, Riley, Saline, Shawnee, and Wyandotte Counties each generated over \$1.0 billion of personal income in 2007. The lowest levels of income were recorded in Comanche, Greeley, and Wallace Counties, each with less than \$50.0 million in total personal income.

The highest growth rates of personal income in 2007 were recorded in Stanton County which experienced a 48.0 percent rise, followed by Wichita County with 24.8 percent growth, and Haskell County with 24.5 percent growth. At the other extreme, Comanche, Cheyenne, and Gove Counties all experienced declines in personal income in excess of 5.0 percent. However, it should be kept in mind that these rates of change

Table 3-6

County Employment											
October 2007-October 2008											
Percentage Change from October 2007 to October 2008											
	Barton	Craw.	Ellis	Finney	Ford	Lyon	McPher.	Mont.	Reno	Riley	Saline
Place of Residence Data											
Civilian Labor Force	1.2	1.6	1.6	1.2	1.6	3.0	1.3	2.6	1.3	1.3	1.5
Employment	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.2	1.2	0.7	0.9	0.7	0.7	0.7
Unemployment	19.2	21.7	44.5	16.2	16.0	56.1	20.0	42.0	19.1	22.7	27.8
Unemployment Rate	0.5	0.8	0.9	0.4	0.3	1.8	0.5	1.6	0.6	0.6	0.7
Place of Work Data											
All Industries	(0.4)	(0.5)	(0.7)	1.7	0.1	1.6	0.7	2.4	1.3	0.6	(3.0)
Ag., For., Fish., & Hunt.	--	NA	NA	33.3	--	--	--	NA	--	NA	NA
Mining	--	--	4.1	6.1	NA	--	27.3	(5.0)	--	NA	--
Utilities	--	--	NA	4.0	--	--	NA	10.0	--	--	--
Construction	1.4	2.0	--	4.2	--	(2.1)	2.4	3.5	4.4	0.6	6.9
Manufacturing	(0.7)	(0.3)	1.0	4.6	(2.3)	1.6	(0.3)	(0.5)	3.4	(1.7)	1.0
Wholesale Trade	(1.3)	1.5	--	4.8	1.8	3.0	1.9	2.4	(4.0)	--	--
Retail Trade	1.2	1.7	1.3	1.3	1.8	(1.1)	0.8	7.3	(1.8)	2.9	(24.9)
Trans. & Warehousing	(2.6)	--	7.7	2.0	--	--	--	5.1	1.6	--	(2.5)
Information	--	2.9	7.1	5.0	10.0	--	--	--	1.9	--	(2.9)
Finance & Insurance	(1.4)	--	2.2	--	3.2	2.7	2.0	--	--	--	(0.8)
R.E. & Rental & Leasing	--	(7.1)	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	2.2	(4.2)
Prof. & Tech. Services	--	(3.4)	(7.1)	(2.8)	--	(3.8)	--	4.2	3.7	--	3.8
Mgmt. of Cos. & Ent.	--	--	--	NA	--	--	3.6	--	8.1	--	7.1
Adm. & Waste Services	--	5.4	(12.0)	5.7	9.7	--	(1.8)	13.7	(4.9)	4.8	2.9
Educational Services	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	(0.3)	7.9
Health & Social Assist.	(1.9)	(0.8)	0.7	(1.1)	1.6	2.9	0.9	0.4	1.0	0.3	(1.4)
Arts, Ent., & Recreation	11.1	--	--	(11.1)	15.0	12.5	--	11.1	2.6	(4.8)	--
Accom. & Food Serv.	4.1	(5.8)	(1.0)	(4.2)	(0.8)	2.9	--	(1.6)	2.1	(3.0)	0.8
Other Services	2.4	(28.8)	7.1	(1.5)	--	10.3	--	(1.6)	2.0	(0.6)	(20.3)
Government	(2.5)	2.6	(6.4)	0.9	1.1	2.0	--	2.7	2.7	1.2	5.9
Farm Employment	3.1	--	3.6	3.3	2.9	3.1	2.3	2.9	1.9	5.9	3.8

Source: Ks Dept. of Labor, Labor Mkt. Info. Service

may be distorted by erratic fluctuations in the farm economy.

Of the state's major urban counties, Johnson County had the highest personal income growth in 2007 at 7.2 percent, followed by Sedgwick County with 6.7 percent growth, Shawnee County with 3.1 percent growth, and Wyandotte County with a 1.2 percent decrease in personal income. Appendix D presents county personal income by major components for 2006. Appendix E shows county personal income estimates by major components for 2007. Figure 3-1, which is shown on page 52, presents the percent change in county personal income from 2006 to 2007.

Salaries & Wages. Salaries and wages are distributed across the state in a pattern that generally corresponds

to population. The areas with higher population density generally have higher total salaries and wages. Salaries and wages in Kansas grew at a 6.1 percent rate in 2007. Johnson County and Sedgwick County ranked first and second, with salaries and wages of \$15.4 billion and \$11.5 billion, respectively. Shawnee and Wyandotte Counties each generated over \$3.0 billion of salaries and wages in 2007. During that same year, Hodgeman and Wallace Counties had the lowest salaries and wages total with less than \$15.0 million each.

Other Labor Income. While the correlation between salaries and wages disbursements and other labor income is not exact, the two are closely related. County rankings are nearly the same for both components. Other labor income in Kansas grew at a

rate of 3.7 percent in 2007. Johnson County ranked first with \$3.1 billion in other labor income, followed by Sedgwick County at \$3.0 billion. At the other end of the spectrum, Wallace and Greeley Counties generated less than \$4.0 million of other labor income, each.

Farm Proprietors' Income. The relative importance of farm proprietors' income, as a component of total personal income, varies among the 105 Kansas counties. While there are many measured components of farm owners' income, the major determinants are farm production of crops and livestock, profitability of farm operations, and federal government payments to farmers. Farm proprietors' income is larger and out of proportion in agriculturally-oriented counties because of large-scale production, high profitability, and government support payments. In 2007, farm proprietors' income rose 267.7 percent. Gray County had the highest farm proprietors' income in 2006 at \$48.2 million, followed by Haskell County with \$39.8 million, Ford County with \$34.3 million, and Stanton County with \$33.9 million.

Nonfarm Proprietors' Income. The net earnings of unincorporated business owners constitute nonfarm proprietors' income. County size also is a major determinant in the distribution of this income component. Nonfarm proprietors' income grew at an 8.3 percent rate in 2007. Johnson County had the highest level of nonfarm proprietors' income at \$3.1 billion followed by Sedgwick County with \$2.6 billion. Greeley, Hodgeman, Wallace, and Washington Counties had the lowest with less than \$5.0 million of nonfarm proprietors' income each.

Dividends, Interest, & Rent. Dividends, interest, and rent increased by 6.9 percent in 2007. This category represents a large component of personal income in Johnson County. In fact, the \$5.5 billion of dividends, interest, and rents in that county account for nearly one-third of the state total. Sedgwick County also had over \$3.2 billion of dividends, interest, and rent. Only Comanche, Greeley, Hamilton, and Wallace Counties had less than \$10.0 million in dividends, interest, and rents in 2006.

Transfer Payments. Transfer payments in Kansas grew at 5.5 percent rate in 2007 and are largely Social Security benefits. The distribution of transfer

payments across the state generally reflects county population. Collectively, the state's four urban counties received over \$6.0 billion in transfer payments, while Greeley County received less than \$10.0 million.

Residence Adjustment. Because personal income is measured on a residence basis, an adjustment must be made for out-of-county earnings. A residence adjustment is made for salaries and wages, other labor income, and for both farm and nonfarm proprietors' income. The residence adjustment for Kansas declined 3.8 percent in 2007. For the state as a whole, the 2007 residence adjustment was \$867.6 million. The positive value indicates that, in total, Kansans earn more income out-of-state than non-Kansans earn in Kansas.

Within Kansas, four situations are present that relate to residence adjustment. First, for most counties, this component is relatively small. Second, there are considerable earnings by Riley County residents in Geary County associated with Fort Riley. The third situation relates to out-of-county earnings provided in two of the large Kansas counties. For example, the Sedgwick County residence adjustment is negative (\$1,670.5 million.) Most of this income appears in bordering counties. For neighboring Butler County, the adjustment is positive (\$877.1 million). Thus, Sedgwick County provides earnings and jobs for Butler County residents. A similar situation exists for Shawnee County. The other such situation exists in the Kansas City area. The Wyandotte County residence adjustment is negative (\$1,790.3 million), indicating that the county provides net earnings for residents of other counties and perhaps for Missouri residents. Johnson County is unique in that its residence adjustment is positive (\$1,294.5 million) and more than the state's overall residence adjustment of \$867.6 million. Besides providing jobs for residents of bordering counties, even larger earnings of Johnson County residents come from the Missouri side of the Kansas City area.

Personal Social Insurance Contributions. Personal contributions for social insurance in Kansas grew at a 4.3 percent rate in 2007. Because of the definition of the Social Security tax base, personal contributions for social insurance are closely related to the distribution of salaries and wages, as well as positive proprietors' income. Personal contributions for social insurance

exceeded \$500.0 million in each of the state's four major urban counties during 2007. Johnson County's contributions totaled \$2,346.1 million and Sedgwick County's were \$1,792.7 million. Shawnee followed with contributions of \$574.1 million and Wyandotte had \$566.0 million.

Per Capita Personal Income

Per capita income for each county may be obtained by dividing the total personal income of the county by the total population of the county. The population data used for these calculations were estimates of county population as of July 1, 2007, based on the U.S. Bureau of the Census' *Current Population Reports*. Figure 3-2, which is shown on page 52, presents per capita personal income by county for 2007.

In 2007, Kansas per capita income was \$36,483. Johnson County had the highest per capita income at \$53,143, followed by Stanton County at \$46,796, Sedgwick County at \$40,561, and Chase County at \$40,003. The lowest per capita income was in Comanche County at \$18,422. It should be noted that county per capita income may fluctuate dramatically from year to year because of the inherent volatility of the farm economy, coupled with the relatively low population in many rural counties.

The relatively low-income counties in rural Kansas generally tend to have a high reliance on the farm economy. Specifically, these counties have a negative, or low, farm proprietors' income. In the eastern half of the state, particularly the southeastern portion of Kansas, low-income counties are primarily those that have relatively high population densities, but are not part of major urban areas.

The counties with high per capita incomes are associated with two conditions. First, most relatively high per capita income counties are rural and agricultural and, for the most part, are in the southwestern part of the state. Second, three of the state's major urban counties have high per capita incomes. This income influences not only the core county of the metropolitan area, but also many bordering counties that provide the place of residence for individuals who are employed, but may not live in the core counties.

The Four Urban Counties

In Kansas, it also is important to examine personal income levels and related components for the state's four urban counties. These counties are Sedgwick, Johnson, Wyandotte, and Shawnee.

Total Personal Income

In 2007, Johnson, Sedgwick, Shawnee, and Wyandotte accounted for 42.3 percent of the state's population and 56.1 percent of the state's total personal income. This indicates that per capita income is higher in the four urban counties than in the state as a whole. Wyandotte County per capita income of \$24,209 is significantly below the state average of \$36,843, while Sedgwick County at \$40,561 and Shawnee County at \$33,670 are both slightly above the state average. Johnson County at \$53,143 is 45.7 percent above the state average. For the four urban counties, the average per capita income is \$42,749, or 17.2 percent, higher than the state average.

These four counties generate 64.1 percent of non-farm proprietors' income; 63.5 percent of Kansas' salaries and wages; 62.9 percent of personal contributions for social insurance; 59.6 percent of the other labor income; 58.9 percent of dividend, interest, and rent income; and 44.8 percent of Kansas' transfer payments. Only for farm proprietors' income and residence adjustment do these four counties sum to a small share of the Kansas total. Johnson or Sedgwick rank either first or second among the 105 counties in most income components, as well as total income. Shawnee and Wyandotte rank third and fourth.

Regional Personal Income

Because boundaries of economic activity do not necessarily respect political boundaries, comparisons of county income do not necessarily provide an accurate measure of the economic performance of a geographic area. Income that is concentrated in a small area is subject to greater variability than is income spread over a wide area. For example, personal income measures the income received by individuals on the basis of their residence location and is not directly concerned with the location of earnings. Thus, a residence adjustment is necessary for each

county for two reasons. First, the residence adjustment is necessary to account for inter-county commuting to work. Second, it is necessary to account for some income components, such as farm proprietors' income, where the location of the residence may be far removed from the location of the income generation.

An additional problem exists for states such as Kansas where farm income is sizeable. Extreme fluctuations in small-area farm earnings occur particularly because of variable weather conditions and the changing location of farm products marketing.

County data provide helpful insights because they may be aggregated over larger regions. For this report, Kansas has been divided into 11 planning regions, which may be considered the "official" aggregation. Figure 3-3 presents total personal income by region for 2006 and 2007, while Figure 3-4 presents the percentage change in total personal income by region from 2006 to 2007 and per capita income for 2007.

In terms of total personal income, the 2007 average for the 11 regions is \$9.2 billion. Region I, which surrounds Kansas City, has the highest level of personal income with \$47.0 billion. The only other region that is above the average total personal income per region is Region IV, which surrounds Wichita,

which had total personal income of \$27.3 billion in 2007. The lowest personal income was realized in Region VIII in northwest Kansas at \$811.4 million.

Generally, regional population rankings correspond to regional personal income rankings. High incomes are associated with large populations. Thus, population and personal income are highly concentrated in the state. Accordingly, 73.3 percent of the total personal income is located in Regions I and IV. Less than 1.0 percent of the state's total is located in Region VIII.

Recent income and population growth have been uneven across Kansas. In 2007, total personal income rose by 6.3 percent across the state. The most rapid growth was in Regions VII, VI, and XI with 9.7 percent, 9.5 percent, and 7.9 percent growth, respectively. Region VIII experienced the smallest increase in personal income in 2007 at 4.1 percent.

In terms of per capita personal income, Region I ranked first at \$40,511, followed by Region IV at \$37,732. Region VII, in southwest Kansas, had the lowest per capita income at \$28,736. The extent of the inequality in regional income is evident because a 41.0 percent difference exists in per capita income from the highest income region to the lowest income region. This is significant by any measure.

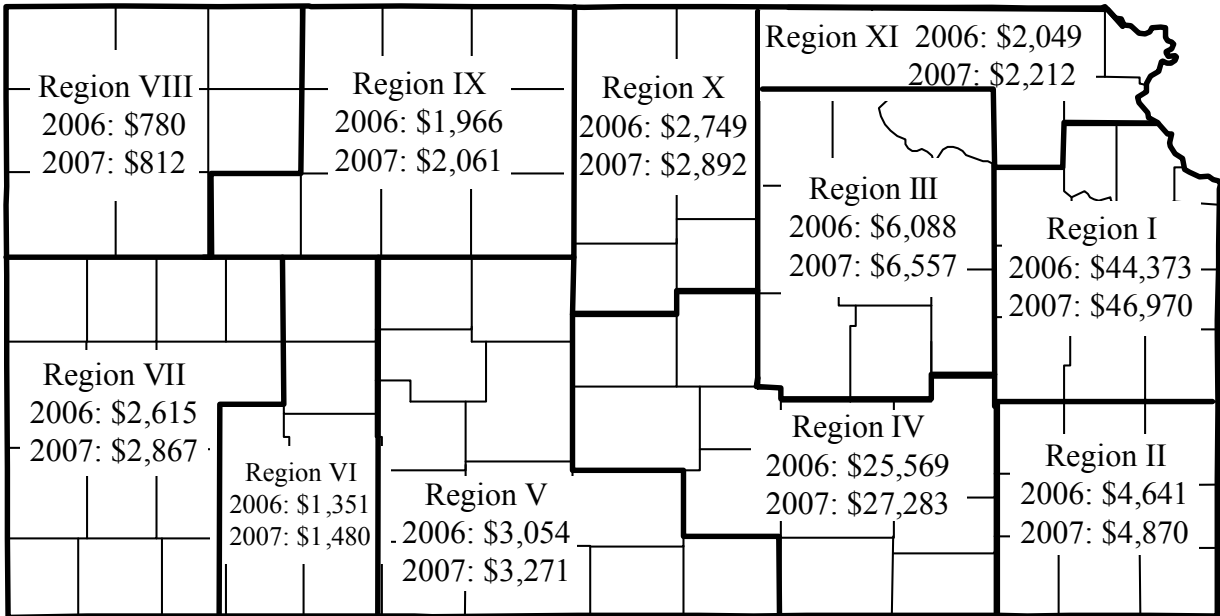
Figure 3-1. Percent Change in County Personal Income, 2006-2007

-7.7	0.7	3.9	2.8	5.3	9.8	12.2	9.5	9.7	9.0	9.9	6.0	11.4		
CHEYENNE	RAWLNS	DECATUR	NORTON	PHILLIPS	SMITH	JEWELL	REPUBLIC	WASHINGTON	MARSHALL	NEMAHA	BROWN	DONIPHAN		
6.6	7.4	6.8	4.1	5.1	4.5	6.8	4.7	9.0	14.1	7.4	6.2	6.5		
SHERMAN	THOMAS	SHERIDAN	GRAHAM	ROOKS	OSBORNE	MITCHELL	CLOUD	CLAY	RILEY	POTTAWATOMIH	JACKSON	ATCHISON		
7.4	-3.1	-5.6	6.3	6.1	0.2	-1.8	7.7	9.0	-3.8	8.7	3.1	8.2	5.9	-1.2
WALLACE	LOGAN	GOVE	TREGO	ELLIS	RUSSELL	LINCOLN	OTTAWA	CLAY	GEARY	WABAUNSEE	SHAWNEE	JEFF.	LEAVIN	WYANDOTTE
8.3	24.8	17.1	7.8	1.7	-3.3	7.0	5.1	4.5	8.5	6.0	5.7	6.3	7.2	
GREILEY	WICHITA	SCOTT	LANE	NESS	RUSH	BARTON	ELLSWORTH	SALINE	DICKINSON	MORRIS	OSAGE	DOUGLAS	JOHNSON	
14.8	11.3	5.6	20.8	7.5	7.0	2.2	7.0	5.1	15.2	4.1	3.3	6.9	10.7	
HAMILTON	KEARNY	FINNEY	HODGEMAN	PAWNEE	RICE	MCPHERSON	RICE	MCPHERSON	MARION	CHASE	COFFEY	FRANKLIN	MIAMI	
14.4	9.8	4.9	6.8	4.9	8.0	6.7	10.2	8.8	9.3	6.2	3.2			
EDWARDS	STAFFORD	RENO	HARVEY	KINGMAN	SEDGWICK	BUTLER	GREENWOOD	WOODSON	ALLEN	BOURBON				
48.0	5.9	24.5	22.8	7.1	4.8	4.9	8.0	6.7	10.2	8.8	2.9	3.5	4.8	
STANTON	GRANT	HASKELL	GRAY	FORD	KIOWA	PRATT	KINGMAN	SEDGWICK	BUTLER	GREENWOOD	WILSON	NEOSHO	CRAWFORD	
-1.5	7.5	7.7	13.3	3.3	-15.6	5.2	2.9	10.5	6.2	7.8	5.4	5.1	6.3	
MORTON	STEVENS	SEWARD	MEADE	CLARK	COMANCHE	BARBER	HARPER	SUMNER	COWLEY	CHAUTAQUA	MONTGOMERY	LABETTE	CHEROKEE	

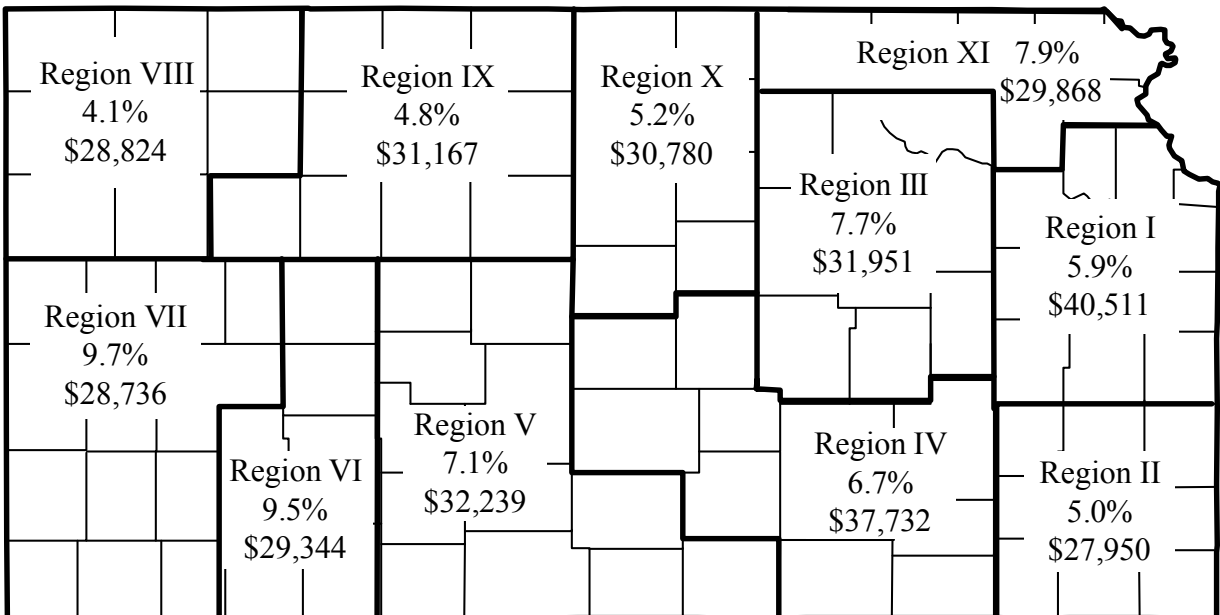
Figure 3-2. Per Capita Personal Income, 2007
(Dollars in Thousands)

20.2	28.1	29.2	25.8	33.5	31.3	30.7	27.7	26.4	34.2	31.8	30.6	27.5		
CHEYENNE	RAWLNS	DECATUR	NORTON	PHILLIPS	SMITH	JEWELL	REPUBLIC	WASHINGTON	MARSHALL	NEMAHA	BROWN	DONIPHAN		
29.7	31.4	32.9	33.5	28.4	26.8	30.1	27.0	34.7	35.0	32.0	29.6	28.2		
SHERMAN	THOMAS	SHERIDAN	GRAHAM	ROOKS	OSBORNE	MITCHELL	CLOUD	CLAY	RILEY	POTTAWATOMIH	JACKSON	ATCHISON		
27.2	25.9	25.7	25.0	34.8	27.4	21.0	26.6	30.4	36.3	30.8	33.7	30.3	31.2	24.2
WALLACE	LOGAN	GOVE	TREGO	ELLIS	RUSSELL	LINCOLN	OTTAWA	CLAY	GEARY	WABAUNSEE	SHAWNEE	JEFF.	LEAVIN	WYANDOTTE
28.4	39.2	36.6	32.9	35.7	25.0	34.5	26.9	33.3	27.8	27.1	27.1	30.6	53.1	
GREILEY	WICHITA	SCOTT	LANE	NESS	RUSH	BARTON	ELLSWORTH	SALINE	DICKINSON	MORRIS	OSAGE	DOUGLAS	JOHNSON	
27.7	26.5	25.4	32.1	30.6	25.5	34.4	25.5	34.4	26.0	40.0	25.5	28.9	36.5	
HAMILTON	KEARNY	FINNEY	HODGEMAN	PAWNEE	RICE	MCPHERSON	RICE	MCPHERSON	MARION	CHASE	COFFEY	FRANKLIN	MIAMI	
32.1	29.9	29.0	33.8	26.0	40.0	25.5	34.9	25.5	34.9	25.5	27.0			
EDWARDS	STAFFORD	RENO	HARVEY	KINGMAN	SEDGWICK	BUTLER	GREENWOOD	WOODSON	ALLEN	BOURBON				
46.8	29.8	38.5	35.5	27.4	30.7	32.3	32.3	40.6	36.1	28.1	24.8	28.6	26.5	
STANTON	GRANT	HASKELL	GRAY	FORD	KIOWA	PRATT	KINGMAN	SEDGWICK	BUTLER	GREENWOOD	WILSON	NEOSHO	CRAWFORD	
26.4	30.6	28.1	31.2	28.7	18.4	30.3	30.1	33.6	31.3	33.8	27.2	28.0	26.9	
MORTON	STEVENS	SEWARD	MEADE	CLARK	COMANCHE	BARBER	HARPER	SUMNER	COWLEY	CHAUTAQUA	MONTGOMERY	LABETTE	CHEROKEE	

Figure 3-3. Total Personal Income, by Region, 2006 & 2007
(Dollars in Millions)



**Figure 3-4. Percent Change in Total Income (2006 & 2007)
 & 2007 Per Capita Income, by Region**



Chapter 4

Kansas Demographics

Overview

The U.S. Census Bureau projects that the U.S. will become more ethnically and racially diverse, as well as much older by 2050. Roughly one-third of the current U.S. population, minorities are expected to become the majority in 2042 and by 2050, the U.S. is projected to be 54 percent minority. Minorities will comprise more than half of all children by 2023. The U.S. Census Bureau also projects that as the baby boomers become 65 and older, in 2030 nearly one of five U.S. residents will be 65 and older. By 2050, this age group is projected to increase to 88.5 million, more than doubling the nearly 38.7 million in 2007. The 85 and older population group is also expected to more than triple between 2007 and 2050 from 5.4 million to 19 million.

According to the Census Bureau, the total population in the United States was 301,621,157 on July 1, 2007, which is an increase of 0.7 percent from 2006. Kansas had a total population of 2,775,997 on July 1, 2007, which represents 0.9 percent of the total national population and is an increase of 0.4 percent from 2006. This figure was certified on July 1, 2008. By state statute (KSA 11-201), the official population of Kansas is certified from the latest estimates released by the Bureau of the Census. As of April 1, 2000, the Kansas population was 2,688,418. On July 1, 2007, the population for calendar year 2006 was certified at 2,775,997. This certification serves as the official population of the state. The certified population for Kansas, including all counties and townships is shown in Appendix F.

As the population in Kansas continues to increase, the cities with populations of more than 5,000 are realizing the greatest proportion of the increase. Historically, Kansas has been predominantly rural. However, that trend is changing. Of the 627 cities in Kansas, 58 have populations that exceed 5,000; 569 have populations of less than 5,000; and 431 have populations of less than 1,000 people. The total

population of all cities in Kansas is 2,269,073, which represents 81.7 percent of the total population.

Of the 20 largest cities in Kansas, five have populations that exceed 100,000, including Wichita (361,420), Overland Park (169,403), Kansas City (142,320), Topeka (122,642), and Olathe (118,034). These cities are all located in the eastern half of the state. The western half of Kansas encompasses six of the 20 largest cities in Kansas, including Salina (46,458), Hutchinson (40,668), Garden City (26,629), Dodge City (25,737), Liberal (20,128), and Hays (20,106). Of these six cities, only Hays and Salina's populations increased over the last year.

The population that resides in the unincorporated, or rural, areas in Kansas totals 506,924, which has increased 418 since 2006. Also, there are 431 cities with populations of less than 1,000 people which is an increase of three cities from 2006. These 431 cities have a total combined population of 132,801 which is 1,578 more than last year. The unincorporated areas, when combined with cities with populations of less than 1,000 people, account for 23.0 percent of the total population. This is a slight decrease from last year's level of 23.1 percent of the total population. In 2000, 24.3 percent of the total population resided in unincorporated areas and cities of less than 1,000 people.

There are 569 cities in Kansas that have a population of less than 5,000 people. These cities have a total population of 428,510 which is 7,526 less people residing in this category of cities than last year when the total population was 436,036. When the total population of these cities is combined with the rural areas, 33.7 percent of the total population is represented. Last year, 34.1 percent of the total population resided in rural areas and cities with populations of less than 5,000.

According to the U.S. Census Bureau, Kansas gained 11,922 people in the most recent year and ranked 33rd nationally in terms of population gain. The greatest

population growth in the U.S. occurred in Texas, which gained 396,597 people during that same period. North Carolina ranked second with 204,527, and Georgia ranked third with an increase of 180,809 people. In terms of percentage growth, Utah outpaced the rest of the nation with growth rates of 3.7 percent. Nevada and Arizona tied for second with a growth rate of 2.8 percent, and North Carolina and Colorado tied for third with a rate of 2.3 percent. The growth rate for Kansas was 0.4 percent. In terms of percentage decline, Rhode Island had the largest decrease in population with a 0.9 percent rate. The State of Louisiana has begun to rebound from a 4.9 percent population decrease in 2006 due to Hurricane Katrina to a 0.1 percent increase in 2007. California remains the most populated state with over 36.5 million residents.

The West North Central (WNC) Region in the Midwest, which includes Kansas, grew at a slower rate (0.5 percent) than the nation as a whole (0.7 percent). The WNC region also includes Iowa, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, and South Dakota. Among the WNC states, South Dakota realized the greatest growth rate (1.8). South Dakota was followed by Minnesota, Missouri, and North Dakota (0.6), Nebraska and Kansas (0.4 percent), and Iowa, (0.2 percent). The resident population for the U.S., national regions, states, and Kansas counties for 2000 through 2007 is shown in Appendix G.

The data used in this report are based on both full count census information and on estimates. Because both methods are presented, a brief discussion of each methodology follows.

U.S. Census Bureau's Methodology of Estimating State Populations

National population estimates are formulated by using the latest decennial census data as a benchmark and incorporating administrative data from federal agencies. Currently, the 2000 census serves as the benchmark. Each year following a decennial census, the benchmark is statistically adjusted using numerous variables, and a national estimate is reached. The next step is to formulate estimates for each state, county or parish, city, and township in the United States. All of

these estimates sum to the national estimate, which is used as a control.

The annual estimates help identify population shifts, as well as trends and potential changes in some federal grants-in-aid formulas. The total state population and a state's proportion of the national total are factors in some formulas used to calculate federal grant-in-aid program allotments, including the Social Services Block Grant and the annual state private activity bond limitations. However, for most grant-in-aid programs, changes in population do not affect allocations directly.

Annual estimates in population change because of two factors: migration and natural growth. Migration refers to the net effect of migration into and out of each state. In 2007, there were 6,017 individuals who migrated into Kansas from another country, a decrease of 1,436 (19.3 percent) from 2006. During that same year, the internal, or state-to-state, migration for Kansas was -2,550, compared to -7,370 in 2006. Natural growth refers to the additions to population from births and the subtractions from deaths. There were 40,828 births and 24,132 deaths in Kansas in 2007.

The variables used to produce population estimates are based on data series that capture both migration and natural growth. Variables include vital statistics, such as births and deaths, school statistics from state and parochial school systems, and data from federal income tax returns. Also incorporated into the estimates are data pertaining to housing permits issued, certificates of occupancy, and utility hookups. The latter three variables were included in the methodology beginning with the 1997 estimates. The inclusion of these variables is a significant change in the methodology because, prior to 1997, no housing variables were included. Analysis indicates the inclusion has improved the accuracy of the estimates.

The Census Bureau offers cautions about comparing decennial census numbers with intercensal model-based estimates. It is important to note that differences between decennial census estimates and model-based estimates are ambiguous estimates of changes in the levels of income or poverty at the county level. The ambiguity arises because these differences reflect both changes in the levels of income and poverty and differences in the methods by which the two cross-sectional estimates were made.

For more information, see the Bureau's explanation at <http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/saipe/techdoc/cen2000/ble.html>.

There is uncertainty associated with all estimates. For this reason, the Bureau quantifies the uncertainty through confidence intervals. A confidence interval is a range of values that describes the uncertainty surrounding an estimate. The Bureau indicates a confidence interval by its endpoints. For example, the 90.0 percent confidence interval for the number of people, of all ages, in poverty in the United States in 1995 based on the *March 1996 Current Population Survey* is "35,534,124 to 37,315,094."

A confidence interval is also itself an estimate. It is made using a model of how sampling, interviewing, measuring, and modeling contribute to uncertainty about the relation between the true value of the quantity that is being estimated and the estimate of that value. How a confidence interval is interpreted is important. The "90.0 percent" in the confidence interval listed above represents a level of certainty about the estimate. If new estimates were made repeatedly using the same procedure, the confidence intervals would contain the average of all the estimates 90.0 percent of the time. This unknown average is treated as valid because the modeling procedure used by the Census Bureau is defined as the official measure, for example, of poverty. In these cases, the Bureau has produced a single estimate in a way that, if repeated indefinitely, would result in 90.0 percent of the confidence intervals formed containing the true value. The Census Bureau routinely employs 90.0 percent confidence intervals.

Confidence intervals are one way to represent how "good" an estimate is; the larger a 90.0 percent confidence interval for a particular estimate, the more caution is required when using the estimate. Confidence intervals are an important reminder of the limitations of the estimates.

The Decennial Census

Each decennial census yields a wealth of data that are important to a diversified user-group. The actual count for 2000 was completed on April 1, 2000, and is

now the benchmark from which all population estimates are derived through 2009. The decennial census assists in determining how much money states will receive in a number of federal grant programs because several of the programs include population count as a component of their distribution formulas.

The electoral effects of the census are understood fairly well because of the effect on congressional seats. Less understood is the interaction between the population count and federal grant programs. The U.S. Supreme Court ruled that for the purposes of reapportioning seats in the House of Representatives, sampling techniques are prohibited. However, the ruling does not prohibit sampling from being used to allocate funds for federal formula grant programs.

According to the General Accounting Office, there are 22 large formula grant programs that rely in part on data derived from the decennial census. Medicaid is the largest program. The three large formula grant programs that do not use census data are special education; the administrative portion of the nutrition program for women, infants, and children; and low-income home energy assistance.

Poverty

Important items that are determined from the decennial census are the poverty thresholds because they serve as a measure of need for a household. Poverty thresholds originated in 1964. The thresholds were derived using the U.S. Department of Agriculture's food budgets, which were designed for families under economic stress. The thresholds also used other data relating to what portion of those families' incomes was spent on food.

Although the methodology has evolved, poverty thresholds are still the dollar amounts used to determine poverty status. Currently, each person or family is assigned one out of 48 possible poverty thresholds. Thresholds vary according to the size of the family and the ages of the family members.

Although the thresholds in some sense reflect families' needs, they are intended for use as a statistical yardstick, not as a complete description of what people and families need to live. The official measure of

poverty was established by the Office of Management and Budget in Statistical Policy Directive 14 and is to be used by federal agencies in their statistical work.

Government aid programs are not required to use the official poverty measure as eligibility criteria. In fact, many government aid programs use a different poverty measure, such as the Department of Health and Human Services Poverty Guidelines or its variants.

Each aid program may define eligibility differently. However, the official poverty data come from the *Annual Social and Economic Supplement to the Current Population Survey*, which formerly was called the *Annual Demographic Supplement* or simply the "March Supplement."

The same thresholds are used throughout the United States and do not vary geographically. In addition, the thresholds are updated annually for inflation using the Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers. Appendix H presents the poverty thresholds for 2007. The thresholds are used by comparing total family "money" income with the established thresholds. For individuals who do not live with family members, their own income is compared with the appropriate threshold. If total family income equals or exceeds the threshold, the family (or unrelated individual) is not in poverty. If total family money income is less than the threshold appropriate for that family, the family is in poverty. If a family is determined to be in poverty, all family members have the same poverty status.

Income is the primary component used to compute poverty status. The official measure of income that is used by the U.S. Census Bureau is "money income." It includes earnings; unemployment compensation; workers compensation; Social Security; Supplemental Security Income; public assistance; veterans payments; survivor benefits; pension or retirement income; interest; dividends; rents; royalties; income from estates; trusts; educational assistance; alimony; child support; assistance from outside the household; and other miscellaneous sources. Non-cash benefits, such as food stamps and housing subsidies, do not count. Income is the total of all these sources before taxes, and it excludes any capital gains or losses. The income of all family members is aggregated to determine the household income. The income earned by non-relatives living in the household, such as housemates, is not included in a household's income.

For example, a family has five members, including two children, their mother, their father, and the children's great-aunt. The appropriate threshold is \$25,364 for a five-member household with two related children under the age of 18. Assume that the family members' income in 2005 was \$30,000, of which \$12,000 was earned by the mother, \$8,000 was earned by the father, and \$10,000 was earned by the great-aunt. Neither child earned any income. To determine this family's poverty status, the family's total income is compared with the family's threshold. Because its income was greater than the threshold, this family is not "in poverty" according to the official definition.

Two other measures that are derived from these data are the Ratio of Income to Poverty and the Income Surplus/Deficit. The ratio is calculated by dividing the family's total money income by the threshold. The example family's ratio of income to poverty is 1.18. The difference in dollars between total family income and the family's poverty threshold is called the Income Surplus/Deficit. For families in poverty, their income is less than the threshold and it is called an "income deficit." An "income surplus" occurs for families above poverty when its income is greater than the threshold. The example family's income surplus was \$4,636 (\$30,000 minus \$25,364).

People whose poverty status cannot be determined are not included in any poverty statistics produced by the Census Bureau. Those not included are individuals living in institutional group quarters (such as prisons or nursing homes), college dormitories, military barracks, and living situations without conventional housing (and who are not in shelters). In addition, unrelated individuals under age 15, such as foster children, are not included. The reason for this exclusion is that income questions are asked of people only age 15 and older.

School District Populations

The school district estimates provided in Appendix I are derived from the U.S. Census Bureau's school district mapping project. The latest mapping project for which data are available was conducted at the same time as the 2000 Census. The school district boundary survey is conducted biennially. The survey used for

this project asks each state's Department of Education for a list of all school districts and their boundaries.

The population and poverty estimates for each estimate-year are produced for all school districts identified in the most recent boundary update. The boundary year does not always match the year to which the estimates refer. For example, the 2007 poverty estimates were produced for school districts in existence for the 2006-2007 school year. The Bureau uses the most current list of school districts and associated geography because it allows for efficient allocation of funds under the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 for which the estimates are produced.

A listing of the population estimates for each school district in Kansas in 2005 is shown in Appendix I. This is the most recent year for which data are available. Also included in the appendix is the "head count," or actual enrollment numbers, for 2005, which was provided by the Kansas Department of Education. It should be noted that the count from the Kansas Department of Education may not match the Census Bureau's estimate. There are several reasons for the difference, but the most significant is that the number of individuals who are in private or parochial schools and those who are home schooled are not included in the Department's figures.

Health Insurance Coverage

The U.S. Census Bureau also provides statistics on health insurance coverage. The Bureau collects health insurance data using two national surveys, which are the *Current Population Survey (CPS)* and the *Survey of Income and Program Participation (SIPP)*.

The surveys differ in the length because of the detail of the questionnaire, the number of households interviewed, the methodology used to collect and process the data, and, consequently, in the health insurance coverage estimates that are produced. As a result, it is important to understand that different surveys and methods produce different results, and when it is appropriate to use each survey or method.

The CPS is useful mainly for examining timely estimates of the insured and uninsured population at the national level. The CPS also is useful as a source

of estimates of the insured and uninsured populations at the state level. The SIPP is useful mainly for examining the dynamics of health insurance coverage as it changes over time.

The CPS is a monthly survey of approximately 50,000 households conducted by the Census Bureau for the Bureau of Labor Statistics, and the data are used primarily to estimate the unemployment rate. The *Annual Social & Economic Supplement (ASEC)* to the CPS, a survey of approximately 78,000 households, includes detailed health insurance questions asked of the household respondent for every household resident. Respondents are asked about health insurance coverage in the previous calendar year. The ASEC provides a consistent historical time series at the national level and can be used to examine state-level trends and differences by using multi-year averages. However, the large sampling errors of state-level data limit its usefulness.

The ASEC is perhaps the most widely used source of data on health insurance coverage in the United States and is the official source of estimates used to allocate federal funding to states for the State Children's Health Insurance Program.

The ASEC provides reliable estimates of the net change in the number of uninsured people from one year to the next. However, it does not show how long a person remains uninsured, what percentage of the uninsured population remains uninsured in the following year, or how many people obtain coverage. Neither does it show any changes in a person's coverage within a given year.

These more dynamic measures of health insurance coverage are available from the SIPP. Unlike the ASEC, which is not designed to follow the same respondents in consecutive years, the SIPP is a longitudinal survey. This means that the SIPP interviews the same respondents three times a year over the course of three to four years.

Nationally, the number of people with health insurance coverage increased by 3.6 million in 2007 from 249.8 million to 253.4 million. The total number insured represents 84.7 percent of the total population. In Kansas, the total number insured represents 87.3 percent of the total population. The number of people in Kansas with health insurance decreased by 11,000,

which represents a 0.4 percentage point decrease in the coverage rate from 2006 to 2007. Appendix J shows the health insurance coverage status in the U.S. and Kansas from 1990 to 2007.

Demographics

Demographics are the components included in the population. The categories used by the U.S. Census Bureau include age, race, gender, and ethnicity. The demographic make up of Kansas is becoming more diverse. Historically, the population of Kansas has been predominantly of the White race and non-Hispanic in ethnicity. The same overall make up remains; however, the proportion of Hispanic ethnicity displays an upward trend.

Appendix K presents the dynamics between the decennial census in 2000 and the estimates for 2001 through 2007. Each category, including total population by age, race, gender, and ethnicity is shown. The table also shows each category as a percent of the relevant total population.

Age

This report identifies five age categories, including under five years of age, five to 19 years of age, 20 to 64 years of age, 65 years of age and older, and 85 years of age and older. It should be noted the category of 85 years of age and older is a subcategory of 65 years of age and older.

Analysis indicates the population of Kansas is aging, but at a slower pace than the rest of the United States. As of July 1, 2007, there were 2,775,997 people in Kansas with a median age of 36.2 years, which is only slightly younger than the national median age of 36.6 years. In addition, when the trends for age are examined, most notably, the population of school age children has seen the most significant decrease since 2000, while the older cohorts remain relatively constant.

Included in the 2007 total are 196,138 people who are less than five years of age. This is an increase of 2,028 from 2006. This category remained virtually

unchanged from 2000 to 2005. Proportionally, this cohort represents 7.1 percent of the total state population and is up 1.0 percent from last year. In 2000, this cohort represented 7.0 percent of the total state population.

The population of school age children five to 19 years of age totaled 581,010 in 2007. This is a 1,445 person decrease, or 0.2 percent, since 2006 and a 28,700 person decrease, or 4.9 percent, since 2000. Proportionally, this cohort represents 20.9 percent of the total state population. In 2006, it represented 21.1 percent of the total state population. In 2000, children five to 19 years represented 22.7 percent.

In 2007, the population from 20 to 64 years of age was 1,638,633 and represented 59.0 percent of the total state population. Last year it also represented 59.0 percent and in 2000, it represented 57.1 percent. This cohort increase by 8,822 people, since last year and increased by 104,862, or 6.8 percent, since 2000.

In 2000, the estimated population of Kansans who were 65 years of age and older was 356,229. In 2007, that number was 360,216, which is an increase of 1.1 percent from the 2000 level and a 0.7 percent increase over last year. This cohort represents 13.0 percent of Kansas' total population in 2007. During that same year, there were 37.9 million people over the age of 65 in the nation.

The elderly are generally considered to be those who are 85 years of age or older. In 2000, there was an estimated 4.2 million individuals over the age of 85 in the U.S., representing 12.4 percent of the total U.S. population. During that same year in Kansas, 51,770 individuals were over the age of 85, which represented 1.9 percent of the total state population. In 2007, there were 60,712 individuals who were 85 years of age and older in Kansas which represents 2.2 percent of Kansas' total population. This age cohort realized an increase of 1,194, or 2.0 percent, since 2006 and 8,942, or 14.7 percent, since 2000.

Race

Race and Hispanic origin are distinctly different concepts. The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau is one of self-identification and is directly correlated to the race or races with which people most

closely identify. These categories are socio-political constructs and should not be interpreted as being scientific or anthropological in nature. In addition, the Census Bureau's race categories include both racial and national-origin groups.

The racial classifications used by the Census Bureau are also used in this report and adhere to the October 30, 1997 *Federal Register* notice entitled "Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity." This report was issued by the Office of Management and Budget. It is important to remember that the data gathered on race in Census 2000 are completely different from previous censuses. Direct comparisons cannot be made. The racial classifications presently used are:

White. A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as "white" or report entries such as Irish, German, Italian, Lebanese, Near Easterner, Arab, or Polish.

Black or African American. A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa. It includes people who indicate their race as "Black, African American, or Negro" or provide written entries such as African American, Afro-American, Kenyan, Nigerian, or Haitian.

American Indian & Alaska Native. This category includes those who have origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America) and who maintain an attachment to their community or tribe.

Asian. A person would choose this category if his or her origins are in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent, including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam. This category includes those who self-identify as Asian Indian, Chinese, Filipino, Korean, Japanese, Vietnamese, and Other Asian.

Native Hawaiian & Other Pacific Islander. This category includes those who have origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific islands. It includes people who indicate their race as Native Hawaiian, Guamanian or Chamorro, Samoan, and Other Pacific Islander.

Some Other Race. This category includes all other responses that are not included in one of the categories listed above. Respondents providing write-in entries such as multiracial, mixed, interracial, Wesort, or a Hispanic/Latino group (for example, Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Cuban) also are included here.

Two or More Races. This category encompasses the responses where individuals chose to self-identify with two or more races by checking two or more race response check boxes, by providing multiple write-in responses, or by some combination of the two.

Between 2000 and 2006, the demographic makeup by race and by age has remained relatively stable with only minor shifts. In 2007, 88.9 percent of the population self-identified as white alone, while 6.1 percent self-identified as black alone, and 1.0 percent as American Indian or Alaska Native alone. Only 2.2 percent self-identified as Asian alone; only 0.1 percent self-identified as Native Hawaiian and other Pacific Islander alone; and 1.8 percent self-identified as two or more races.

Gender

This category is determined by self-classification based on gender as either male or female. In 2007, the total Kansas population consisted of 1,376,311 males and 1,399,686 females, which is a ratio of 0.983 male to 1.00 female. This ratio was 0.977:1.00 in 2000. The chronology of data indicates there were more males than females from birth through middle age. By 65 years of age, the number of females is greater than the number of males, with the ratio increasing as the population ages. The percentage breakdown and ratio in each age cohort have remained relatively constant from 2000 through 2007. The 65 years of age and older category is the first to show more females than males. For the population that is 85 years of age and older, the difference between males and females is even more marked.

Ethnicity

The U.S. Bureau of the Census categorizes ethnicity as either Hispanic or non-Hispanic. People who identify with the terms "Hispanic" or "Latino" are those who classify themselves in one of the specific Hispanic or

Latino categories—Mexican, Puerto Rican, or Cuban—as well as those who indicate that they are “other Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino.” Interestingly, origin can be viewed as the heritage, nationality group, lineage, or country of birth of the person or the person’s parents or ancestors before their arrival in the United States. Those individuals who self-identify their origin as Spanish, Hispanic, or Latino may be of any race.

In 2007, there were 244,306 Hispanic individuals in Kansas, which represented 8.8 percent of the total population, an increase of 6,880 persons which is a 2.8 percent increase from 2006. In 2000, there were 188,252 Hispanic individuals in Kansas, which was 7.0 percent of the total population. All age cohorts show the same relative increase from 2000 through 2007.

Kansas Population Projections

In Kansas, population estimates and projections are widely used by state agencies, local governments, and

individuals. The variety of uses includes a diversified user base that includes all levels of government, the media, businesses, special interest groups, and individuals.

By state statute, on July 1 of each year Kansas certifies as the official state population the U.S. Census Bureau’s most recent population estimates for sub-county areas. Unlike the annual certification, the state’s population projections are not required to be produced each year. As a general rule, the Kansas Division of the Budget publishes updated population projections every three to five years.

Since the 2000 Census, the projections have been updated twice. The first set was produced in 2002. The most recent set was produced in November 2006 when the Kansas Division of the Budget contracted with Moody’s Economy.com to produce population projections, which allows Kansas to fulfill its obligation to provide timely, accurate, and useful data. This independent method provides valuable feedback to the U.S. Census Bureau. Appendix L shows the population projections for Kansas and all counties, by age, for 2009 through 2020.

Appendix A

Kansas Personal Income, 2006-2007

(Dollars in Thousands)

			Percent Change	
	2006	2007	2006 - 2007	
Personal Income	\$ 95,235,456	\$ 101,276,212	6.3	%
Nonfarm Earnings	72,191,672	76,423,705	5.9	
Farm Earnings	489,335	817,479	67.1	
Earnings by Place of Work	72,681,007	77,241,184	6.3	
Less: Personal Contributions for Social Insurance	8,051,418	8,395,769	4.3	
Plus: Adjustment for Residence	901,745	867,555	(3.8)	
Equals: Net Earnings by Place of Residence	65,531,334	69,712,970	6.4	
Plus: Dividends, Interest, & Rent	16,120,481	17,236,824	6.9	
Plus: Transfer Payments	13,583,641	14,326,418	5.5	
Equals: Personal Income	95,235,456	101,276,212	6.3	
Salary & Wage Disbursements	51,119,143	54,244,838	6.1	
Other Labor Income	12,752,744	13,226,993	3.7	
Proprietors' Income	8,809,120	9,769,353	10.9	
Farm Proprietors' Income	88,708	326,219	267.7	
Nonfarm Proprietors' Income	8,720,412	9,443,134	8.3	
Farm Earnings	489,335	817,479	67.1	
Nonfarm Earnings	72,191,672	76,423,705	5.9	
Private Earnings	58,704,920	62,035,148	5.7	
Forestry, Fishing, Related Activities, & Other	259,064	280,613	8.3	
Forestry & Logging	(D)	(D)	NA	
Fishing, Hunting, & Trapping	(D)	(D)	NA	
Agriculture & Forestry Support Activities	251,667	274,947	9.3	
Other	--	--	NA	
Mining	1,387,312	1,569,892	13.2	
Oil & Gas Extraction	957,952	1,096,749	14.5	
Mining (except Oil & Gas)	113,737	117,891	3.7	
Support Activities for Mining	315,632	355,252	12.6	
Utilities	730,864	792,169	8.4	
Construction	3,941,386	4,071,929	3.3	
Construction of Buildings	923,182	952,512	3.2	
Heavy & Civil Engineering Construction	671,663	698,273	4.0	
Specialty Trade Contractors	2,346,541	2,421,144	3.2	
Manufacturing	13,117,623	13,461,380	2.6	
Durable Goods Manufacturing	7,793,043	8,125,307	4.3	
Wood Product Manufacturing	97,542	97,348	(0.2)	
Nonmetallic Mineral Product Manufacturing	353,855	341,471	(3.5)	
Primary Metal Manufacturing	175,508	185,279	5.6	
Fabricated Metal Product Manufacturing	652,085	713,362	9.4	
Machinery Manufacturing	921,536	1,010,219	9.6	
Computer & Electronic Product Manufacturing	534,678	605,667	13.3	
Electrical Equipment & Appliance Manufacturing	252,533	247,599	(2.0)	
Motor Vehicle Manufacturing	(D)	(D)	NA	
Trans. Equipment Mfg. Excl. Motor Vehicles	(D)	(D)	NA	
Furniture & Related Product Manufacturing	208,480	215,540	3.4	
Miscellaneous Manufacturing	351,420	353,676	0.6	
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing	\$ 5,324,580	\$ 5,336,073	0.2	
Food Manufacturing	1,540,826	1,551,121	0.7	
Beverage & Tobacco Product Manufacturing	30,183	29,145	(3.4)	
Textile Mills	7,552	10,281	36.1	
Textile Product Mills	50,335	52,347	4.0	
Apparel Manufacturing	66,493	72,476	9.0	
Leather & Allied Product Manufacturing	6,952	5,458	(21.5)	

Appendix A (cont'd)

Kansas Personal Income, 2006-2007

(Dollars in Thousands)

			<u>Percent Change</u>
	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006 - 2007</u>
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing (continued)			
Paper Manufacturing	164,663	155,581	(5.5) %
Printing & Related Support Activities	544,551	543,341	(0.2)
Petroleum & Coal Products Manufacturing	1,493,385	1,566,172	4.9
Chemical Manufacturing	929,068	824,122	(11.3)
Plastics & Rubber Products Manufacturing	490,572	526,029	7.2
Wholesale Trade	3,980,194	4,241,222	6.6
Retail Trade	4,529,055	4,678,343	3.3
Motor Vehicle & Parts Dealers	910,699	949,244	4.2
Furniture & Home Furnishings Stores	220,209	229,626	4.3
Electronics & Appliance Stores	308,191	330,432	7.2
Building Material & Garden Supply Stores	430,221	420,232	(2.3)
Food & Beverage Stores	585,813	607,522	3.7
Health & Personal Care Stores	286,908	306,232	6.7
Gasoline Stations	245,072	253,072	3.3
Clothing & Clothing Accessories Stores	199,736	218,770	9.5
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, & Music Stores	159,019	149,519	(6.0)
General Merchandise Stores	786,180	812,542	3.4
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	253,211	255,876	1.1
Nonstore Retailers	143,796	145,276	1.0
Transportation & Warehousing	2,637,327	2,767,873	4.9
Air Transportation	38,065	34,877	(8.4)
Rail Transportation	(D)	(D)	NA
Water Transportation	(D)	(D)	NA
Truck Transportation	1,020,001	1,101,296	8.0
Transit & Ground Passenger Transportation	83,574	89,170	6.7
Pipeline Transportation	78,567	78,465	(0.1)
Scenic & Sightseeing Transportation	(D)	(D)	NA
Support Activities for Transportation	265,423	276,296	4.1
Couriers & Messengers	324,058	311,547	(3.9)
Warehousing & Storage	295,291	327,309	10.8
Information	3,382,115	3,716,215	9.9
Publishing Industries, except Internet	421,256	427,568	1.5
Motion Picture & Sound Recording Industries	25,374	26,241	3.4
Broadcasting, except Internet	542,735	592,948	9.3
Internet Publishing & Broadcasting	4,999	(N)	NA
Telecommunications	2,186,995	2,463,408	12.6
ISPs, Search Portals, & Data Processing	179,929	177,155	(1.5)
Other Information Services	20,827	28,895	38.7
Finance & Insurance	3,927,063	4,188,156	6.6
Monetary Authorities—Central Bank	(D)	(D)	NA
Credit Intermediation & Related Activities	1,540,200	1,545,705	0.4
Securities, Commodity Contracts, Investments	\$ 678,053	\$ 796,213	17.4
Insurance Carriers & Related Activities	1,678,339	1,807,812	7.7
Funds, Trusts, & Other Financial Vehicles	(D)	(D)	NA
Real Estate & Rental—Leasing	1,049,846	1,042,920	(0.7)
Real Estate	718,545	705,616	(1.8)
Rental & Leasing Services	308,941	313,059	1.3
Lessors of Nonfinancial Intangible Assets	22,360	24,245	8.4
Professional & Technical Services	4,862,685	5,190,583	6.7
Management of Companies & Enterprises	903,387	1,116,081	23.5
Administrative & Waste Services	2,621,158	2,855,338	8.9
Administrative & Support Services	2,457,101	2,667,386	8.6
Waste Management & Remediation Services	164,057	187,952	14.6

Appendix A (cont'd)

Kansas Personal Income, 2006-2007

(Dollars in Thousands)

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2007</u>	<u>Percent Change</u> <u>2006 - 2007</u>
Educational Services	488,709	527,279	7.9 %
Health Care & Social Assistance	6,752,216	7,198,640	6.6
Ambulatory Health Care Services	3,382,468	3,616,384	6.9
Hospitals	1,854,433	1,970,962	6.3
Nursing & Residential Care Facilities	906,374	957,993	5.7
Social Assistance	608,941	653,301	7.3
Arts, Entertainment, & Recreation	296,318	312,531	5.5
Performing Arts & Spectator Sports	70,490	78,695	11.6
Museums, Historical Sites, Zoos, & Parks	19,454	20,629	6.0
Amusement, Gambling, & Recreation	206,374	213,207	3.3
Accommodation & Food Services	1,758,920	1,793,797	2.0
Accommodations	268,808	297,297	10.6
Food Services & Drinking Places	1,490,112	1,496,500	0.4
Other Services, except Public Administration	2,079,678	2,230,187	7.2
Repair & Maintenance	644,186	719,528	11.7
Personal & Laundry Services	370,167	379,724	2.6
Membership Associations & Organizations	889,623	936,949	5.3
Private Households	175,702	193,986	10.4
Government & Government Enterprises	13,486,752	14,388,557	6.7
Federal, Civilian	2,165,474	2,140,546	(1.2)
Military	2,171,946	2,544,087	17.1
State & Local	9,149,332	9,703,924	6.1
State Government	2,392,655	2,541,669	6.2
Local Government	6,756,677	7,162,255	6.0

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Estimates of earnings are based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

(D) Not shown to avoid disclosure of confidential information, but estimates for this item are included in total.

Appendix B

State Personal Income & Growth Rates, 2005-2007

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Personal Income		Percent Change			Per Capita Personal Income		Percent Change		
	2007	Rank	05-06	06-07	Rank	2007	Rank	05-06	06-07	Rank
United States	11,631,571,000		7.1	6.0 %		38,564		6.0	5.0 %	
Far West	2,095,878,824	3	7.7	5.6	7	40,854	3	6.6	4.5	6
Great Lakes	1,680,881,428	4	4.7	5.4	8	36,274	6	4.4	5.1	4
Mideast	2,142,657,756	2	6.9	6.1	5	45,120	2	6.6	5.8	3
New England	674,064,725	7	7.0	6.2	4	47,256	1	6.8	6.1	1
Plains	733,581,293	6	5.1	6.6	2	36,587	4	4.3	5.9	2
Rocky Mountain	382,889,299	8	8.0	6.4	3	36,511	5	5.7	4.2	8
Southeast	2,641,904,946	1	8.0	5.7	6	34,825	8	6.8	4.3	7
Southwest	1,279,712,729	5	8.5	7.1	1	35,716	7	5.9	4.9	5
Alabama	149,948,709	25	5.9	5.9	29	32,401	43	4.7	5.0	29
Alaska	27,293,793	48	7.5	5.3	38	39,934	16	6.2	4.4	36
Arizona	208,544,895	18	9.3	4.5	48	32,900	42	5.5	1.7	51
Arkansas	85,327,390	33	6.6	6.9	14	30,100	48	5.2	5.9	17
California	1,519,874,746	1	7.6	5.2	43	41,580	8	6.9	4.3	40
Colorado	199,414,480	22	7.3	6.0	27	41,019	12	5.2	3.9	41
Connecticut	192,569,668	23	7.7	7.0	12	54,984	2	7.4	6.8	7
Delaware	34,640,684	45	7.6	4.4	49	40,058	15	6.1	2.9	48
District of Columbia	36,119,426	44	6.3	6.6	17	61,397	1	5.7	6.0	14
Florida	699,314,136	4	8.8	4.6	46	38,316	21	6.9	3.5	47
Georgia	318,950,288	11	5.9	6.0	26	33,416	38	3.2	3.8	43
Hawaii	50,129,549	40	7.3	5.9	28	39,060	19	6.4	5.5	20
Idaho	47,536,153	41	8.7	7.1	11	31,703	44	5.8	4.6	33
Illinois	525,919,549	5	5.9	7.2	10	40,919	14	5.4	6.6	9
Indiana	210,358,539	17	5.5	4.4	50	33,152	40	4.7	3.7	44
Iowa	103,973,171	30	4.2	7.0	13	34,796	32	3.6	6.5	11
Kansas	101,276,212	32	8.1	6.3	19	36,483	24	7.5	5.6	19
Kentucky	130,583,813	28	6.1	5.2	41	30,787	46	5.3	4.3	38
Louisiana	153,569,577	24	25.9	10.1	4	35,770	28	33.3	8.8	3
Maine	44,735,475	42	5.0	5.5	33	33,962	36	4.8	5.3	26
Maryland	262,071,799	15	5.8	6.3	21	46,646	7	5.3	6.0	16
Massachusetts	316,954,196	12	7.0	6.2	22	49,142	4	6.9	6.0	15
Michigan	345,885,337	9	2.3	4.0	51	34,342	34	2.3	4.3	39
Minnesota	212,941,365	16	5.2	6.3	20	40,969	13	4.4	5.5	22
Mississippi	83,264,784	34	7.0	6.1	23	28,527	51	7.1	5.4	25
Missouri	199,773,300	21	5.0	5.4	35	33,984	35	4.1	4.6	30
Montana	31,748,689	46	6.7	8.2	5	33,145	41	5.4	6.9	5
Nebraska	64,220,461	36	4.1	7.3	9	36,189	26	3.5	6.6	8
Nevada	101,714,270	31	7.2	5.4	34	39,649	18	3.6	2.4	50
New Hampshire	54,533,423	38	7.0	4.7	45	41,444	10	6.3	4.3	37

Appendix B (cont'd)

State Personal Income & Growth Rates, 2005-2007

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Personal Income		Percent Change			Per Capita Personal Income		Percent Change		
	2007	Rank	05-06	06-07	Rank	2007	Rank	05-06	06-07	Rank
New Jersey	427,673,716	7	7.4	5.7	32	49,238	3	7.3	5.4	23
New Mexico	60,287,108	37	6.5	6.0	25	30,604	47	5.1	4.5	34
New York	900,511,325	2	7.3	6.4	18	46,664	6	7.2	6.3	13
North Carolina	305,023,249	13	6.3	6.8	15	33,663	37	4.0	4.6	32
North Dakota	23,000,715	51	2.4	12.0	1	35,955	27	2.1	11.7	1
Ohio	395,709,754	8	4.2	4.7	44	34,509	33	4.2	4.6	31
Oklahoma	126,279,662	29	9.5	8.1	6	34,910	31	8.2	6.9	6
Oregon	131,261,193	27	8.1	6.1	24	35,027	30	6.3	4.5	35
Pennsylvania	481,640,806	6	6.1	5.7	30	38,740	20	5.8	5.5	21
Rhode Island	42,008,417	43	5.4	5.3	40	39,712	17	5.9	5.6	18
South Carolina	136,851,452	26	8.0	5.4	36	31,048	45	6.2	3.5	46
South Dakota	28,396,069	47	1.3	11.7	2	35,664	29	0.2	10.6	2
Tennessee	205,468,743	19	6.2	5.3	39	33,373	39	4.7	3.9	42
Texas	884,601,064	3	8.3	7.7	8	37,006	23	5.7	5.4	24
Utah	79,596,974	35	8.4	5.3	37	30,090	49	5.2	2.7	49
Vermont	23,263,546	50	7.6	6.6	16	37,446	5	7.4	6.6	10
Virginia	320,522,538	10	7.0	4.6	47	41,561	22	5.9	3.6	45
Washington	265,605,273	14	8.5	8.0	7	41,062	13	6.8	6.4	12
West Virginia	53,080,267	39	6.1	5.2	42	29,293	20	5.9	5.0	28
Wisconsin	203,008,249	20	6.0	5.7	31	36,241	30	5.4	5.2	27
Wyoming	24,593,003	49	13.4	10.6	3	47,038	2	12.0	8.5	4

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Appendix C

State Disposable Income & Growth Rates, 2005-2007

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Disposable Income		Percent Change			Per Capita Disposable Income		Percent Change		
	2007	Rank	05-06	06-07	Rank	2007	Rank	05-06	06-07	Rank
United States	10,140,209,000		6.4	5.3 %		33,619		5.4	4.3 %	
Far West	1,811,944,189	3	7.1	5.0	8	35,320	3	6.0	3.9	6
Great Lakes	1,478,281,376	4	4.1	5.0	7	31,902	6	3.8	4.8	4
Mideast	1,819,778,944	2	6.1	5.2	5	38,321	2	5.8	4.9	3
New England	571,514,716	7	6.3	5.4	4	40,066	1	6.2	5.2	2
Plains	646,101,961	6	4.2	6.2	2	32,224	4	3.5	5.4	1
Rocky Mountain	333,610,149	8	6.9	5.5	3	31,812	7	4.5	3.3	8
Southeast	2,335,070,207	1	7.6	5.1	6	30,781	8	6.3	3.7	7
Southwest	1,143,907,458	5	7.7	6.5	1	31,926	5	5.1	4.4	5
Alabama	134,022,950	25	5.0	5.5	25	28,960	43	3.8	4.6	25
Alaska	24,626,654	48	7.0	4.7	39	36,031	10	5.7	3.8	37
Arizona	184,226,024	19	8.8	4.1	45	29,063	42	5.0	1.3	51
Arkansas	76,656,266	33	6.2	6.5	12	27,041	48	4.8	5.5	12
California	1,303,722,951	1	7.0	4.5	42	35,666	13	6.2	3.7	39
Colorado	172,802,011	22	6.2	5.0	32	35,545	14	4.2	3.0	45
Connecticut	158,362,898	23	7.0	5.9	17	45,217	2	6.7	5.7	10
Delaware	30,194,544	45	7.7	4.4	44	34,917	16	6.2	2.9	46
District of Columbia	30,900,413	44	5.5	6.1	16	52,526	1	4.8	5.6	11
Florida	617,463,380	4	8.7	4.1	46	33,831	21	6.7	3.0	44
Georgia	279,544,508	10	5.1	5.4	26	29,288	41	2.4	3.2	42
Hawaii	44,103,267	40	7.0	5.6	21	34,365	19	6.1	5.2	14
Idaho	41,905,940	41	7.6	6.4	13	27,948	44	4.8	3.9	36
Illinois	458,796,551	5	5.0	6.8	10	35,697	12	4.6	6.1	8
Indiana	186,511,963	16	5.0	3.9	49	29,394	40	4.2	3.2	41
Iowa	92,688,532	30	3.3	6.7	11	31,020	31	4.2	2.3	48
Kansas	89,018,082	32	7.1	5.6	23	32,067	27	5.5	5.1	16
Kentucky	116,035,344	27	6.1	4.7	38	27,357	47	1.6	5.1	19
Louisiana	137,699,884	24	26.9	9.9	3	32,074	26	2.7	4.6	26
Maine	39,644,262	42	4.6	5.1	31	30,097	36	2.4	3.9	35
Maryland	223,328,986	15	5.4	5.5	24	39,750	6	4.8	5.2	15
Massachusetts	267,607,793	12	6.4	5.4	27	41,491	4	6.3	5.1	17
Michigan	308,310,701	9	2.0	3.7	51	30,611	32	2.0	4.0	33
Minnesota	184,274,728	18	4.6	5.8	18	35,454	15	3.8	5.0	21
Mississippi	75,912,691	34	6.0	5.7	20	26,008	51	6.0	5.0	20
Missouri	176,596,873	21	4.3	4.8	35	30,042	37	3.4	4.1	32
Montana	28,192,520	46	5.8	7.6	6	29,433	38	4.5	6.4	5
Nebraska	56,903,541	36	2.9	6.9	9	32,066	28	2.3	6.3	6
Nevada	89,155,100	31	7.2	4.6	41	34,753	18	3.6	1.6	49
New Hampshire	48,389,434	38	6.5	4.1	48	36,775	8	5.8	3.7	38

Appendix C (cont'd)

State Disposable Income & Growth Rates, 2005-2007

(Dollars in Thousands)

	Disposable Income		Percent Change			Per Capita Disposable Income		Percent Change		
	2007	Rank	05-06	06-07	Rank	2007	Rank	05-06	06-07	Rank
New Jersey	365,508,736	7	7.0	4.8	36	42,081	3	6.9	4.6	28
New Mexico	53,953,239	37	5.6	5.6	22	27,389	46	4.2	4.1	31
New York	748,746,170	3	6.2	5.2	29	38,800	7	6.1	5.1	18
North Carolina	266,601,245	13	5.4	6.2	15	29,423	39	3.1	3.9	34
North Dakota	20,782,141	50	1.0	12.0	1	32,487	24	0.8	11.6	1
Ohio	346,985,851	8	3.7	4.4	43	30,260	34	3.7	4.4	29
Oklahoma	112,563,077	29	8.6	8.0	5	31,118	30	7.3	6.8	4
Oregon	113,868,221	28	7.6	5.8	19	30,385	33	5.8	4.2	30
Pennsylvania	421,100,095	6	5.4	5.2	30	33,870	20	5.1	5.0	22
Rhode Island	36,912,321	43	4.8	5.0	33	34,894	17	5.3	5.4	13
South Carolina	121,565,520	26	7.4	4.9	34	27,580	45	5.6	3.1	43
South Dakota	25,838,064	47	-0.1	11.7	2	32,451	25	-1.1	10.6	2
Tennessee	186,230,606	17	5.3	4.7	40	30,248	35	3.9	3.3	40
Texas	793,165,118	2	7.5	7.0	8	33,181	22	4.9	4.8	24
Utah	69,314,929	35	7.2	4.1	47	26,203	50	4.1	1.5	50
Vermont	20,598,008	51	7.1	6.3	14	33,156	23	6.9	6.2	7
Virginia	275,485,660	11	6.5	3.7	50	35,721	11	5.4	2.8	47
Washington	236,467,996	14	7.7	7.3	7	36,557	9	6.0	5.8	9
West Virginia	47,852,153	39	5.8	4.8	37	26,408	49	5.6	4.6	27
Wisconsin	177,676,310	20	5.3	5.3	28	31,719	29	4.7	4.8	23
Wyoming	21,394,749	49	11.0	9.8	4	40,921	5	9.7	7.7	3

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Appendix D

Kansas County Personal Income, 2006

(Dollars in Thousands)

County	Salaries & Wages	Other Labor Income	Proprietors' Income		Dividends, Interest, & Rent	Transfer Payments	Adj. for Residence	Less: Personal Contributions for Social Insurance	Total Personal Income
			Farm	Nonfarm					
Allen	\$168,606	\$47,211	(\$4,846)	\$36,757	\$55,545	\$86,780	(\$962)	\$28,439	\$360,652
Anderson	55,725	14,352	(2,762)	17,090	27,080	47,609	44,207	10,391	192,910
Atchison	215,641	55,070	2,264	28,448	85,492	89,419	(2,848)	35,437	438,049
Barber	51,571	13,669	(5,703)	22,990	29,037	34,650	1,490	9,573	138,131
Barton	411,217	96,259	2,214	127,474	164,423	165,690	(3,685)	69,468	894,126
Bourbon	193,761	47,220	(2,696)	26,276	61,350	95,237	(8,720)	32,165	380,263
Brown	141,706	39,151	2,455	22,699	43,752	64,223	(759)	22,743	290,485
Butler	520,282	146,750	1,044	172,873	276,771	286,376	751,868	89,473	2,066,491
Chase	21,129	6,210	4,676	19,649	12,904	16,947	23,067	4,519	100,063
Chautauqua	21,927	5,857	(1,992)	21,224	29,301	31,226	16,789	4,943	119,390
Cherokee	172,349	45,927	398	66,520	63,135	137,888	89,067	31,652	543,632
Cheyenne	22,645	5,455	(2,658)	5,911	13,218	19,516	1,147	3,970	61,264
Clark	24,478	6,205	(5,083)	7,419	11,654	13,787	3,457	3,717	58,200
Clay	79,479	20,404	531	40,688	52,377	50,038	47,932	14,776	276,674
Cloud	97,967	25,534	300	13,781	46,834	66,599	7,693	17,009	241,700
Coffey	164,984	55,050	(839)	33,066	36,727	53,794	(31,255)	25,784	285,743
Comanche	16,243	4,611	(4,248)	6,544	7,596	12,105	1,334	2,959	41,225
Cowley	465,188	123,702	(402)	59,133	154,346	221,241	63,689	76,008	1,010,888
Crawford	519,173	132,627	(1,216)	7,706	198,662	236,776	(13,893)	80,992	998,843
Decatur	23,182	5,771	143	7,186	27,614	20,798	2,840	4,221	83,312
Dickinson	193,392	52,363	3,002	15,946	97,197	103,766	98,208	33,202	530,672
Doniphan	82,320	24,571	3,418	9,240	21,055	43,144	21,241	13,207	191,782
Douglas	1,567,118	380,389	(3,084)	223,740	611,065	366,964	355,937	237,100	3,265,029
Edwards	28,947	7,024	6,047	7,604	16,429	20,496	5,422	4,804	87,165
Elk	16,933	4,969	(2,778)	6,529	10,560	23,319	13,709	3,324	69,917
Ellis	441,416	102,375	2,069	129,990	163,890	136,432	(3,879)	72,451	899,842
Ellsworth	65,733	17,733	(512)	14,159	35,060	37,836	2,522	11,040	161,491
Finney	536,236	129,195	6,803	87,312	124,489	144,171	(26,847)	81,206	920,153
Ford	489,120	123,064	12,863	65,702	130,282	129,797	(24,447)	74,848	851,532
Franklin	291,272	65,607	(243)	38,984	83,837	139,135	144,337	46,939	715,990
Geary	1,050,575	538,166	(2,957)	29,544	109,823	110,599	(745,590)	140,620	949,539
Gove	29,831	8,049	(5,160)	10,076	14,311	18,225	1,486	4,980	71,837
Graham	30,680	7,501	(3,070)	18,179	10,344	22,556	3,520	5,797	83,912
Grant	126,333	30,029	1,956	26,325	28,591	30,642	(13,447)	19,255	211,173
Gray	70,778	17,209	18,115	15,403	21,245	21,701	9,066	10,447	163,069
Greeley	\$16,416	\$3,773	\$1,510	\$3,297	\$5,590	\$6,948	(\$1,303)	\$2,275	\$33,957
Greenwood	49,628	12,710	2,038	18,045	26,066	50,362	31,225	9,548	180,528
Hamilton	26,250	6,582	5,287	7,112	8,648	13,687	(172)	3,899	63,494
Harper	63,977	18,081	(4,476)	21,563	27,103	39,426	15,694	11,440	169,929
Harvey	429,338	101,669	4,691	164,208	161,378	188,065	88,701	77,382	1,060,669
Haskell	48,132	11,080	15,908	11,600	22,639	15,508	6,695	6,860	124,703
Hodgeman	13,513	4,124	5,303	2,832	12,463	11,434	4,768	2,121	52,317
Jackson	125,983	29,849	(4,236)	46,087	42,465	64,719	90,506	21,904	373,468
Jefferson	107,452	27,761	(2,239)	11,727	67,179	89,995	232,966	18,510	516,332
Jewell	22,738	6,738	4,141	10,901	17,389	21,984	7,913	4,314	87,491

Appendix D (cont'd)

Kansas County Personal Income, 2006

(Dollars in Thousands)

County	Salaries & Wages	Other Labor Income	Proprietors' Income		Dividends, Interest, & Rent	Transfer Payments	Adj. for Residence	Less: Personal Contributions for Social Insurance	Total Personal Income
			Farm	Nonfarm					
Johnson	14,471,481	2,999,534	2,481	2,844,057	5,105,854	1,820,181	1,096,327	2,248,477	26,091,437
Kearny	40,586	10,267	3,023	5,042	17,458	18,560	9,822	5,799	98,960
Kingman	75,375	18,672	(3,452)	22,935	39,514	47,604	47,085	13,356	234,378
Kiowa	32,728	8,307	(733)	7,949	14,736	24,372	4,591	5,541	86,409
Labette	269,061	69,402	(2,358)	41,719	84,678	180,956	8,317	44,525	607,250
Lane	20,697	5,190	1,894	5,055	11,982	12,388	(660)	3,190	53,357
Leavenworth	1,082,222	406,968	(2,002)	115,861	293,310	301,680	130,623	161,376	2,167,285
Lincoln	19,901	6,233	(2,638)	6,356	13,833	19,020	11,368	3,754	70,319
Linn	73,617	23,562	(3,127)	10,941	32,201	60,146	65,009	12,716	249,633
Logan	28,243	7,428	(2,996)	7,374	18,080	16,675	284	4,864	70,225
Lyon	505,736	132,372	1,368	30,444	146,413	167,218	(25,583)	77,843	880,124
McPherson	503,442	126,767	6,330	129,495	155,471	154,239	(10,028)	82,719	982,997
Marion	95,595	25,334	(2,664)	18,310	49,726	73,647	59,880	17,145	302,683
Marshall	152,529	43,177	10,216	26,973	61,578	61,058	(7,361)	29,005	319,166
Meade	43,399	10,543	5,084	8,034	24,324	23,290	12,819	6,392	121,101
Miami	254,363	60,170	(6,157)	26,769	120,475	151,137	459,293	41,012	1,025,038
Mitchell	93,179	23,019	4,276	10,645	35,387	38,841	(12,647)	14,828	177,872
Montgomery	508,300	137,114	(1,449)	76,821	137,396	238,578	(34,811)	85,798	976,150
Morris	43,983	12,120	(932)	9,831	26,092	34,472	39,703	8,549	156,720
Morton	44,591	11,430	(6,384)	6,890	14,361	18,086	(803)	6,615	81,556
Nemaha	125,657	32,500	8,306	11,694	83,817	53,000	564	20,312	295,226
Neosho	234,946	56,673	(4,888)	37,326	58,998	107,323	(13,182)	38,321	438,875
Ness	36,227	9,584	(4,015)	22,194	19,345	22,180	6,603	6,997	105,123
Norton	67,547	17,397	(660)	10,594	26,095	30,136	(4,573)	10,687	135,850
Osage	77,048	22,214	(4,331)	9,018	60,334	92,267	179,625	14,107	422,068
Osborne	\$32,391	\$8,429	\$385	\$14,641	\$22,365	\$26,996	\$294	\$6,316	\$99,184
Ottawa	35,501	9,378	497	8,688	22,885	29,861	48,092	6,332	148,570
Pawnee	95,387	26,503	3,291	12,159	27,193	35,796	(3,309)	14,141	182,879
Phillips	66,380	23,029	1,414	18,484	40,073	35,847	(3,104)	11,761	170,362
Pottawatomie	258,254	62,765	173	55,669	83,599	81,584	78,147	41,670	578,520
Pratt	135,714	30,762	240	29,876	57,997	60,205	(1,979)	22,342	290,472
Rawlins	22,113	6,083	(2,894)	14,054	15,157	19,368	1,817	4,384	71,314
Reno	868,435	203,212	5,256	81,370	321,521	365,909	38,976	138,527	1,746,152
Republic	46,340	12,672	3,662	11,883	22,210	33,001	2,378	8,198	123,947
Rice	97,050	25,905	806	12,593	42,680	56,385	20,395	15,854	239,961
Riley	891,991	226,439	17	50,862	306,974	194,589	576,170	129,189	2,117,854
Rooks	56,774	15,344	(291)	15,165	22,849	34,458	4,786	9,803	139,281
Rush	32,161	9,179	(2,861)	6,481	15,644	25,057	2,926	5,627	82,961
Russell	69,357	17,740	(2,829)	14,143	45,980	54,916	(2,582)	12,279	184,445
Saline	1,000,154	240,904	(177)	147,976	360,537	278,443	(129,734)	160,006	1,738,097

Appendix D (cont'd)

Kansas County Personal Income, 2006

(Dollars in Thousands)

County	Salaries & Wages	Other Labor Income	Proprietors' Income		Dividends, Interest, & Rent	Transfer Payments	Adj. for Residence	Less: Personal Contributions for Social Insurance	Total Personal Income
			Farm	Nonfarm					
Scott	57,025	12,201	10,530	12,799	32,889	20,141	4,833	7,818	142,600
Sedgwick	10,743,017	2,826,039	(1,589)	2,312,893	2,980,534	2,326,449	(1,395,042)	1,700,005	18,092,295
Seward	380,059	91,751	4,957	76,639	70,515	87,392	(49,452)	58,534	603,327
Shawnee	3,645,498	859,246	(553)	265,478	1,000,368	1,020,226	(559,429)	563,024	5,667,810
Sheridan	23,188	6,044	1,340	17,972	16,309	14,734	1,617	4,411	76,794
Sherman	69,453	16,942	1,986	13,130	29,428	44,193	2,504	11,333	166,303
Smith	34,643	9,368	2,939	9,466	29,271	27,683	5,328	6,224	112,475
Stafford	35,666	10,006	3,592	10,772	23,730	31,463	10,198	6,105	119,322
Stanton	24,578	5,620	5,183	5,131	19,353	10,099	1,773	3,356	68,381
Stevens	62,449	15,752	1,196	13,844	34,805	23,509	2,113	9,482	144,187
Sumner	171,504	47,483	3,295	31,607	86,990	135,693	282,589	32,078	727,084
Thomas	112,873	27,194	5,064	12,783	35,608	41,322	(3,463)	17,290	214,091
Trego	28,931	8,030	(6,257)	6,539	12,796	19,973	3,868	4,998	68,880
Wabaunsee	37,484	10,085	(1,595)	14,280	27,583	34,264	79,788	7,052	194,837
Wallace	13,643	3,358	907	3,106	7,174	9,808	1,063	2,161	36,899
Washington	48,445	13,708	3,398	3,500	24,952	37,317	17,651	8,241	140,730
Wichita	26,344	6,222	10,754	7,073	10,492	11,154	828	3,794	69,073
Wilson	125,054	34,974	(3,578)	20,060	38,698	66,985	(1,867)	20,789	259,537
Woodson	18,743	5,858	1,297	9,522	10,230	25,206	8,673	4,156	75,373
Wyandotte	3,540,732	920,896	(1,019)	137,906	302,718	894,950	(1,478,059)	544,497	3,773,627
Total	\$51,119,143	\$12,752,744	\$88,708	\$8,720,412	\$16,120,481	\$13,583,641	\$901,745	\$8,051,418	\$95,235,456

Appendix E

Kansas County Personal Income, 2007

(Dollars in Thousands)

County	Salaries & Wages	Other Labor Income	Proprietors' Income		Dividends, Interest, & Rent	Transfer Payments	Adj. for Residence	Less: Personal Contributions for Social Insurance	Total Personal Income
			Farm	Nonfarm					
Allen	\$178,072	\$48,524	(\$86)	\$39,850	\$57,192	\$90,853	(\$1,727)	\$29,601	\$383,077
Anderson	58,927	14,839	(8,007)	18,330	27,162	49,898	51,185	10,901	201,434
Atchison	229,523	56,629	6,757	29,915	93,197	93,683	(6,073)	37,051	466,580
Barber	54,208	14,054	(7,245)	25,851	30,180	36,383	1,817	10,000	145,247
Barton	438,878	99,488	5,582	146,003	170,467	174,055	(4,332)	73,286	956,854
Bourbon	203,293	48,466	(6,014)	27,685	63,265	99,446	(10,277)	33,265	392,599
Brown	149,009	40,376	6,964	24,214	44,524	67,257	(783)	23,571	307,991
Butler	553,869	153,703	2,889	188,637	293,603	301,981	877,101	94,033	2,277,750
Chase	22,569	6,491	12,378	21,102	13,369	17,762	26,368	4,749	115,288
Chautauqua	22,607	5,926	(3,025)	24,576	31,318	32,516	19,909	5,173	128,656
Cherokee	176,264	45,932	871	70,848	65,010	144,916	106,019	32,114	577,746
Cheyenne	23,337	5,489	(9,364)	6,186	13,095	20,541	1,322	4,071	56,534
Clark	25,297	6,324	(5,804)	7,969	11,652	14,473	4,028	3,796	60,142
Clay	83,602	21,064	1,217	43,742	54,890	52,419	60,058	15,394	301,598
Cloud	102,880	26,371	656	14,617	47,791	69,686	8,699	17,694	253,006
Coffey	173,756	58,366	(1,891)	36,066	36,774	56,928	(37,970)	26,747	295,283
Comanche	17,229	4,785	(12,564)	6,907	7,466	12,550	1,515	3,106	34,781
Cowley	489,348	127,175	(810)	63,779	164,836	231,400	76,540	78,732	1,073,535
Crawford	546,473	134,282	(1,822)	7,742	210,586	248,921	(15,856)	83,861	1,046,465
Decatur	23,865	5,779	308	7,570	28,313	21,661	3,397	4,332	86,560
Dickinson	203,258	54,104	7,845	16,676	100,972	108,838	118,320	34,440	575,573
Doniphan	89,104	26,567	12,068	9,686	21,324	45,240	23,691	14,063	213,617
Douglas	1,646,883	384,155	(20,353)	239,559	663,345	388,780	414,175	244,542	3,472,003
Edwards	29,723	7,069	15,238	8,053	16,717	21,339	6,439	4,889	99,689
Elk	17,946	5,131	(5,730)	7,163	10,805	24,334	15,950	3,521	72,078
Ellis	463,703	103,505	4,880	139,798	179,137	143,535	(4,642)	74,906	955,010
Ellsworth	69,000	18,065	(697)	15,308	36,165	39,803	3,541	11,441	169,743
Finney	560,176	132,334	17,450	91,551	132,489	152,185	(31,074)	83,241	971,868
Ford	512,023	126,818	34,286	69,998	139,012	136,067	(28,851)	76,983	912,370
Franklin	304,346	66,566	(146)	40,893	88,043	147,239	166,365	48,246	765,061
Geary	1,201,982	618,831	(2,983)	30,695	115,426	116,314	(1,010,911)	156,202	913,153
Gove	31,038	8,294	(12,380)	10,861	14,231	19,145	1,795	5,146	67,837
Graham	33,217	7,813	(5,172)	19,424	10,280	23,789	4,177	6,183	87,346
Grant	133,506	30,874	4,478	28,180	30,141	32,406	(15,944)	20,042	223,599
Gray	74,115	17,664	48,226	16,227	21,749	22,627	10,394	10,753	200,249
Greeley	\$16,776	\$3,804	\$3,714	\$3,591	\$5,555	\$7,158	(\$1,518)	\$2,289	\$36,791
Greenwood	52,992	13,136	5,710	19,561	26,431	52,263	36,518	10,116	196,495
Hamilton	27,246	6,725	12,479	7,727	8,580	14,316	(175)	3,998	72,898
Harper	68,099	18,900	(10,280)	23,599	27,191	41,029	18,377	12,050	174,864
Harvey	446,079	102,440	14,018	175,758	173,124	197,147	103,683	79,315	1,132,932
Haskell	50,311	11,286	39,797	12,560	24,453	16,242	7,716	7,066	155,300
Hodgeman	13,999	4,205	13,758	2,983	12,864	12,001	5,575	2,183	63,201
Jackson	130,669	30,300	(4,228)	48,314	43,381	68,378	102,313	22,431	396,697
Jefferson	112,502	28,259	(7,605)	12,340	70,847	95,680	265,806	19,209	558,620
Jewell	23,702	6,893	11,255	11,668	17,313	22,996	8,853	4,484	98,197

Appendix E (cont'd)

Kansas County Personal Income, 2007

(Dollars in Thousands)

County	Salaries & Wages	Other Labor Income	Proprietors' Income		Dividends, Interest, & Rent	Transfer Payments	Adj. for Residence	Less: Personal Contributions for Social Insurance	Total Personal Income
			Farm	Nonfarm					
Johnson	15,372,978	3,085,443	6,182	3,077,319	5,537,806	1,941,689	1,294,545	2,346,051	27,969,912
Kearny	43,720	10,857	7,385	5,361	18,303	19,671	10,993	6,194	110,095
Kingman	80,012	19,366	(3,683)	24,373	41,304	49,947	55,770	13,978	253,111
Kiowa	33,799	8,390	(997)	8,764	14,745	25,840	5,742	5,701	90,583
Labette	283,923	71,099	(6,434)	44,170	89,267	191,542	10,694	46,220	638,040
Lane	21,413	5,315	4,406	5,407	12,164	12,894	(834)	3,268	57,497
Leavenworth	1,159,032	430,757	(1,850)	119,690	302,374	321,593	133,256	169,836	2,295,015
Lincoln	20,850	6,459	(7,574)	6,651	13,678	19,841	13,090	3,910	69,085
Linn	78,885	25,092	(7,753)	11,599	32,722	63,720	73,186	13,456	263,995
Logan	28,972	7,456	(6,930)	7,778	18,799	17,463	(522)	4,955	68,062
Lyon	523,075	133,014	3,380	32,360	155,910	175,795	(28,300)	79,192	916,043
McPherson	536,136	133,018	17,624	140,908	165,356	161,426	(63,367)	86,632	1,004,470
Marion	98,961	25,812	(5,605)	19,419	50,836	76,766	69,700	17,672	318,216
Marshall	159,835	43,762	27,068	28,787	63,383	63,615	(8,480)	30,025	347,945
Meade	45,575	10,966	14,257	8,647	25,323	24,356	14,732	6,634	137,222
Miami	267,611	61,339	(19,964)	28,083	130,457	160,766	549,169	42,480	1,134,980
Mitchell	96,490	23,403	11,822	11,326	36,265	40,546	(14,686)	15,142	190,025
Montgomery	547,116	143,676	(4,691)	86,484	144,043	249,575	(46,711)	90,891	1,028,601
Morris	45,727	12,281	(4,482)	10,322	26,701	36,264	48,142	8,819	166,137
Morton	47,355	11,885	(10,060)	7,361	14,837	19,138	(3,278)	6,939	80,300
Nemaha	133,120	33,759	21,864	12,312	88,782	55,259	464	21,221	324,339
Neosho	251,766	57,973	(13,034)	40,205	61,669	112,525	(16,487)	40,331	454,286
Ness	38,612	9,887	(9,784)	25,172	19,580	23,352	7,509	7,422	106,905
Norton	70,430	17,616	(1,021)	11,198	26,234	31,540	(5,323)	10,976	139,699
Osage	80,279	22,812	(14,928)	9,438	61,680	97,312	203,992	14,625	445,960
Osborne	\$33,548	\$8,472	\$933	\$15,731	\$22,764	\$28,003	\$761	\$6,519	\$103,693
Ottawa	37,493	9,709	1,576	9,305	22,564	31,260	54,770	6,637	160,042
Pawnee	101,882	27,452	8,534	12,939	27,886	37,117	(4,390)	14,806	196,614
Phillips	69,592	24,178	3,337	19,947	41,149	37,461	(4,010)	12,220	179,434
Pottawatomie	276,635	65,442	375	58,827	86,035	86,282	91,498	43,799	621,296
Pratt	146,459	31,824	550	32,544	62,077	63,719	(8,703)	23,678	304,792
Rawlins	22,917	6,178	(5,484)	14,928	15,372	20,358	2,097	4,517	71,848
Reno	902,396	204,484	14,170	85,843	332,439	385,349	49,312	141,790	1,832,202
Republic	47,864	12,769	11,409	12,698	22,083	34,349	2,953	8,415	135,709
Rice	103,906	27,244	2,045	13,619	44,769	58,770	23,107	16,758	256,702
Riley	948,220	229,860	41	53,337	329,511	203,696	787,498	134,725	2,417,438
Rooks	60,615	15,880	(369)	15,753	23,128	35,982	5,752	10,300	146,441
Rush	33,318	9,372	(9,414)	6,917	15,627	26,324	3,862	5,794	80,212
Russell	74,606	18,533	(12,428)	15,299	48,425	57,815	(4,333)	13,058	184,859
Saline	1,043,033	243,093	(68)	154,819	395,089	294,251	(149,440)	164,090	1,816,688

Appendix E (cont'd)

Kansas County Personal Income, 2007

(Dollars in Thousands)

County	Salaries & Wages	Other Labor Income	Proprietors' Income		Dividends, Interest, & Rent	Transfer Payments	Adj. for Residence	Less: Personal	Total Personal Income
			Farm	Nonfarm				Contributions for Social Insurance	
Scott	58,438	12,160	30,426	13,617	33,979	20,815	5,420	7,867	166,988
Sedgwick	11,524,601	2,982,465	(2,270)	2,561,127	3,244,615	2,460,763	(1,670,474)	1,792,668	19,308,159
Seward	400,442	94,094	23,269	83,042	76,184	91,532	(58,237)	60,561	649,764
Shawnee	3,786,014	864,772	(855)	271,786	1,055,760	1,079,699	(642,016)	574,149	5,841,013
Sheridan	23,851	6,125	2,943	19,889	16,462	15,512	1,753	4,542	81,994
Sherman	72,062	17,170	4,818	13,843	30,664	46,635	3,702	11,625	177,269
Smith	35,759	9,353	9,075	10,260	30,194	28,996	6,320	6,406	123,551
Stafford	36,783	10,178	9,455	11,309	24,433	32,946	12,147	6,261	130,991
Stanton	25,469	5,771	33,942	5,484	21,282	10,518	2,141	3,433	101,174
Stevens	64,566	15,977	2,637	14,949	37,496	24,577	4,446	9,685	154,963
Sumner	175,358	47,361	8,872	33,555	90,983	141,134	338,988	32,625	803,625
Thomas	119,529	27,965	11,882	13,089	36,651	43,464	(4,678)	18,002	229,900
Trego	31,158	8,495	(6,104)	6,892	12,905	20,794	4,405	5,303	73,243
Wabaunsee	39,874	10,472	(1,961)	15,215	28,984	36,059	90,588	7,421	211,811
Wallace	14,166	3,414	2,436	3,218	7,126	10,252	1,249	2,223	39,638
Washington	50,310	13,982	10,826	3,590	25,035	38,728	20,381	8,503	154,349
Wichita	26,757	6,197	28,512	7,380	10,617	11,547	(987)	3,793	86,231
Wilson	130,814	35,899	(7,919)	21,086	40,733	70,534	(2,533)	21,443	267,172
Woodson	19,753	6,166	3,167	11,169	10,186	26,324	10,035	4,408	82,391
Wyandotte	3,755,580	945,248	(3,954)	143,228	307,131	936,236	(1,790,336)	565,960	3,727,174
Total	\$54,244,838	\$13,226,993	\$326,219	\$9,443,134	\$17,236,824	\$14,326,418	\$867,555	\$8,395,769	\$101,276,212

Appendix F

Kansas Certified Population

Certified to the Secretary of State by Division of the Budget on July 1, 2008

	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Kansas	2,688,418	2,764,075	2,775,997	87,579	11,922	3.2 %	0.4 %
Allen County	14,385	13,677	13,414	(971)	(263)	(7.2)	(2.0)
Bassett city	22	22	21	(1)	(1)	(4.8)	(4.8)
Elsmore city	73	68	66	(7)	(2)	(10.6)	(3.0)
Gas city	556	552	541	(15)	(11)	(2.8)	(2.0)
Humboldt city	1,999	1,906	1,854	(145)	(52)	(7.8)	(2.8)
Iola city	6,302	5,966	5,843	(459)	(123)	(7.9)	(2.1)
La Harpe city	706	665	648	(58)	(17)	(9.0)	(2.6)
Mildred city	36	36	35	(1)	(1)	(2.9)	(2.9)
Moran city	562	535	526	(36)	(9)	(6.8)	(1.7)
Savonburg city	91	89	87	(4)	(2)	(4.6)	(2.3)
Bal. of Allen County	4,038	3,838	3,793	(245)	(45)	(6.5)	(1.2)
Carlyle township	276	263	259	(17)	(4)	(6.6)	(1.5)
Cottage Grove township	282	267	264	(18)	(3)	(6.8)	(1.1)
Deer Creek township	142	137	135	(7)	(2)	(5.2)	(1.5)
Bal. of Elm township	703	667	657	(46)	(10)	(7.0)	(1.5)
Bal. of Elsmore township	296	283	280	(16)	(3)	(5.7)	(1.1)
Geneva township	172	166	164	(8)	(2)	(4.9)	(1.2)
Humboldt township	273	251	257	(16)	6	(6.2)	2.3
Bal. of Iola township	821	780	767	(54)	(13)	(7.0)	(1.7)
Logan township	225	214	211	(14)	(3)	(6.6)	(1.4)
Bal. of Marmaton township	291	278	275	(16)	(3)	(5.8)	(1.1)
Bal. of Osage township	280	266	262	(18)	(4)	(6.9)	(1.5)
Salem township	277	266	262	(15)	(4)	(5.7)	(1.5)
Anderson County	8,110	8,051	7,908	(202)	(143)	(2.6)	(1.8)
Colony city	397	382	374	(23)	(8)	(6.1)	(2.1)
Garnett city	3,368	3,280	3,207	(161)	(73)	(5.0)	(2.3)
Greeley city	327	326	319	(8)	(7)	(2.5)	(2.2)
Kincaid city	178	177	174	(4)	(3)	(2.3)	(1.7)
Lone Elm city	27	27	26	(1)	(1)	(3.8)	(3.8)
Westphalia city	165	164	161	(4)	(3)	(2.5)	(1.9)
Bal. of Anderson County	3,595	3,695	3,647	52	(48)	1.4	(1.3)
Indian Creek township	132	137	136	4	(1)	2.9	(0.7)
Jackson township	453	457	451	(2)	(6)	(0.4)	(1.3)
Lincoln township	208	213	211	3	(2)	1.4	(0.9)
Bal. of Lone Elm township	212	216	214	2	(2)	0.9	(0.9)
Monroe township	349	340	335	(14)	(5)	(4.2)	(1.5)
North Rich township	112	114	113	1	(1)	0.9	(0.9)
Bal. of Ozark township	168	172	170	2	(2)	1.2	(1.2)
Putnam township	284	288	284	--	(4)	--	(1.4)
Reeder township	427	436	430	3	(6)	0.7	(1.4)
Bal. of Rich township	168	171	168	--	(3)	--	(1.8)
Bal. of Walker township	341	345	340	(1)	(5)	(0.3)	(1.5)
Washington township	268	271	267	(1)	(4)	(0.4)	(1.5)
Welda township	301	304	299	(2)	(5)	(0.7)	(1.7)
Bal. of Westphalia township	225	231	229	4	(2)	1.7	(0.9)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

Certified to the Secretary of State by Division of the Budget on July 1, 2008

	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Atchison County	16,774	16,745	16,571	(203)	(174)	(1.2)	(1.1)
Atchison city	10,232	10,154	10,078	(154)	(76)	(1.5)	(0.8)
Effingham city	588	580	573	(15)	(7)	(2.6)	(1.2)
Huron city	87	88	86	(1)	(2)	(1.2)	(2.3)
Lancaster city	291	295	290	(1)	(5)	(0.3)	(1.7)
Muscotah city	200	202	199	(1)	(3)	(0.5)	(1.5)
Bal. of Atchison County	5,376	5,426	5,345	(31)	(81)	(0.6)	(1.5)
Bal. of Benton township	488	493	485	(3)	(8)	(0.6)	(1.6)
Center township	676	685	675	(1)	(10)	(0.1)	(1.5)
Bal. of Grasshopper township	388	391	385	(3)	(6)	(0.8)	(1.6)
Kapioma township	271	274	270	(1)	(4)	(0.4)	(1.5)
Bal. of Lancaster township	544	551	542	(2)	(9)	(0.4)	(1.7)
Mount Pleasant township	829	841	827	(2)	(14)	(0.2)	(1.7)
Shannon township	1,753	1,758	1,735	(18)	(23)	(1.0)	(1.3)
Walnut township	427	433	426	(1)	(7)	(0.2)	(1.6)
Barber County	5,307	4,974	4,786	(521)	(188)	(10.9)	(3.9)
Hardtner city	199	190	183	(16)	(7)	(8.7)	(3.8)
Hazelton city	144	137	132	(12)	(5)	(9.1)	(3.8)
Isabel city	108	103	99	(9)	(4)	(9.1)	(4.0)
Kiowa city	1,055	967	931	(124)	(36)	(13.3)	(3.9)
Medicine Lodge city	2,193	2,036	1,962	(231)	(74)	(11.8)	(3.8)
Sharon city	210	201	193	(17)	(8)	(8.8)	(4.1)
Sun City city	81	77	74	(7)	(3)	(9.5)	(4.1)
Bal. of Barber County	1,317	1,263	1,212	(105)	(51)	(8.7)	(4.2)
Aetna township	3	3	3	--	--	--	--
Deerhead township	11	10	10	(1)	--	(10.0)	--
Eagle township	42	40	38	(4)	(2)	(10.5)	(5.3)
Elm Mills township	106	102	98	(8)	(4)	(8.2)	(4.1)
Bal. of Elwood township	76	73	70	(6)	(3)	(8.6)	(4.3)
Bal. of Hazelton township	69	66	63	(6)	(3)	(9.5)	(4.8)
Bal. of Kiowa township	109	105	100	(9)	(5)	(9.0)	(5.0)
Lake City township	83	79	76	(7)	(3)	(9.2)	(3.9)
McAdoo township	29	28	27	(2)	(1)	(7.4)	(3.7)
Bal. of Medicine Lodge township	380	366	352	(28)	(14)	(8.0)	(4.0)
Mingona township	57	54	52	(5)	(2)	(9.6)	(3.8)
Moore township	32	31	29	(3)	(2)	(10.3)	(6.9)
Nippawalla township	26	25	24	(2)	(1)	(8.3)	(4.2)
Bal. of Sharon township	159	156	150	(9)	(6)	(6.0)	(4.0)
Bal. of Sun City township	19	18	17	(2)	(1)	(11.8)	(5.9)
Turkey Creek township	37	35	34	(3)	(1)	(8.8)	(2.9)
Bal. of Valley township	75	72	69	(6)	(3)	(8.7)	(4.3)
Barton County	28,205	27,511	27,768	(437)	257	(1.6)	0.9
Albert city	181	173	176	(5)	3	(2.8)	1.7
Clafflin city	705	648	659	(46)	11	(7.0)	1.7
Ellinwood city	2,164	2,006	2,048	(116)	42	(5.7)	2.1

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

Certified to the Secretary of State by Division of the Budget on July 1, 2008

	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Barton County (cont'd)							
Galatia city	61	58	59	(2)	1	(3.4)	1.7
Great Bend city	15,345	15,537	15,557	212	20	1.4	0.1
Hoisington city	2,975	2,832	2,889	(86)	57	(3.0)	2.0
Olmitz city	138	131	134	(4)	3	(3.0)	2.2
Pawnee Rock city	356	326	332	(24)	6	(7.2)	1.8
Susank city	57	54	55	(2)	1	(3.6)	1.8
Bal. of Barton County	6,223	5,746	5,859	(364)	113	(6.2)	1.9
Albion township	58	53	55	(3)	2	(5.5)	3.6
Beaver township	108	99	101	(7)	2	(6.9)	2.0
Buffalo township	490	450	459	(31)	9	(6.8)	2.0
Cheyenne township	238	218	222	(16)	4	(7.2)	1.8
Clarence township	125	115	117	(8)	2	(6.8)	1.7
Cleveland township	69	64	65	(4)	1	(6.2)	1.5
Comanche township	452	419	427	(25)	8	(5.9)	1.9
Eureka township	116	107	109	(7)	2	(6.4)	1.8
Bal. of Fairview township	68	63	64	(4)	1	(6.3)	1.6
Grant township	79	73	74	(5)	1	(6.8)	1.4
Great Bend township	1,839	1,712	1,741	(98)	29	(5.6)	1.7
Bal. of Independent township	139	128	131	(8)	3	(6.1)	2.3
Lakin township	299	274	280	(19)	6	(6.8)	2.1
Liberty township	321	296	302	(19)	6	(6.3)	2.0
Logan township	176	160	165	(11)	5	(6.7)	3.0
North Homestead township	133	124	126	(7)	2	(5.6)	1.6
Bal. of Pawnee Rock township	188	173	176	(12)	3	(6.8)	1.7
South Bend township	682	626	639	(43)	13	(6.7)	2.0
South Homestead township	343	317	324	(19)	7	(5.9)	2.2
Bal. of Union township	71	65	67	(4)	2	(6.0)	3.0
Bal. of Walnut township	155	142	145	(10)	3	(6.9)	2.1
Wheatland township	74	68	70	(4)	2	(5.7)	2.9
Bourbon County							
Bronson city	346	339	335	(11)	(4)	(3.3)	(1.2)
Fort Scott city	8,297	7,976	7,915	(382)	(61)	(4.8)	(0.8)
Fulton city	184	180	178	(6)	(2)	(3.4)	(1.1)
Mapleton city	98	97	95	(3)	(2)	(3.2)	(2.1)
Redfield city	140	138	136	(4)	(2)	(2.9)	(1.5)
Uniontown city	288	278	275	(13)	(3)	(4.7)	(1.1)
Bal. of Bourbon County	6,026	5,942	5,869	(157)	(73)	(2.7)	(1.2)
Drywood township	394	390	385	(9)	(5)	(2.3)	(1.3)
Franklin township	312	309	305	(7)	(4)	(2.3)	(1.3)
Bal. of Freedom township	321	316	312	(9)	(4)	(2.9)	(1.3)
Bal. of Marion township	531	522	516	(15)	(6)	(2.9)	(1.2)
Bal. of Marmaton township	675	665	657	(18)	(8)	(2.7)	(1.2)
Mill Creek township	472	464	459	(13)	(5)	(2.8)	(1.1)
Osage township	394	387	382	(12)	(5)	(3.1)	(1.3)
Pawnee township	308	304	300	(8)	(4)	(2.7)	(1.3)
Scott township	2,326	2,296	2,267	(59)	(29)	(2.6)	(1.3)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Bourbon County (cont'd)							
Bal. of Timberhill township	158	156	154	(4)	(2)	(2.6)	(1.3)
Walnut township	135	133	132	(3)	(1)	(2.3)	(0.8)
Brown County							
Everest city	314	303	298	(16)	(5)	(5.4)	(1.7)
Fairview city	271	258	254	(17)	(4)	(6.7)	(1.6)
Hamlin city	53	51	50	(3)	(1)	(6.0)	(2.0)
Hiawatha city	3,417	3,237	3,188	(229)	(49)	(7.2)	(1.5)
Horton city	1,967	1,840	1,810	(157)	(30)	(8.7)	(1.7)
Morrill city	277	254	249	(28)	(5)	(11.2)	(2.0)
Powhattan city	91	86	86	(5)	--	(5.8)	--
Reserve city	100	97	95	(5)	(2)	(5.3)	(2.1)
Robinson city	216	198	195	(21)	(3)	(10.8)	(1.5)
Sabetha city (pt.)	7	30	33	26	3	78.8	9.1
Willis city	69	66	65	(4)	(1)	(6.2)	(1.5)
Bal. of Brown County	3,942	3,816	3,745	(197)	(71)	(5.3)	(1.9)
Bal. of Hamlin township	193	185	182	(11)	(3)	(6.0)	(1.6)
Hiawatha township	739	717	705	(34)	(12)	(4.8)	(1.7)
Irving township	311	301	296	(15)	(5)	(5.1)	(1.7)
Bal. of Mission township	576	557	546	(30)	(11)	(5.5)	(2.0)
Bal. of Morrill township	226	217	213	(13)	(4)	(6.1)	(1.9)
Bal. of Padonia township	257	248	243	(14)	(5)	(5.8)	(2.1)
Bal. of Powhattan township	783	763	748	(35)	(15)	(4.7)	(2.0)
Bal. of Robinson township	236	228	223	(13)	(5)	(5.8)	(2.2)
Bal. of Walnut township	394	381	374	(20)	(7)	(5.3)	(1.9)
Bal. of Washington township	227	219	215	(12)	(4)	(5.6)	(1.9)
Butler County							
Andover city	59,482	63,147	63,045	3,563	(102)	5.7	(0.2)
Augusta city	6,698	9,546	9,837	3,139	291	31.9	3.0
Benton city	8,423	8,696	8,683	260	(13)	3.0	(0.1)
Benton city	827	819	809	(18)	(10)	(2.2)	(1.2)
Cassoday city	130	131	129	(1)	(2)	(0.8)	(1.6)
Douglass city	1,813	1,804	1,790	(23)	(14)	(1.3)	(0.8)
Elbing city	218	209	209	(9)	--	(4.3)	--
El Dorado city	12,057	12,718	12,596	539	(122)	4.3	(1.0)
Latham city	164	165	162	(2)	(3)	(1.2)	(1.9)
Leon city	645	650	640	(5)	(10)	(0.8)	(1.6)
Potwin city	457	439	433	(24)	(6)	(5.5)	(1.4)
Rose Hill city	3,432	3,949	3,959	527	10	13.3	0.3
Towanda city	1,338	1,367	1,354	16	(13)	1.2	(1.0)
Whitewater city	653	641	635	(18)	(6)	(2.8)	(0.9)
Bal. of Butler County	22,627	22,013	21,809	(818)	(204)	(3.8)	(0.9)
Augusta township	1,405	1,348	1,331	(74)	(17)	(5.6)	(1.3)
Bal. of Benton township	1,384	1,394	1,380	(4)	(14)	(0.3)	(1.0)
Bloomington township	544	558	552	8	(6)	1.4	(1.1)
Bal. of Bruno township	3,047	2,759	2,720	(327)	(39)	(12.0)	(1.4)
Chelsea township	190	232	234	44	2	18.8	0.9

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Butler County (cont'd)							
Clay township	83	97	97	14	--	14.4	--
Clifford township	259	277	276	17	(1)	6.2	(0.4)
Bal. of Douglass township	493	506	501	8	(5)	1.6	(1.0)
El Dorado township	1,700	974	960	(740)	(14)	(77.1)	(1.5)
Bal. of Fairmount township	293	309	308	15	(1)	4.9	(0.3)
Fairview township	491	503	501	10	(2)	2.0	(0.4)
Glencoe township	239	263	263	24	--	9.1	--
Hickory township	90	112	114	24	2	21.1	1.8
Lincoln township	317	364	365	48	1	13.2	0.3
Bal. of Little Walnut township	357	372	369	12	(3)	3.3	(0.8)
Logan township	154	168	168	14	--	8.3	--
Bal. of Milton township	483	498	494	11	(4)	2.2	(0.8)
Murdock township	378	393	390	12	(3)	3.1	(0.8)
Bal. of Pleasant township	2,551	2,539	2,509	(42)	(30)	(1.7)	(1.2)
Bal. of Plum Grove township	204	218	218	14	--	6.4	--
Prospect township	2,033	2,061	2,050	17	(11)	0.8	(0.5)
Bal. of Richland township	1,064	1,082	1,066	2	(16)	0.2	(1.5)
Rock Creek township	299	314	311	12	(3)	3.9	(1.0)
Rosalia township	589	614	609	20	(5)	3.3	(0.8)
Spring township	1,566	1,574	1,555	(11)	(19)	(0.7)	(1.2)
Bal. of Sycamore township	203	231	231	28	--	12.1	--
Bal. of Towanda township	1,389	1,404	1,386	(3)	(18)	(0.2)	(1.3)
Bal. of Union township	62	78	86	24	8	27.9	9.3
Walnut township	760	771	765	5	(6)	0.7	(0.8)
Chase County							
Cedar Point city	53	55	51	(2)	(4)	(3.9)	(7.8)
Cottonwood Falls city	966	955	901	(65)	(54)	(7.2)	(6.0)
Elmdale city	50	51	48	(2)	(3)	(4.2)	(6.3)
Matfield Green city	60	62	58	(2)	(4)	(3.4)	(6.9)
Strong City city	584	580	543	(41)	(37)	(7.6)	(6.8)
Bal. of Chase County	1,317	1,367	1,281	(36)	(86)	(2.8)	(6.7)
Bazaar township	81	84	79	(2)	(5)	(2.5)	(6.3)
Cedar township	116	120	112	(4)	(8)	(3.6)	(7.1)
Bal. of Cottonwood township	131	135	127	(4)	(8)	(3.1)	(6.3)
Bal. of Diamond Creek township	187	194	182	(5)	(12)	(2.7)	(6.6)
Bal. of Falls township	197	204	191	(6)	(13)	(3.1)	(6.8)
Homestead township	52	54	51	(1)	(3)	(2.0)	(5.9)
Bal. of Matfield township	95	99	92	(3)	(7)	(3.3)	(7.6)
Bal. of Strong township	156	162	152	(4)	(10)	(2.6)	(6.6)
Toledo township	302	315	295	(7)	(20)	(2.4)	(6.8)
Chautauqua County							
Cedar Vale city	723	646	623	(100)	(23)	(16.1)	(3.7)
Chautauqua city	113	102	98	(15)	(4)	(15.3)	(4.1)
Elgin city	82	75	72	(10)	(3)	(13.9)	(4.2)
Niotaze city	122	111	107	(15)	(4)	(14.0)	(3.7)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Chautauqua County (cont'd)							
Peru city	183	166	160	(23)	(6)	(14.4)	(3.8)
Sedan city	1,342	1,222	1,179	(163)	(43)	(13.8)	(3.6)
Bal. of Chautauqua County	1,794	1,631	1,567	(227)	(64)	(14.5)	(4.1)
Bal. of Belleville township	379	345	331	(48)	(14)	(14.5)	(4.2)
Caneyville township	88	80	77	(11)	(3)	(14.3)	(3.9)
Center township	75	68	65	(10)	(3)	(15.4)	(4.6)
Bal. of Harrison township	114	103	99	(15)	(4)	(15.2)	(4.0)
Bal. of Hendricks township	97	88	85	(12)	(3)	(14.1)	(3.5)
Bal. of Jefferson township	111	101	97	(14)	(4)	(14.4)	(4.1)
Lafayette township	65	59	57	(8)	(2)	(14.0)	(3.5)
Bal. of Little Caney township	231	211	202	(29)	(9)	(14.4)	(4.5)
Salt Creek township	123	112	107	(16)	(5)	(15.0)	(4.7)
Bal. of Sedan township	318	289	278	(40)	(11)	(14.4)	(4.0)
Summit township	106	96	93	(13)	(3)	(14.0)	(3.2)
Washington township	87	79	76	(11)	(3)	(14.5)	(3.9)
Cherokee County							
Baxter Springs city	4,602	4,221	4,202	(400)	(19)	(9.5)	(0.5)
Columbus city	3,396	3,240	3,222	(174)	(18)	(5.4)	(0.6)
Galena city	3,287	3,171	3,163	(124)	(8)	(3.9)	(0.3)
Roseland city	101	96	95	(6)	(1)	(6.3)	(1.1)
Scammon city	496	472	469	(27)	(3)	(5.8)	(0.6)
Treece city	149	143	141	(8)	(2)	(5.7)	(1.4)
Weir city	780	747	741	(39)	(6)	(5.3)	(0.8)
West Mineral city	243	232	230	(13)	(2)	(5.7)	(0.9)
Bal. of Cherokee County	9,551	9,129	9,074	(477)	(55)	(5.3)	(0.6)
Cherokee township	336	316	314	(22)	(2)	(7.0)	(0.6)
Crawford township	646	615	612	(34)	(3)	(5.6)	(0.5)
Garden township	3,039	2,913	2,896	(143)	(17)	(4.9)	(0.6)
Lola township	382	365	363	(19)	(2)	(5.2)	(0.6)
Lowell township	672	643	640	(32)	(3)	(5.0)	(0.5)
Bal. of Lyon township	379	362	360	(19)	(2)	(5.3)	(0.6)
Mineral township	254	241	239	(15)	(2)	(6.3)	(0.8)
Neosho township	306	293	291	(15)	(2)	(5.2)	(0.7)
Pleasant View township	658	629	625	(33)	(4)	(5.3)	(0.6)
Bal. of Ross township	549	523	520	(29)	(3)	(5.6)	(0.6)
Salamanca township	569	543	540	(29)	(3)	(5.4)	(0.6)
Shawnee township	505	483	480	(25)	(3)	(5.2)	(0.6)
Sheridan township	249	238	235	(14)	(3)	(6.0)	(1.3)
Spring Valley township	1,007	965	959	(48)	(6)	(5.0)	(0.6)
Cheyenne County							
Bird City city	482	432	416	(66)	(16)	(15.9)	(3.8)
St. Francis city	1,497	1,360	1,310	(187)	(50)	(14.3)	(3.8)
Bal. of Cheyenne County	1,186	1,119	1,075	(111)	(44)	(10.3)	(4.1)
Benkelman township	57	54	52	(5)	(2)	(9.6)	(3.8)
Bal. of Bird City township	289	272	261	(28)	(11)	(10.7)	(4.2)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Cheyenne County (cont'd)							
Calhoun township	57	54	51	(6)	(3)	(11.8)	(5.9)
Cleveland Run township	67	63	61	(6)	(2)	(9.8)	(3.3)
Jaqua township	46	44	42	(4)	(2)	(9.5)	(4.8)
Orlando township	63	59	57	(6)	(2)	(10.5)	(3.5)
Bal. of Wano township	607	573	551	(56)	(22)	(10.2)	(4.0)
Clark County							
Ashland city	975	911	862	(113)	(49)	(13.1)	(5.7)
Englewood city	109	100	95	(14)	(5)	(14.7)	(5.3)
Minneola city	717	660	630	(87)	(30)	(13.8)	(4.8)
Bal. of Clark County	589	535	507	(82)	(28)	(16.2)	(5.5)
Bal. of Appleton township	204	189	179	(25)	(10)	(14.0)	(5.6)
Bal. of Center township	122	103	98	(24)	(5)	(24.5)	(5.1)
Bal. of Englewood township	62	57	54	(8)	(3)	(14.8)	(5.6)
Lexington township	83	77	73	(10)	(4)	(13.7)	(5.5)
Liberty township	32	30	28	(4)	(2)	(14.3)	(7.1)
Sitka township	86	79	75	(11)	(4)	(14.7)	(5.3)
Clay County							
Clay Center city	4,564	4,339	4,365	(199)	26	(4.6)	0.6
Clifton city (pt.)	234	218	219	(15)	1	(6.8)	0.5
Green city	147	139	137	(10)	(2)	(7.3)	(1.5)
Longford city	94	89	90	(4)	1	(4.4)	1.1
Morganville city	198	194	194	(4)	--	(2.1)	--
Oak Hill city	35	34	34	(1)	--	(2.9)	--
Vining city (pt.)	37	36	36	(1)	--	(2.8)	--
Wakefield city	838	883	854	16	(29)	1.9	(3.4)
Bal. of Clay County	2,675	2,693	2,756	81	63	2.9	2.3
Cloud County							
Aurora city	79	76	74	(5)	(2)	(6.8)	(2.7)
Clyde city	740	696	680	(60)	(16)	(8.8)	(2.4)
Concordia city	5,714	5,281	5,171	(543)	(110)	(10.5)	(2.1)
Glasco city	536	496	485	(51)	(11)	(10.5)	(2.3)
Jamestown city	399	383	374	(25)	(9)	(6.7)	(2.4)
Miltonvale city	523	478	467	(56)	(11)	(12.0)	(2.4)
Bal. of Cloud County	2,277	2,184	2,131	(146)	(53)	(6.9)	(2.5)
Arion township	105	100	98	(7)	(2)	(7.1)	(2.0)
Bal. of Aurora township	90	86	84	(6)	(2)	(7.1)	(2.4)
Buffalo township	119	113	111	(8)	(2)	(7.2)	(1.8)
Center township	172	166	162	(10)	(4)	(6.2)	(2.5)
Colfax township	49	47	46	(3)	(1)	(6.5)	(2.2)
Bal. of Elk township	105	101	98	(7)	(3)	(7.1)	(3.1)
Bal. of Grant township	80	77	75	(5)	(2)	(6.7)	(2.7)
Lawrence township	146	140	136	(10)	(4)	(7.4)	(2.9)
Lincoln township	378	364	354	(24)	(10)	(6.8)	(2.8)
Lyon township	103	99	97	(6)	(2)	(6.2)	(2.1)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Cloud County (cont'd)							
Meredith township	77	74	72	(5)	(2)	(6.9)	(2.8)
Nelson township	137	132	128	(9)	(4)	(7.0)	(3.1)
Oakland township	52	50	49	(3)	(1)	(6.1)	(2.0)
Shirley township	178	170	166	(12)	(4)	(7.2)	(2.4)
Sibley township	178	171	167	(11)	(4)	(6.6)	(2.4)
Bal. of Solomon township	128	122	120	(8)	(2)	(6.7)	(1.7)
Bal. of Starr township	130	124	121	(9)	(3)	(7.4)	(2.5)
Summit township	50	48	47	(3)	(1)	(6.4)	(2.1)
Coffey County							
Burlington city	2,790	2,721	2,641	(149)	(80)	(5.6)	(3.0)
Gridley city	372	364	356	(16)	(8)	(4.5)	(2.2)
Lebo city	961	949	931	(30)	(18)	(3.2)	(1.9)
LeRoy city	593	578	559	(34)	(19)	(6.1)	(3.4)
New Strawn city	425	407	397	(28)	(10)	(7.1)	(2.5)
Waverly city	589	558	554	(35)	(4)	(6.3)	(0.7)
Bal. of Coffey County	3,135	3,124	3,016	(119)	(108)	(3.9)	(3.6)
Avon township	183	181	176	(7)	(5)	(4.0)	(2.8)
Burlington township	300	295	286	(14)	(9)	(4.9)	(3.1)
Hampden township	114	114	111	(3)	(3)	(2.7)	(2.7)
Key West township	237	237	230	(7)	(7)	(3.0)	(3.0)
Bal. of LeRoy township	76	76	74	(2)	(2)	(2.7)	(2.7)
Bal. of Liberty township	262	263	252	(10)	(11)	(4.0)	(4.4)
Bal. of Lincoln township	307	302	282	(25)	(20)	(8.9)	(7.1)
Neosho township	140	143	139	(1)	(4)	(0.7)	(2.9)
Bal. of Ottumwa township	315	313	304	(11)	(9)	(3.6)	(3.0)
Pleasant township	272	272	264	(8)	(8)	(3.0)	(3.0)
Pottawatomie township	217	218	212	(5)	(6)	(2.4)	(2.8)
Bal. of Rock Creek township	436	432	415	(21)	(17)	(5.1)	(4.1)
Spring Creek township	118	120	117	(1)	(3)	(0.9)	(2.6)
Star township	158	158	154	(4)	(4)	(2.6)	(2.6)
Comanche County							
Coldwater city	792	754	756	(36)	2	(4.8)	0.3
Protection city	558	527	529	(29)	2	(5.5)	0.4
Wilmore city	57	56	56	(1)	--	(1.8)	--
Bal. of Comanche County	560	547	547	(13)	--	(2.4)	--
Avilla township	58	57	57	(1)	--	(1.8)	--
Bal. of Coldwater township	294	284	284	(10)	--	(3.5)	--
Bal. of Powell township	32	32	32	--	--	--	--
Bal. of Protection township	176	174	174	(2)	--	(1.1)	--
Cowley County							
Arkansas City city	11,963	11,416	11,168	(795)	(248)	(7.1)	(2.2)
Atlanta city	255	247	241	(14)	(6)	(5.8)	(2.5)
Burden city	564	546	533	(31)	(13)	(5.8)	(2.4)
Cambridge city	103	99	97	(6)	(2)	(6.2)	(2.1)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Cowley County (cont'd)							
Dexter city	364	346	339	(25)	(7)	(7.4)	(2.1)
Geuda Springs city (pt.)	13	11	10	(3)	(1)	(30.0)	(10.0)
Parkerfield city	--	349	342	342	(7)	100.0	(2.0)
Udall city	794	763	746	(48)	(17)	(6.4)	(2.3)
Winfield city	12,206	11,741	11,539	(667)	(202)	(5.8)	(1.8)
Bal. of Cowley County	10,029	9,413	9,236	(793)	(177)	(8.6)	(1.9)
Beaver township	244	240	236	(8)	(4)	(3.4)	(1.7)
Bal. of Bolton township	1,741	1,670	1,634	(107)	(36)	(6.5)	(2.2)
Cedar township	44	52	52	8	--	15.4	--
Bal. of Creswell township	2,098	1,623	1,583	(515)	(40)	(32.5)	(2.5)
Bal. of Dexter township	142	151	150	8	(1)	5.3	(0.7)
Fairview township	203	200	197	(6)	(3)	(3.0)	(1.5)
Grant township	76	83	83	7	--	8.4	--
Harvey township	117	126	126	9	--	7.1	--
Liberty township	218	221	218	--	(3)	--	(1.4)
Bal. of Maple township	645	623	608	(37)	(15)	(6.1)	(2.5)
Bal. of Ninescah township	377	366	360	(17)	(6)	(4.7)	(1.7)
Bal. of Omnia township	102	105	104	2	(1)	1.9	(1.0)
Otter township	54	62	62	8	--	12.9	--
Pleasant Valley township	838	808	792	(46)	(16)	(5.8)	(2.0)
Richland township	178	179	177	(1)	(2)	(0.6)	(1.1)
Rock Creek township	243	239	235	(8)	(4)	(3.4)	(1.7)
Salem township	364	353	345	(19)	(8)	(5.5)	(2.3)
Sheridan township	159	159	157	(2)	(2)	(1.3)	(1.3)
Bal. of Silver Creek township	206	205	202	(4)	(3)	(2.0)	(1.5)
Silverdale township	327	321	315	(12)	(6)	(3.8)	(1.9)
Spring Creek township	77	83	83	6	--	7.2	--
Tisdale township	340	331	324	(16)	(7)	(4.9)	(2.2)
Vernon township	502	485	476	(26)	(9)	(5.5)	(1.9)
Walnut township	626	605	593	(33)	(12)	(5.6)	(2.0)
Bal. of Windsor township	108	123	124	16	1	12.9	0.8
Crawford County							
Arcadia city	391	383	389	(2)	6	(0.5)	1.5
Arma city	1,529	1,490	1,521	(8)	31	(0.5)	2.0
Cherokee city	722	712	722	--	10	--	1.4
Frontenac city	2,996	3,118	3,194	198	76	6.2	2.4
Girard city	2,773	2,660	2,753	(20)	93	(0.7)	3.4
Hepler city	154	151	154	--	3	--	1.9
McCune city	426	421	427	1	6	0.2	1.4
Mulberry city	577	567	573	(4)	6	(0.7)	1.0
Pittsburg city	19,243	19,120	19,536	293	416	1.5	2.1
Walnut city	221	218	221	--	3	--	1.4
Bal. of Crawford County	9,210	9,219	9,370	160	151	1.7	1.6
Baker township	3,640	3,556	3,621	(19)	65	(0.5)	1.8
Crawford township	883	892	865	(18)	(27)	(2.1)	(3.1)
Grant township	247	268	276	29	8	10.5	2.9

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Crawford County (cont'd)							
Bal. of Lincoln township	551	569	584	33	15	5.7	2.6
Bal. of Osage township	330	347	357	27	10	7.6	2.8
Bal. of Sheridan township	779	799	819	40	20	4.9	2.4
Sherman township	520	534	548	28	14	5.1	2.6
Bal. of Walnut township	249	275	284	35	9	12.3	3.2
Bal. of Washington township	2,011	1,979	2,016	5	37	0.2	1.8
Decatur County							
Clayton city (pt.)	1	1	1	--	--	--	--
Dresden city	51	47	44	(7)	(3)	(15.9)	(6.8)
Jennings city	146	127	120	(26)	(7)	(21.7)	(5.8)
Norcatour city	169	155	146	(23)	(9)	(15.8)	(6.2)
Oberlin city	1,994	1,770	1,680	(314)	(90)	(18.7)	(5.4)
Bal. of Decatur County	1,111	1,020	964	(147)	(56)	(15.2)	(5.8)
Allison township	39	36	34	(5)	(2)	(14.7)	(5.9)
Altory township	16	15	14	(2)	(1)	(14.3)	(7.1)
Bassettsville township	26	24	23	(3)	(1)	(13.0)	(4.3)
Beaver township	86	79	74	(12)	(5)	(16.2)	(6.8)
Center township	60	56	52	(8)	(4)	(15.4)	(7.7)
Cook township	44	40	38	(6)	(2)	(15.8)	(5.3)
Custer township	27	25	23	(4)	(2)	(17.4)	(8.7)
Bal. of Dresden township	90	82	78	(12)	(4)	(15.4)	(5.1)
Finley township	39	36	34	(5)	(2)	(14.7)	(5.9)
Garfield township	41	37	35	(6)	(2)	(17.1)	(5.7)
Grant township	31	28	27	(4)	(1)	(14.8)	(3.7)
Harlan township	51	47	44	(7)	(3)	(15.9)	(6.8)
Bal. of Jennings township	34	31	29	(5)	(2)	(17.2)	(6.9)
Liberty township	48	44	42	(6)	(2)	(14.3)	(4.8)
Bal. of Lincoln township	34	31	30	(4)	(1)	(13.3)	(3.3)
Logan township	52	47	45	(7)	(2)	(15.6)	(4.4)
Lyon township	24	22	21	(3)	(1)	(14.3)	(4.8)
Oberlin township	91	84	77	(14)	(7)	(18.2)	(9.1)
Olive township	68	64	62	(6)	(2)	(9.7)	(3.2)
Bal. of Pleasant Valley township	38	35	33	(5)	(2)	(15.2)	(6.1)
Prairie Dog township	50	46	43	(7)	(3)	(16.3)	(7.0)
Roosevelt township	32	29	28	(4)	(1)	(14.3)	(3.6)
Sappa township	43	39	37	(6)	(2)	(16.2)	(5.4)
Sherman township	25	23	22	(3)	(1)	(13.6)	(4.5)
Summit township	22	20	19	(3)	(1)	(15.8)	(5.3)
Dickinson County							
Abilene city	19,344	19,322	18,957	(387)	(365)	(2.0)	(1.9)
Carlton city	6,543	6,444	6,305	(238)	(139)	(3.8)	(2.2)
Chapman city	38	38	37	(1)	(1)	(2.7)	(2.7)
Enterprise city	1,241	1,262	1,284	43	22	3.3	1.7
Herington city (pt.)	836	815	797	(39)	(18)	(4.9)	(2.3)
Hope city	2,563	2,474	2,417	(146)	(57)	(6.0)	(2.4)
	372	368	359	(13)	(9)	(3.6)	(2.5)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Dickinson County (cont'd)							
Manchester city	102	103	100	(2)	(3)	(2.0)	(3.0)
Solomon city (pt.)	1,071	1,067	1,052	(19)	(15)	(1.8)	(1.4)
Woodbine city	207	208	203	(4)	(5)	(2.0)	(2.5)
Bal. of Dickinson County	6,371	6,543	6,403	32	(140)	0.5	(2.2)
Banner township	148	157	154	6	(3)	3.9	(1.9)
Buckeye township	437	445	435	(2)	(10)	(0.5)	(2.3)
Bal. of Center township	374	379	371	(3)	(8)	(0.8)	(2.2)
Cheever township	149	157	154	5	(3)	3.2	(1.9)
Bal. of Flora township	115	122	120	5	(2)	4.2	(1.7)
Fragrant Hill township	251	258	252	1	(6)	0.4	(2.4)
Garfield township	189	197	194	5	(3)	2.6	(1.5)
Grant township	918	916	888	(30)	(28)	(3.4)	(3.2)
Hayes township	233	241	236	3	(5)	1.3	(2.1)
Bal. of Holland township	69	77	76	7	(1)	9.2	(1.3)
Bal. of Hope township	147	154	151	4	(3)	2.6	(2.0)
Jefferson township	166	174	171	5	(3)	2.9	(1.8)
Bal. of Liberty township	198	207	203	5	(4)	2.5	(2.0)
Bal. of Lincoln township	598	603	590	(8)	(13)	(1.4)	(2.2)
Logan township	202	209	205	3	(4)	1.5	(2.0)
Lyon township	252	259	253	1	(6)	0.4	(2.4)
Newbern township	349	357	351	2	(6)	0.6	(1.7)
Bal. of Noble township	489	498	486	(3)	(12)	(0.6)	(2.5)
Ridge township	160	167	165	5	(2)	3.0	(1.2)
Rinehart township	194	202	198	4	(4)	2.0	(2.0)
Sherman township	147	153	150	3	(3)	2.0	(2.0)
Union township	176	183	180	4	(3)	2.2	(1.7)
Wheatland township	152	161	158	6	(3)	3.8	(1.9)
Willowdale township	258	267	262	4	(5)	1.5	(1.9)
Doniphan County							
Denton city	186	179	176	(10)	(3)	(5.7)	(1.7)
Elwood city	1,145	1,154	1,132	(13)	(22)	(1.1)	(1.9)
Highland city	976	944	945	(31)	1	(3.3)	0.1
Leona city	88	85	83	(5)	(2)	(6.0)	(2.4)
Severance city	108	104	102	(6)	(2)	(5.9)	(2.0)
Troy city	1,054	1,024	1,007	(47)	(17)	(4.7)	(1.7)
Wathena city	1,348	1,306	1,293	(55)	(13)	(4.3)	(1.0)
White Cloud city	239	232	227	(12)	(5)	(5.3)	(2.2)
Bal. of Doniphan County	3,105	2,837	2,791	(314)	(46)	(11.3)	(1.6)
Burr Oak township	153	147	142	(11)	(5)	(7.7)	(3.5)
Bal. of Center township	689	637	630	(59)	(7)	(9.4)	(1.1)
Independence township	342	320	315	(27)	(5)	(8.6)	(1.6)
Bal. of Iowa township	479	448	440	(39)	(8)	(8.9)	(1.8)
Marion township	226	212	208	(18)	(4)	(8.7)	(1.9)
Bal. of Union township	174	163	160	(14)	(3)	(8.8)	(1.9)
Bal. of Washington township	573	470	462	(111)	(8)	(24.0)	(1.7)
Wayne township	226	212	209	(17)	(3)	(8.1)	(1.4)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Doniphan County (cont'd)							
Bal. of Wolf River township	243	228	225	(18)	(3)	(8.0)	(1.3)
Douglas County	99,962	112,123	113,488	13,526	1,365	11.9	1.2
Baldwin City city	3,400	4,145	4,202	802	57	19.1	1.4
Eudora city	4,307	6,027	6,077	1,770	50	29.1	0.8
Lawrence city	80,098	88,605	89,852	9,754	1,247	10.9	1.4
Lecompton city	608	649	646	38	(3)	5.9	(0.5)
Bal. of Douglas County	11,549	12,697	12,711	1,162	14	9.1	0.1
Clinton township	531	607	611	80	4	13.1	0.7
Bal. of Eudora township	1,264	1,392	1,385	121	(7)	8.7	(0.5)
Grant township	442	466	467	25	1	5.4	0.2
Kanwaka township	1,317	1,449	1,454	137	5	9.4	0.3
Bal. of Lecompton township	1,153	1,267	1,266	113	(1)	8.9	(0.1)
Marion township	836	979	988	152	9	15.4	0.9
Bal. of Palmyra township	2,360	2,621	2,628	268	7	10.2	0.3
Wakarusa township	2,237	2,338	2,329	92	(9)	4.0	(0.4)
Willow Springs township	1,409	1,578	1,583	174	5	11.0	0.3
Edwards County	3,449	3,138	3,106	(343)	(32)	(11.0)	(1.0)
Belpre city	104	96	95	(9)	(1)	(9.5)	(1.1)
Kinsley city	1,658	1,476	1,462	(196)	(14)	(13.4)	(1.0)
Lewis city	486	452	447	(39)	(5)	(8.7)	(1.1)
Offerle city	220	204	202	(18)	(2)	(8.9)	(1.0)
Bal. of Edwards County	981	910	900	(81)	(10)	(9.0)	(1.1)
Bal. of Belpre township	82	76	75	(7)	(1)	(9.3)	(1.3)
Franklin township	93	86	85	(8)	(1)	(9.4)	(1.2)
Jackson township	98	91	90	(8)	(1)	(8.9)	(1.1)
Kinsley township	160	148	147	(13)	(1)	(8.8)	(0.7)
Lincoln township	143	133	131	(12)	(2)	(9.2)	(1.5)
Logan township	42	39	38	(4)	(1)	(10.5)	(2.6)
North Brown township	67	62	62	(5)	--	(8.1)	--
South Brown township	90	84	83	(7)	(1)	(8.4)	(1.2)
Bal. of Trenton township	86	80	79	(7)	(1)	(8.9)	(1.3)
Bal. of Wayne township	120	111	110	(10)	(1)	(9.1)	(0.9)
Elk County	3,261	3,077	3,040	(221)	(37)	(7.3)	(1.2)
Elk Falls city	112	106	104	(8)	(2)	(7.7)	(1.9)
Grenola city	231	217	214	(17)	(3)	(7.9)	(1.4)
Howard city	808	764	755	(53)	(9)	(7.0)	(1.2)
Longton city	394	371	366	(28)	(5)	(7.7)	(1.4)
Moline city	457	431	427	(30)	(4)	(7.0)	(0.9)
Bal. of Elk County	1,259	1,188	1,174	(85)	(14)	(7.2)	(1.2)
Bal. of Elk Falls township	84	79	79	(5)	--	(6.3)	--
Bal. of Greenfield township	90	85	84	(6)	(1)	(7.1)	(1.2)
Bal. of Howard township	198	187	184	(14)	(3)	(7.6)	(1.6)
Liberty township	117	110	109	(8)	(1)	(7.3)	(0.9)
Bal. of Longton township	136	129	127	(9)	(2)	(7.1)	(1.6)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Elk County (cont'd)							
Oak Valley township	154	146	144	(10)	(2)	(6.9)	(1.4)
Painterhood township	68	64	63	(5)	(1)	(7.9)	(1.6)
Paw Paw township	116	110	108	(8)	(2)	(7.4)	(1.9)
Union Center township	116	109	108	(8)	(1)	(7.4)	(0.9)
Bal. of Wildcat township	180	169	168	(12)	(1)	(7.1)	(0.6)
Ellis County							
Ellis city	27,507	26,926	27,464	(43)	538	(0.2)	2.0
Hays city	1,873	1,858	1,913	40	55	2.1	2.9
Schoenchen city	20,013	19,726	20,106	93	380	0.5	1.9
Victoria city	214	212	215	1	3	0.5	1.4
Bal. of Ellis County	1,208	1,167	1,191	(17)	24	(1.4)	2.0
Big Creek township	4,199	3,963	4,039	(160)	76	(4.0)	1.9
Buckeye township	1,798	1,670	1,693	(105)	23	(6.2)	1.4
Catherine township	285	274	281	(4)	7	(1.4)	2.5
Ellis township	318	303	310	(8)	7	(2.6)	2.3
Freedom township	386	369	378	(8)	9	(2.1)	2.4
Bal. of Herzog township	125	119	121	(4)	2	(3.3)	1.7
Bal. of Lookout township	322	309	316	(6)	7	(1.9)	2.2
Bal. of Victoria township	355	339	347	(8)	8	(2.3)	2.3
Wheatland township	209	199	204	(5)	5	(2.5)	2.5
Ellsworth County							
Ellsworth city	6,525	6,332	6,310	(215)	(22)	(3.4)	(0.3)
Holyrood city	2,965	2,885	2,881	(84)	(4)	(2.9)	(0.1)
Kanopolis city	464	451	448	(16)	(3)	(3.6)	(0.7)
Lorraine city	543	514	511	(32)	(3)	(6.3)	(0.6)
Wilson city	136	132	132	(4)	--	(3.0)	--
Bal. of Ellsworth County	799	767	765	(34)	(2)	(4.4)	(0.3)
Ash Creek township	1,618	1,583	1,573	(45)	(10)	(2.9)	(0.6)
Black Wolf township	58	57	56	(2)	(1)	(3.6)	(1.8)
Carneiro township	87	85	85	(2)	--	(2.4)	--
Clear Creek township	57	55	55	(2)	--	(3.6)	--
Columbia township	91	89	88	(3)	(1)	(3.4)	(1.1)
Bal. of Ellsworth township	60	58	58	(2)	--	(3.4)	--
Empire township	254	250	248	(6)	(2)	(2.4)	(0.8)
Garfield township	174	172	170	(4)	(2)	(2.4)	(1.2)
Bal. of Green Garden township	27	27	26	(1)	(1)	(3.8)	(3.8)
Langley township	75	73	73	(2)	--	(2.7)	--
Lincoln township	76	76	75	(1)	(1)	(1.3)	(1.3)
Mulberry township	62	60	60	(2)	--	(3.3)	--
Noble township	44	43	43	(1)	--	(2.3)	--
Palacky township	90	87	87	(3)	--	(3.4)	--
Sherman township	63	61	61	(2)	--	(3.3)	--
Thomas township	65	63	63	(2)	--	(3.2)	--
Trivoli township	72	70	70	(2)	--	(2.9)	--
Bal. of Valley township	55	54	54	(1)	--	(1.9)	--
Bal. of Wilson township	113	110	109	(4)	(1)	(3.7)	(0.9)
	95	93	92	(3)	(1)	(3.3)	(1.1)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Finney County	40,523	39,097	38,295	(2,228)	(802)	(5.8)	(2.1)
Garden City city	28,451	27,175	26,629	(1,822)	(546)	(6.8)	(2.1)
Holcomb city	2,026	1,895	1,856	(170)	(39)	(9.2)	(2.1)
Bal. of Finney County	10,046	10,027	9,810	(236)	(217)	(2.4)	(2.2)
Garden City township	7,400	7,137	6,970	(430)	(167)	(6.2)	(2.4)
Garfield township	331	421	416	85	(5)	20.4	(1.2)
Ivanhoe township	666	687	673	7	(14)	1.0	(2.1)
Pierceville township	551	569	558	7	(11)	1.3	(2.0)
Pleasant Valley township	139	166	164	25	(2)	15.2	(1.2)
Bal. of Sherlock township	732	792	778	46	(14)	5.9	(1.8)
Terry township	227	255	251	24	(4)	9.6	(1.6)
Ford County	32,458	33,783	33,340	882	(443)	2.6	(1.3)
Bucklin city	725	735	726	1	(9)	0.1	(1.2)
Dodge City city	25,176	26,101	25,737	561	(364)	2.2	(1.4)
Ford city	314	330	325	11	(5)	3.4	(1.5)
Spearville city	813	872	863	50	(9)	5.8	(1.0)
Bal. of Ford County	5,430	5,745	5,689	259	(56)	4.6	(1.0)
Bloom township	113	122	122	9	--	7.4	--
Bal. of Bucklin township	175	191	191	16	--	8.4	--
Concord township	117	130	130	13	--	10.0	--
Dodge township	899	934	921	22	(13)	2.4	(1.4)
Enterprise township	1,113	1,167	1,151	38	(16)	3.3	(1.4)
Fairview township	346	366	363	17	(3)	4.7	(0.8)
Bal. of Ford township	142	159	159	17	--	10.7	--
Grandview township	784	815	808	24	(7)	3.0	(0.9)
Richland township	931	974	960	29	(14)	3.0	(1.5)
Royal township	105	118	118	13	--	11.0	--
Sodville township	110	118	117	7	(1)	6.0	(0.9)
Bal. of Spearville township	337	370	369	32	(1)	8.7	(0.3)
Wheatland township	170	182	181	11	(1)	6.1	(0.6)
Wilburn township	88	99	99	11	--	11.1	--
Franklin County	24,784	26,513	26,479	1,695	(34)	6.4	(0.1)
Lane city	256	257	254	(2)	(3)	(0.8)	(1.2)
Ottawa city	11,921	12,792	12,828	907	36	7.1	0.3
Pomona city	923	936	943	20	7	2.1	0.7
Princeton city	317	325	328	11	3	3.4	0.9
Rantoul city	241	244	240	(1)	(4)	(0.4)	(1.7)
Richmond city	510	512	505	(5)	(7)	(1.0)	(1.4)
Wellsville city	1,606	1,685	1,731	125	46	7.2	2.7
Williamsburg city	351	359	357	6	(2)	1.7	(0.6)
Bal. of Franklin County	8,659	9,403	9,293	634	(110)	6.8	(1.2)
Appanoose township	293	329	329	36	--	10.9	--
Centropolis township	997	1,060	1,052	55	(8)	5.2	(0.8)
Bal. of Cutler township	615	672	669	54	(3)	8.1	(0.4)
Bal. of Franklin township	946	1,045	987	41	(58)	4.2	(5.9)
Greenwood township	429	466	464	35	(2)	7.5	(0.4)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Franklin County (cont'd)							
Harrison township	445	473	471	26	(2)	5.5	(0.4)
Hayes township	397	436	434	37	(2)	8.5	(0.5)
Homewood township	493	532	527	34	(5)	6.5	(0.9)
Lincoln township	797	842	831	34	(11)	4.1	(1.3)
Bal. of Ohio township	466	518	518	52	--	10.0	--
Ottawa township	868	913	891	23	(22)	2.6	(2.5)
Peoria township	626	676	672	46	(4)	6.8	(0.6)
Bal. of Pomona township	251	277	277	26	--	9.4	--
Bal. of Pottawatomie township	413	456	455	42	(1)	9.2	(0.2)
Bal. of Richmond township	302	342	343	41	1	12.0	0.3
Bal. of Williamsburg township	321	366	373	52	7	13.9	1.9
Geary County							
	27,947	24,174	25,150	(2,797)	976	(11.1)	3.9
Grandview Plaza city	1,184	1,017	994	(190)	(23)	(19.1)	(2.3)
Junction City city	18,886	16,106	15,576	(3,310)	(530)	(21.3)	(3.4)
Milford city	502	434	422	(80)	(12)	(19.0)	(2.8)
Bal. of Geary County	7,375	6,617	8,158	783	1,541	9.6	18.9
Blakely township	113	123	262	149	139	56.9	53.1
Jackson township	78	91	214	136	123	63.6	57.5
Bal. of Jefferson township	467	434	604	137	170	22.7	28.1
Liberty township	225	241	496	271	255	54.6	51.4
Lyon township	298	287	455	157	168	34.5	36.9
Bal. of Milford township	1,081	958	1,141	60	183	5.3	16.0
Smoky Hill township	4,974	4,332	4,666	(308)	334	(6.6)	7.2
Wingfield township	139	151	320	181	169	56.6	52.8
Gove County							
	3,068	2,721	2,637	(431)	(84)	(16.3)	(3.2)
Gove City city	105	94	91	(14)	(3)	(15.4)	(3.3)
Grainfield city	327	294	284	(43)	(10)	(15.1)	(3.5)
Grinnell city	329	295	286	(43)	(9)	(15.0)	(3.1)
Oakley city (pt.)	0	1	1	1	--	100.0	--
Park city	151	135	131	(20)	(4)	(15.3)	(3.1)
Quinter city	961	833	809	(152)	(24)	(18.8)	(3.0)
Bal. of Gove County	1,195	1,069	1,035	(160)	(34)	(15.5)	(3.3)
Bal. of Baker township	396	354	343	(53)	(11)	(15.5)	(3.2)
Gaeland township	46	41	40	(6)	(1)	(15.0)	(2.5)
Bal. of Gove township	110	98	95	(15)	(3)	(15.8)	(3.2)
Bal. of Grainfield township	103	92	89	(14)	(3)	(15.7)	(3.4)
Bal. of Grinnell township	151	135	131	(20)	(4)	(15.3)	(3.1)
Jerome township	132	119	115	(17)	(4)	(14.8)	(3.5)
Larrabee township	80	72	69	(11)	(3)	(15.9)	(4.3)
Lewis township	13	12	11	(2)	(1)	(18.2)	(9.1)
Bal. of Payne township	164	146	142	(22)	(4)	(15.5)	(2.8)
Graham County							
	2,946	2,677	2,607	(339)	(70)	(13.0)	(2.7)
Bogue city	179	165	161	(18)	(4)	(11.2)	(2.5)
Hill City city	1,604	1,437	1,400	(204)	(37)	(14.6)	(2.6)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Graham County (cont'd)							
Morland city	164	151	147	(17)	(4)	(11.6)	(2.7)
Bal. of Graham County	999	924	899	(100)	(25)	(11.1)	(2.8)
Allodium township	46	43	41	(5)	(2)	(12.2)	(4.9)
Bryant township	115	106	103	(12)	(3)	(11.7)	(2.9)
Bal. of Gettysburg township	68	63	61	(7)	(2)	(11.5)	(3.3)
Graham township	53	49	48	(5)	(1)	(10.4)	(2.1)
Happy township	72	66	65	(7)	(1)	(10.8)	(1.5)
Bal. of Hill City township	143	132	129	(14)	(3)	(10.9)	(2.3)
Indiana township	42	39	38	(4)	(1)	(10.5)	(2.6)
Millbrook township	150	139	134	(16)	(5)	(11.9)	(3.7)
Morlan township	68	63	61	(7)	(2)	(11.5)	(3.3)
Nicodemus township	52	48	47	(5)	(1)	(10.6)	(2.1)
Pioneer township	57	53	52	(5)	(1)	(9.6)	(1.9)
Bal. of Solomon township	60	56	54	(6)	(2)	(11.1)	(3.7)
Bal. of Wildhorse township	73	67	66	(7)	(1)	(10.6)	(1.5)
Grant County							
Ulysses city	7,909	7,552	7,497	(412)	(55)	(5.5)	(0.7)
Bal. of Grant County	5,960	5,669	5,630	(330)	(39)	(5.9)	(0.7)
Bal. of Grant County	1,949	1,883	1,867	(82)	(16)	(4.4)	(0.9)
Gray County							
Cimarron city	5,904	5,852	5,641	(263)	(211)	(4.7)	(3.7)
Copeland city	1,934	2,029	1,969	35	(60)	1.8	(3.0)
Copeland city	339	320	306	(33)	(14)	(10.8)	(4.6)
Ensign city	203	198	190	(13)	(8)	(6.8)	(4.2)
Ingalls city	328	311	298	(30)	(13)	(10.1)	(4.4)
Montezuma city	966	963	934	(32)	(29)	(3.4)	(3.1)
Bal. of Gray County	2,134	2,031	1,944	(190)	(87)	(9.8)	(4.5)
Bal. of Cimarron township	445	407	384	(61)	(23)	(15.9)	(6.0)
Bal. of Copeland township	201	194	187	(14)	(7)	(7.5)	(3.7)
Bal. of East Hess township	169	164	158	(11)	(6)	(7.0)	(3.8)
Foote township	126	123	118	(8)	(5)	(6.8)	(4.2)
Bal. of Ingalls township	318	311	299	(19)	(12)	(6.4)	(4.0)
Logan township	216	210	202	(14)	(8)	(6.9)	(4.0)
Bal. of Montezuma township	659	622	596	(63)	(26)	(10.6)	(4.4)
Greeley County							
Horace city	1,534	1,331	1,297	(237)	(34)	(18.3)	(2.6)
Horace city	143	127	124	(19)	(3)	(15.3)	(2.4)
Tribune city	835	712	694	(141)	(18)	(20.3)	(2.6)
Bal. of Greeley County	556	492	479	(77)	(13)	(16.1)	(2.7)
Greenwood County							
Climax city	7,673	7,067	6,993	(680)	(74)	(9.7)	(1.1)
Climax city	64	60	59	(5)	(1)	(8.5)	(1.7)
Eureka city	2,914	2,639	2,607	(307)	(32)	(11.8)	(1.2)
Fall River city	156	146	145	(11)	(1)	(7.6)	(0.7)
Hamilton city	334	312	309	(25)	(3)	(8.1)	(1.0)
Madison city	857	771	765	(92)	(6)	(12.0)	(0.8)
Severy city	359	339	334	(25)	(5)	(7.5)	(1.5)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Greenwood County (cont'd)							
Virgil city	113	106	104	(9)	(2)	(8.7)	(1.9)
Bal. of Greenwood County	2,876	2,694	2,670	(206)	(24)	(7.7)	(0.9)
Bachelor township	230	217	215	(15)	(2)	(7.0)	(0.9)
Eureka township	451	417	418	(33)	1	(7.9)	0.2
Bal. of Fall River township	165	154	153	(12)	(1)	(7.8)	(0.7)
Bal. of Janesville township	214	203	200	(14)	(3)	(7.0)	(1.5)
Bal. of Lane township	54	49	48	(6)	(1)	(12.5)	(2.1)
Bal. of Madison township	298	281	278	(20)	(3)	(7.2)	(1.1)
Otter Creek township	211	198	196	(15)	(2)	(7.7)	(1.0)
Pleasant Grove township	52	49	48	(4)	(1)	(8.3)	(2.1)
Quincy township	163	153	151	(12)	(2)	(7.9)	(1.3)
Salem township	35	33	33	(2)	--	(6.1)	--
Bal. of Salt Springs township	307	289	286	(21)	(3)	(7.3)	(1.0)
Shell Rock township	173	162	160	(13)	(2)	(8.1)	(1.3)
South Salem township	127	119	117	(10)	(2)	(8.5)	(1.7)
Spring Creek township	154	145	144	(10)	(1)	(6.9)	(0.7)
Bal. of Twin Grove township	242	225	223	(19)	(2)	(8.5)	(0.9)
Hamilton County							
	2,670	2,594	2,632	(38)	38	(1.4)	1.4
Coolidge city	86	85	86	--	1	--	1.2
Syracuse city	1,824	1,780	1,768	(56)	(12)	(3.2)	(0.7)
Bal. of Hamilton County	760	729	778	18	49	2.3	6.3
Bear Creek township	69	71	72	3	1	4.2	1.4
Bal. of Coolidge township	42	43	43	1	--	2.3	--
Kendall township	101	101	102	1	1	1.0	1.0
Lamont township	89	91	92	3	1	3.3	1.1
Liberty township	38	39	40	2	1	5.0	2.5
Medway township	53	55	55	2	--	3.6	--
Richland township	27	28	29	2	1	6.9	3.4
Bal. of Syracuse township	341	301	345	4	44	1.2	12.8
Harper County							
	6,536	5,952	5,819	(717)	(133)	(12.3)	(2.3)
Anthony city	2,440	2,249	2,203	(237)	(46)	(10.8)	(2.1)
Attica city	636	592	580	(56)	(12)	(9.7)	(2.1)
Bluff City city	80	75	73	(7)	(2)	(9.6)	(2.7)
Danville city	59	55	54	(5)	(1)	(9.3)	(1.9)
Freeport city	6	7	7	1	--	14.3	--
Harper city	1,567	1,445	1,412	(155)	(33)	(11.0)	(2.3)
Waldron city	17	16	15	(2)	(1)	(13.3)	(6.7)
Bal. of Harper County	1,731	1,513	1,475	(256)	(38)	(17.4)	(2.6)
Bal. of Township No. 1	364	331	323	(41)	(8)	(12.7)	(2.5)
Bal. of Township No. 2	127	117	115	(12)	(2)	(10.4)	(1.7)
Township No. 3	394	299	289	(105)	(10)	(36.3)	(3.5)
Bal. of Township No. 4	146	131	128	(18)	(3)	(14.1)	(2.3)
Bal. of Township No. 5	404	367	358	(46)	(9)	(12.8)	(2.5)
Township No. 6	296	268	262	(34)	(6)	(13.0)	(2.3)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Harvey County	32,869	33,643	33,493	624	(150)	1.9	(0.4)
Burton city	932	901	890	(42)	(11)	(4.7)	(1.2)
Halstead city	1,873	1,902	1,886	13	(16)	0.7	(0.8)
Hesston city	3,509	3,656	3,701	192	45	5.2	1.2
Newton city	17,190	18,093	18,017	827	(76)	4.6	(0.4)
North Newton city	1,522	1,567	1,573	51	6	3.2	0.4
Sedgwick city (pt.)	1,326	1,413	1,409	83	(4)	5.9	(0.3)
Walton city	284	290	287	3	(3)	1.0	(1.0)
Bal. of Harvey County	6,233	5,821	5,730	(503)	(91)	(8.8)	(1.6)
Alta township	221	233	231	10	(2)	4.3	(0.9)
Bal. of Burton township	211	223	222	11	(1)	5.0	(0.5)
Darlington township	601	613	608	7	(5)	1.2	(0.8)
Bal. of Emma township	672	637	599	(73)	(38)	(12.2)	(6.3)
Garden township	294	307	305	11	(2)	3.6	(0.7)
Halstead township	353	363	359	6	(4)	1.7	(1.1)
Highland township	415	427	424	9	(3)	2.1	(0.7)
Lake township	173	184	183	10	(1)	5.5	(0.5)
Lakin township	357	370	368	11	(2)	3.0	(0.5)
Macon township	1,056	528	522	(534)	(6)	(102.3)	(1.1)
Bal. of Newton township	428	434	418	(10)	(16)	(2.4)	(3.8)
Pleasant township	439	453	449	10	(4)	2.2	(0.9)
Richland township	360	375	372	12	(3)	3.2	(0.8)
Bal. of Sedgwick township	385	396	393	8	(3)	2.0	(0.8)
Bal. of Walton township	268	278	277	9	(1)	3.2	(0.4)
Haskell County	4,307	4,171	4,032	(275)	(139)	(6.8)	(3.4)
Satanta city	1,239	1,161	1,124	(115)	(37)	(10.2)	(3.3)
Sublette city	1,592	1,561	1,509	(83)	(52)	(5.5)	(3.4)
Bal. of Haskell County	1,476	1,449	1,399	(77)	(50)	(5.5)	(3.6)
Bal. of Dudley township	575	565	546	(29)	(19)	(5.3)	(3.5)
Bal. of Haskell township	379	371	358	(21)	(13)	(5.9)	(3.6)
Lockport township	522	513	495	(27)	(18)	(5.5)	(3.6)
Hodgeman County	2,085	2,071	1,971	(114)	(100)	(5.8)	(5.1)
Hanston city	259	257	245	(14)	(12)	(5.7)	(4.9)
Jetmore city	903	897	855	(48)	(42)	(5.6)	(4.9)
Bal. of Hodgeman County	923	917	871	(52)	(46)	(6.0)	(5.3)
Benton township	48	48	46	(2)	(2)	(4.3)	(4.3)
Bal. of Center township	218	215	204	(14)	(11)	(6.9)	(5.4)
Hallet township	62	62	59	(3)	(3)	(5.1)	(5.1)
Bal. of Marena township	173	172	163	(10)	(9)	(6.1)	(5.5)
North Roscoe township	51	51	48	(3)	(3)	(6.3)	(6.3)
Sawlog township	93	93	88	(5)	(5)	(5.7)	(5.7)
South Roscoe township	76	75	72	(4)	(3)	(5.6)	(4.2)
Sterling township	144	143	136	(8)	(7)	(5.9)	(5.1)
Valley township	58	58	55	(3)	(3)	(5.5)	(5.5)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Jackson County	12,657	13,500	13,420	763	(80)	5.7	(0.6)
Circleville city	185	182	179	(6)	(3)	(3.4)	(1.7)
Delia city	179	185	181	2	(4)	1.1	(2.2)
Denison city	231	229	228	(3)	(1)	(1.3)	(0.4)
Holton city	3,353	3,359	3,312	(41)	(47)	(1.2)	(1.4)
Hoyt city	571	591	581	10	(10)	1.7	(1.7)
Mayetta city	312	365	359	47	(6)	13.1	(1.7)
Netawaka city	170	183	185	15	2	8.1	1.1
Soldier city	122	122	120	(2)	(2)	(1.7)	(1.7)
Whiting city	206	214	210	4	(4)	1.9	(1.9)
Bal. of Jackson County	7,328	8,070	8,065	737	(5)	9.1	(0.1)
Jefferson County	18,426	18,848	18,467	41	(381)	0.2	(2.1)
McLouth city	868	832	811	(57)	(21)	(7.0)	(2.6)
Meriden city	706	713	716	10	3	1.4	0.4
Nortonville city	620	590	577	(43)	(13)	(7.5)	(2.3)
Oskaloosa city	1,165	1,127	1,106	(59)	(21)	(5.3)	(1.9)
Ozawkie city	552	567	559	7	(8)	1.3	(1.4)
Perry city	901	867	852	(49)	(15)	(5.8)	(1.8)
Valley Falls city	1,254	1,190	1,158	(96)	(32)	(8.3)	(2.8)
Winchester city	579	570	555	(24)	(15)	(4.3)	(2.7)
Bal. of Jefferson County	11,781	12,392	12,133	352	(259)	2.9	(2.1)
Bal. of Delaware township	780	894	884	104	(10)	11.8	(1.1)
Fairview township	1,510	1,528	1,488	(22)	(40)	(1.5)	(2.7)
Bal. of Jefferson township	661	736	725	64	(11)	8.8	(1.5)
Kaw township	1,409	1,439	1,404	(5)	(35)	(0.4)	(2.5)
Bal. of Kentucky township	675	716	702	27	(14)	3.8	(2.0)
Bal. of Norton township	335	389	385	50	(4)	13.0	(1.0)
Bal. of Oskaloosa township	977	1,044	1,024	47	(20)	4.6	(2.0)
Bal. of Ozawkie township	856	897	876	20	(21)	2.3	(2.4)
Bal. of Rock Creek township	2,012	2,068	2,022	10	(46)	0.5	(2.3)
Rural township	804	843	825	21	(18)	2.5	(2.2)
Sarcoxie township	958	984	961	3	(23)	0.3	(2.4)
Bal. of Union township	804	854	837	33	(17)	3.9	(2.0)
Jewell County	3,791	3,324	3,198	(593)	(126)	(18.5)	(3.9)
Burr Oak city	265	224	215	(50)	(9)	(23.3)	(4.2)
Esbon city	148	132	126	(22)	(6)	(17.5)	(4.8)
Formoso city	129	114	110	(19)	(4)	(17.3)	(3.6)
Jewell city	483	435	413	(70)	(22)	(16.9)	(5.3)
Mankato city	976	837	807	(169)	(30)	(20.9)	(3.7)
Randall city	90	74	71	(19)	(3)	(26.8)	(4.2)
Webber city	37	33	32	(5)	(1)	(15.6)	(3.1)
Bal. of Jewell County	1,663	1,475	1,424	(239)	(51)	(16.8)	(3.6)
Allen township	43	38	37	(6)	(1)	(16.2)	(2.7)
Athens township	74	66	63	(11)	(3)	(17.5)	(4.8)
Browns Creek township	64	57	55	(9)	(2)	(16.4)	(3.6)
Bal. of Buffalo township	91	76	78	(13)	2	(16.7)	2.6

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Jewell County (cont'd)							
Bal. of Burr Oak township	73	65	62	(11)	(3)	(17.7)	(4.8)
Calvin township	65	58	55	(10)	(3)	(18.2)	(5.5)
Bal. of Center township	124	109	106	(18)	(3)	(17.0)	(2.8)
Erving township	60	53	51	(9)	(2)	(17.6)	(3.9)
Bal. of Esbon township	74	66	63	(11)	(3)	(17.5)	(4.8)
Bal. of Grant township	91	81	78	(13)	(3)	(16.7)	(3.8)
Harrison township	52	46	45	(7)	(1)	(15.6)	(2.2)
Highland township	49	43	42	(7)	(1)	(16.7)	(2.4)
Holmwood township	49	44	42	(7)	(2)	(16.7)	(4.8)
Ionia township	100	89	85	(15)	(4)	(17.6)	(4.7)
Bal. of Jackson township	86	77	74	(12)	(3)	(16.2)	(4.1)
Limestone township	49	44	42	(7)	(2)	(16.7)	(4.8)
Montana township	93	82	79	(14)	(3)	(17.7)	(3.8)
Odessa township	34	30	29	(5)	(1)	(17.2)	(3.4)
Bal. of Prairie township	82	76	73	(9)	(3)	(12.3)	(4.1)
Richland township	36	32	31	(5)	(1)	(16.1)	(3.2)
Sinclair township	67	59	57	(10)	(2)	(17.5)	(3.5)
Vicksburg township	28	25	24	(4)	(1)	(16.7)	(4.2)
Walnut township	80	71	68	(12)	(3)	(17.6)	(4.4)
Washington township	50	44	43	(7)	(1)	(16.3)	(2.3)
White Mound township	49	44	42	(7)	(2)	(16.7)	(4.8)
Johnson County							
Bonner Springs city (pt.)	1	5	6	5	1	83.3	16.7
De Soto city (pt.)	4,561	5,243	5,367	806	124	15.0	2.3
Edgerton city	1,440	1,744	1,788	348	44	19.5	2.5
Fairway city	3,952	3,833	3,832	(120)	(1)	(3.1)	--
Gardner city	9,396	15,597	16,462	7,066	865	42.9	5.3
Lake Quivira city (pt.)	883	876	884	1	8	0.1	0.9
Leawood city	27,656	30,702	31,012	3,356	310	10.8	1.0
Lenexa city	40,238	44,520	45,681	5,443	1,161	11.9	2.5
Merriam city	11,008	10,773	10,790	(218)	17	(2.0)	0.2
Mission city	9,727	9,736	9,743	16	7	0.2	0.1
Mission Hills city	3,593	3,526	3,537	(56)	11	(1.6)	0.3
Mission Woods city	165	159	159	(6)	--	(3.8)	--
Olathe city	92,962	114,662	118,034	25,072	3,372	21.2	2.9
Overland Park city	149,080	166,722	169,403	20,323	2,681	12.0	1.6
Prairie Village city	22,072	21,414	21,422	(650)	8	(3.0)	--
Roeland Park city	6,817	6,954	6,951	134	(3)	1.9	--
Shawnee city	47,996	59,252	59,958	11,962	706	20.0	1.2
Spring Hill city (pt.)	2,291	3,931	4,113	1,822	182	44.3	4.4
Westwood city	1,533	1,478	1,478	(55)	--	(3.7)	--
Westwood Hills city	378	364	363	(15)	(1)	(4.1)	(0.3)
Bal. of Johnson County	15,042	15,240	15,336	294	96	1.9	0.6
Aubry township	5,440	5,484	5,529	89	45	1.6	0.8
Gardner township	2,143	2,138	2,150	7	12	0.3	0.6
Lexington township	1,315	1,489	1,508	193	19	12.8	1.3

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Johnson County (cont'd)							
McCamish township	878	991	1,008	130	17	12.9	1.7
Olathe township	1,187	1,108	1,113	(74)	5	(6.6)	0.4
Oxford township	2,020	1,929	1,917	(103)	(12)	(5.4)	(0.6)
Spring Hill township	2,059	2,101	2,111	52	10	2.5	0.5
Kearny County							
Deerfield city	884	878	812	(72)	(66)	(8.9)	(8.1)
Lakin city	2,316	2,275	2,115	(201)	(160)	(9.5)	(7.6)
Bal. of Kearny County	1,331	1,316	1,221	(110)	(95)	(9.0)	(7.8)
Bal. of Deerfield township	220	217	201	(19)	(16)	(9.5)	(8.0)
East Hibbard township	131	129	120	(11)	(9)	(9.2)	(7.5)
Hartland township	128	126	116	(12)	(10)	(10.3)	(8.6)
Kendall township	157	154	143	(14)	(11)	(9.8)	(7.7)
Bal. of Lakin township	271	268	251	(20)	(17)	(8.0)	(6.8)
Southside township	359	358	331	(28)	(27)	(8.5)	(8.2)
West Hibbard township	65	64	59	(6)	(5)	(10.2)	(8.5)
Kingman County							
Cunningham city	514	467	459	(55)	(8)	(12.0)	(1.7)
Kingman city	3,387	3,110	3,056	(331)	(54)	(10.8)	(1.8)
Nashville city	111	103	101	(10)	(2)	(9.9)	(2.0)
Norwich city	551	510	501	(50)	(9)	(10.0)	(1.8)
Penalosa city	27	25	25	(2)	--	(8.0)	--
Spivey city	80	75	74	(6)	(1)	(8.1)	(1.4)
Zenda city	123	115	113	(10)	(2)	(8.8)	(1.8)
Bal. of Kingman County	3,880	3,570	3,497	(383)	(73)	(11.0)	(2.1)
Allen township	109	101	99	(10)	(2)	(10.1)	(2.0)
Belmont township	92	82	84	(8)	2	(9.5)	2.4
Bal. of Bennett township	154	143	140	(14)	(3)	(10.0)	(2.1)
Canton township	118	110	108	(10)	(2)	(9.3)	(1.9)
Bal. of Chikaskia township	60	56	55	(5)	(1)	(9.1)	(1.8)
Dale township	203	186	182	(21)	(4)	(11.5)	(2.2)
Bal. of Dresden township	126	117	114	(12)	(3)	(10.5)	(2.6)
Eagle township	154	143	140	(14)	(3)	(10.0)	(2.1)
Bal. of Eureka township	96	90	88	(8)	(2)	(9.1)	(2.3)
Evan township	516	477	468	(48)	(9)	(10.3)	(1.9)
Galesburg township	254	234	229	(25)	(5)	(10.9)	(2.2)
Hoosier township	162	150	147	(15)	(3)	(10.2)	(2.0)
Kingman township	124	115	113	(11)	(2)	(9.7)	(1.8)
Bal. of Liberty township	67	63	62	(5)	(1)	(8.1)	(1.6)
Ninnescah township	313	290	284	(29)	(6)	(10.2)	(2.1)
Peters township	201	190	181	(20)	(9)	(11.0)	(5.0)
Richland township	100	93	91	(9)	(2)	(9.9)	(2.2)
Bal. of Rochester township	87	81	80	(7)	(1)	(8.8)	(1.3)
Bal. of Rural township	104	97	95	(9)	(2)	(9.5)	(2.1)
Union township	88	82	81	(7)	(1)	(8.6)	(1.2)
Valley township	102	95	93	(9)	(2)	(9.7)	(2.2)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Kingman County (cont'd)							
Vinita township	249	230	225	(24)	(5)	(10.7)	(2.2)
White township	401	345	338	(63)	(7)	(18.6)	(2.1)
Kiowa County							
Greensburg city	1,574	1,389	1,383	(191)	(6)	(13.8)	(0.4)
Haviland city	612	572	569	(43)	(3)	(7.6)	(0.5)
Mullinville city	279	257	255	(24)	(2)	(9.4)	(0.8)
Bal. of Kiowa County	813	751	746	(67)	(5)	(9.0)	(0.7)
Labette County							
Altamont city	1,092	1,064	1,056	(36)	(8)	(3.4)	(0.8)
Bartlett city	124	124	122	(2)	(2)	(1.6)	(1.6)
Chetopa city	1,281	1,234	1,224	(57)	(10)	(4.7)	(0.8)
Edna city	423	422	417	(6)	(5)	(1.4)	(1.2)
Labette city	68	68	67	(1)	(1)	(1.5)	(1.5)
Mound Valley city	418	414	409	(9)	(5)	(2.2)	(1.2)
Oswego city	2,046	2,000	1,983	(63)	(17)	(3.2)	(0.9)
Parsons city	11,514	11,237	11,122	(392)	(115)	(3.5)	(1.0)
Bal. of Labette County	5,869	5,640	5,573	(296)	(67)	(5.3)	(1.2)
Canada township	217	208	205	(12)	(3)	(5.9)	(1.5)
Bal. of Elm Grove township	375	359	355	(20)	(4)	(5.6)	(1.1)
Fairview township	239	230	227	(12)	(3)	(5.3)	(1.3)
Bal. of Hackberry township	279	269	265	(14)	(4)	(5.3)	(1.5)
Howard township	357	343	339	(18)	(4)	(5.3)	(1.2)
Bal. of Labette township	373	360	355	(18)	(5)	(5.1)	(1.4)
Bal. of Liberty township	327	314	310	(17)	(4)	(5.5)	(1.3)
Montana township	179	171	169	(10)	(2)	(5.9)	(1.2)
Bal. of Mound Valley township	388	372	368	(20)	(4)	(5.4)	(1.1)
Bal. of Mount Pleasant township	259	248	245	(14)	(3)	(5.7)	(1.2)
Neosho township	222	213	211	(11)	(2)	(5.2)	(0.9)
North township	612	590	583	(29)	(7)	(5.0)	(1.2)
Osage township	703	676	667	(36)	(9)	(5.4)	(1.3)
Oswego township	310	298	295	(15)	(3)	(5.1)	(1.0)
Richland township	303	291	288	(15)	(3)	(5.2)	(1.0)
Walton township	726	698	691	(35)	(7)	(5.1)	(1.0)
Lane County							
Dighton city	1,261	1,050	1,020	(241)	(30)	(23.6)	(2.9)
Bal. of Lane County	894	747	726	(168)	(21)	(23.1)	(2.9)
Alamota township	108	90	88	(20)	(2)	(22.7)	(2.3)
Cheyenne township	336	280	272	(64)	(8)	(23.5)	(2.9)
Bal. of Dighton township	312	261	254	(58)	(7)	(22.8)	(2.8)
White Rock township	26	22	21	(5)	(1)	(23.8)	(4.8)
Wilson township	112	94	91	(21)	(3)	(23.1)	(3.3)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Leavenworth County	68,691	73,628	73,603	4,912	(25)	6.7	--
Basehor city	2,238	3,523	3,729	1,491	206	40.0	5.5
Bonner Springs city (pt.)	--	8	8	8	--	100.0	--
De Soto city (pt.)	--	1	2	2	1	100.0	50.0
Easton city	362	354	346	(16)	(8)	(4.6)	(2.3)
Lansing city	9,199	10,705	10,680	1,481	(25)	13.9	(0.2)
Leavenworth city	35,420	34,993	34,787	(633)	(206)	(1.8)	(0.6)
Linwood city	374	391	389	15	(2)	3.9	(0.5)
Tonganoxie city	2,728	4,101	4,156	1,428	55	34.4	1.3
Bal. of Leavenworth County	18,370	19,552	19,506	1,136	(46)	5.8	(0.2)
Alexandria township	859	1,019	1,026	167	7	16.3	0.7
Delaware township	1,361	1,027	1,014	(347)	(13)	(34.2)	(1.3)
Bal. of Easton township	883	1,024	1,035	152	11	14.7	1.1
Bal. of Fairmount township	4,028	4,191	4,166	138	(25)	3.3	(0.6)
High Prairie township	1,768	1,939	1,936	168	(3)	8.7	(0.2)
Kickapoo township	1,760	1,928	1,925	165	(3)	8.6	(0.2)
Reno township	1,143	1,293	1,295	152	2	11.7	0.2
Bal. of Sherman township	1,993	2,156	2,149	156	(7)	7.3	(0.3)
Bal. of Stranger township	2,245	2,441	2,435	190	(6)	7.8	(0.2)
Bal. of Tonganoxie township	2,330	2,534	2,525	195	(9)	7.7	(0.4)
Lincoln County	3,578	3,396	3,285	(293)	(111)	(8.9)	(3.4)
Barnard city	123	119	115	(8)	(4)	(7.0)	(3.5)
Beverly city	199	192	185	(14)	(7)	(7.6)	(3.8)
Lincoln Center city	1,349	1,258	1,222	(127)	(36)	(10.4)	(2.9)
Sylvan Grove city	324	299	288	(36)	(11)	(12.5)	(3.8)
Bal. of Lincoln County	1,583	1,528	1,475	(108)	(53)	(7.3)	(3.6)
Linn County	9,570	9,962	9,767	197	(195)	2.0	(2.0)
Blue Mound city	277	296	292	15	(4)	5.1	(1.4)
La Cygne city	1,115	1,155	1,131	16	(24)	1.4	(2.1)
Linn Valley city	562	591	584	22	(7)	3.8	(1.2)
Mound City city	821	820	804	(17)	(16)	(2.1)	(2.0)
Parker city	281	305	300	19	(5)	6.3	(1.7)
Pleasanton city	1,387	1,370	1,337	(50)	(33)	(3.7)	(2.5)
Prescott city	280	282	276	(4)	(6)	(1.4)	(2.2)
Bal. of Linn County	4,847	5,143	5,043	196	(100)	3.9	(2.0)
Bal. of Blue Mound township	223	249	246	23	(3)	9.3	(1.2)
Centerville township	389	427	421	32	(6)	7.6	(1.4)
Bal. of Liberty township	627	664	651	24	(13)	3.7	(2.0)
Bal. of Lincoln township	581	603	590	9	(13)	1.5	(2.2)
Bal. of Mound City township	600	627	611	11	(16)	1.8	(2.6)
Paris township	494	521	510	16	(11)	3.1	(2.2)
Bal. of Potosi township	693	725	710	17	(15)	2.4	(2.1)
Bal. of Scott township	634	665	651	17	(14)	2.6	(2.2)
Bal. of Sheridan township	280	304	299	19	(5)	6.4	(1.7)
Stanton township	169	185	183	14	(2)	7.7	(1.1)
Valley township	157	173	171	14	(2)	8.2	(1.2)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Logan County	3,046	2,675	2,628	(418)	(47)	(15.9)	(1.8)
Oakley city (pt.)	2,118	1,851	1,820	(298)	(31)	(16.4)	(1.7)
Russell Springs city	32	29	28	(4)	(1)	(14.3)	(3.6)
Winona city	228	195	192	(36)	(3)	(18.8)	(1.6)
Bal. of Logan County	668	600	588	(80)	(12)	(13.6)	(2.0)
Augustine township	26	23	23	(3)	--	(13.0)	--
Elkader township	15	13	13	(2)	--	(15.4)	--
Lees township	17	15	15	(2)	--	(13.3)	--
Logansport township	14	13	12	(2)	(1)	(16.7)	(8.3)
McAllaster township	29	26	26	(3)	--	(11.5)	--
Monument township	144	129	127	(17)	(2)	(13.4)	(1.6)
Bal. of Oakley township	225	202	198	(27)	(4)	(13.6)	(2.0)
Paxton township	24	22	21	(3)	(1)	(14.3)	(4.8)
Bal. of Russell Springs township	39	35	34	(5)	(1)	(14.7)	(2.9)
Western township	44	40	39	(5)	(1)	(12.8)	(2.6)
Bal. of Winona township	91	82	80	(11)	(2)	(13.8)	(2.5)
Lyon County	35,935	35,369	35,981	46	612	0.1	1.7
Admire city	177	175	177	--	2	--	1.1
Allen city	211	213	216	5	3	2.3	1.4
Americus city	938	914	933	(5)	19	(0.5)	2.0
Bushong city	55	51	51	(4)	--	(7.8)	--
Emporia city	26,760	26,188	26,662	(98)	474	(0.4)	1.8
Hartford city	500	496	502	2	6	0.4	1.2
Neosho Rapids city	274	273	276	2	3	0.7	1.1
Olpe city	504	501	507	3	6	0.6	1.2
Reading city	247	245	248	1	3	0.4	1.2
Bal. of Lyon County	6,269	6,313	6,409	140	96	2.2	1.5
Bal. of Agnes City township	202	220	225	23	5	10.2	2.2
Bal. of Americus township	584	592	602	18	10	3.0	1.7
Bal. of Center township	697	716	730	33	14	4.5	1.9
Bal. of Elmendaro township	449	466	475	26	9	5.5	1.9
Emporia township	1,167	1,115	1,120	(47)	5	(4.2)	0.4
Fremont township	842	844	859	17	15	2.0	1.7
Bal. of Ivy township	127	132	135	8	3	5.9	2.2
Bal. of Jackson township	721	730	742	21	12	2.8	1.6
Pike township	899	897	909	10	12	1.1	1.3
Bal. of Reading township	300	312	318	18	6	5.7	1.9
Waterloo township	281	289	294	13	5	4.4	1.7
McPherson County	29,554	29,380	29,196	(358)	(184)	(1.2)	(0.6)
Canton city	829	803	797	(32)	(6)	(4.0)	(0.8)
Galva city	701	792	797	96	5	12.0	0.6
Inman city	1,142	1,194	1,191	49	(3)	4.1	(0.3)
Lindsborg city	3,321	3,286	3,262	(59)	(24)	(1.8)	(0.7)
McPherson city	13,770	13,594	13,487	(283)	(107)	(2.1)	(0.8)
Marquette city	542	588	589	47	1	8.0	0.2

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

Certified to the Secretary of State by Division of the Budget on July 1, 2008

	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
McPherson County (cont'd)							
Moundridge city	1,593	1,639	1,629	36	(10)	2.2	(0.6)
Windom city	137	134	132	(5)	(2)	(3.8)	(1.5)
Bal. of McPherson County	7,519	7,350	7,312	(207)	(38)	(2.8)	(0.5)
Battle Hill township	91	98	98	7	--	7.1	--
Bonaville township	66	76	77	11	1	14.3	1.3
Bal. of Canton township	261	264	264	3	--	1.1	--
Bal. of Castle township	88	96	97	9	1	9.3	1.0
Delmore township	138	145	145	7	--	4.8	--
Bal. of Empire township	477	474	472	(5)	(2)	(1.1)	(0.4)
Groveland township	234	238	237	3	(1)	1.3	(0.4)
Gypsum Creek township	215	217	216	1	(1)	0.5	(0.5)
Harper township	137	143	143	6	--	4.2	--
Hayes township	287	289	288	1	(1)	0.3	(0.3)
Jackson township	198	202	201	3	(1)	1.5	(0.5)
King City township	544	540	536	(8)	(4)	(1.5)	(0.7)
Little Valley township	475	472	468	(7)	(4)	(1.5)	(0.9)
Lone Tree township	486	482	478	(8)	(4)	(1.7)	(0.8)
McPherson township	618	597	591	(27)	(6)	(4.6)	(1.0)
Bal. of Marquette township	234	187	187	(47)	--	(25.1)	--
Meridian township	341	341	339	(2)	(2)	(0.6)	(0.6)
Bal. of Mound township	511	438	435	(76)	(3)	(17.5)	(0.7)
New Gottland township	354	355	353	(1)	(2)	(0.3)	(0.6)
Smoky Hill township	297	297	295	(2)	(2)	(0.7)	(0.7)
South Sharps Creek township	112	120	120	8	--	6.7	--
Spring Valley township	373	372	370	(3)	(2)	(0.8)	(0.5)
Bal. of Superior township	498	416	413	(85)	(3)	(20.6)	(0.7)
Turkey Creek township	294	296	295	1	(1)	0.3	(0.3)
Union township	190	195	194	4	(1)	2.1	(0.5)
Marion County							
Burns city	13,361	12,760	12,238	(1,123)	(522)	(9.2)	(4.3)
Durham city	268	274	259	(9)	(15)	(3.5)	(5.8)
Florence city	114	108	102	(12)	(6)	(11.8)	(5.9)
Florence city	671	637	605	(66)	(32)	(10.9)	(5.3)
Goessel city	565	538	516	(49)	(22)	(9.5)	(4.3)
Hillsboro city	2,854	2,715	2,666	(188)	(49)	(7.1)	(1.8)
Lehigh city	215	204	193	(22)	(11)	(11.4)	(5.7)
Lincolnton city	225	217	206	(19)	(11)	(9.2)	(5.3)
Lost Springs city	71	67	63	(8)	(4)	(12.7)	(6.3)
Marion city	2,110	1,992	1,897	(213)	(95)	(11.2)	(5.0)
Peabody city	1,384	1,277	1,219	(165)	(58)	(13.5)	(4.8)
Ramona city	94	89	84	(10)	(5)	(11.9)	(6.0)
Tampa city	144	138	131	(13)	(7)	(9.9)	(5.3)
Bal. of Marion County	4,646	4,504	4,297	(349)	(207)	(8.1)	(4.8)
Bal. of Blaine township	68	70	67	(1)	(3)	(1.5)	(4.5)
Bal. of Catlin township	171	166	159	(12)	(7)	(7.5)	(4.4)
Centre township	535	506	480	(55)	(26)	(11.5)	(5.4)
Clark township	149	144	138	(11)	(6)	(8.0)	(4.3)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Marion County (cont'd)							
Bal. of Clear Creek township	367	351	336	(31)	(15)	(9.2)	(4.5)
Bal. of Colfax township	124	122	117	(7)	(5)	(6.0)	(4.3)
Doyle township	75	77	74	(1)	(3)	(1.4)	(4.1)
Bal. of Durham Park township	116	115	110	(6)	(5)	(5.5)	(4.5)
East Branch township	188	182	174	(14)	(8)	(8.0)	(4.6)
Fairplay township	121	122	117	(4)	(5)	(3.4)	(4.3)
Gale township	220	211	200	(20)	(11)	(10.0)	(5.5)
Grant township	128	131	126	(2)	(5)	(1.6)	(4.0)
Bal. of Lehigh township	155	152	146	(9)	(6)	(6.2)	(4.1)
Liberty township	327	314	296	(31)	(18)	(10.5)	(6.1)
Logan township	127	125	120	(7)	(5)	(5.8)	(4.2)
Bal. of Lost Springs township	130	127	122	(8)	(5)	(6.6)	(4.1)
Menno township	317	304	290	(27)	(14)	(9.3)	(4.8)
Bal. of Milton township	80	80	77	(3)	(3)	(3.9)	(3.9)
Moore township	65	67	64	(1)	(3)	(1.6)	(4.7)
Bal. of Peabody township	169	165	157	(12)	(8)	(7.6)	(5.1)
Risley township	241	232	221	(20)	(11)	(9.0)	(5.0)
Summit township	82	83	80	(2)	(3)	(2.5)	(3.8)
Bal. of West Branch township	459	435	414	(45)	(21)	(10.9)	(5.1)
Wilson township	232	223	212	(20)	(11)	(9.4)	(5.2)
Marshall County							
	10,965	10,349	10,186	(779)	(163)	(7.6)	(1.6)
Axtell city	445	431	423	(22)	(8)	(5.2)	(1.9)
Beattie city	277	265	261	(16)	(4)	(6.1)	(1.5)
Blue Rapids city	1,088	1,041	1,022	(66)	(19)	(6.5)	(1.9)
Frankfort city	855	790	779	(76)	(11)	(9.8)	(1.4)
Marysville city	3,271	3,143	3,103	(168)	(40)	(5.4)	(1.3)
Oketo city	87	83	82	(5)	(1)	(6.1)	(1.2)
Summerfield city	211	202	199	(12)	(3)	(6.0)	(1.5)
Vermillion city	107	97	95	(12)	(2)	(12.6)	(2.1)
Waterville city	681	627	616	(65)	(11)	(10.6)	(1.8)
Bal. of Marshall County	3,943	3,670	3,606	(337)	(64)	(9.3)	(1.8)
Balderson township	106	102	100	(6)	(2)	(6.0)	(2.0)
Bigelow township	66	63	62	(4)	(1)	(6.5)	(1.6)
Blue Rapids township	78	75	73	(5)	(2)	(6.8)	(2.7)
Bal. of Blue Rapids City township	113	109	107	(6)	(2)	(5.6)	(1.9)
Center township	151	145	142	(9)	(3)	(6.3)	(2.1)
Clear Fork township	54	52	51	(3)	(1)	(5.9)	(2.0)
Cleveland township	91	87	86	(5)	(1)	(5.8)	(1.2)
Cottage Hill township	143	136	133	(10)	(3)	(7.5)	(2.3)
Elm Creek township	178	170	167	(11)	(3)	(6.6)	(1.8)
Franklin township	337	323	315	(22)	(8)	(7.0)	(2.5)
Bal. of Guittard township	177	170	166	(11)	(4)	(6.6)	(2.4)
Herkimer township	234	223	219	(15)	(4)	(6.8)	(1.8)
Lincoln township	130	124	122	(8)	(2)	(6.6)	(1.6)
Logan township	335	320	314	(21)	(6)	(6.7)	(1.9)
Marysville township	383	267	270	(113)	3	(41.9)	1.1

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Marshall County (cont'd)							
Bal. of Murray township	195	183	180	(15)	(3)	(8.3)	(1.7)
Bal. of Noble township	110	105	103	(7)	(2)	(6.8)	(1.9)
Bal. of Oketo township	164	156	153	(11)	(3)	(7.2)	(2.0)
Bal. of Richland township	130	124	122	(8)	(2)	(6.6)	(1.6)
Rock township	123	118	116	(7)	(2)	(6.0)	(1.7)
Bal. of St. Bridget township	97	93	91	(6)	(2)	(6.6)	(2.2)
Bal. of Vermillion township	157	151	148	(9)	(3)	(6.1)	(2.0)
Walnut township	144	138	135	(9)	(3)	(6.7)	(2.2)
Bal. of Waterville township	116	111	109	(7)	(2)	(6.4)	(1.8)
Wells township	131	125	122	(9)	(3)	(7.4)	(2.5)
Meade County							
Bal. of Meade County	4,631	4,561	4,403	(228)	(158)	(5.2)	(3.6)
Fowler city	567	570	551	(16)	(19)	(2.9)	(3.4)
Meade city	1,672	1,608	1,553	(119)	(55)	(7.7)	(3.5)
Plains city	1,163	1,146	1,107	(56)	(39)	(5.1)	(3.5)
Bal. of Meade County	1,229	1,237	1,192	(37)	(45)	(3.1)	(3.8)
Cimarron township	93	94	90	(3)	(4)	(3.3)	(4.4)
Crooked Creek township	92	92	89	(3)	(3)	(3.4)	(3.4)
Bal. of Fowler township	182	183	176	(6)	(7)	(3.4)	(4.0)
Logan township	100	101	97	(3)	(4)	(3.1)	(4.1)
Bal. of Meade Center township	296	298	288	(8)	(10)	(2.8)	(3.5)
Mertilla township	221	223	215	(6)	(8)	(2.8)	(3.7)
Odee township	50	53	51	1	(2)	2.0	(3.9)
Sand Creek township	38	35	34	(4)	(1)	(11.8)	(2.9)
Bal. of West Plains township	157	158	152	(5)	(6)	(3.3)	(3.9)
Miami County							
Bal. of Miami County	28,351	30,900	31,078	2,727	178	8.8	0.6
Fontana city	149	208	214	65	6	30.4	2.8
Louisburg city	2,576	3,598	3,787	1,211	189	32.0	5.0
Osawatomie city	4,645	4,588	4,533	(112)	(55)	(2.5)	(1.2)
Paola city	5,011	5,339	5,368	357	29	6.7	0.5
Spring Hill city (pt.)	436	891	952	516	61	54.2	6.4
Bal. of Miami County	15,534	16,276	16,224	690	(52)	4.3	(0.3)
Marysville township	2,575	2,651	2,622	47	(29)	1.8	(1.1)
Miami township	506	567	569	63	2	11.1	0.4
Middle Creek township	1,649	1,740	1,736	87	(4)	5.0	(0.2)
Mound township	705	751	749	44	(2)	5.9	(0.3)
Bal. of Osage township	500	506	507	7	1	1.4	0.2
Osawatomie township	794	838	835	41	(3)	4.9	(0.4)
Paola township	1,100	1,128	1,126	26	(2)	2.3	(0.2)
Richland township	1,758	1,871	1,869	111	(2)	5.9	(0.1)
Stanton township	925	990	987	62	(3)	6.3	(0.3)
Sugar Creek township	449	497	498	49	1	9.8	0.2
Ten Mile township	1,259	1,334	1,331	72	(3)	5.4	(0.2)
Valley township	1,478	1,539	1,531	53	(8)	3.5	(0.5)
Wea township	1,836	1,864	1,864	28	--	1.5	--

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Mitchell County	6,932	6,299	6,307	(625)	8	(9.9)	0.1
Beloit city	4,019	3,639	3,645	(374)	6	(10.3)	0.2
Cawker City city	521	464	463	(58)	(1)	(12.5)	(0.2)
Glen Elder city	439	390	393	(46)	3	(11.7)	0.8
Hunter city	77	70	70	(7)	--	(10.0)	--
Scottsville city	21	20	19	(2)	(1)	(10.5)	(5.3)
Simpson city (pt.)	114	100	101	(13)	1	(12.9)	1.0
Tipton city	243	225	227	(16)	2	(7.0)	0.9
Bal. of Mitchell County	1,498	1,391	1,389	(109)	(2)	(7.8)	(0.1)
Asherville township	122	113	113	(9)	--	(8.0)	--
Beloit township	222	206	206	(16)	--	(7.8)	--
Bloomfield township	83	77	78	(5)	1	(6.4)	1.3
Blue Hill township	36	33	33	(3)	--	(9.1)	--
Carr Creek township	31	29	29	(2)	--	(6.9)	--
Bal. of Cawker township	57	53	53	(4)	--	(7.5)	--
Center township	49	45	45	(4)	--	(8.9)	--
Bal. of Custer township	55	51	51	(4)	--	(7.8)	--
Eureka township	41	38	38	(3)	--	(7.9)	--
Bal. of Glen Elder township	114	106	106	(8)	--	(7.5)	--
Hayes township	21	20	20	(1)	--	(5.0)	--
Bal. of Logan township	54	50	50	(4)	--	(8.0)	--
Bal. of Lulu township	69	65	65	(4)	--	(6.2)	--
Bal. of Pittsburg township	103	96	94	(9)	(2)	(9.6)	(2.1)
Plum Creek township	119	110	110	(9)	--	(8.2)	--
Round Springs township	27	25	25	(2)	--	(8.0)	--
Salt Creek township	39	36	36	(3)	--	(8.3)	--
Solomon Rapids township	80	74	74	(6)	--	(8.1)	--
Turkey Creek township	134	125	124	(10)	(1)	(8.1)	(0.8)
Walnut Creek township	42	39	39	(3)	--	(7.7)	--
Montgomery County	36,252	34,692	34,511	(1,741)	(181)	(5.0)	(0.5)
Caney city	2,092	1,994	1,985	(107)	(9)	(5.4)	(0.5)
Cherryvale city	2,386	2,271	2,263	(123)	(8)	(5.4)	(0.4)
Coffeyville city	11,021	10,387	10,349	(672)	(38)	(6.5)	(0.4)
Dearing city	415	453	449	34	(4)	7.6	(0.9)
Elk City city	305	300	297	(8)	(3)	(2.7)	(1.0)
Havana city	86	85	84	(2)	(1)	(2.4)	(1.2)
Independence city	9,846	9,317	9,277	(569)	(40)	(6.1)	(0.4)
Liberty city	95	94	93	(2)	(1)	(2.2)	(1.1)
Tyro city	226	223	221	(5)	(2)	(2.3)	(0.9)
Bal. of Montgomery County	9,780	9,568	9,493	(287)	(75)	(3.0)	(0.8)
Bal. of Caney township	1,017	1,004	996	(21)	(8)	(2.1)	(0.8)
Cherokee township	541	533	520	(21)	(13)	(4.0)	(2.5)
Cherry township	517	509	505	(12)	(4)	(2.4)	(0.8)
Drum Creek township	537	530	527	(10)	(3)	(1.9)	(0.6)
Bal. of Fawn Creek township	1,536	1,461	1,451	(85)	(10)	(5.9)	(0.7)
Independence township	2,342	2,303	2,289	(53)	(14)	(2.3)	(0.6)
Bal. of Liberty township	378	373	370	(8)	(3)	(2.2)	(0.8)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Montgomery County (cont'd)							
Bal. of Louisburg township	324	319	317	(7)	(2)	(2.2)	(0.6)
Parker township	1,212	1,174	1,167	(45)	(7)	(3.9)	(0.6)
Rutland township	302	300	297	(5)	(3)	(1.7)	(1.0)
Sycamore township	835	825	819	(16)	(6)	(2.0)	(0.7)
West Cherry township	239	237	235	(4)	(2)	(1.7)	(0.9)
Morris County							
Council Grove city	6,104	6,046	5,967	(137)	(79)	(2.3)	(1.3)
Dunlap city	2,321	2,280	2,253	(68)	(27)	(3.0)	(1.2)
Dwight city	81	82	80	(1)	(2)	(1.3)	(2.5)
Herington city (pt.)	330	331	324	(6)	(7)	(1.9)	(2.2)
Latimer city	--	1	4	4	3	100.0	75.0
Parkerville city	21	21	20	(1)	(1)	(5.0)	(5.0)
White City city	73	73	71	(2)	(2)	(2.8)	(2.8)
Wilsey city	518	500	505	(13)	5	(2.6)	1.0
Bal. of Morris County	191	191	187	(4)	(4)	(2.1)	(2.1)
Highland township	2,569	2,567	2,523	(46)	(44)	(1.8)	(1.7)
Overland township	94	94	92	(2)	(2)	(2.2)	(2.2)
Bal. of Township No. 1	60	60	59	(1)	(1)	(1.7)	(1.7)
Township No. 2	470	471	463	(7)	(8)	(1.5)	(1.7)
Bal. of Township No. 3	688	688	677	(11)	(11)	(1.6)	(1.6)
Bal. of Township No. 4	173	172	169	(4)	(3)	(2.4)	(1.8)
Bal. of Township No. 5	179	179	175	(4)	(4)	(2.3)	(2.3)
Bal. of Township No. 6	168	168	165	(3)	(3)	(1.8)	(1.8)
Township No. 7	90	90	89	(1)	(1)	(1.1)	(1.1)
Township No. 8	258	257	253	(5)	(4)	(2.0)	(1.6)
Bal. of Township No. 9	212	211	207	(5)	(4)	(2.4)	(1.9)
	177	177	174	(3)	(3)	(1.7)	(1.7)
Morton County							
Elkhart city	3,496	3,138	3,038	(458)	(100)	(15.1)	(3.3)
Richfield city	2,233	2,000	1,940	(293)	(60)	(15.1)	(3.1)
Rolla city	48	43	42	(6)	(1)	(14.3)	(2.4)
Bal. of Morton County	482	437	421	(61)	(16)	(14.5)	(3.8)
Cimarron township	733	658	635	(98)	(23)	(15.4)	(3.6)
Jones township	67	61	58	(9)	(3)	(15.5)	(5.2)
Bal. of Richfield township	17	15	15	(2)	--	(13.3)	--
Bal. of Rolla township	170	154	149	(21)	(5)	(14.1)	(3.4)
Bal. of Taloga township	168	152	147	(21)	(5)	(14.3)	(3.4)
Westola township	204	179	172	(32)	(7)	(18.6)	(4.1)
	107	97	94	(13)	(3)	(13.8)	(3.2)
Nemaha County							
Bern city	10,717	10,374	10,201	(516)	(173)	(5.1)	(1.7)
Centralia city	204	198	194	(10)	(4)	(5.2)	(2.1)
Corning city	534	498	492	(42)	(6)	(8.5)	(1.2)
Goff city	170	165	162	(8)	(3)	(4.9)	(1.9)
Oneida city	181	173	166	(15)	(7)	(9.0)	(4.2)
Sabetha city (pt.)	70	68	66	(4)	(2)	(6.1)	(3.0)
	2,582	2,489	2,460	(122)	(29)	(5.0)	(1.2)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Nemaha County (cont'd)							
Seneca city	2,122	2,064	2,027	(95)	(37)	(4.7)	(1.8)
Wetmore city	362	352	345	(17)	(7)	(4.9)	(2.0)
Bal. of Nemaha County	4,492	4,367	4,289	(203)	(78)	(4.7)	(1.8)
Adams township	213	207	203	(10)	(4)	(4.9)	(2.0)
Berwick township	391	381	374	(17)	(7)	(4.5)	(1.9)
Capioma township	161	157	154	(7)	(3)	(4.5)	(1.9)
Center township	200	194	190	(10)	(4)	(5.3)	(2.1)
Clear Creek township	123	119	117	(6)	(2)	(5.1)	(1.7)
Bal. of Gilman township	153	149	146	(7)	(3)	(4.8)	(2.1)
Granada township	122	118	116	(6)	(2)	(5.2)	(1.7)
Bal. of Harrison township	218	207	207	(11)	--	(5.3)	--
Bal. of Home township	122	118	116	(6)	(2)	(5.2)	(1.7)
Bal. of Illinois township	194	189	185	(9)	(4)	(4.9)	(2.2)
Marion township	457	443	435	(22)	(8)	(5.1)	(1.8)
Mitchell township	305	297	291	(14)	(6)	(4.8)	(2.1)
Nemaha township	184	178	175	(9)	(3)	(5.1)	(1.7)
Neuchatel township	117	114	111	(6)	(3)	(5.4)	(2.7)
Red Vermillion township	137	133	130	(7)	(3)	(5.4)	(2.3)
Reilly township	153	149	146	(7)	(3)	(4.8)	(2.1)
Richmond township	538	530	522	(16)	(8)	(3.1)	(1.5)
Rock Creek township	302	294	289	(13)	(5)	(4.5)	(1.7)
Bal. of Washington township	261	253	248	(13)	(5)	(5.2)	(2.0)
Bal. of Wetmore township	141	137	134	(7)	(3)	(5.2)	(2.2)
Neosho County							
Chanute city	16,997	16,298	16,228	(769)	(70)	(4.7)	(0.4)
Earlton city	9,411	8,887	8,854	(557)	(33)	(6.3)	(0.4)
Erie city	80	79	78	(2)	(1)	(2.6)	(1.3)
Galesburg city	1,211	1,153	1,150	(61)	(3)	(5.3)	(0.3)
St. Paul city	150	147	146	(4)	(1)	(2.7)	(0.7)
Stark city	646	654	655	9	1	1.4	0.2
Thayer city	106	103	103	(3)	--	(2.9)	--
Thayer city	500	492	488	(12)	(4)	(2.5)	(0.8)
Bal. of Neosho County	4,893	4,783	4,754	(139)	(29)	(2.9)	(0.6)
Big Creek township	456	448	445	(11)	(3)	(2.5)	(0.7)
Bal. of Canville township	491	483	478	(13)	(5)	(2.7)	(1.0)
Bal. of Centerville township	417	410	407	(10)	(3)	(2.5)	(0.7)
Bal. of Chetopa township	394	386	386	(8)	--	(2.1)	--
Bal. of Erie township	313	308	306	(7)	(2)	(2.3)	(0.7)
Bal. of Grant township	278	273	271	(7)	(2)	(2.6)	(0.7)
Bal. of Ladore township	398	392	389	(9)	(3)	(2.3)	(0.8)
Lincoln township	345	339	337	(8)	(2)	(2.4)	(0.6)
Bal. of Mission township	281	277	276	(5)	(1)	(1.8)	(0.4)
Shiloh township	297	292	290	(7)	(2)	(2.4)	(0.7)
Tioga township	885	844	840	(45)	(4)	(5.4)	(0.5)
Walnut Grove township	338	331	329	(9)	(2)	(2.7)	(0.6)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Ness County	3,454	2,946	2,991	(463)	45	(15.5)	1.5
Bazine city	311	257	334	23	77	6.9	23.1
Brownell city	48	41	41	(7)	--	(17.1)	--
Ness City city	1,534	1,299	1,283	(251)	(16)	(19.6)	(1.2)
Ransom city	338	286	283	(55)	(3)	(19.4)	(1.1)
Utica city	223	194	192	(31)	(2)	(16.1)	(1.0)
Bal. of Ness County	1,000	869	858	(142)	(11)	(16.6)	(1.3)
Bal. of Bazine township	130	113	112	(18)	(1)	(16.1)	(0.9)
Bal. of Center township	75	65	65	(10)	--	(15.4)	--
Eden township	70	61	60	(10)	(1)	(16.7)	(1.7)
Bal. of Forrester township	67	58	58	(9)	--	(15.5)	--
Franklin township	132	115	113	(19)	(2)	(16.8)	(1.8)
Highpoint township	93	81	80	(13)	(1)	(16.3)	(1.3)
Johnson township	76	66	65	(11)	(1)	(16.9)	(1.5)
Bal. of Nevada township	141	122	120	(21)	(2)	(17.5)	(1.7)
Bal. of Ohio township	122	106	104	(18)	(2)	(17.3)	(1.9)
Bal. of Waring township	94	82	81	(13)	(1)	(16.0)	(1.2)
Norton County	5,953	5,584	5,422	(531)	(162)	(9.8)	(3.0)
Almena city	469	447	429	(40)	(18)	(9.3)	(4.2)
Clayton city (pt.)	65	62	60	(5)	(2)	(8.3)	(3.3)
Edmond city	47	45	43	(4)	(2)	(9.3)	(4.7)
Lenora city	306	280	270	(36)	(10)	(13.3)	(3.7)
Norton city	3,012	2,760	2,680	(332)	(80)	(12.4)	(3.0)
Bal. of Norton County	2,054	1,990	1,940	(114)	(50)	(5.9)	(2.6)
Bal. of Almena--Dist. 4 township	145	138	133	(12)	(5)	(9.0)	(3.8)
Center--District 1 township	1,382	1,351	1,325	(57)	(26)	(4.3)	(2.0)
Harrison--District 6 township	12	11	11	(1)	--	(9.1)	--
Bal. of Highland--Dist. 2 township	366	348	334	(32)	(14)	(9.6)	(4.2)
Bal. of Solomon--Dist. 3 township	149	142	137	(12)	(5)	(8.8)	(3.6)
Osage County	16,712	16,958	16,459	(253)	(499)	(1.5)	(3.0)
Burlingame city	1,017	1,003	970	(47)	(33)	(4.8)	(3.4)
Carbondale city	1,478	1,440	1,392	(86)	(48)	(6.2)	(3.4)
Lyndon city	1,038	1,027	999	(39)	(28)	(3.9)	(2.8)
Melvern city	429	423	408	(21)	(15)	(5.1)	(3.7)
Olivet city	64	64	61	(3)	(3)	(4.9)	(4.9)
Osage City city	3,034	2,944	2,846	(188)	(98)	(6.6)	(3.4)
Overbrook city	947	960	934	(13)	(26)	(1.4)	(2.8)
Quenemo city	468	447	431	(37)	(16)	(8.6)	(3.7)
Scranton city	724	701	683	(41)	(18)	(6.0)	(2.6)
Bal. of Osage County	7,513	7,949	7,735	222	(214)	2.9	(2.8)
Bal. of Agency township	150	168	165	15	(3)	9.1	(1.8)
Arvonias township	136	159	157	21	(2)	13.4	(1.3)
Barclay township	239	270	265	26	(5)	9.8	(1.9)
Bal. of Burlingame township	751	795	773	22	(22)	2.8	(2.8)
Dragoon township	214	232	227	13	(5)	5.7	(2.2)
Bal. of Elk township	776	811	789	13	(22)	1.6	(2.8)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Osage County (cont'd)							
Fairfax township	513	538	524	11	(14)	2.1	(2.7)
Grant township	297	317	309	12	(8)	3.9	(2.6)
Junction township	1,210	1,239	1,201	(9)	(38)	(0.7)	(3.2)
Lincoln township	134	152	149	15	(3)	10.1	(2.0)
Bal. of Melvern township	383	410	400	17	(10)	4.3	(2.5)
Bal. of Olivet township	199	231	227	28	(4)	12.3	(1.8)
Bal. of Ridgeway township	1,183	1,216	1,178	(5)	(38)	(0.4)	(3.2)
Bal. of Scranton township	549	570	552	3	(18)	0.5	(3.3)
Superior township	293	331	323	30	(8)	9.3	(2.5)
Bal. of Valley Brook township	486	510	496	10	(14)	2.0	(2.8)
Osborne County							
Alton city	117	107	104	(13)	(3)	(12.5)	(2.9)
Downs city	1,038	922	899	(139)	(23)	(15.5)	(2.6)
Natoma city	367	323	314	(53)	(9)	(16.9)	(2.9)
Osborne city	1,607	1,413	1,377	(230)	(36)	(16.7)	(2.6)
Portis city	123	114	110	(13)	(4)	(11.8)	(3.6)
Bal. of Osborne County	1,200	1,099	1,067	(133)	(32)	(12.5)	(3.0)
Bal. of Bethany township	76	69	67	(9)	(2)	(13.4)	(3.0)
Bloom township	81	73	71	(10)	(2)	(14.1)	(2.8)
Corinth township	51	47	45	(6)	(2)	(13.3)	(4.4)
Covert township	19	17	17	(2)	--	(11.8)	--
Delhi township	37	35	34	(3)	(1)	(8.8)	(2.9)
Grant township	28	26	25	(3)	(1)	(12.0)	(4.0)
Hancock township	21	19	19	(2)	--	(10.5)	--
Hawkeye township	36	33	32	(4)	(1)	(12.5)	(3.1)
Independence township	32	29	28	(4)	(1)	(14.3)	(3.6)
Jackson township	42	38	37	(5)	(1)	(13.5)	(2.7)
Kill Creek township	35	32	31	(4)	(1)	(12.9)	(3.2)
Lawrence township	37	34	33	(4)	(1)	(12.1)	(3.0)
Liberty township	31	28	28	(3)	--	(10.7)	--
Mount Ayr township	41	37	36	(5)	(1)	(13.9)	(2.8)
Bal. of Natoma township	35	32	31	(4)	(1)	(12.9)	(3.2)
Penn township	129	120	115	(14)	(5)	(12.2)	(4.3)
Bal. of Ross township	128	117	114	(14)	(3)	(12.3)	(2.6)
Round Mound township	59	54	53	(6)	(1)	(11.3)	(1.9)
Bal. of Sumner township	89	82	80	(9)	(2)	(11.3)	(2.5)
Tilden township	116	106	103	(13)	(3)	(12.6)	(2.9)
Valley township	37	34	33	(4)	(1)	(12.1)	(3.0)
Victor township	24	22	21	(3)	(1)	(14.3)	(4.8)
Winfield township	16	15	14	(2)	(1)	(14.3)	(7.1)
Ottawa County							
Bennington city	623	616	598	(25)	(18)	(4.2)	(3.0)
Culver city	164	166	160	(4)	(6)	(2.5)	(3.8)
Delphos city	469	451	438	(31)	(13)	(7.1)	(3.0)
Minneapolis city	2,046	2,027	1,985	(61)	(42)	(3.1)	(2.1)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Ottawa County (cont'd)							
Tescott city	339	332	323	(16)	(9)	(5.0)	(2.8)
Bal. of Ottawa County	2,522	2,576	2,502	(20)	(74)	(0.8)	(3.0)
Bal. of Bennington township	493	498	481	(12)	(17)	(2.5)	(3.5)
Blaine township	111	114	111	--	(3)	--	(2.7)
Buckeye township	101	104	100	(1)	(4)	(1.0)	(4.0)
Center township	72	75	73	1	(2)	1.4	(2.7)
Chapman township	67	70	68	1	(2)	1.5	(2.9)
Concord township	209	212	206	(3)	(6)	(1.5)	(2.9)
Bal. of Culver township	154	156	152	(2)	(4)	(1.3)	(2.6)
Durham township	25	28	27	2	(1)	7.4	(3.7)
Fountain township	190	191	186	(4)	(5)	(2.2)	(2.7)
Garfield township	95	98	95	--	(3)	--	(3.2)
Grant township	93	96	93	--	(3)	--	(3.2)
Henry township	22	24	24	2	--	8.3	--
Lincoln township	143	145	141	(2)	(4)	(1.4)	(2.8)
Logan township	82	84	82	--	(2)	--	(2.4)
Bal. of Morton township	159	161	157	(2)	(4)	(1.3)	(2.5)
Ottawa township	49	52	51	2	(1)	3.9	(2.0)
Richland township	218	220	214	(4)	(6)	(1.9)	(2.8)
Bal. of Sheridan township	120	123	119	(1)	(4)	(0.8)	(3.4)
Sherman township	67	70	68	1	(2)	1.5	(2.9)
Stanton township	52	55	54	2	(1)	3.7	(1.9)
Pawnee County							
Burdett city	256	232	228	(28)	(4)	(12.3)	(1.8)
Garfield city	198	179	176	(22)	(3)	(12.5)	(1.7)
Larned city	4,236	3,736	3,675	(561)	(61)	(15.3)	(1.7)
Rozel city	182	164	161	(21)	(3)	(13.0)	(1.9)
Bal. of Pawnee County	2,361	2,204	2,175	(186)	(29)	(8.6)	(1.3)
Ash Valley township	49	44	44	(5)	--	(11.4)	--
Bal. of Browns Grove township	54	49	48	(6)	(1)	(12.5)	(2.1)
Conkling township	26	24	23	(3)	(1)	(13.0)	(4.3)
Bal. of Garfield township	63	57	56	(7)	(1)	(12.5)	(1.8)
Bal. of Grant township	52	46	45	(7)	(1)	(15.6)	(2.2)
Keysville township	55	50	49	(6)	(1)	(12.2)	(2.0)
Larned township	266	240	233	(33)	(7)	(14.2)	(3.0)
Lincoln township	28	25	25	(3)	--	(12.0)	--
Logan township	48	43	43	(5)	--	(11.6)	--
Morton township	56	51	50	(6)	(1)	(12.0)	(2.0)
Bal. of Orange township	71	65	64	(7)	(1)	(10.9)	(1.6)
Pawnee township	82	74	73	(9)	(1)	(12.3)	(1.4)
Pleasant Grove township	230	210	206	(24)	(4)	(11.7)	(1.9)
Pleasant Ridge township	56	51	50	(6)	(1)	(12.0)	(2.0)
Pleasant Valley township	128	116	114	(14)	(2)	(12.3)	(1.8)
River township	87	79	77	(10)	(2)	(13.0)	(2.6)
Santa Fe township	788	779	777	(11)	(2)	(1.4)	(0.3)
Sawmill township	24	22	21	(3)	(1)	(14.3)	(4.8)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Pawnee County (cont'd)							
Shiley township	28	25	25	(3)	--	(12.0)	--
Valley Center township	57	52	51	(6)	(1)	(11.8)	(2.0)
Walnut township	113	102	101	(12)	(1)	(11.9)	(1.0)
Phillips County							
Agra city	306	275	270	(36)	(5)	(13.3)	(1.9)
Glade city	114	105	103	(11)	(2)	(10.7)	(1.9)
Kirwin city	229	211	208	(21)	(3)	(10.1)	(1.4)
Logan city	603	543	535	(68)	(8)	(12.7)	(1.5)
Long Island city	155	143	141	(14)	(2)	(9.9)	(1.4)
Phillipsburg city	2,668	2,410	2,372	(296)	(38)	(12.5)	(1.6)
Prairie View city	141	130	128	(13)	(2)	(10.2)	(1.6)
Speed city	44	41	40	(4)	(1)	(10.0)	(2.5)
Bal. of Phillips County	1,741	1,586	1,559	(182)	(27)	(11.7)	(1.7)
Arcade township	96	89	88	(8)	(1)	(9.1)	(1.1)
Beaver township	54	50	49	(5)	(1)	(10.2)	(2.0)
Bal. of Belmont township	69	64	63	(6)	(1)	(9.5)	(1.6)
Bow Creek township	44	41	40	(4)	(1)	(10.0)	(2.5)
Crystal township	59	54	53	(6)	(1)	(11.3)	(1.9)
Dayton township	53	49	48	(5)	(1)	(10.4)	(2.1)
Deer Creek township	67	62	61	(6)	(1)	(9.8)	(1.6)
Freedom township	85	79	77	(8)	(2)	(10.4)	(2.6)
Glenwood township	42	39	38	(4)	(1)	(10.5)	(2.6)
Granite township	21	19	19	(2)	--	(10.5)	--
Greenwood township	45	42	41	(4)	(1)	(9.8)	(2.4)
Bal. of Kirwin township	78	72	71	(7)	(1)	(9.9)	(1.4)
Bal. of Logan township	63	56	55	(8)	(1)	(14.5)	(1.8)
Bal. of Long Island township	96	89	87	(9)	(2)	(10.3)	(2.3)
Mound township	129	119	117	(12)	(2)	(10.3)	(1.7)
Phillipsburg township	257	216	213	(44)	(3)	(20.7)	(1.4)
Plainview township	23	21	21	(2)	--	(9.5)	--
Bal. of Plum township	141	130	128	(13)	(2)	(10.2)	(1.6)
Bal. of Prairie View township	79	73	71	(8)	(2)	(11.3)	(2.8)
Rushville township	23	21	21	(2)	--	(9.5)	--
Bal. of Solomon township	112	104	102	(10)	(2)	(9.8)	(2.0)
Sumner township	43	40	39	(4)	(1)	(10.3)	(2.6)
Towanda township	26	24	24	(2)	--	(8.3)	--
Valley township	22	20	20	(2)	--	(10.0)	--
Walnut township	14	13	13	(1)	--	(7.7)	--
Pottawatomie County							
Belvue city	228	219	217	(11)	(2)	(5.1)	(0.9)
Emmett city	277	265	262	(15)	(3)	(5.7)	(1.1)
Havensville city	146	144	143	(3)	(1)	(2.1)	(0.7)
Louisville city	209	208	206	(3)	(2)	(1.5)	(1.0)
Manhattan city (pt.)	3	48	41	38	(7)	92.7	(17.1)
Olsburg city	192	192	191	(1)	(1)	(0.5)	(0.5)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Pottawatomie County (cont'd)							
Onaga city	704	673	669	(35)	(4)	(5.2)	(0.6)
St. George city	434	505	525	91	20	17.3	3.8
St. Marys city (pt.)	2,198	2,233	2,243	45	10	2.0	0.4
Wamego city	4,246	4,248	4,265	19	17	0.4	0.4
Westmoreland city	631	737	739	108	2	14.6	0.3
Wheaton city	92	91	90	(2)	(1)	(2.2)	(1.1)
Bal. of Pottawatomie County	8,849	9,657	9,805	956	148	9.8	1.5
Bal. of Belvue township	176	212	222	46	10	20.7	4.5
Blue township	1,802	1,869	1,866	64	(3)	3.4	(0.2)
Bal. of Blue Valley township	147	186	197	50	11	25.4	5.6
Center township	104	128	135	31	7	23.0	5.2
Clear Creek township	113	135	140	27	5	19.3	3.6
Bal. of Emmett township	201	232	238	37	6	15.5	2.5
Bal. of Grant township	147	173	180	33	7	18.3	3.9
Green township	188	223	232	44	9	19.0	3.9
Lincoln township	124	151	158	34	7	21.5	4.4
Bal. of Lone Tree township	147	176	183	36	7	19.7	3.8
Bal. of Louisville township	526	567	573	47	6	8.2	1.0
Bal. of Mill Creek township	296	332	340	44	8	12.9	2.4
Bal. of Pottawatomie township	362	416	429	67	13	15.6	3.0
Bal. of Rock Creek township	159	183	197	38	14	19.3	7.1
St. Clere township	83	109	117	34	8	29.1	6.8
Bal. of St. George township	2,195	2,260	2,244	49	(16)	2.2	(0.7)
Bal. of St. Marys township	591	640	650	59	10	9.1	1.5
Shannon township	235	273	282	47	9	16.7	3.2
Sherman township	126	158	167	41	9	24.6	5.4
Spring Creek township	61	93	102	41	9	40.2	8.8
Union township	164	194	202	38	8	18.8	4.0
Vienna township	92	115	121	29	6	24.0	5.0
Bal. of Wamego township	810	832	830	20	(2)	2.4	(0.2)
Pratt County							
Byers city	9,647	9,436	9,426	(221)	(10)	(2.3)	(0.1)
Coats city	50	49	49	(1)	--	(2.0)	--
Cullison city	112	110	109	(3)	(1)	(2.8)	(0.9)
Iuka city	98	96	96	(2)	--	(2.1)	--
Luka city	185	182	182	(3)	--	(1.6)	--
Pratt city	6,570	6,408	6,406	(164)	(2)	(2.6)	--
Preston city	164	161	160	(4)	(1)	(2.5)	(0.6)
Sawyer city	124	121	121	(3)	--	(2.5)	--
Bal. of Pratt County	2,344	2,309	2,303	(41)	(6)	(1.8)	(0.3)
Bal. of Township No. 6	401	395	393	(8)	(2)	(2.0)	(0.5)
Bal. of Township No. 7	181	178	177	(4)	(1)	(2.3)	(0.6)
Bal. of Township No. 8	131	128	128	(3)	--	(2.3)	--
Bal. of Township No. 9	219	215	214	(5)	(1)	(2.3)	(0.5)
Bal. of Township No. 10	79	78	77	(2)	(1)	(2.6)	(1.3)
Bal. of Township No. 11	372	366	364	(8)	(2)	(2.2)	(0.5)
Township No. 12	961	949	950	(11)	1	(1.2)	0.1

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Rawlins County	2,966	2,643	2,558	(408)	(85)	(15.9)	(3.3)
Atwood city	1,279	1,126	1,092	(187)	(34)	(17.1)	(3.1)
Herndon city	149	135	131	(18)	(4)	(13.7)	(3.1)
McDonald city	159	137	133	(26)	(4)	(19.5)	(3.0)
Bal. of Rawlins County	1,379	1,245	1,202	(177)	(43)	(14.7)	(3.6)
Achilles township	83	75	73	(10)	(2)	(13.7)	(2.7)
Bal. of Atwood township	51	47	45	(6)	(2)	(13.3)	(4.4)
Center township	363	325	313	(50)	(12)	(16.0)	(3.8)
Driftwood township	84	76	73	(11)	(3)	(15.1)	(4.1)
Bal. of Herl township	237	214	207	(30)	(7)	(14.5)	(3.4)
Jefferson township	34	31	30	(4)	(1)	(13.3)	(3.3)
Ludell township	136	123	118	(18)	(5)	(15.3)	(4.2)
Mirage township	43	39	38	(5)	(1)	(13.2)	(2.6)
Bal. of Rocewood township	289	262	253	(36)	(9)	(14.2)	(3.6)
Union township	59	53	52	(7)	(1)	(13.5)	(1.9)
Reno County	64,790	63,706	63,145	(1,645)	(561)	(2.6)	(0.9)
Abbyville city	128	126	124	(4)	(2)	(3.2)	(1.6)
Arlington city	459	439	433	(26)	(6)	(6.0)	(1.4)
Buhler city	1,358	1,340	1,325	(33)	(15)	(2.5)	(1.1)
Haven city	1,175	1,173	1,161	(14)	(12)	(1.2)	(1.0)
Hutchinson city	40,787	41,085	40,668	(119)	(417)	(0.3)	(1.0)
Langdon city	72	72	71	(1)	(1)	(1.4)	(1.4)
Nickerson city	1,194	1,165	1,146	(48)	(19)	(4.2)	(1.7)
Partridge city	259	265	255	(4)	(10)	(1.6)	(3.9)
Plevna city	99	99	97	(2)	(2)	(2.1)	(2.1)
Pretty Prairie city	615	601	594	(21)	(7)	(3.5)	(1.2)
South Hutchinson city	2,539	2,486	2,541	2	55	0.1	2.2
Sylvia city	297	297	292	(5)	(5)	(1.7)	(1.7)
Turon city	436	435	428	(8)	(7)	(1.9)	(1.6)
Willowbrook city	36	88	87	51	(1)	58.6	(1.1)
Bal. of Reno County	15,336	14,035	13,923	(1,413)	(112)	(10.1)	(0.8)
Bal. of Albion township	222	223	222	--	(1)	--	(0.5)
Bal. of Arlington township	162	165	164	2	(1)	1.2	(0.6)
Bell township	87	90	90	3	--	3.3	--
Castleton township	256	261	260	4	(1)	1.5	(0.4)
Bal. of Center township	413	406	408	(5)	2	(1.2)	0.5
Clay township	3,302	2,141	2,119	(1,183)	(22)	(55.8)	(1.0)
Enterprise township	139	141	143	4	2	2.8	1.4
Bal. of Grant township	1,271	1,199	1,186	(85)	(13)	(7.2)	(1.1)
Grove township	64	68	68	4	--	5.9	--
Bal. of Haven township	417	404	404	(13)	--	(3.2)	--
Hayes township	106	117	118	12	1	10.2	0.8
Huntsville township	118	121	121	3	--	2.5	--
Bal. of Langdon township	88	91	91	3	--	3.3	--
Lincoln township	703	694	687	(16)	(7)	(2.3)	(1.0)
Bal. of Little River township	523	511	507	(16)	(4)	(3.2)	(0.8)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Reno County (cont'd)							
Loda township	119	123	123	4	--	3.3	--
Medford township	144	146	146	2	--	1.4	--
Medora township	1,594	1,565	1,547	(47)	(18)	(3.0)	(1.2)
Bal. of Miami township	85	91	91	6	--	6.6	--
Ninnescah township	226	226	225	(1)	(1)	(0.4)	(0.4)
Bal. of Plevna township	136	139	138	2	(1)	1.4	(0.7)
Bal. of Reno township	1,957	1,917	1,896	(61)	(21)	(3.2)	(1.1)
Bal. of Roscoe township	108	112	113	5	1	4.4	0.9
Salt Creek township	483	484	478	(5)	(6)	(1.0)	(1.3)
Sumner township	547	543	538	(9)	(5)	(1.7)	(0.9)
Bal. of Sylvia township	96	99	98	2	(1)	2.0	(1.0)
Troy township	112	116	116	4	--	3.4	--
Valley township	887	877	868	(19)	(9)	(2.2)	(1.0)
Walnut township	114	117	117	3	--	2.6	--
Bal. of Westminster township	115	118	118	3	--	2.5	--
Yoder township	742	730	723	(19)	(7)	(2.6)	(1.0)
Republic County							
Agenda city	81	70	68	(13)	(2)	(19.1)	(2.9)
Belleville city	2,239	1,911	1,864	(375)	(47)	(20.1)	(2.5)
Courtland city	334	313	304	(30)	(9)	(9.9)	(3.0)
Cuba city	231	200	194	(37)	(6)	(19.1)	(3.1)
Munden city	122	106	103	(19)	(3)	(18.4)	(2.9)
Narka city	93	81	78	(15)	(3)	(19.2)	(3.8)
Republic city	161	139	136	(25)	(3)	(18.4)	(2.2)
Scandia city	436	360	350	(86)	(10)	(24.6)	(2.9)
Bal. of Republic County	2,138	1,853	1,804	(334)	(49)	(18.5)	(2.7)
Bal. of Albion township	81	70	68	(13)	(2)	(19.1)	(2.9)
Beaver township	137	118	115	(22)	(3)	(19.1)	(2.6)
Belleville township	231	203	196	(35)	(7)	(17.9)	(3.6)
Bal. of Big Bend township	94	81	79	(15)	(2)	(19.0)	(2.5)
Bal. of Courtland township	116	100	98	(18)	(2)	(18.4)	(2.0)
Bal. of Elk Creek township	94	81	79	(15)	(2)	(19.0)	(2.5)
Bal. of Fairview township	102	89	86	(16)	(3)	(18.6)	(3.5)
Farmington township	81	70	68	(13)	(2)	(19.1)	(2.9)
Freedom township	186	162	158	(28)	(4)	(17.7)	(2.5)
Grant township	77	67	65	(12)	(2)	(18.5)	(3.1)
Jefferson township	107	92	90	(17)	(2)	(18.9)	(2.2)
Liberty township	52	45	44	(8)	(1)	(18.2)	(2.3)
Lincoln township	103	90	87	(16)	(3)	(18.4)	(3.4)
Norway township	163	141	137	(26)	(4)	(19.0)	(2.9)
Bal. of Richland township	87	75	73	(14)	(2)	(19.2)	(2.7)
Bal. of Rose Creek township	101	87	85	(16)	(2)	(18.8)	(2.4)
Bal. of Scandia township	105	91	89	(16)	(2)	(18.0)	(2.2)
Union township	51	44	43	(8)	(1)	(18.6)	(2.3)
Bal. of Washington township	82	71	70	(12)	(1)	(17.1)	(1.4)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
White Rock township	88	76	74	(14)	(2)	(18.9)	(2.7)
Rice County	10,761	10,295	10,080	(681)	(215)	(6.8)	(2.1)
Alden city	168	158	154	(14)	(4)	(9.1)	(2.6)
Bushton city	314	293	286	(28)	(7)	(9.8)	(2.4)
Chase city	490	459	448	(42)	(11)	(9.4)	(2.5)
Frederick city	11	11	11	--	--	--	--
Geneseo city	272	267	260	(12)	(7)	(4.6)	(2.7)
Little River city	536	527	516	(20)	(11)	(3.9)	(2.1)
Lyons city	3,732	3,489	3,471	(261)	(18)	(7.5)	(0.5)
Raymond city	95	93	91	(4)	(2)	(4.4)	(2.2)
Sterling city	2,642	2,549	2,539	(103)	(10)	(4.1)	(0.4)
Bal. of Rice County	2,501	2,449	2,304	(197)	(145)	(8.6)	(6.3)
Atlanta township	233	228	165	(68)	(63)	(41.2)	(38.2)
Bell township	18	18	18	--	--	--	--
Center township	136	133	130	(6)	(3)	(4.6)	(2.3)
East Washington township	179	177	173	(6)	(4)	(3.5)	(2.3)
Bal. of Eureka township	54	53	52	(2)	(1)	(3.8)	(1.9)
Bal. of Farmer township	127	124	121	(6)	(3)	(5.0)	(2.5)
Galt township	51	50	50	(1)	--	(2.0)	--
Harrison township	192	188	184	(8)	(4)	(4.3)	(2.2)
Bal. of Lincoln township	87	85	83	(4)	(2)	(4.8)	(2.4)
Mitchell township	131	128	125	(6)	(3)	(4.8)	(2.4)
Odessa township	55	54	53	(2)	(1)	(3.8)	(1.9)
Pioneer township	101	99	97	(4)	(2)	(4.1)	(2.1)
Bal. of Raymond township	90	88	86	(4)	(2)	(4.7)	(2.3)
Rockville township	134	131	128	(6)	(3)	(4.7)	(2.3)
Sterling township	223	218	178	(45)	(40)	(25.3)	(22.5)
Bal. of Union township	205	200	196	(9)	(4)	(4.6)	(2.0)
Bal. of Valley township	108	106	104	(4)	(2)	(3.8)	(1.9)
Bal. of Victoria township	92	90	88	(4)	(2)	(4.5)	(2.3)
West Washington township	138	135	132	(6)	(3)	(4.5)	(2.3)
Wilson township	147	144	141	(6)	(3)	(4.3)	(2.1)
Riley County	62,843	62,527	69,083	6,240	6,556	9.0	9.5
Leonardville city	398	288	441	43	153	9.8	34.7
Manhattan city (pt.)	44,828	50,689	51,707	6,879	1,018	13.3	2.0
Ogden city	1,762	1,126	1,878	116	752	6.2	40.0
Randolph city	175	107	176	1	69	0.6	39.2
Riley city	886	551	939	53	388	5.6	41.3
Bal. of Riley County	14,794	9,766	13,942	(852)	4,176	(6.1)	30.0
Ashland township	150	96	160	10	64	6.3	40.0
Bal. of Bala township	364	190	316	(48)	126	(15.2)	39.9
Center township	81	55	93	12	38	12.9	40.9
Fancy Creek township	126	81	137	11	56	8.0	40.9
Grant township	833	504	833	--	329	--	39.5
Bal. of Jackson township	151	97	161	10	64	6.2	39.8
Bal. of Madison township	7,287	5,711	7,289	2	1,578	--	21.6

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Manhattan township	3,275	1,579	2,594	(681)	1,015	(26.3)	39.1
Riley County (cont'd)							
May Day township	78	52	87	9	35	10.3	40.2
Bal. of Ogden township	661	288	462	(199)	174	(43.1)	37.7
Sherman township	524	315	524	--	209	--	39.9
Swede Creek township	157	102	170	13	68	7.6	40.0
Wildcat township	750	470	744	(6)	274	(0.8)	36.8
Zeandale township	357	226	372	15	146	4.0	39.2
Rooks County							
Damar city	155	148	144	(11)	(4)	(7.6)	(2.8)
Palco city	248	225	219	(29)	(6)	(13.2)	(2.7)
Plainville city	2,029	1,866	1,822	(207)	(44)	(11.4)	(2.4)
Stockton city	1,558	1,439	1,408	(150)	(31)	(10.7)	(2.2)
Woodston city	116	110	107	(9)	(3)	(8.4)	(2.8)
Zurich city	126	120	116	(10)	(4)	(8.6)	(3.4)
Bal. of Rooks County	1,453	1,382	1,344	(109)	(38)	(8.1)	(2.8)
Bal. of Township No. 1	164	155	151	(13)	(4)	(8.6)	(2.6)
Bal. of Township No. 2	193	184	179	(14)	(5)	(7.8)	(2.8)
Bal. of Township No. 3	120	115	111	(9)	(4)	(8.1)	(3.6)
Bal. of Township No. 4	24	23	22	(2)	(1)	(9.1)	(4.5)
Township No. 5	74	71	69	(5)	(2)	(7.2)	(2.9)
Township No. 6	60	57	56	(4)	(1)	(7.1)	(1.8)
Bal. of Township No. 7	63	60	58	(5)	(2)	(8.6)	(3.4)
Bal. of Township No. 8	96	91	89	(7)	(2)	(7.9)	(2.2)
Township No. 9	51	49	47	(4)	(2)	(8.5)	(4.3)
Bal. of Township No. 10	71	68	66	(5)	(2)	(7.6)	(3.0)
Bal. of Township No. 11	351	334	326	(25)	(8)	(7.7)	(2.5)
Township No. 12	183	175	170	(13)	(5)	(7.6)	(2.9)
Rush County							
Alexander city	75	68	66	(9)	(2)	(13.6)	(3.0)
Bison city	235	214	207	(28)	(7)	(13.5)	(3.4)
La Crosse city	1,376	1,274	1,234	(142)	(40)	(11.5)	(3.2)
Liebenthal city	111	105	101	(10)	(4)	(9.9)	(4.0)
McCracken city	211	197	191	(20)	(6)	(10.5)	(3.1)
Otis city	325	311	300	(25)	(11)	(8.3)	(3.7)
Rush Center city	176	169	163	(13)	(6)	(8.0)	(3.7)
Timken city	83	79	76	(7)	(3)	(9.2)	(3.9)
Bal. of Rush County	959	900	873	(86)	(27)	(9.9)	(3.1)
Bal. of Alex.--Belle Prairie twnshp.	64	60	58	(6)	(2)	(10.3)	(3.4)
Bal. of Banner township	108	101	98	(10)	(3)	(10.2)	(3.1)
Bal. of Big Timber township	53	50	48	(5)	(2)	(10.4)	(4.2)
Bal. of Center township	80	75	73	(7)	(2)	(9.6)	(2.7)
Garfield township	132	124	121	(11)	(3)	(9.1)	(2.5)
Bal. of Hampton--Fairview twnshp.	93	87	85	(8)	(2)	(9.4)	(2.4)
Illinois township	47	44	43	(4)	(1)	(9.3)	(2.3)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Bal. of La Crosse--Brookdale twndshp.	99	93	90	(9)	(3)	(10.0)	(3.3)
Bal. of Lone Star township	84	79	76	(8)	(3)	(10.5)	(3.9)
Rush County (cont'd)							
Bal. of Pioneer township	101	95	92	(9)	(3)	(9.8)	(3.3)
Pleasantdale township	33	31	30	(3)	(1)	(10.0)	(3.3)
Union township	65	61	59	(6)	(2)	(10.2)	(3.4)
Russell County	7,370	6,740	6,737	(633)	(3)	(9.4)	--
Bunker Hill city	101	93	93	(8)	--	(8.6)	--
Dorrance city	205	186	185	(20)	(1)	(10.8)	(0.5)
Gorham city	360	328	327	(33)	(1)	(10.1)	(0.3)
Lucas city	436	416	415	(21)	(1)	(5.1)	(0.2)
Luray city	203	183	183	(20)	--	(10.9)	--
Paradise city	64	60	60	(4)	--	(6.7)	--
Russell city	4,696	4,280	4,281	(415)	1	(9.7)	--
Waldo city	48	45	45	(3)	--	(6.7)	--
Bal. of Russell County	1,257	1,149	1,148	(109)	(1)	(9.5)	(0.1)
Bal. of Big Creek township	155	141	142	(13)	1	(9.2)	0.7
Bal. of Center township	154	140	140	(14)	--	(10.0)	--
Fairfield township	42	38	38	(4)	--	(10.5)	--
Bal. of Fairview township	90	81	81	(9)	--	(11.1)	--
Grant township	159	150	146	(13)	(4)	(8.9)	(2.7)
Lincoln township	147	133	133	(14)	--	(10.5)	--
Bal. of Luray township	67	61	62	(5)	1	(8.1)	1.6
Bal. of Paradise township	105	96	97	(8)	1	(8.2)	1.0
Bal. of Plymouth township	114	104	104	(10)	--	(9.6)	--
Russell township	89	82	82	(7)	--	(8.5)	--
Bal. of Waldo township	60	55	55	(5)	--	(9.1)	--
Winterset township	75	68	68	(7)	--	(10.3)	--
Saline County	53,597	54,170	54,583	986	413	1.8	0.8
Assaria city	438	446	446	8	--	1.8	--
Brookville city	259	253	259	--	6	--	2.3
Gypsum city	414	398	400	(14)	2	(3.5)	0.5
New Cambria city	150	159	159	9	--	5.7	--
Salina city	45,679	46,140	46,458	779	318	1.7	0.7
Smolan city	218	212	213	(5)	1	(2.3)	0.5
Solomon city (pt.)	1	1	1	--	--	--	--
Bal. of Saline County	6,438	6,561	6,647	209	86	3.1	1.3
Bal. of Cambria township	300	301	305	5	4	1.6	1.3
Bal. of Dayton township	133	143	146	13	3	8.9	2.1
Elm Creek township	828	842	852	24	10	2.8	1.2
Bal. of Eureka township	250	261	265	15	4	5.7	1.5
Falun township	260	279	284	24	5	8.5	1.8
Glendale township	104	114	116	12	2	10.3	1.7
Greeley township	809	760	768	(41)	8	(5.3)	1.0
Gypsum township	193	202	206	13	4	6.3	1.9
Liberty township	183	192	195	12	3	6.2	1.5

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Ohio township	463	472	477	14	5	2.9	1.0
Pleasant Valley township	422	436	439	17	3	3.9	0.7
Saline County (cont'd)							
Smoky Hill township	324	320	323	(1)	3	(0.3)	0.9
Bal. of Smoky View township	516	525	532	16	7	3.0	1.3
Bal. of Smolan township	531	538	543	12	5	2.2	0.9
Solomon township	311	322	327	16	5	4.9	1.5
Bal. of Spring Creek township	136	156	161	25	5	15.5	3.1
Walnut township	553	565	572	19	7	3.3	1.2
Washington township	122	133	136	14	3	10.3	2.2
Scott County	5,120	4,643	4,568	(552)	(75)	(12.1)	(1.6)
Scott City city	3,855	3,506	3,494	(361)	(12)	(10.3)	(0.3)
Bal. of Scott County	1,265	1,137	1,074	(191)	(63)	(17.8)	(5.9)
Beaver township	302	272	268	(34)	(4)	(12.7)	(1.5)
Isbel township	110	99	97	(13)	(2)	(13.4)	(2.1)
Keystone township	106	95	94	(12)	(1)	(12.8)	(1.1)
Lake township	95	85	84	(11)	(1)	(13.1)	(1.2)
Michigan township	88	79	78	(10)	(1)	(12.8)	(1.3)
Scott township	309	278	228	(81)	(50)	(35.5)	(21.9)
Valley township	255	229	225	(30)	(4)	(13.3)	(1.8)
Sedgwick County	452,869	470,895	476,026	23,157	5,131	4.9	1.1
Andale city	766	828	841	75	13	8.9	1.5
Andover city (pt.)	--	--	61	61	61	100.0	100.0
Bel Aire city	5,836	6,653	6,704	868	51	12.9	0.8
Bentley city	368	469	496	128	27	25.8	5.4
Cheney city	1,783	1,963	1,988	205	25	10.3	1.3
Clearwater city	2,178	2,293	2,337	159	44	6.8	1.9
Colwich city	1,229	1,364	1,382	153	18	11.1	1.3
Derby city	17,807	21,101	22,058	4,251	957	19.3	4.3
Eastborough city	826	794	799	(27)	5	(3.4)	0.6
Garden Plain city	797	838	836	39	(2)	4.7	(0.2)
Goddard city	2,037	3,549	3,697	1,660	148	44.9	4.0
Haysville city	8,502	10,029	10,193	1,691	164	16.6	1.6
Kechi city	1,038	1,610	1,703	665	93	39.0	5.5
Maize city	1,868	2,684	2,872	1,004	188	35.0	6.5
Mount Hope city	830	853	853	23	--	2.7	--
Mulvane city (pt.)	4,154	4,694	4,773	619	79	13.0	1.7
Park City city	5,814	7,412	7,588	1,774	176	23.4	2.3
Sedgwick city (pt.)	211	227	222	11	(5)	5.0	(2.3)
Valley Center city	4,883	5,958	6,297	1,414	339	22.5	5.4
Viola city	211	213	205	(6)	(8)	(2.9)	(3.9)
Wichita city	344,284	357,698	361,420	17,136	3,722	4.7	1.0
Bal. of Sedgwick County	47,447	39,665	38,701	(8,746)	(964)	(22.6)	(2.5)
Afton township	1,290	1,368	1,376	86	8	6.3	0.6
Bal. of Attica township	2,922	2,596	2,577	(345)	(19)	(13.4)	(0.7)
Delano township	196	48	25	(171)	(23)	(684.0)	(92.0)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Bal. of Eagle township	701	775	778	77	3	9.9	0.4
Erie township	106	180	186	80	6	43.0	3.2
Sedgwick County (cont'd)							
Bal. of Garden Plain township	983	1,062	1,071	88	9	8.2	0.8
Grand River township	607	685	694	87	9	12.5	1.3
Bal. of Grant township	1,577	1,118	985	(592)	(133)	(60.1)	(13.5)
Bal. of Greeley township	264	308	319	55	11	17.2	3.4
Bal. of Gypsum township	5,807	5,668	5,579	(228)	(89)	(4.1)	(1.6)
Bal. of Illinois township	1,620	1,701	1,707	87	6	5.1	0.4
Bal. of Kechi township	784	442	400	(384)	(42)	(96.0)	(10.5)
Lincoln township	473	538	544	71	6	13.1	1.1
Bal. of Minneha township	4,258	3,054	2,875	(1,383)	(179)	(48.1)	(6.2)
Bal. of Morton township	597	648	659	62	11	9.4	1.7
Bal. of Ninnescah township	735	761	784	49	23	6.3	2.9
Bal. of Ohio township	1,146	1,194	1,193	47	(1)	3.9	(0.1)
Bal. of Park township	2,132	1,644	1,544	(588)	(100)	(38.1)	(6.5)
Bal. of Payne township	1,119	892	893	(226)	1	(25.3)	0.1
Bal. of Riveside township	7,429	5,026	4,549	(2,880)	(477)	(63.3)	(10.5)
Bal. of Rockford township	1,869	1,628	1,615	(254)	(13)	(15.7)	(0.8)
Bal. of Salem township	4,379	4,371	4,369	(10)	(2)	(0.2)	--
Bal. of Sherman township	596	682	706	110	24	15.6	3.4
Bal. of Union township	927	908	928	1	20	0.1	2.2
Bal. of Valley Center township	1,214	1,084	1,027	(187)	(57)	(18.2)	(5.6)
Bal. of Viola township	336	413	430	94	17	21.9	4.0
Bal. of Waco township	3,380	871	888	(2,492)	17	(280.6)	1.9
Seward County	22,510	23,404	23,109	599	(295)	2.6	(1.3)
Kismet city	484	522	514	30	(8)	5.8	(1.6)
Liberal city	19,666	20,384	20,128	462	(256)	2.3	(1.3)
Bal. of Seward County	2,360	2,498	2,467	107	(31)	4.3	(1.3)
Bal. of Fargo township	1,200	1,272	1,258	58	(14)	4.6	(1.1)
Liberal township	803	849	831	28	(18)	3.4	(2.2)
Seward township	357	377	378	21	1	5.6	0.3
Shawnee County	169,871	172,693	173,476	3,605	783	2.1	0.5
Auburn city	1,121	1,131	1,143	22	12	1.9	1.0
Rossville city	1,014	1,012	1,063	49	51	4.6	4.8
Silver Lake city	1,358	1,358	1,370	12	12	0.9	0.9
Topeka city	122,377	122,113	122,642	265	529	0.2	0.4
Willard city (pt.)	86	83	83	(3)	--	(3.6)	--
Bal. of Shawnee County	43,915	46,996	47,175	3,260	179	6.9	0.4
Bal. of Auburn township	1,666	2,032	2,071	405	39	19.6	1.9
Bal. of Dover township	1,648	1,983	2,017	369	34	18.3	1.7
Grove township	473	672	693	220	21	31.7	3.0
Menoken township	1,371	1,657	1,687	316	30	18.7	1.8
Mission township	9,070	9,142	8,949	(121)	(193)	(1.4)	(2.2)
Monmouth township	2,786	3,187	3,229	443	42	13.7	1.3
Bal. of Rossville township	667	1,026	1,062	395	36	37.2	3.4

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Bal. of Silver Lake township	591	714	726	135	12	18.6	1.7
Soldier township	12,867	13,471	13,545	678	74	5.0	0.5
Shawnee County (cont'd)							
Tecumseh township	7,822	7,780	7,825	3	45	--	0.6
Topeka township	931	1,003	1,007	76	4	7.5	0.4
Williamsport township	4,023	4,329	4,364	341	35	7.8	0.8
Sheridan County	2,813	2,600	2,493	(320)	(107)	(12.8)	(4.3)
Hoxie city	1,244	1,153	1,107	(137)	(46)	(12.4)	(4.2)
Selden city	201	185	177	(24)	(8)	(13.6)	(4.5)
Bal. of Sheridan County	1,368	1,262	1,209	(159)	(53)	(13.2)	(4.4)
Adell township	13	12	11	(2)	(1)	(18.2)	(9.1)
Bloomfield township	45	41	40	(5)	(1)	(12.5)	(2.5)
Bowcreek township	54	50	48	(6)	(2)	(12.5)	(4.2)
East Saline township	66	61	58	(8)	(3)	(13.8)	(5.2)
Bal. of Kenneth township	186	172	165	(21)	(7)	(12.7)	(4.2)
Logan township	115	106	102	(13)	(4)	(12.7)	(3.9)
Parnell township	104	96	92	(12)	(4)	(13.0)	(4.3)
Prairie Dog township	71	65	63	(8)	(2)	(12.7)	(3.2)
Bal. of Sheridan township	68	63	60	(8)	(3)	(13.3)	(5.0)
Solomon township	248	229	218	(30)	(11)	(13.8)	(5.0)
Springbrook township	108	99	95	(13)	(4)	(13.7)	(4.2)
Union township	60	56	53	(7)	(3)	(13.2)	(5.7)
Valley township	139	128	123	(16)	(5)	(13.0)	(4.1)
West Saline township	91	84	81	(10)	(3)	(12.3)	(3.7)
Sherman County	6,760	5,981	5,959	(801)	(22)	(13.4)	(0.4)
Goodland city	4,948	4,361	4,349	(599)	(12)	(13.8)	(0.3)
Kanorado city	248	221	220	(28)	(1)	(12.7)	(0.5)
Bal. of Sherman County	1,564	1,399	1,390	(174)	(9)	(12.5)	(0.6)
Grant township	115	102	102	(13)	--	(12.7)	--
Iowa township	44	40	39	(5)	(1)	(12.8)	(2.6)
Itasca township	321	289	286	(35)	(3)	(12.2)	(1.0)
Lincoln township	95	84	84	(11)	--	(13.1)	--
Llanos township	43	38	38	(5)	--	(13.2)	--
Logan township	246	220	219	(27)	(1)	(12.3)	(0.5)
McPherson township	52	46	46	(6)	--	(13.0)	--
Shermanville township	51	45	45	(6)	--	(13.3)	--
Smoky township	87	78	78	(9)	--	(11.5)	--
Bal. of Stateline township	96	86	85	(11)	(1)	(12.9)	(1.2)
Union township	56	50	50	(6)	--	(12.0)	--
Voltaire township	252	226	224	(28)	(2)	(12.5)	(0.9)
Washington township	106	95	94	(12)	(1)	(12.8)	(1.1)
Smith County	4,536	4,024	3,951	(585)	(73)	(14.8)	(1.8)
Athol city	51	46	45	(6)	(1)	(13.3)	(2.2)
Cedar city	26	23	23	(3)	--	(13.0)	--
Gaylord city	145	124	122	(23)	(2)	(18.9)	(1.6)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Kensington city	529	480	470	(59)	(10)	(12.6)	(2.1)
Lebanon city	303	272	265	(38)	(7)	(14.3)	(2.6)
Smith County (cont'd)							
Smith Center city	1,931	1,684	1,663	(268)	(21)	(16.1)	(1.3)
Bal. of Smith County	1,551	1,395	1,363	(188)	(32)	(13.8)	(2.3)
Banner township	54	49	48	(6)	(1)	(12.5)	(2.1)
Beaver township	60	54	53	(7)	(1)	(13.2)	(1.9)
Blaine township	60	54	53	(7)	(1)	(13.2)	(1.9)
Bal. of Cedar township	90	81	79	(11)	(2)	(13.9)	(2.5)
Bal. of Center township	163	146	143	(20)	(3)	(14.0)	(2.1)
Cora township	38	34	33	(5)	(1)	(15.2)	(3.0)
Crystal Plains township	40	36	35	(5)	(1)	(14.3)	(2.9)
Dor township	46	41	40	(6)	(1)	(15.0)	(2.5)
Garfield township	33	30	29	(4)	(1)	(13.8)	(3.4)
German township	34	31	30	(4)	(1)	(13.3)	(3.3)
Harlan township	100	90	88	(12)	(2)	(13.6)	(2.3)
Bal. of Harvey township	104	94	92	(12)	(2)	(13.0)	(2.2)
Bal. of Houston township	61	55	53	(8)	(2)	(15.1)	(3.8)
Bal. of Lane township	83	75	73	(10)	(2)	(13.7)	(2.7)
Lincoln township	73	65	64	(9)	(1)	(14.1)	(1.6)
Logan township	47	42	41	(6)	(1)	(14.6)	(2.4)
Martin township	24	22	21	(3)	(1)	(14.3)	(4.8)
Bal. of Oak township	96	86	84	(12)	(2)	(14.3)	(2.4)
Pawnee township	35	31	31	(4)	--	(12.9)	--
Pleasant township	34	31	30	(4)	(1)	(13.3)	(3.3)
Swan township	42	38	37	(5)	(1)	(13.5)	(2.7)
Valley township	75	67	66	(9)	(1)	(13.6)	(1.5)
Washington township	63	57	56	(7)	(1)	(12.5)	(1.8)
Webster township	47	42	41	(6)	(1)	(14.6)	(2.4)
White Rock township	49	44	43	(6)	(1)	(14.0)	(2.3)
Stafford County							
Hudson city	133	126	125	(8)	(1)	(6.4)	(0.8)
Macksville city	514	489	483	(31)	(6)	(6.4)	(1.2)
Radium city	40	38	37	(3)	(1)	(8.1)	(2.7)
St. John city	1,318	1,200	1,188	(130)	(12)	(10.9)	(1.0)
Seward city	63	60	59	(4)	(1)	(6.8)	(1.7)
Stafford city	1,161	1,054	1,043	(118)	(11)	(11.3)	(1.1)
Bal. of Stafford County	1,560	1,468	1,452	(108)	(16)	(7.4)	(1.1)
Albano township	56	53	52	(4)	(1)	(7.7)	(1.9)
Byron township	80	76	75	(5)	(1)	(6.7)	(1.3)
Clear Creek township	36	34	33	(3)	(1)	(9.1)	(3.0)
Cleveland township	68	64	64	(4)	--	(6.3)	--
Bal. of Douglas township	108	102	100	(8)	(2)	(8.0)	(2.0)
East Cooper township	90	85	84	(6)	(1)	(7.1)	(1.2)
Fairview township	98	92	91	(7)	(1)	(7.7)	(1.1)
Bal. of Farmington township	77	73	72	(5)	(1)	(6.9)	(1.4)
Bal. of Hayes township	79	74	73	(6)	(1)	(8.2)	(1.4)

Appendix F (cont'd)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Bal. of Lincoln township	103	97	96	(7)	(1)	(7.3)	(1.0)
Bal. of North Seward township	123	116	115	(8)	(1)	(7.0)	(0.9)
Stafford County (cont'd)							
Bal. of Ohio township	71	67	67	(4)	--	(6.0)	--
Putnam township	19	18	18	(1)	--	(5.6)	--
Richland township	70	66	65	(5)	(1)	(7.7)	(1.5)
Rose Valley township	74	69	68	(6)	(1)	(8.8)	(1.5)
Bal. of St. John township	57	54	53	(4)	(1)	(7.5)	(1.9)
South Seward township	55	52	51	(4)	(1)	(7.8)	(2.0)
Bal. of Stafford township	130	120	121	(9)	1	(7.4)	0.8
Union township	41	38	38	(3)	--	(7.9)	--
West Cooper township	64	60	59	(5)	(1)	(8.5)	(1.7)
York township	61	58	57	(4)	(1)	(7.0)	(1.8)
Stanton County	2,406	2,232	2,162	(244)	(70)	(11.3)	(3.2)
Johnson City city	1,528	1,405	1,364	(164)	(41)	(12.0)	(3.0)
Manter city	178	168	162	(16)	(6)	(9.9)	(3.7)
Bal. of Stanton County	700	659	636	(64)	(23)	(10.1)	(3.6)
Stevens County	5,463	5,287	5,061	(402)	(226)	(7.9)	(4.5)
Hugoton city	3,708	3,560	3,412	(296)	(148)	(8.7)	(4.3)
Moscow city	247	245	233	(14)	(12)	(6.0)	(5.2)
Bal. of Stevens County	1,508	1,482	1,416	(92)	(66)	(6.5)	(4.7)
Sumner County	25,946	24,441	23,888	(2,058)	(553)	(8.6)	(2.3)
Argonia city	534	491	479	(55)	(12)	(11.5)	(2.5)
Belle Plaine city	1,708	1,591	1,550	(158)	(41)	(10.2)	(2.6)
Caldwell city	1,284	1,192	1,161	(123)	(31)	(10.6)	(2.7)
Conway Springs city	1,322	1,233	1,206	(116)	(27)	(9.6)	(2.2)
Geuda Springs city (pt.)	199	190	184	(15)	(6)	(8.2)	(3.3)
Hunnewell city	83	79	77	(6)	(2)	(7.8)	(2.6)
Mayfield city	113	108	105	(8)	(3)	(7.6)	(2.9)
Milan city	137	130	126	(11)	(4)	(8.7)	(3.2)
Mulvane city (pt.)	1,001	1,061	1,062	61	1	5.7	0.1
Oxford city	1,173	1,102	1,079	(94)	(23)	(8.7)	(2.1)
South Haven city	390	361	353	(37)	(8)	(10.5)	(2.3)
Wellington city	8,647	7,991	7,812	(835)	(179)	(10.7)	(2.3)
Bal. of Sumner County	9,355	8,912	8,694	(661)	(218)	(7.6)	(2.5)
Avon township	319	305	298	(21)	(7)	(7.0)	(2.3)
Bal. of Belle Plaine township	1,796	1,688	1,647	(149)	(41)	(9.0)	(2.5)
Bluff township	74	74	73	(1)	(1)	(1.4)	(1.4)
Caldwell township	200	194	189	(11)	(5)	(5.8)	(2.6)
Chikaskia township	69	71	69	--	(2)	--	(2.9)
Bal. of Conway township	369	352	344	(25)	(8)	(7.3)	(2.3)
Creek township	241	231	226	(15)	(5)	(6.6)	(2.2)
Bal. of Dixon township	204	196	191	(13)	(5)	(6.8)	(2.6)
Downs township	159	153	149	(10)	(4)	(6.7)	(2.7)
Bal. of Eden township	452	426	420	(32)	(6)	(7.6)	(1.4)

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	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Falls township	187	179	175	(12)	(4)	(6.9)	(2.3)
Bal. of Gore township	1,219	1,146	1,112	(107)	(34)	(9.6)	(3.1)
Sumner County (cont'd)							
Greene township	80	82	81	1	(1)	1.2	(1.2)
Guelph township	164	161	158	(6)	(3)	(3.8)	(1.9)
Harmon township	277	264	258	(19)	(6)	(7.4)	(2.3)
Illinois township	178	172	169	(9)	(3)	(5.3)	(1.8)
Jackson township	153	148	145	(8)	(3)	(5.5)	(2.1)
London township	774	729	711	(63)	(18)	(8.9)	(2.5)
Morris township	35	38	37	2	(1)	5.4	(2.7)
Bal. of Osborne township	160	150	147	(13)	(3)	(8.8)	(2.0)
Bal. of Oxford township	230	221	216	(14)	(5)	(6.5)	(2.3)
Palestine township	249	237	231	(18)	(6)	(7.8)	(2.6)
Bal. of Ryan township	102	101	99	(3)	(2)	(3.0)	(2.0)
Seventy--Six township	238	221	216	(22)	(5)	(10.2)	(2.3)
Bal. of South Haven township	197	194	190	(7)	(4)	(3.7)	(2.1)
Bal. of Springdale township	356	341	333	(23)	(8)	(6.9)	(2.4)
Sumner township	150	146	143	(7)	(3)	(4.9)	(2.1)
Valverde township	147	143	139	(8)	(4)	(5.8)	(2.9)
Bal. of Walton township	232	225	220	(12)	(5)	(5.5)	(2.3)
Wellington township	344	324	308	(36)	(16)	(11.7)	(5.2)
Thomas County	8,180	7,468	7,314	(866)	(154)	(11.8)	(2.1)
Brewster city	285	255	250	(35)	(5)	(14.0)	(2.0)
Colby city	5,450	4,922	4,826	(624)	(96)	(12.9)	(2.0)
Gem city	96	90	88	(8)	(2)	(9.1)	(2.3)
Menlo city	57	53	52	(5)	(1)	(9.6)	(1.9)
Oakley city (pt.)	55	50	49	(6)	(1)	(12.2)	(2.0)
Rexford city	157	147	143	(14)	(4)	(9.8)	(2.8)
Bal. of Thomas County	2,080	1,951	1,906	(174)	(45)	(9.1)	(2.4)
Barrett township	124	116	113	(11)	(3)	(9.7)	(2.7)
East Hale township	137	128	125	(12)	(3)	(9.6)	(2.4)
Kingery township	93	87	85	(8)	(2)	(9.4)	(2.4)
Bal. of Lacey township	36	34	33	(3)	(1)	(9.1)	(3.0)
Bal. of Menlo township	55	52	50	(5)	(2)	(10.0)	(4.0)
Morgan township	755	711	697	(58)	(14)	(8.3)	(2.0)
North Randall township	107	100	97	(10)	(3)	(10.3)	(3.1)
Rovohl township	143	134	130	(13)	(4)	(10.0)	(3.1)
Bal. of Smith township	56	52	51	(5)	(1)	(9.8)	(2.0)
Bal. of South Randall township	212	198	194	(18)	(4)	(9.3)	(2.1)
Summers township	197	184	180	(17)	(4)	(9.4)	(2.2)
Wendell township	84	79	77	(7)	(2)	(9.1)	(2.6)
Bal. of West Hale township	81	76	74	(7)	(2)	(9.5)	(2.7)
Trego County	3,319	2,993	2,927	(392)	(66)	(13.4)	(2.3)
Collyer city	133	123	120	(13)	(3)	(10.8)	(2.5)
WaKeeney city	1,924	1,739	1,700	(224)	(39)	(13.2)	(2.3)
Bal. of Trego County	1,262	1,131	1,107	(155)	(24)	(14.0)	(2.2)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

Certified to the Secretary of State by Division of the Budget on July 1, 2008

	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Bal. of Collyer township	235	209	204	(31)	(5)	(15.2)	(2.5)
Franklin township	60	54	52	(8)	(2)	(15.4)	(3.8)
Trego County (cont'd)							
Glencoe township	70	62	60	(10)	(2)	(16.7)	(3.3)
Ogallah township	214	190	185	(29)	(5)	(15.7)	(2.7)
Riverside township	117	105	103	(14)	(2)	(13.6)	(1.9)
Bal. of WaKeeney township	474	429	422	(52)	(7)	(12.3)	(1.7)
Wilcox township	92	82	81	(11)	(1)	(13.6)	(1.2)
Wabaunsee County	6,885	6,895	6,870	(15)	(25)	(0.2)	(0.4)
Alma city	797	758	752	(45)	(6)	(6.0)	(0.8)
Alta Vista city	442	421	419	(23)	(2)	(5.5)	(0.5)
Eskridge city	589	567	563	(26)	(4)	(4.6)	(0.7)
Harveyville city	267	252	250	(17)	(2)	(6.8)	(0.8)
McFarland city	271	268	270	(1)	2	(0.4)	0.7
Maple Hill city	469	492	498	29	6	5.8	1.2
Paxico city	211	210	208	(3)	(2)	(1.4)	(1.0)
St. Marys city (pt.)	--	1	1	1	--	100.0	--
Willard city (pt.)	--	1	1	1	--	100.0	--
Bal. of Wabaunsee County	3,839	3,925	3,908	69	(17)	1.8	(0.4)
Bal. of Alma township	340	342	341	1	(1)	0.3	(0.3)
Farmer township	119	132	132	13	--	9.8	--
Bal. of Garfield township	148	153	152	4	(1)	2.6	(0.7)
Bal. of Kaw township	242	246	244	2	(2)	0.8	(0.8)
Bal. of Maple Hill township	461	469	467	6	(2)	1.3	(0.4)
Mill Creek township	293	295	293	--	(2)	--	(0.7)
Mission Creek township	495	503	501	6	(2)	1.2	(0.4)
Bal. of Newbury township	563	571	569	6	(2)	1.1	(0.4)
Bal. of Plumb township	373	378	376	3	(2)	0.8	(0.5)
Rock Creek township	84	95	95	11	--	11.6	--
Wabaunsee township	455	461	458	3	(3)	0.7	(0.7)
Washington township	83	90	90	7	--	7.8	--
Bal. of Wilmington township	183	190	190	7	--	3.7	--
Wallace County	1,749	1,557	1,456	(293)	(101)	(20.1)	(6.9)
Sharon Springs city	835	726	682	(153)	(44)	(22.4)	(6.5)
Wallace city	67	61	57	(10)	(4)	(17.5)	(7.0)
Bal. of Wallace County	847	770	717	(130)	(53)	(18.1)	(7.4)
Harrison township	85	77	72	(13)	(5)	(18.1)	(6.9)
Bal. of Sharon Springs township	261	238	221	(40)	(17)	(18.1)	(7.7)
Bal. of Wallace township	108	98	92	(16)	(6)	(17.4)	(6.5)
Weskan township	393	357	332	(61)	(25)	(18.4)	(7.5)
Washington County	6,483	5,944	5,840	(643)	(104)	(11.0)	(1.8)
Barnes city	152	140	138	(14)	(2)	(10.1)	(1.4)
Clifton city (pt.)	323	284	280	(43)	(4)	(15.4)	(1.4)
Greenleaf city	357	325	319	(38)	(6)	(11.9)	(1.9)
Haddam city	169	156	153	(16)	(3)	(10.5)	(2.0)

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

Certified to the Secretary of State by Division of the Budget on July 1, 2008

	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Hanover city	653	583	576	(77)	(7)	(13.4)	(1.2)
Hollenberg city	31	28	28	(3)	--	(10.7)	--
Washington County (cont'd)							
Linn city	425	384	379	(46)	(5)	(12.1)	(1.3)
Mahaska city	107	98	97	(10)	(1)	(10.3)	(1.0)
Morrowville city	168	155	152	(16)	(3)	(10.5)	(2.0)
Palmer city	108	100	98	(10)	(2)	(10.2)	(2.0)
Vining city (pt.)	21	19	19	(2)	--	(10.5)	--
Washington city	1,223	1,134	1,114	(109)	(20)	(9.8)	(1.8)
Bal. of Washington County	2,746	2,538	2,487	(259)	(51)	(10.4)	(2.1)
Bal. of Barnes township	81	75	74	(7)	(1)	(9.5)	(1.4)
Brantford township	91	84	82	(9)	(2)	(11.0)	(2.4)
Charleston township	99	92	90	(9)	(2)	(10.0)	(2.2)
Bal. of Clifton township	115	106	104	(11)	(2)	(10.6)	(1.9)
Coleman township	64	59	58	(6)	(1)	(10.3)	(1.7)
Farmington township	192	173	174	(18)	1	(10.3)	0.6
Bal. of Franklin township	108	100	98	(10)	(2)	(10.2)	(2.0)
Grant township	25	23	23	(2)	--	(8.7)	--
Bal. of Greenleaf township	93	86	85	(8)	(1)	(9.4)	(1.2)
Bal. of Haddam township	77	71	70	(7)	(1)	(10.0)	(1.4)
Bal. of Hanover township	231	213	205	(26)	(8)	(12.7)	(3.9)
Highland township	22	24	20	(2)	(4)	(10.0)	(20.0)
Independence township	169	156	153	(16)	(3)	(10.5)	(2.0)
Kimeo township	75	69	68	(7)	(1)	(10.3)	(1.5)
Lincoln township	84	78	76	(8)	(2)	(10.5)	(2.6)
Bal. of Linn township	174	160	157	(17)	(3)	(10.8)	(1.9)
Little Blue township	93	86	84	(9)	(2)	(10.7)	(2.4)
Logan township	109	101	99	(10)	(2)	(10.1)	(2.0)
Lowe township	76	70	69	(7)	(1)	(10.1)	(1.4)
Bal. of Mill Creek township	106	98	96	(10)	(2)	(10.4)	(2.1)
Sheridan township	119	110	108	(11)	(2)	(10.2)	(1.9)
Bal. of Sherman township	141	130	128	(13)	(2)	(10.2)	(1.6)
Strawberry township	130	120	117	(13)	(3)	(11.1)	(2.6)
Bal. of Union township	54	52	51	(3)	(1)	(5.9)	(2.0)
Washington township	218	202	198	(20)	(4)	(10.1)	(2.0)
Wichita County	2,531	2,288	2,200	(331)	(88)	(15.0)	(4.0)
Leoti city	1,598	1,426	1,372	(226)	(54)	(16.5)	(3.9)
Bal. of Wichita County	933	862	828	(105)	(34)	(12.7)	(4.1)
Wilson County	10,332	9,889	9,807	(525)	(82)	(5.4)	(0.8)
Altoona city	485	474	469	(16)	(5)	(3.4)	(1.1)
Benedict city	103	100	99	(4)	(1)	(4.0)	(1.0)
Buffalo city	284	278	276	(8)	(2)	(2.9)	(0.7)
Coyville city	71	69	68	(3)	(1)	(4.4)	(1.5)
Fredonia city	2,600	2,472	2,424	(176)	(48)	(7.3)	(2.0)
Neodesha city	2,848	2,664	2,650	(198)	(14)	(7.5)	(0.5)
New Albany city	73	71	71	(2)	--	(2.8)	--

Appendix F (cont'd)

Kansas Certified Population

Certified to the Secretary of State by Division of the Budget on July 1, 2008

	Pop. 2000 4/1/2000	Pop. 2006 7/1/2006	Pop. 2007 7/1/2007	# Growth 2000-2007	# Growth 2006-2007	% Chg 2000-2007	% Chg 2006-2007
Bal. of Wilson County	3,868	3,761	3,750	(118)	(11)	(3.1)	(0.3)
Bal. of Cedar township	216	212	210	(6)	(2)	(2.9)	(1.0)
Center township	618	578	600	(18)	22	(3.0)	3.7
Wilson County (cont'd)							
Chetopa township	188	184	182	(6)	(2)	(3.3)	(1.1)
Bal. of Clifton township	130	125	124	(6)	(1)	(4.8)	(0.8)
Colfax township	452	442	438	(14)	(4)	(3.2)	(0.9)
Duck Creek township	103	101	100	(3)	(1)	(3.0)	(1.0)
Bal. of Fall River township	325	318	315	(10)	(3)	(3.2)	(1.0)
Bal. of Guilford township	102	100	99	(3)	(1)	(3.0)	(1.0)
Neodesha township	583	572	567	(16)	(5)	(2.8)	(0.9)
Newark township	226	221	218	(8)	(3)	(3.7)	(1.4)
Pleasant Valley township	201	197	195	(6)	(2)	(3.1)	(1.0)
Prairie township	118	116	114	(4)	(2)	(3.5)	(1.8)
Talleyrand township	232	226	224	(8)	(2)	(3.6)	(0.9)
Bal. of Verdigris township	323	319	315	(8)	(4)	(2.5)	(1.3)
Webster township	51	50	49	(2)	(1)	(4.1)	(2.0)
Woodson County	3,788	3,507	3,318	(470)	(189)	(14.2)	(5.7)
Neosho Falls city	179	170	160	(19)	(10)	(11.9)	(6.3)
Toronto city	312	285	269	(43)	(16)	(16.0)	(5.9)
Yates Center city	1,599	1,467	1,390	(209)	(77)	(15.0)	(5.5)
Bal. of Woodson County	1,698	1,585	1,499	(199)	(86)	(13.3)	(5.7)
Center township	594	551	521	(73)	(30)	(14.0)	(5.8)
Liberty township	200	188	177	(23)	(11)	(13.0)	(6.2)
Bal. of Neosho Falls township	358	332	313	(45)	(19)	(14.4)	(6.1)
North township	71	68	64	(7)	(4)	(10.9)	(6.3)
Perry township	103	97	91	(12)	(6)	(13.2)	(6.6)
Bal. of Toronto township	372	349	333	(39)	(16)	(11.7)	(4.8)
Wyandotte County	157,882	155,509	153,956	(3,926)	(1,553)	(2.6)	(1.0)
Bonner Springs city (pt.)	6,767	7,080	7,055	288	(25)	4.1	(0.4)
Edwardsville city	4,146	4,510	4,463	317	(47)	7.1	(1.1)
Kansas City city	146,866	143,801	142,320	(4,546)	(1,481)	(3.2)	(1.0)
Lake Quivira city (pt.)	49	50	51	2	1	3.9	2.0
Bal. of Wyandotte County	54	68	67	13	(1)	19.4	(1.5)

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Appendix G

Resident Population for U.S., Regions, States, & Kansas Counties, 2003-2007

Area:	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Percent Change				
	(As of 7/1/03)	(As of 7/1/04)	(As of 7/1/05)	(As of 7/1/06)	(As of 7/1/07)	2004	2005	2006	2007	
U.S.	290,809,777	293,655,404	296,410,404	299,398,484	301,621,157	1.0 %	0.9 %	1.0 %	0.7 %	
Regions:										
Northeast	54,399,446	54,571,147	54,641,895	54,741,353	54,680,626	0.3	0.1	0.1	(0.1)	
New England	14,205,480	14,238,888	14,239,724	14,269,989	14,264,185	0.2	0.0	0.2	0.0	
(Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, Vermont)										
Middle Atlantic	40,193,966	40,332,259	40,402,171	40,471,364	40,416,441	0.3	0.2	0.2	(0.1)	
(New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania)										
Midwest	65,406,134	65,729,852	65,971,974	66,217,736	66,388,795	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.3	
East North Cent.	45,837,269	46,031,860	46,156,447	46,275,645	46,338,216	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.1	
(Illinois, Indiana, Michigan, Ohio, Wisconsin)										
West North Cent.	19,568,865	19,697,992	19,815,527	19,942,091	20,050,579	0.7	0.6	0.6	0.5	
(Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota)										
South	104,538,348	105,944,965	107,505,413	109,083,752	110,454,786	1.3	1.5	1.4	1.3	
South Atlantic	54,344,651	55,182,959	56,179,519	57,143,670	57,860,260	1.5	1.8	1.7	1.3	
(Delaware, District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia)										
East South Cent.	17,341,608	17,480,032	17,615,260	17,754,447	17,944,829	0.8	0.8	0.8	1.1	
(Alabama, Kentucky, Mississippi, Tennessee)										
West South Cent.	32,852,089	33,281,974	33,710,634	34,185,635	34,649,697	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	
(Arkansas, Louisiana, Oklahoma, Texas)										
West	66,465,849	67,409,440	68,291,122	69,355,643	70,096,950	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.1	
Mountain	19,383,929	19,798,992	20,291,305	20,845,987	21,360,990	2.1	2.5	2.7	2.5	
(Arizona, Colorado, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Utah, Wyoming)										
Pacific	47,081,920	47,610,448	47,999,817	48,509,656	48,735,960	1.1	0.8	1.1	0.5	
(Alaska, California, Hawaii, Oregon, Washington)										
States:										
Alabama	4,500,752	4,530,182	4,557,808	4,599,030	4,627,851	0.7	0.6	1.1	0.6	
Alaska	648,818	655,435	663,661	670,053	683,478	1.0	1.3	1.0	2.0	
Arizona	5,580,811	5,743,834	5,939,292	6,166,318	6,338,755	2.9	3.4	3.6	2.8	
Arkansas	2,725,714	2,752,629	2,779,154	2,810,872	2,834,797	1.0	1.0	1.3	0.9	
California	35,484,453	35,893,799	36,132,147	36,457,549	36,553,215	1.2	0.7	0.8	0.3	
Colorado	4,550,688	4,601,403	4,665,177	4,753,377	4,861,515	1.1	1.4	1.9	2.3	
Connecticut	3,483,372	3,503,604	3,510,297	3,504,809	3,502,309	0.6	0.2	0.1	(0.1)	
Delaware	817,491	830,364	843,524	853,476	864,764	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.3	
Dist. of Columbia	563,384	553,523	550,521	581,530	588,292	(1.8)	(0.5)	(0.1)	1.2	
Florida	17,019,068	17,397,161	17,789,864	18,089,888	18,251,243	2.2	2.3	1.8	0.9	
Georgia	8,684,715	8,829,383	9,072,576	9,363,941	9,544,750	1.7	2.8	2.5	1.9	
Hawaii	1,257,608	1,262,840	1,275,194	1,285,498	1,283,388	0.4	1.0	1.0	(0.2)	
Idaho	1,366,332	1,393,262	1,429,096	1,466,465	1,499,402	2.0	2.6	2.6	2.2	
Illinois	12,653,544	12,713,634	12,763,371	12,831,970	12,852,548	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.2	
Indiana	6,195,643	6,237,569	6,271,973	6,313,520	6,345,289	0.7	0.6	0.8	0.5	

Appendix G (cont'd)

Resident Population for U.S., Regions, States, & Kansas Counties, 2003-2007

Area:	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Percent Change			
	(As of 7/1/03)	(As of 7/1/04)	(As of 7/1/05)	(As of 7/1/06)	(As of 7/1/07)	2004	2005	2006	2007
Iowa	2,944,062	2,954,451	2,966,334	2,982,085	2,988,046	0.4	% 0.4	% 0.6	% 0.2
Kansas	2,723,507	2,735,502	2,744,687	2,764,075	2,775,997	0.4	0.3	0.7	0.4
Kentucky	4,117,827	4,145,922	4,173,405	4,206,074	4,241,474	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8
Louisiana	4,496,334	4,515,770	4,523,628	4,287,768	4,293,204	0.4	0.2	(4.9)	0.1
Maine	1,305,728	1,317,253	1,321,505	1,321,574	1,317,207	0.9	0.3	0.3	(0.3)
Maryland	5,508,909	5,558,058	5,600,388	5,615,727	5,618,344	0.9	0.8	0.5	0.0
Massachusetts	6,433,422	6,416,505	6,398,743	6,437,193	6,449,755	(0.3)	(0.3)	0.1	0.2
Michigan	10,079,985	10,112,620	10,120,860	10,095,643	10,071,822	0.3	0.1	(0.1)	(0.2)
Minnesota	5,059,375	5,100,958	5,132,799	5,167,101	5,197,621	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.6
Mississippi	2,881,281	2,902,966	2,921,088	2,910,540	2,918,785	0.8	0.6	0.1	0.3
Missouri	5,704,484	5,754,618	5,800,310	5,842,713	5,878,415	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.6
Montana	917,621	926,865	935,670	944,632	957,861	1.0	0.9	1.0	1.4
Nebraska	1,739,291	1,747,214	1,758,787	1,768,331	1,774,571	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.4
Nevada	2,241,154	2,334,771	2,414,807	2,495,529	2,565,382	4.2	3.4	3.5	2.8
New Hampshire	1,287,687	1,299,500	1,309,940	1,314,895	1,315,828	0.9	0.8	0.6	0.1
New Jersey	8,638,396	8,698,879	8,717,925	8,724,560	8,685,920	0.7	0.2	0.2	(0.4)
New Mexico	1,874,614	1,903,289	1,928,384	1,954,599	1,969,915	1.5	1.3	1.5	0.8
New York	19,190,115	19,227,088	19,254,630	19,306,183	19,297,729	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.0
North Carolina	8,407,248	8,541,221	8,683,242	8,856,505	9,061,032	1.6	1.7	2.1	2.3
North Dakota	633,837	634,366	636,677	635,867	639,715	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.6
Ohio	11,435,798	11,459,011	11,464,042	11,478,006	11,466,917	0.2	0.0	0.1	(0.1)
Oklahoma	3,511,532	3,523,553	3,547,884	3,579,212	3,617,316	0.3	0.7	1.0	1.1
Oregon	3,559,596	3,594,586	3,641,056	3,700,758	3,747,455	1.0	1.3	1.7	1.3
Pennsylvania	12,365,455	12,406,292	12,429,616	12,440,621	12,432,792	0.3	0.2	0.3	(0.1)
Rhode Island	1,076,164	1,080,632	1,076,189	1,067,610	1,057,832	0.4	(0.4)	(0.6)	(0.9)
South Carolina	4,147,152	4,198,068	4,255,083	4,321,249	4,407,709	1.2	1.4	1.7	2.0
South Dakota	764,309	770,883	775,933	781,919	796,214	0.9	0.7	0.9	1.8
Tennessee	5,841,748	5,900,962	5,962,959	6,038,803	6,156,719	1.0	1.1	1.4	2.0
Texas	22,118,509	22,490,022	22,859,968	23,507,783	23,904,380	1.7	1.6	2.5	1.7
Utah	2,351,467	2,389,039	2,469,585	2,550,063	2,645,330	1.6	3.4	2.4	3.7
Vermont	619,107	621,394	623,050	623,908	621,254	0.4	0.3	0.2	(0.4)
Virginia	7,386,330	7,459,827	7,567,465	7,642,884	7,712,091	1.0	1.4	1.0	0.9
Washington	6,131,445	6,203,788	6,287,759	6,395,798	6,468,424	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.1
West Virginia	1,810,354	1,815,354	1,816,856	1,818,470	1,812,035	0.3	0.1	0.2	(0.4)
Wisconsin	5,472,299	5,509,026	5,536,201	5,556,506	5,601,640	0.7	0.5	0.5	0.8
Wyoming	501,242	506,529	509,294	515,004	522,830	1.1	0.5	1.2	1.5

Appendix G (cont'd)

Resident Population for U.S., Regions, States, & Kansas Counties, 2003-2007

Area:	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Percent Change				
	(As of 7/1/03)	(As of 7/1/04)	(As of 7/1/05)	(As of 7/1/06)	(As of 7/1/07)	2004	2005	2006	2007	
Kansas Counties:										
Allen	13,907	13,949	13,787	13,677	13,414	0.3	% (1.2)	% (0.8)	% (2.0)	%
Anderson	8,208	8,191	8,182	8,051	7,908	(0.2)	(0.1)	(1.6)	(1.8)	
Atchison	16,741	16,848	16,804	16,745	16,571	0.6	(0.3)	(0.4)	(1.1)	
Barber	5,034	4,999	4,958	4,974	4,786	(0.7)	(0.8)	0.3	(3.9)	
Barton	27,467	27,957	28,105	27,511	27,768	1.8	0.5	(2.2)	0.9	
Bourbon	15,086	15,066	14,997	14,950	14,803	(0.1)	(0.5)	(0.3)	(1.0)	
Brown	10,442	10,362	10,239	10,236	10,068	(0.8)	(1.2)	0.0	(1.7)	
Butler	61,127	61,828	62,354	63,147	63,045	1.1	0.9	1.3	(0.2)	
Chase	3,107	3,068	3,081	3,070	2,882	(1.3)	0.4	(0.4)	(6.5)	
Chautauqua	4,185	4,178	4,109	3,953	3,806	(0.2)	(1.7)	3.9	(3.9)	
Cherokee	21,815	21,950	21,555	21,451	21,337	0.6	(1.8)	(0.5)	(0.5)	
Cheyenne	2,955	2,979	2,946	2,911	2,801	0.8	(1.1)	(1.2)	(3.9)	
Clark	2,333	2,343	2,283	2,206	2,094	0.4	(2.6)	(3.5)	(5.3)	
Clay	8,573	8,597	8,629	8,625	8,685	0.3	0.4	0.0	0.7	
Cloud	9,859	9,779	9,759	9,594	9,382	(0.8)	(0.2)	(1.7)	(2.3)	
Coffey	8,815	8,759	8,683	8,701	8,454	(0.6)	(0.9)	0.2	(2.9)	
Comanche	1,915	1,903	1,935	1,884	1,888	(0.6)	1.7	(2.7)	0.2	
Cowley	35,860	35,772	35,298	34,931	34,251	(0.2)	(1.3)	(1.1)	(2.0)	
Crawford	38,398	38,060	38,222	38,059	38,860	(0.9)	0.4	(0.4)	2.1	
Decatur	3,295	3,274	3,191	3,120	2,955	(0.6)	(2.5)	(2.3)	(5.6)	
Dickinson	19,255	19,132	19,209	19,322	18,957	(0.6)	0.4	0.6	(1.9)	
Doniphan	8,149	8,062	7,816	7,865	7,756	(1.1)	(3.1)	0.6	(1.4)	
Douglas	102,983	102,786	102,914	112,123	113,488	(0.2)	0.1	8.2	1.2	
Edwards	3,275	3,308	3,292	3,138	3,106	1.0	(0.5)	(4.9)	(1.0)	
Elk	3,167	3,117	3,075	3,077	3,040	(1.6)	(1.3)	0.1	(1.2)	
Ellis	27,212	27,060	26,767	26,926	27,464	(0.6)	(1.1)	0.6	2.0	
Ellsworth	6,347	6,350	6,343	6,332	6,310	0.0	(0.1)	(0.2)	(0.3)	
Finney	39,176	39,271	38,988	39,097	38,295	0.2	(0.7)	0.3	(2.1)	
Ford	33,012	33,278	33,751	33,783	33,340	0.8	1.4	0.1	(1.3)	
Franklin	25,540	26,049	26,247	26,513	26,479	2.0	0.8	1.0	(0.1)	
Geary	26,313	25,111	24,585	24,174	25,150	(4.6)	(2.1)	(1.7)	3.9	
Gove	2,910	2,845	2,763	2,721	2,637	(2.2)	(2.9)	(1.5)	(3.2)	
Graham	2,808	2,745	2,721	2,677	2,607	(2.2)	(0.9)	(1.6)	(2.7)	
Grant	7,745	7,685	7,530	7,552	7,497	(0.8)	(2.0)	0.3	(0.7)	
Gray	6,063	5,980	5,861	5,852	5,641	(1.4)	(2.0)	(0.2)	(3.7)	
Greeley	1,420	1,415	1,349	1,331	1,297	(0.4)	(4.7)	(1.4)	(2.6)	
Greenwood	7,485	7,538	7,338	7,067	6,993	0.7	(2.7)	(3.8)	(1.1)	
Hamilton	2,666	2,654	2,604	2,594	2,632	(0.5)	(1.9)	(0.4)	1.4	
Harper	6,206	6,238	6,081	5,952	5,819	0.5	(2.5)	(2.2)	(2.3)	
Harvey	33,502	33,769	33,843	33,643	33,493	0.8	0.2	(0.6)	(0.4)	

Appendix G (cont'd)

Resident Population for U.S., Regions, States, & Kansas Counties, 2003-2007

Area:	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Percent Change				
	(As of 7/1/03)	(As of 7/1/04)	(As of 7/1/05)	(As of 7/1/06)	(As of 7/1/07)	2004	2005	2006	2007	
Kansas Counties (continued):										
Haskell	4,246	4,272	4,232	4,171	4,032	0.6	% (0.9)	% (1.5)	% (3.4)	%
Hodgeman	2,151	2,089	2,110	2,071	1,971	(2.9)	1.0	(1.9)	(5.1)	
Jackson	13,017	13,169	13,535	13,500	13,420	1.2	2.8	(0.3)	(0.6)	
Jefferson	18,798	18,906	19,106	18,848	18,467	0.6	1.1	(1.4)	(2.1)	
Jewell	3,433	3,422	3,352	3,324	3,198	(0.3)	(2.0)	(0.8)	(3.9)	
Johnson	486,515	496,691	506,562	516,731	526,319	2.1	2.0	2.0	1.8	
Kearny	4,591	4,515	4,516	4,469	4,148	(1.7)	0.0	(1.1)	(7.7)	
Kingman	8,382	8,390	8,165	7,975	7,826	0.1	(2.7)	(2.4)	(1.9)	
Kiowa	3,152	3,084	2,984	2,969	2,953	(2.2)	(3.2)	(0.5)	(0.5)	
Labette	22,259	22,269	22,169	22,203	21,973	0.0	(0.4)	0.2	(1.0)	
Lane	1,946	1,950	1,894	1,797	1,746	0.2	(2.9)	(5.4)	(2.9)	
Leavenworth	71,546	72,439	73,113	73,628	73,603	1.2	0.9	0.7	0.0	
Lincoln	3,498	3,416	3,411	3,396	3,285	(2.3)	(0.1)	(0.4)	(3.4)	
Linn	9,722	9,775	9,914	9,962	9,767	0.5	1.4	0.5	(2.0)	
Logan	2,855	2,827	2,794	2,675	2,628	(1.0)	(1.2)	(4.4)	(1.8)	
Lyon	35,805	35,717	35,609	35,369	35,981	(0.2)	(0.3)	(0.7)	1.7	
McPherson	29,346	29,413	29,523	29,380	29,196	0.2	0.4	(0.5)	(0.6)	
Marion	13,299	13,010	12,952	12,760	12,238	(2.2)	(0.4)	(1.5)	(4.3)	
Marshall	10,589	10,402	10,405	10,349	10,186	(1.8)	0.0	(0.5)	(1.6)	
Meade	4,662	4,592	4,625	4,561	4,403	(1.5)	0.7	(1.4)	(3.6)	
Miami	29,187	29,712	30,496	30,900	31,078	1.8	2.6	1.3	0.6	
Mitchell	6,707	6,564	6,420	6,299	6,307	(2.1)	(2.2)	(1.9)	0.1	
Montgomery	34,934	34,975	34,570	34,692	34,511	0.1	(1.2)	0.4	(0.5)	
Morris	5,995	5,977	6,049	6,046	5,967	(0.3)	1.2	0.0	(1.3)	
Morton	3,317	3,269	3,196	3,138	3,038	(1.4)	(2.2)	(1.8)	(3.3)	
Nemaha	10,500	10,458	10,443	10,374	10,201	(0.4)	(0.1)	(0.7)	(1.7)	
Neosho	16,580	16,555	16,529	16,298	16,228	(0.2)	(0.2)	(1.4)	(0.4)	
Ness	3,158	3,080	3,009	2,946	2,991	(2.5)	(2.3)	(2.1)	1.5	
Norton	5,796	5,799	5,664	5,584	5,422	0.1	(2.3)	(1.4)	(3.0)	
Osage	16,784	17,091	17,150	16,958	16,459	1.8	0.3	(1.1)	(3.0)	
Osborne	4,179	4,100	4,050	3,978	3,871	(1.9)	(1.2)	(1.8)	(2.8)	
Ottawa	6,177	6,175	6,123	6,168	6,006	(0.0)	(0.8)	0.7	(2.7)	
Pawnee	6,796	6,795	6,739	6,515	6,415	(0.0)	(0.8)	(3.4)	(1.6)	
Phillips	5,657	5,583	5,504	5,444	5,356	(1.3)	(1.4)	(1.1)	(1.6)	
Pottawatomie	18,714	18,871	19,129	19,220	19,396	0.8	1.4	0.5	0.9	
Pratt	9,437	9,417	9,496	9,436	9,426	(0.2)	0.8	(0.6)	(0.1)	
Rawlins	2,843	2,765	2,672	2,643	2,558	(2.7)	(3.4)	(1.1)	(3.3)	
Reno	63,832	63,676	63,558	63,706	63,145	(0.2)	(0.2)	0.2	(0.9)	
Republic	5,307	5,224	5,164	5,033	4,901	(1.6)	(1.1)	(2.6)	(2.7)	
Rice	10,412	10,497	10,452	10,295	10,080	0.8	(0.4)	(1.5)	(2.1)	

Appendix G (cont'd)

Resident Population for U.S., Regions, States, & Kansas Counties, 2003-2007

Area:	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	Percent Change				
	(As of 7/1/03)	(As of 7/1/04)	(As of 7/1/05)	(As of 7/1/06)	(As of 7/1/07)	2004	2005	2006	2007	
Kansas Counties (continued):										
Riley	62,291	63,069	62,826	62,527	69,083	1.2	% (0.4)	% (0.5)	% 9.5	%
Rooks	5,417	5,386	5,351	5,290	5,160	(0.6)	(0.6)	(1.2)	(2.5)	
Rush	3,418	3,466	3,406	3,317	3,211	1.4	(1.7)	(2.7)	(3.3)	
Russell	6,907	6,978	6,845	6,740	6,737	1.0	(1.9)	(1.6)	0.0	
Saline	53,737	53,943	53,919	54,170	54,583	0.4	(0.0)	0.5	0.8	
Scott	4,806	4,691	4,600	4,643	4,568	(2.4)	(1.9)	0.9	(1.6)	
Sedgwick	462,896	463,802	466,061	470,895	476,026	0.2	0.5	1.0	1.1	
Seward	23,091	23,237	23,274	23,404	23,109	0.6	0.2	0.6	(1.3)	
Shawnee	170,902	171,716	172,365	172,693	173,476	0.5	0.4	0.2	0.5	
Sheridan	2,662	2,614	2,591	2,600	2,493	(1.8)	(0.9)	0.3	(4.3)	
Sherman	6,277	6,218	6,153	5,981	5,959	(0.9)	(1.0)	(2.9)	(0.4)	
Smith	4,181	4,179	4,121	4,024	3,951	(0.0)	(1.4)	(2.4)	(1.8)	
Stafford	4,589	4,512	4,488	4,435	4,387	(1.7)	(0.5)	(1.2)	(1.1)	
Stanton	2,404	2,374	2,245	2,232	2,162	(1.2)	(5.4)	(0.6)	(3.2)	
Stevens	5,389	5,520	5,412	5,287	5,061	2.4	(2.0)	(2.4)	(4.5)	
Sumner	25,256	25,272	24,797	24,441	23,888	0.1	(1.9)	(1.5)	(2.3)	
Thomas	7,933	7,801	7,639	7,468	7,314	(1.7)	(2.1)	(2.3)	(2.1)	
Trego	3,103	3,158	3,050	2,993	2,927	1.8	(3.4)	(1.9)	(2.3)	
Wabaunsee	6,767	6,938	6,919	6,895	6,870	2.5	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.4)	
Wallace	1,621	1,579	1,573	1,557	1,456	(2.6)	(0.4)	(1.0)	(6.9)	
Washington	6,131	6,107	6,009	5,944	5,840	(0.4)	(1.6)	(1.1)	(1.8)	
Wichita	2,447	2,360	2,309	2,288	2,200	(3.6)	(2.2)	(0.9)	(4.0)	
Wilson	10,080	9,946	9,834	9,889	9,807	(1.3)	(1.1)	0.6	(0.8)	
Woodson	3,631	3,553	3,572	3,507	3,318	(2.1)	0.5	(1.9)	(5.7)	
Wyandotte	157,091	156,487	155,750	155,509	153,956	(0.4)	(0.5)	(0.2)	(1.0)	

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Appendix H

Poverty Thresholds in 2007, by Size of Family & Number of Related Children under 18 Years

Size of Family Unit	Related Children under 18 Years									
	None	One	Two	Three	Four	Five	Six	Seven	Eight or More	
One person										
Under 65 Years	\$10,787									
65 Years and Over	9,944									
Two People										
Two with Householder:										
Under 65 Years	13,884	\$14,291								
65 Years and Over	12,533	14,237								
Three People	16,218	16,689	\$16,705							
Four People	21,386	21,736	21,027	\$21,100						
Five People	25,791	26,166	25,364	24,744	\$24,366					
Six People	29,664	29,782	29,168	28,579	27,705	\$27,187				
Seven People	34,132	34,345	33,610	33,098	32,144	31,031	\$29,810			
Eight People	38,174	38,511	37,818	37,210	36,348	35,255	34,116	\$33,827		
Nine People or More	45,921	46,143	45,529	45,014	44,168	43,004	41,952	41,691	\$40,085	

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, <http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/poverty/threshld/thresh07.html>

Appendix I

Kansas School District Populations, 2005

<u>District Name</u>	<u>Dist. No.</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>Ks Dept. of Education's Enrollment as of 2005</u>	<u>U.S. Census Bureau's Population of Relevant Children 5-17 Years of Age</u>	<u>Estimated No. of Relevant Children 5- 17 Yrs of Age in Poverty Who Are Related to the Householder</u>
Abilene	435	Dickinson	1,568	1,386	140
Altoona-Midway	387	Wilson	280	310	31
Andover	385	Butler	4,049	3,453	157
Anthony-Harper	361	Harper	911	878	132
Argonia	359	Sumner	213	232	23
Arkansas City	470	Cowley	2,908	2,826	456
Ashland	220	Clark	214	228	30
Atchison County	377	Atchison	768	892	122
Atchison	409	Atchison	1,646	2,151	355
Attica	511	Harper	122	115	15
Auburn Washburn	437	Shawnee	5,315	5,961	331
Augusta	402	Butler	2,259	2,307	248
Axtell	488	Marshall	357	357	44
B & B	451	Nemaha	215	245	27
Baldwin City	348	Douglas	1,419	1,448	135
Barber Co.	254	Barber	627	597	62
Barnes	223	Washington	470	463	46
Basehor-Linwood	458	Leavenworth	2,131	1,932	137
Baxter Springs	508	Cherokee	913	875	211
Belle Plaine	357	Sumner	790	714	71
Beloit	273	Mitchell	793	820	100
Blue Valley USD 229	229	Johnson	19,867	21,451	494
Blue Valley USD 384	384	Riley	226	286	22
Bluestem	205	Butler	736	859	80
Bonner Springs	204	Wyandotte	2,301	2,248	244
Brewster	314	Thomas	130	118	14
Bucklin	459	Ford	257	326	39
Buhler	313	Reno	2,238	2,253	164
Burlingame Public School	454	Osage	347	293	29
Burlington	244	Coffey	887	738	70
Burrton	369	Harvey	291	274	33
Caldwell	360	Sumner	294	264	41
Caney Valley	436	Montgomery	853	758	110
Canton-Galva	419	McPherson	422	467	50
Cedar Vale	285	Chautauqua	163	184	45
Central Heights	288	Franklin	619	626	105
Central	462	Cowley	362	398	67
Centre	397	Marion	293	275	36
Chanute Public Schools	413	Neosho	1,905	1,775	310
Chapman	473	Dickinson	991	1,036	86
Chase County	284	Chase	481	521	76
Chase-Raymond	401	Rice	171	176	37
Chautauqua Co. Community	286	Chautauqua	434	438	61
Cheney	268	Sedgwick	805	783	40
Cherokee	247	Crawford	813	915	143

Appendix I (cont'd)

Kansas School District Populations, 2005

District Name	Dist. No.	County	Ks Dept. of Education's Enrollment as of 2005	U.S. Census Bureau's Population of Relevant Children 5-17 Years of Age	Estimated No. of Relevant Children 5- 17 Yrs of Age in Poverty Who Are Related to the Householder
Cherryvale	447	Montgomery	713	568	156
Chetopa	505	Labette	582	470	105
Cheylin	103	Cheyenne	147	180	27
Cimarron-Ensign	102	Gray	668	675	66
Circle	375	Butler	1,526	1,808	221
Claflin	354	Barton	303	305	35
Clay Center	379	Clay	1,377	1,378	171
Clearwater	264	Sedgwick	1,285	1,211	74
Clifton-Clyde	224	Washington	322	335	41
Coffeyville	445	Montgomery	1,893	2,263	414
Colby Public Schools	315	Thomas	1,020	1,116	114
Columbus	493	Cherokee	1,239	1,401	266
Commanche County	300	Comanche	329	325	36
Concordia	333	Cloud	1,120	1,068	136
Conway Springs	356	Sumner	690	635	49
Copeland	476	Gray	140	190	33
Crest	479	Anderson	254	280	43
Cunningham	332	Kingman	218	290	32
DeSoto	232	Johnson	5,207	3,875	150
Deerfield	216	Kearny	362	336	56
Derby	260	Sedgwick	6,597	7,626	585
Dexter	471	Cowley	239	155	26
Dighton	482	Lane	260	270	31
Dodge City	443	Ford	5,977	6,759	1,069
Douglass Public Schools	396	Butler	873	822	68
Durham-Hillsboro-Lehigh	410	Marion	709	690	74
Eastern Heights	324	Phillips	154	168	28
Easton	449	Leavenworth	707	790	50
El Dorado	490	Butler	2,196	2,157	321
Elk Valley	283	Elk	204	174	45
Elkhart	218	Morton	723	476	69
Ell-Saline	307	Saline	473	356	43
Ellinwood Public Schools	355	Barton	553	554	56
Ellis	388	Ellis	404	355	44
Ellsworth	327	Ellsworth	617	575	46
Elwood	486	Doniphan	312	240	52
Emporia	253	Lyon	4,911	4,795	774
Erie-St. Paul	101	Neosho	733	842	105
Eudora	491	Douglas	1,347	1,301	79
Eureka	389	Greenwood	660	744	113
Fairfield	310	Reno	390	494	95
Flinthills	492	Butler	319	276	24
Ft. Scott	234	Bourbon	1,970	2,149	434
Fowler	225	Meade	190	177	12
Fredonia	484	Wilson	776	810	156

Appendix I (cont'd)

Kansas School District Populations, 2005

<u>District Name</u>	<u>Dist. No.</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>Ks Dept. of Education's Enrollment as of 2005</u>	<u>U.S. Census Bureau's Population of Relevant Children 5-17 Years of Age</u>	<u>Estimated No. of Relevant Children 5- 17 Yrs of Age in Poverty Who Are Related to the Householder</u>
Frontenac Public Schools	249	Crawford	785	598	52
Ft. Larned	495	Pawnee	958	1,189	117
Ft. Leavenworth	207	Leavenworth	1,643	2,010	45
Galena	499	Cherokee	775	679	184
Garden City	457	Finney	7,405	8,643	1,457
Gardner-Edgerton	231	Johnson	3,865	3,181	228
Garnett	365	Anderson	1,151	1,262	211
Gear County Schools	475	Gear County	6,226	5,961	943
Girard	248	Crawford	1,104	981	180
Goddard	265	Sedgwick	4,445	4,394	201
Goessel	411	Marion	279	303	20
Golden Plains	316	Thomas	200	118	14
Goodland	352	Sherman	1,006	1,027	203
Great Bend	428	Barton	3,180	3,157	603
Greeley County Schools	200	Greeley	267	278	30
Greensburg	422	Kiowa	293	270	47
Grinnell Public Schools	291	Gove	117	123	13
Halstead	440	Harvey	745	842	61
Hamilton	390	Greenwood	106	98	25
Hanston	228	Hodgeman	72	101	9
Haven Public Schools	312	Reno	1,093	1,279	192
Haviland	474	Kiowa	203	130	18
Hays	489	Ellis	3,012	3,217	335
Haysville	261	Sedgwick	4,663	4,405	432
Healy Public Schools	468	Lane	105	71	4
Herington	487	Dickinson	527	488	61
Hesston	460	Harvey	785	869	53
Hiawatha	415	Brown	938	1,016	150
Highland	425	Doniphan	247	196	9
Hill City	281	Graham	418	375	42
Hillcrest Rural Schools	455	Republic	100	100	17
Hoisington	431	Barton	655	662	154
Holcomb	363	Finney	930	909	93
Holton	336	Jackson	1,152	1,041	141
Hoxie Community Schools	412	Sheridan	340	363	50
Hugoton Public Schools	210	Stevens	1,065	1,007	152
Humboldt	258	Allen	544	430	60
Hutchinson Public Schools	308	Reno	4,777	5,124	933
Independence	446	Montgomery	1,965	2,255	400
Ingalls	477	Gray	263	210	17
Inman	448	McPherson	437	481	36
Iola	257	Allen	1,488	1,510	289
Jayhawk	346	Linn	589	607	88
Jefferson County North	339	Jefferson	497	448	55
Jefferson West	340	Jefferson	968	878	42

Appendix I (cont'd)

Kansas School District Populations, 2005

District Name	Dist. No.	County	Ks Dept. of Education's Enrollment as of 2005	U.S. Census Bureau's Population of Relevant Children 5-17 Years of Age	Estimated No. of Relevant Children 5- 17 Yrs of Age in Poverty Who Are Related to the Householder
Jetmore	227	Hodgeman	312	261	31
Jewell	279	Jewell	147	155	25
Kansas City	500	Wyandotte	20,120	23,687	6,314
Kaw Valley	321	Pottawatomie	1,140	1,483	192
Kingman-Norwich	331	Kingman	1,169	1,202	195
Kinsely-Offerle	347	Edwards	349	379	50
Kismet-Plains	483	Seward	737	818	128
Labette County	506	Labette	1,707	1,425	165
LaCrosse	395	Rush	347	347	56
Lakin	215	Kearny	665	731	81
Lansing	469	Leavenworth	2,216	2,169	111
Lawrence	497	Douglas	10,302	12,099	1,146
Leavenworth	453	Leavenworth	4,147	4,974	698
Lebo-Waverly	243	Coffey	596	493	34
Leoti	467	Wichita	490	482	62
LeRoy-Gridley	245	Coffey	280	291	32
Lewis	502	Edwards	126	157	25
Liberal	480	Seward	4,482	4,658	783
Lincoln	298	Lincoln	386	392	51
Little River	444	Rice	297	328	39
Logan	326	Phillips	198	180	30
Lorraine	328	Ellsworth	477	457	45
Louisburg	416	Miami	1,536	1,382	67
Lyndon	421	Osage	468	442	29
Lyons	405	Rice	894	716	109
Macksville	351	Stafford	303	266	38
Madison-Virgil	386	Greenwood	258	271	47
Maize	266	Sedgwick	6,067	6,324	219
Manhattan	383	Riley	5,161	6,252	694
Mankato	278	Jewell	213	204	29
Marais Des Cygnes Valley	456	Osage	272	337	51
Marion-Florence	408	Marion	660	644	62
Marmaton Valley	256	Allen	373	335	52
Marysville	364	Marshall	800	857	85
McLouth	342	Jefferson	554	602	59
McPherson	418	McPherson	2,478	2,623	164
Meade	226	Meade	500	442	44
Midway Schools	433	Doniphan	202	224	29
Mill Creek Valley	329	Wabaunsee	471	599	23
Minneola	219	Clark	257	212	33
Montezuma	371	Gray	268	320	34
Morris County	417	Morris	877	956	110
Moscow Public Schools	209	Stevens	236	187	17
Moundridge	423	McPherson	426	581	22
Mullinville	424	Kiowa	141	76	11

Appendix I (cont'd)

Kansas School District Populations, 2005

<u>District Name</u>	<u>Dist. No.</u>	<u>County</u>	<u>Ks Dept. of Education's Enrollment as of 2005</u>	<u>U.S. Census Bureau's Population of Relevant Children 5-17 Years of Age</u>	<u>Estimated No. of Relevant Children 5- 17 Yrs of Age in Poverty Who Are Related to the Householder</u>
Mulvane	263	Sedgwick	1,921	2,176	221
Nemaha Valley Schools	442	Nemaha	547	627	34
Neodesha	461	Wilson	784	707	118
Ness City	303	Ness	295	238	23
Newton	373	Harvey	3,719	3,736	379
Nickerson	309	Reno	1,204	1,182	144
North Central	221	Washington	117	144	14
North Jackson	335	Jackson	420	395	31
North Lyon Co.	251	Lyon	568	721	78
North Ottawa Co.	239	Ottawa	574	589	50
Northeast	246	Crawford	613	725	164
Northern Valley	212	Norton	189	157	23
Norton Community Schools	211	Norton	696	631	79
Oakley	274	Logan	469	459	50
Oberlin	294	Decatur	445	475	67
Olathe	233	Johnson	24,533	24,938	1,340
Onaga-Havensville-Wheaton	322	Pottawatomie	372	375	46
Osage City	420	Osage	753	750	104
Osawatomie	367	Miami	1,246	1,327	209
Osborne County	392	Osborne	363	392	50
Oskaloosa Public Schools	341	Jefferson	627	689	56
Oswego	504	Labette	490	403	88
Otis-Bison	403	Rush	224	267	37
Ottawa	290	Franklin	2,476	2,559	303
Oxford	358	Sumner	396	389	47
Palco	269	Rooks	158	138	14
Paola	368	Miami	2,106	2,236	134
Paradise	399	Russell	137	140	28
Parsons	503	Labette	1,529	1,902	359
Pawnee Heights	496	Pawnee	186	131	19
Peabody-Burns	398	Marion	401	475	55
Perry Public Schools	343	Jefferson	991	1,106	78
Phillipsburg	325	Phillips	666	581	68
Pike Valley	426	Republic	270	225	34
Piper-Kansas City	203	Wyandotte	1,456	1,444	66
Pittsburg	250	Crawford	2,670	3,083	686
Plainville	270	Rooks	425	442	54
Pleasanton	344	Linn	429	397	94
Prairie Heights	295	Decatur	13	71	12
Prairie View	362	Linn	1,031	946	91
Pratt	382	Pratt	1,237	1,289	154
Pretty Prairie	311	Reno	298	316	25
Quinter Public Schools	293	Gove	334	283	32
Rawlins County	105	Rawlins	354	366	52
Remington-Whitewater	206	Butler	555	811	69

Appendix I (cont'd)

Kansas School District Populations, 2005

District Name	Dist. No.	County	Ks Dept. of Education's Enrollment as of 2005	U.S. Census Bureau's Population of Relevant Children 5-17 Years of Age	Estimated No. of Relevant Children 5- 17 Yrs of Age in Poverty Who Are Related to the Householder
Renwick	267	Sedgwick	2,004	2,107	88
Republic County	427	Republic	455	434	58
Riley County	378	Riley	648	676	76
Riverton	404	Cherokee	903	699	131
Rock Creek	323	Pottawatomie	818	807	93
Rolla	217	Morton	206	168	24
Rose Hill Public Schools	394	Butler	1,738	1,915	109
Royal Valley	337	Jackson	962	938	85
Rural Vista	481	Dickinson	405	419	64
Russell County	407	Russell	1,020	980	149
Sabetha	441	Nemaha	945	915	94
Salina	305	Saline	7,399	8,446	1,107
Santa Fe Trail	434	Osage	1,250	1,271	123
Satanta	507	Haskell	402	438	59
Scott County	466	Scott	965	867	85
Seaman	345	Shawnee	3,479	3,621	235
Sedgwick Public Schools	439	Harvey	547	436	51
Shawnee Heights	450	Shawnee	3,478	3,605	253
Shawnee Mission Pub. Schools	512	Johnson	28,529	39,897	1,897
Silver Lake	372	Shawnee	759	700	25
Skyline Schools	438	Pratt	364	213	40
Smith Center	237	Smith	441	454	59
Smoky Valley	400	McPherson	1,064	963	55
Solomon	393	Dickinson	418	384	59
South Barber Co.	255	Barber	262	268	46
South Brown County	430	Brown	685	689	116
South Haven	509	Sumner	251	193	27
Southeast of Saline	306	Saline	715	673	41
Southern Cloud	334	Cloud	228	252	54
Southern Lyon Co.	252	Lyon	613	641	60
Spearville	381	Ford	355	320	25
Spring Hill	230	Johnson	1,715	1,582	83
St. Francis Community Schools	297	Cheyenne	323	372	39
St. John-Hudson	350	Stafford	417	356	44
Stafford	349	Stafford	317	278	53
Stanton County	452	Stanton	486	497	57
Sterling	376	Rice	529	490	49
Stockton	271	Rooks	356	367	64
Sublette	374	Haskell	537	526	80
Sylvan Grove	299	Lincoln	147	163	21
Syracuse	494	Hamilton	485	506	70
Tonganoxie	464	Leavenworth	1,706	1,582	104
Topeka Public Schools	501	Shawnee	13,343	15,698	2,980
Triplains	275	Logan	123	79	14
Troy Public Schools	429	Doniphan	381	341	35

Appendix I (cont'd)

Kansas School District Populations, 2005

District Name	Dist. No.	County	Ks Dept. of Education's Enrollment as of 2005	U.S. Census Bureau's Population of Relevant Children 5-17 Years of Age	Estimated No. of Relevant Children 5- 17 Yrs of Age in Poverty Who Are Related to the Householder
Turner-Kansas City	202	Wyandotte	3,868	3,849	691
Twin Valley	240	Ottawa	665	476	37
Udall	463	Cowley	391	425	27
Ulysses	214	Grant	1,771	1,643	224
Uniontown	235	Bourbon	480	433	84
Valley Center Pub. Schools	262	Sedgwick	2,518	2,679	147
Valley Falls	338	Jefferson	450	453	35
Valley Heights	498	Marshall	402	392	44
Vermillion	380	Marshall	568	506	77
Victoria	432	Ellis	269	255	18
Wabaunsee East	330	Wabaunsee	547	558	72
Waconda	272	Mitchell	372	440	48
WaKeeney	208	Trego	414	458	57
Wallace Co. Schools	241	Wallace	207	234	34
Wamego	320	Pottawatomie	1,337	1,496	107
Washington Schools	222	Washington	369	343	35
Wathena	406	Doniphan	395	364	59
Wellington	353	Sumner	1,715	1,781	254
Wellsville	289	Franklin	824	853	52
Weskan	242	Wallace	123	87	20
West Elk	282	Elk	439	372	86
West Franklin	287	Franklin	913	1,050	98
West Smith Co.	238	Smith	182	153	12
West Solomon Valley Schools	213	Norton	61	97	10
Western Plains	106	Ness	199	212	25
Wheatland	292	Gove	171	148	29
White Rock	104	Jewell	100	163	23
Wichita	259	Sedgwick	48,655	58,217	9,643
Winfield	465	Cowley	2,559	2,641	432
Woodson	366	Woodson	461	416	83

Sources: Kansas Department of Education and the U.S. Census Bureau [<http://www.census.gov/hhes/www/saipe/district.html>]

Appendix J

Health Insurance Coverage Status for the U.S. & Kansas, 1990-2007

(Numbers in Thousands, Number of People as of March of the Following Year)

	Total Pop.	Not Covered				Covered by Private or Gov. Health Ins.			
		Number	Error	Percent	Error	Number	Error	Percent	Error
U.S.									
2007	299,106	45,657	320	15.3 %	0.1	253,449	307	84.7 %	0.1
2006	296,824	46,995	324	15.8	0.1	249,829	318	84.2	0.1
2005	293,834	46,577	322	15.9	0.1	247,257	325	84.1	0.1
2004	291,166	45,820	320	15.7	0.1	245,860	330	84.3	0.1
2003	288,280	44,961	318	15.6	0.1	243,320	335	84.4	0.1
2002	285,933	43,574	314	15.2	0.1	242,360	338	84.8	0.1
2001	282,082	41,207	307	14.6	0.1	240,875	341	85.4	0.1
2000 ¹	279,517	39,804	300	14.2	0.1	239,714	247	85.8	0.1
1999 ²	276,804	40,228	423	14.5	0.2	236,576	412	85.5	0.2
1999	274,087	42,554	433	15.5	0.2	231,533	434	84.5	0.2
1998	271,743	44,281	440	16.3	0.2	227,462	450	83.7	0.2
1997 ³	269,094	43,448	437	16.1	0.2	225,646	457	83.9	0.2
1996	266,792	41,716	429	15.6	0.2	225,077	459	84.4	0.2
1995	264,314	40,582	424	15.4	0.2	223,733	463	84.6	0.2
1994 ⁴	262,105	39,718	408	15.2	0.2	222,387	531	84.8	0.2
1993 ⁵	259,753	39,713	421	15.3	0.2	220,040	476	84.7	0.2
1992 ⁶	256,830	38,641	416	15.0	0.2	218,189	482	85.0	0.2
1991 ⁷	251,447	35,445	401	14.1	0.2	216,003	489	85.9	0.2
1990	248,886	34,719	398	13.9	0.2	214,167	495	86.1	0.2
Kansas									
2006	2,722	345	24	12.7 %	0.9	2,376	24	87.3 %	0.9
2006	2,723	335	24	12.3	0.9	2,387	24	87.7	1.9
2005	2,695	290	22	10.8	0.8	2,405	22	89.2	0.8
2004	2,674	297	23	11.1	0.8	2,372	23	88.9	0.8
2003	2,683	294	19	11.0	0.7	2,389	55	89.0	37.0
2002	2,685	280	19	10.4	0.7	2,404	55	89.6	37.0
2001	2,642	301	20	11.4	0.7	2,341	54	88.6	37.0
2000 ¹	2,653	289	19	10.9	0.7	2,364	55	89.1	37.0
1999 ²	2,610	309	32	11.8	1.2	2,301	88	88.2	1.2
1999	2,618	317	33	12.1	1.2	2,300	88	87.9	1.2
1998	2,616	270	30	10.3	1.1	2,346	89	89.7	1.1
1997 ³	2,590	304	32	11.7	1.2	2,286	88	88.3	1.2
1996	2,572	292	31	11.4	1.2	2,280	88	88.6	1.2
1995	2,539	316	33	12.4	1.2	2,223	87	87.6	1.2
1994 ⁴	2,527	326	32	12.9	1.2	2,201	83	87.1	1.2
1993 ⁵	2,500	318	33	12.7	1.2	2,182	86	87.3	1.2
1992 ⁶	2,510	274	31	10.9	1.2	2,236	87	89.1	1.2
1991 ⁷	2,581	295	32	11.4	1.2	2,286	88	88.6	1.2
1990	2,512	272	31	10.8	1.1	2,240	87	89.2	1.1

¹ Implementation of a 28,000 household sample expansion.

² Estimates reflect the results of follow-up verification questions and of Census 2000 based population controls.

³ Beginning with the March 1998 CPS, people with no coverage other than access to Indian Health Service are no longer considered to be uninsured. The effect of this change on the overall estimates of health insurance coverage is negligible; however, the decrease in the number of people covered by Medicaid may be partially due to this change.

⁴ Health insurance questions were redesigned. Increases in estimates of employment-based and military health care coverage may be partially due to questionnaire changes. Overall coverage estimates were not affected.

⁵ Data collection method changed from paper and pencil to computer-assisted interviewing.

⁶ Implementation of Census 1990 based population controls.

⁷ Figures are revised to correct for omitted weights from the original March 1992 CPS file.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau

Appendix K
Kansas Resident Population, 2001 through 2007
By Age, Race, Gender, & Ethnicity

		Population						
	Age	7/1/2001	7/1/2002	7/1/2003	7/1/2004	7/1/2005	7/1/2006	7/1/2007
Kansas	All Ages	2,700,879	2,712,454	2,724,224	2,733,697	2,744,687	2,764,075	2,775,997
	< 5	187,221	188,796	188,667	188,536	187,949	194,100	196,138
	5-19	599,792	595,019	587,099	579,663	569,356	582,455	581,010
	20-64	1,558,697	1,574,715	1,594,275	1,610,273	1,630,377	1,629,811	1,638,633
	≥ 65	355,169	353,924	354,183	355,225	357,005	357,709	360,216
	≥ 85*	52,981	53,279	54,259	55,798	57,665	59,518	60,712
Race								
White Alone	All Ages	2,424,103	2,430,696	2,438,246	2,444,629	2,452,657	2,462,232	2,467,314
Black Alone	All Ages	158,301	159,687	160,434	161,016	161,504	164,507	168,531
Amer. Ind. & AK Nat. Alone	All Ages	25,292	25,441	25,555	25,554	25,786	27,374	27,775
Asian Alone	All Ages	50,092	52,451	54,775	56,415	57,759	60,870	61,720
Nat. HI & Other Pac. Isl. Alone	All Ages	1,635	1,708	1,784	1,830	1,867	1,863	1,970
Two or More Races	All Ages	41,456	42,471	43,430	44,253	45,114	47,229	48,687
White Alone	< 5	160,695	162,361	162,531	162,842	162,626	165,293	166,570
Black Alone	< 5	13,345	13,145	12,843	12,428	12,029	14,294	14,904
Amer. Ind. & AK Nat. Alone	< 5	1,916	1,850	1,753	1,710	1,704	2,088	2,039
Asian Alone	< 5	3,882	4,002	4,148	4,278	4,391	4,790	4,955
Nat. HI & Other Pac. Isl. Alone	< 5	129	122	113	106	100	106	146
Two or More Races	< 5	7,254	7,316	7,279	7,172	7,099	7,529	7,524
White Alone	5-19	523,509	518,200	510,391	502,959	493,307	503,966	499,706
Black Alone	5-19	43,274	43,348	42,905	42,556	41,711	42,264	43,895
Amer. Ind. & AK Nat. Alone	5-19	6,842	6,720	6,570	6,400	6,294	6,721	6,811
Asian Alone	5-19	10,485	10,645	10,763	10,885	10,887	11,527	11,713
Nat. HI & Other Pac. Isl. Alone	5-19	442	445	458	463	461	456	503
Two or More Races	5-19	15,240	15,661	16,012	16,400	16,696	17,521	18,382
White Alone	20-64	1,402,082	1,413,878	1,429,197	1,442,118	1,458,871	1,455,085	1,461,598
Black Alone	20-64	89,647	91,122	92,562	93,806	95,332	95,636	97,014
Amer. Ind. & AK Nat. Alone	20-64	15,240	15,490	15,772	15,922	16,151	16,756	16,985
Asian Alone	20-64	33,547	35,475	37,341	38,514	39,498	41,279	41,509
Nat. HI & Other Pac. Isl. Alone	20-64	998	1,072	1,138	1,177	1,216	1,201	1,213
Two or More Races	20-64	17,183	17,678	18,265	18,736	19,309	19,854	20,314
White Alone	≥ 65	337,817	336,257	336,127	336,710	337,853	337,888	339,440
Black Alone	≥ 65	12,035	12,072	12,124	12,226	12,432	12,313	12,718
Amer. Ind. & AK Nat. Alone	≥ 65	1,294	1,381	1,460	1,522	1,637	1,809	1,940
Asian Alone	≥ 65	2,178	2,329	2,523	2,738	2,983	3,274	3,543
Nat. HI & Other Pac. Isl. Alone	≥ 65	66	69	75	84	90	100	108
Two or More Races	≥ 65	1,779	1,816	1,874	1,945	2,010	2,325	2,467
White Alone	≥ 85*	51,023	51,272	52,208	53,655	55,328	57,272	58,277
Black Alone	≥ 85*	1,487	1,502	1,509	1,555	1,674	1,521	1,632
Amer. Ind. & AK Nat. Alone	≥ 85*	120	130	140	154	179	167	211
Asian Alone	≥ 85*	143	158	179	195	223	248	260
Nat. HI & Other Pac. Isl. Alone	≥ 85*	8	9	11	12	13	17	18
Two or More Races	≥ 85*	200	208	212	227	248	293	314

* The age category of ≥ 85 years is a subset of the ≥ 65 years age category.

Appendix K (cont'd)

Kansas Resident Population, 2001 through 2007

By Age, Race, Gender, & Ethnicity

		As a % of Total Population ***							
		7/1/2001	7/1/2002	7/1/2003	7/1/2004	7/1/2005	7/1/2006	7/1/2007	
	Age								
Kansas	All Ages	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
	< 5	6.9	7.0	6.9	6.9	6.8	7.0	7.1	
	5-19	22.2	21.9	21.6	21.2	20.7	21.1	20.9	
	20-64	57.7	58.1	58.5	58.9	59.4	59.0	59.0	
	≥ 65	13.2	13.0	13.0	13.0	13.0	12.9	13.0	
	≥ 85*	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.1	2.2	2.2	
Race**									
White Alone	All Ages	89.8 %	89.6 %	89.5 %	89.4 %	89.4 %	89.1 %	88.9 %	
Black Alone	All Ages	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	5.9	6.0	6.1	
Amer. Ind. & AK Nat. Alone	All Ages	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	
Asian Alone	All Ages	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	
Nat. HI & Other Pac. Isl. Alone	All Ages	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Two or More Races	All Ages	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	
White Alone	< 5	85.8	86.0	86.1	86.4	86.5	85.2 %	84.9 %	
Black Alone	< 5	7.1	7.0	6.8	6.6	6.4	7.4	7.6	
Amer. Ind. & AK Nat. Alone	< 5	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.0	
Asian Alone	< 5	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.5	
Nat. HI & Other Pac. Isl. Alone	< 5	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Two or More Races	< 5	3.9	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.8	
White Alone	5-19	87.3	87.1	86.9	86.8	86.6	86.5 %	86.0 %	
Black Alone	5-19	7.2	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.3	7.6	
Amer. Ind. & AK Nat. Alone	5-19	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	
Asian Alone	5-19	1.7	1.8	1.8	1.9	1.9	2.0	2.0	
Nat. HI & Other Pac. Isl. Alone	5-19	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Two or More Races	5-19	2.5	2.6	2.7	2.8	2.9	3.0	3.2	
White Alone	20-64	90.0	89.8	89.6	89.6	89.5	89.3 %	89.2 %	
Black Alone	20-64	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.8	5.9	5.9	
Amer. Ind. & AK Nat. Alone	20-64	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Asian Alone	20-64	2.2	2.3	2.3	2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	
Nat. HI & Other Pac. Isl. Alone	20-64	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	
Two or More Races	20-64	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	
White Alone	≥ 65	95.1	95.0	94.9	94.8	94.6	94.5 %	94.2 %	
Black Alone	≥ 65	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.5	3.4	3.5	
Amer. Ind. & AK Nat. Alone	≥ 65	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.5	
Asian Alone	≥ 65	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	
Nat. HI & Other Pac. Isl. Alone	≥ 65	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.0	
Two or More Races	≥ 65	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	
White Alone	≥ 85*	96.3	96.2	96.2	96.2	95.9	96.2 %	96.0 %	
Black Alone	≥ 85*	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.7	
Amer. Ind. & AK Nat. Alone	≥ 85*	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	
Asian Alone	≥ 85*	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	
Nat. HI & Other Pac. Isl. Alone	≥ 85*	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.0	
Two or More Races	≥ 85*	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	

* The age category of ≥ 85 years is a subset of the ≥ 65 years age category.

** Percentage of total population for each age group by race is relative to the total population for that age group only.

*** Totals may not add because of rounding.

Appendix K (cont'd)

Kansas Resident Population, 2001 through 2007

By Age, Race, Gender, & Ethnicity

	<u>Age</u>	<u>Population</u>						
		<u>7/1/2001</u>	<u>7/1/2002</u>	<u>7/1/2003</u>	<u>7/1/2004</u>	<u>7/1/2005</u>	<u>7/1/2006</u>	<u>7/1/2007</u>
Gender								
Male	All Ages	1,336,664	1,343,636	1,351,169	1,357,412	1,363,613	1,371,446	1,376,311
Female	All Ages	1,364,215	1,368,818	1,373,055	1,376,285	1,381,074	1,392,629	1,399,686
Male	< 5	96,536	97,528	97,826	97,906	97,590	99,144	99,987
Female	< 5	90,685	91,268	90,841	90,630	90,359	94,956	96,151
Male	5-19	308,183	605,649	601,487	297,917	292,814	299,748	298,712
Female	5-19	291,609	289,370	285,612	281,746	276,542	282,707	282,298
Male	20-64	785,921	794,151	804,601	813,051	823,135	822,673	827,086
Female	20-64	772,776	780,554	789,674	797,222	807,242	807,138	811,547
Male	≥ 65	146,024	146,298	147,255	148,538	150,074	149,881	150,526
Female	≥ 65	206,145	207,626	206,928	206,687	206,931	207,828	209,690
Male	≥ 85*	15,185	15,514	16,197	16,925	17,806	18,366	18,605
Female	≥ 85*	37,796	37,765	38,062	38,873	39,859	41,152	42,107
Ethnicity								
Non-Hispanic	All Ages	2,503,224	2,507,069	2,510,858	2,512,886	2,516,437	2,526,649	2,531,691
Hispanic	All Ages	197,655	205,385	213,366	220,811	228,250	237,426	244,306
Non-Hispanic	< 5	132,390	163,759	163,570	163,227	162,782	166,981	166,800
Hispanic	< 5	24,831	25,037	25,097	25,309	25,167	27,119	29,338
Non-Hispanic	5-19	541,594	534,941	525,396	516,340	504,470	513,376	510,125
Hispanic	5-19	58,198	60,078	61,703	63,323	64,886	69,079	70,885
Non-Hispanic	20-64	1,450,957	1,461,685	1,475,334	1,486,158	1,500,727	1,497,435	1,503,936
Hispanic	20-64	107,740	113,030	118,941	124,115	129,650	132,376	134,697
Non-Hispanic	≥ 65	348,283	346,684	346,558	347,161	348,458	348,857	350,830
Hispanic	≥ 65	6,886	7,240	7,625	8,064	8,547	8,852	9,386
Non-Hispanic	≥ 85*	52,403	52,659	53,570	54,993	56,738	58,596	59,647
Hispanic	≥ 85*	578	620	689	805	927	922	1,065

* The age category of ≥ 85 years is a subset of the ≥ 65 years age category.

Appendix K (cont'd)

Kansas Resident Population, 2001 through 2007

By Age, Race, Gender, & Ethnicity

		As a % of Total Population							
		<u>Age</u>	<u>7/1/2001</u>	<u>7/1/2002</u>	<u>7/1/2003</u>	<u>7/1/2004</u>	<u>7/1/2005</u>	<u>7/1/2006</u>	<u>7/1/2007</u>
Gender									
Male	All Ages	49.5 %	49.5 %	49.6 %	49.7 %	49.7 %	49.6 %	49.6 %	
Female	All Ages	50.5	50.5	50.4	50.3	50.3	50.4	50.4	
Male	< 5	51.6	51.7	51.9	51.9	51.9	51.1	51.0	
Female	< 5	48.4	48.3	48.1	48.1	48.1	48.9	49.0	
Male	5-19	51.4	101.8	102.5	51.4	51.4	51.5	51.4	
Female	5-19	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.6	48.5	48.6	
Male	20-64	50.4	50.4	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	50.5	
Female	20-64	49.6	49.6	49.5	49.5	49.5	49.5	49.5	
Male	≥ 65	41.1	41.3	41.6	41.8	42.0	41.9	41.8	
Female	≥ 65	58.0	58.7	58.4	58.2	58.0	58.1	58.2	
Male	≥ 85*	28.7	29.1	29.9	30.3	30.9	30.9	30.6	
Female	≥ 85*	71.3	70.9	70.1	69.7	69.1	69.1	69.4	
Ethnicity									
Non-Hispanic	All Ages	92.7 %	92.4 %	92.2 %	91.9 %	91.7 %	91.4 %	91.2 %	
Hispanic	All Ages	7.3	7.6	7.8	8.1	8.3	8.6	8.8	
Non-Hispanic	< 5	70.7	86.7	86.7	86.6	86.6	86.0	85.0	
Hispanic	< 5	13.3	13.3	13.3	13.4	13.4	14.0	15.0	
Non-Hispanic	5-19	90.3	89.9	89.5	89.1	88.6	88.1	87.8	
Hispanic	5-19	9.7	10.1	10.5	10.9	11.4	11.9	12.2	
Non-Hispanic	20-64	93.1	92.8	92.5	92.3	92.0	91.9	91.8	
Hispanic	20-64	6.9	7.2	7.5	7.7	8.0	8.1	8.2	
Non-Hispanic	≥ 65	98.1	98.0	97.8	97.7	97.6	97.5	97.4	
Hispanic	≥ 65	1.9	2.0	2.2	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	
Non-Hispanic	≥ 85*	98.9	98.8	98.7	98.6	98.4	98.5	98.2	
Hispanic	≥ 85*	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.8	

* The age category of ≥ 85 years is a subset of the ≥ 65 years age category.

Appendix L

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Allen County												
Total Population	13,528	13,448	13,366	13,280	13,200	13,108	13,022	12,930	12,845	12,760	12,682	12,600
Age 0 thru 4	837	833	829	824	819	815	808	800	792	785	777	769
Age 5 thru 9	704	681	658	635	615	593	572	551	530	510	491	472
Age 10 thru 14	767	736	705	677	648	620	593	568	543	519	496	473
Age 15 thru 19	1,032	1,007	979	952	927	901	877	854	830	806	783	759
Age 20 thru 24	903	910	915	910	901	895	889	888	887	884	881	876
Age 25 thru 29	1,003	1,034	1,073	1,120	1,168	1,215	1,258	1,291	1,328	1,368	1,411	1,455
Age 30 thru 34	654	644	635	625	613	601	586	573	560	547	535	523
Age 35 thru 39	565	532	500	470	442	417	393	370	348	326	306	287
Age 40 thru 44	939	925	910	892	875	855	838	821	805	788	770	753
Age 45 thru 49	1,125	1,136	1,144	1,151	1,160	1,168	1,178	1,184	1,190	1,195	1,200	1,204
Age 50 thru 54	1,063	1,081	1,097	1,110	1,123	1,131	1,142	1,156	1,169	1,181	1,192	1,202
Age 55 thru 59	981	1,011	1,042	1,078	1,114	1,149	1,184	1,217	1,251	1,285	1,320	1,355
Age 60 thru 64	686	686	686	686	684	682	680	677	674	671	667	663
Age 65 thru 84	1,866	1,832	1,796	1,758	1,724	1,685	1,649	1,611	1,574	1,536	1,500	1,462
Age 85 & Older	403	400	397	392	387	381	375	369	364	359	353	347
Anderson County												
Total Population	8,292	8,322	8,346	8,369	8,391	8,414	8,432	8,456	8,473	8,492	8,513	8,534
Age 0 thru 4	493	492	490	488	484	479	475	472	468	464	460	455
Age 5 thru 9	458	445	433	420	410	400	389	378	368	357	346	336
Age 10 thru 14	539	528	517	507	494	483	471	460	449	438	427	416
Age 15 thru 19	594	590	585	581	579	576	572	568	563	558	553	547
Age 20 thru 24	532	557	581	598	616	635	651	673	694	717	739	762
Age 25 thru 29	593	618	648	680	715	748	779	808	838	871	905	941
Age 30 thru 34	412	410	408	404	399	395	393	389	384	379	375	370
Age 35 thru 39	378	360	341	324	310	295	281	268	255	243	230	219
Age 40 thru 44	657	664	670	673	676	677	682	686	688	691	693	695
Age 45 thru 49	659	677	697	718	734	749	763	779	796	812	829	846
Age 50 thru 54	537	545	552	559	569	581	591	600	608	616	623	631
Age 55 thru 59	500	507	513	521	528	537	545	553	560	566	573	579
Age 60 thru 64	413	413	412	413	412	412	412	412	411	409	408	406
Age 65 thru 84	1,212	1,197	1,178	1,159	1,138	1,117	1,096	1,077	1,057	1,036	1,016	995
Age 85 & Older	315	319	321	324	327	330	332	333	334	335	336	336
Atchison County												
Total Population	16,783	16,783	16,786	16,783	16,784	16,783	16,781	16,781	16,779	16,782	16,783	16,777
Age 0 thru 4	1,037	1,031	1,024	1,017	1,010	1,004	996	988	980	971	961	951
Age 5 thru 9	930	907	884	860	837	813	791	770	749	728	706	685
Age 10 thru 14	1,037	1,007	978	949	918	890	859	833	806	780	754	728
Age 15 thru 19	1,398	1,373	1,348	1,322	1,299	1,274	1,253	1,231	1,207	1,182	1,158	1,132
Age 20 thru 24	1,855	1,937	2,024	2,103	2,189	2,268	2,347	2,434	2,524	2,618	2,713	2,809
Age 25 thru 29	1,074	1,094	1,119	1,150	1,178	1,209	1,233	1,252	1,272	1,294	1,316	1,339
Age 30 thru 34	761	743	724	705	684	663	642	622	603	585	566	548
Age 35 thru 39	853	827	801	774	747	724	704	681	659	637	615	593
Age 40 thru 44	1,016	996	974	953	938	919	897	879	860	841	822	802
Age 45 thru 49	1,345	1,375	1,406	1,433	1,455	1,477	1,504	1,530	1,555	1,580	1,605	1,628
Age 50 thru 54	1,052	1,061	1,067	1,070	1,077	1,086	1,097	1,105	1,112	1,118	1,123	1,127

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Atchison County (cont'd)												
Age 55 thru 59	1,039	1,062	1,085	1,111	1,134	1,157	1,181	1,204	1,227	1,250	1,273	1,295
Age 60 thru 64	791	795	799	804	806	809	811	813	814	815	816	815
Age 65 thru 84	2,109	2,084	2,057	2,031	2,003	1,973	1,942	1,912	1,881	1,850	1,819	1,786
Age 85 & Older	486	491	496	501	509	517	524	527	530	533	536	539
Barber County												
Total Population	4,727	4,664	4,600	4,540	4,479	4,418	4,358	4,294	4,238	4,180	4,123	4,063
Age 0 thru 4	154	144	134	125	118	110	103	95	88	82	75	69
Age 5 thru 9	197	185	172	160	148	138	127	118	108	100	91	83
Age 10 thru 14	263	247	230	214	199	185	173	160	149	137	126	116
Age 15 thru 19	360	351	342	332	321	309	298	287	277	265	254	242
Age 20 thru 24	436	474	517	565	616	666	716	765	818	874	933	993
Age 25 thru 29	150	145	141	136	131	126	123	117	112	107	101	96
Age 30 thru 34	126	116	106	96	87	79	71	64	58	52	47	42
Age 35 thru 39	197	183	169	157	145	133	123	114	104	95	87	79
Age 40 thru 44	342	331	319	308	297	287	275	264	252	241	229	217
Age 45 thru 49	451	453	452	450	447	441	436	431	426	419	411	402
Age 50 thru 54	467	479	490	499	508	520	529	536	542	547	550	552
Age 55 thru 59	357	361	364	366	364	362	359	356	354	350	346	340
Age 60 thru 64	276	274	273	271	268	264	259	254	249	243	237	230
Age 65 thru 84	760	729	697	666	635	603	572	542	512	483	454	425
Age 85 & Older	191	192	194	195	195	195	194	191	189	185	182	177
Barton County												
Total Population	27,723	27,614	27,512	27,419	27,317	27,219	27,133	27,065	26,999	26,927	26,849	26,773
Age 0 thru 4	1,618	1,593	1,567	1,546	1,520	1,493	1,467	1,442	1,417	1,391	1,364	1,338
Age 5 thru 9	1,609	1,569	1,528	1,490	1,453	1,416	1,379	1,342	1,306	1,270	1,234	1,198
Age 10 thru 14	1,717	1,664	1,609	1,558	1,510	1,462	1,417	1,373	1,329	1,285	1,242	1,199
Age 15 thru 19	2,187	2,157	2,126	2,090	2,055	2,022	1,990	1,964	1,935	1,904	1,871	1,837
Age 20 thru 24	1,909	1,945	1,978	2,006	2,026	2,053	2,088	2,119	2,150	2,179	2,206	2,232
Age 25 thru 29	1,594	1,611	1,636	1,669	1,708	1,738	1,761	1,776	1,793	1,812	1,831	1,851
Age 30 thru 34	1,116	1,077	1,039	1,002	961	921	883	847	813	780	748	716
Age 35 thru 39	1,144	1,072	1,003	935	876	822	773	726	680	637	595	556
Age 40 thru 44	2,053	2,021	1,986	1,952	1,917	1,881	1,848	1,818	1,787	1,754	1,720	1,685
Age 45 thru 49	2,510	2,556	2,602	2,641	2,673	2,707	2,742	2,782	2,821	2,858	2,893	2,926
Age 50 thru 54	2,467	2,566	2,670	2,771	2,873	2,978	3,082	3,193	3,307	3,422	3,539	3,659
Age 55 thru 59	1,735	1,774	1,815	1,863	1,910	1,955	1,998	2,039	2,081	2,123	2,165	2,208
Age 60 thru 64	1,297	1,296	1,296	1,298	1,296	1,295	1,291	1,286	1,282	1,277	1,272	1,266
Age 65 thru 84	3,830	3,765	3,698	3,629	3,563	3,494	3,425	3,361	3,295	3,227	3,158	3,088
Age 85 & Older	937	948	959	969	976	982	989	997	1,003	1,008	1,011	1,014
Bourbon County												
Total Population	15,014	15,012	15,004	14,977	14,940	14,906	14,877	14,846	14,811	14,783	14,760	14,736
Age 0 thru 4	1,038	1,048	1,059	1,068	1,075	1,082	1,089	1,093	1,097	1,101	1,106	1,110
Age 5 thru 9	786	759	731	704	677	652	628	605	582	560	538	517
Age 10 thru 14	971	955	938	919	897	874	854	835	816	797	778	759
Age 15 thru 19	1,058	1,031	1,003	980	957	936	915	893	869	847	824	802
Age 20 thru 24	1,230	1,275	1,318	1,346	1,378	1,406	1,434	1,471	1,508	1,545	1,583	1,619

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Bourbon County (cont'd)												
Age 25 thru 29	948	958	970	980	987	1,000	1,012	1,018	1,023	1,029	1,035	1,042
Age 30 thru 34	850	854	861	864	867	865	864	861	859	857	856	854
Age 35 thru 39	701	672	644	615	588	564	542	519	496	474	452	432
Age 40 thru 44	922	908	894	877	858	838	819	803	786	769	752	735
Age 45 thru 49	1,096	1,104	1,108	1,113	1,116	1,121	1,126	1,129	1,131	1,132	1,134	1,135
Age 50 thru 54	1,147	1,174	1,196	1,216	1,238	1,260	1,284	1,309	1,332	1,355	1,378	1,400
Age 55 thru 59	1,032	1,059	1,086	1,117	1,148	1,180	1,208	1,236	1,265	1,294	1,324	1,354
Age 60 thru 64	851	876	902	929	951	971	990	1,010	1,030	1,052	1,075	1,097
Age 65 thru 84	1,880	1,834	1,787	1,740	1,691	1,642	1,597	1,551	1,505	1,461	1,417	1,374
Age 85 & Older	504	505	507	509	512	515	515	513	512	510	508	506
Brown County												
Total Population	9,999	9,931	9,862	9,793	9,715	9,631	9,555	9,478	9,401	9,326	9,257	9,181
Age 0 thru 4	646	640	634	630	623	617	611	602	594	586	577	568
Age 5 thru 9	574	556	539	523	507	488	471	454	437	421	405	389
Age 10 thru 14	591	568	545	524	503	482	462	442	423	404	386	368
Age 15 thru 19	647	625	604	581	557	536	517	498	480	461	442	424
Age 20 thru 24	812	853	896	934	971	1,011	1,045	1,085	1,126	1,168	1,212	1,255
Age 25 thru 29	444	437	431	426	422	417	413	405	397	389	382	374
Age 30 thru 34	404	388	372	356	342	326	312	298	284	270	258	245
Age 35 thru 39	493	473	453	433	415	398	381	365	348	332	316	301
Age 40 thru 44	650	633	615	601	585	568	552	536	520	504	488	472
Age 45 thru 49	804	807	807	805	798	788	782	779	774	768	762	754
Age 50 thru 54	855	879	899	916	936	956	978	998	1,017	1,036	1,054	1,071
Age 55 thru 59	756	781	807	836	864	892	918	944	970	996	1,023	1,049
Age 60 thru 64	534	539	544	547	549	549	549	549	549	549	549	548
Age 65 thru 84	1,341	1,301	1,262	1,224	1,183	1,142	1,103	1,064	1,025	987	950	913
Age 85 & Older	448	451	454	457	460	461	461	459	457	455	453	450
Butler County												
Total Population	64,951	65,196	65,044	65,219	65,810	66,305	66,762	67,160	67,523	67,881	68,231	68,580
Age 0 thru 4	3,487	3,415	3,314	3,230	3,166	3,099	3,032	2,961	2,888	2,811	2,734	2,657
Age 5 thru 9	3,989	3,910	3,815	3,747	3,714	3,682	3,647	3,609	3,573	3,534	3,489	3,442
Age 10 thru 14	4,380	4,285	4,168	4,070	4,006	3,945	3,885	3,830	3,778	3,721	3,657	3,591
Age 15 thru 19	5,450	5,485	5,501	5,537	5,614	5,689	5,766	5,850	5,937	6,019	6,089	6,155
Age 20 thru 24	5,032	5,180	5,297	5,461	5,645	5,787	5,908	6,025	6,129	6,274	6,466	6,672
Age 25 thru 29	4,624	4,797	4,983	5,213	5,490	5,757	5,992	6,214	6,458	6,718	6,988	7,253
Age 30 thru 34	3,254	3,201	3,134	3,095	3,073	3,038	2,994	2,944	2,900	2,856	2,811	2,759
Age 35 thru 39	3,600	3,478	3,344	3,238	3,158	3,074	2,985	2,895	2,809	2,724	2,637	2,546
Age 40 thru 44	5,291	5,297	5,275	5,276	5,313	5,329	5,344	5,358	5,375	5,388	5,392	5,381
Age 45 thru 49	5,720	5,739	5,680	5,579	5,505	5,435	5,375	5,320	5,236	5,136	5,024	4,914
Age 50 thru 54	5,279	5,387	5,423	5,422	5,470	5,534	5,601	5,648	5,665	5,663	5,648	5,634
Age 55 thru 59	4,205	4,341	4,441	4,529	4,623	4,723	4,825	4,909	4,975	5,030	5,075	5,124
Age 60 thru 64	2,402	2,379	2,330	2,276	2,236	2,194	2,151	2,103	2,048	1,988	1,926	1,867
Age 65 thru 84	7,059	7,112	7,144	7,321	7,531	7,714	7,913	8,111	8,328	8,552	8,783	9,027
Age 85 & Older	1,179	1,190	1,195	1,225	1,266	1,305	1,344	1,383	1,424	1,467	1,512	1,558

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Chase County												
Total Population	3,114	3,122	3,129	3,137	3,146	3,152	3,161	3,170	3,179	3,189	3,204	3,210
Age 0 thru 4	269	279	289	298	300	300	304	309	313	317	321	323
Age 5 thru 9	157	153	149	144	141	137	134	130	125	121	117	112
Age 10 thru 14	158	152	145	138	132	125	119	113	107	102	96	90
Age 15 thru 19	199	196	192	188	186	183	179	176	171	167	163	158
Age 20 thru 24	304	333	365	403	438	480	522	565	612	663	718	774
Age 25 thru 29	131	127	123	120	120	118	115	112	109	105	102	98
Age 30 thru 34	160	159	158	156	153	151	148	145	142	139	136	132
Age 35 thru 39	123	113	103	95	87	80	74	68	62	57	52	47
Age 40 thru 44	278	281	284	285	287	289	290	291	291	291	290	288
Age 45 thru 49	249	251	253	252	253	251	250	249	248	246	244	241
Age 50 thru 54	222	223	222	221	221	221	222	221	221	219	217	215
Age 55 thru 59	211	214	217	220	221	223	224	225	227	227	227	227
Age 60 thru 64	159	160	161	162	164	165	165	165	164	163	163	161
Age 65 thru 84	395	382	370	357	344	330	317	304	291	278	266	253
Age 85 & Older	99	99	98	98	99	99	98	97	96	94	92	91
Chautauqua County												
Total Population	4,032	4,012	3,985	3,956	3,927	3,894	3,862	3,832	3,802	3,775	3,747	3,719
Age 0 thru 4	157	153	148	144	140	135	130	125	120	115	110	105
Age 5 thru 9	154	144	134	125	116	108	100	93	86	79	73	67
Age 10 thru 14	234	224	213	202	191	181	171	162	152	143	134	126
Age 15 thru 19	305	302	297	291	287	282	278	272	266	259	252	244
Age 20 thru 24	395	434	479	525	568	612	655	703	756	812	871	931
Age 25 thru 29	174	176	179	181	183	184	184	183	183	182	181	179
Age 30 thru 34	115	108	100	94	87	81	75	70	65	60	55	50
Age 35 thru 39	169	160	151	141	133	124	117	109	102	95	88	82
Age 40 thru 44	289	287	283	279	274	268	262	257	250	244	237	230
Age 45 thru 49	314	319	324	328	331	331	331	331	331	330	328	326
Age 50 thru 54	247	243	236	229	224	220	216	210	203	197	190	183
Age 55 thru 59	346	357	366	375	381	389	397	404	410	415	419	422
Age 60 thru 64	203	194	184	173	163	152	141	133	125	117	109	101
Age 65 thru 84	736	717	697	677	658	639	619	597	574	551	528	505
Age 85 & Older	194	194	194	192	191	188	186	183	179	176	172	168
Cherokee County												
Total Population	21,548	21,511	21,443	21,363	21,267	21,167	21,065	20,969	20,880	20,803	20,733	20,663
Age 0 thru 4	1,252	1,228	1,200	1,176	1,148	1,124	1,101	1,078	1,055	1,032	1,009	987
Age 5 thru 9	1,392	1,372	1,351	1,329	1,310	1,287	1,264	1,242	1,220	1,198	1,177	1,156
Age 10 thru 14	1,408	1,380	1,350	1,320	1,289	1,256	1,224	1,194	1,165	1,137	1,110	1,082
Age 15 thru 19	1,491	1,469	1,446	1,424	1,399	1,375	1,352	1,329	1,306	1,283	1,261	1,238
Age 20 thru 24	1,179	1,175	1,167	1,149	1,127	1,107	1,085	1,072	1,059	1,046	1,032	1,017
Age 25 thru 29	1,485	1,510	1,538	1,572	1,616	1,652	1,682	1,705	1,730	1,758	1,788	1,819
Age 30 thru 34	1,050	1,017	981	944	906	871	839	808	778	749	721	694
Age 35 thru 39	1,339	1,308	1,276	1,246	1,215	1,185	1,154	1,124	1,095	1,066	1,039	1,011
Age 40 thru 44	1,601	1,597	1,592	1,581	1,572	1,564	1,555	1,545	1,534	1,524	1,514	1,504
Age 45 thru 49	1,671	1,694	1,714	1,730	1,738	1,745	1,754	1,763	1,773	1,784	1,795	1,806
Age 50 thru 54	1,654	1,689	1,718	1,741	1,767	1,797	1,828	1,859	1,889	1,919	1,950	1,980

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Cherokee County (cont'd)												
Age 55 thru 59	1,523	1,563	1,598	1,639	1,678	1,720	1,758	1,798	1,839	1,881	1,923	1,966
Age 60 thru 64	1,234	1,253	1,272	1,289	1,303	1,313	1,325	1,337	1,350	1,364	1,378	1,392
Age 65 thru 84	2,743	2,727	2,708	2,688	2,663	2,633	2,605	2,575	2,546	2,520	2,493	2,467
Age 85 & Older	526	529	532	535	536	538	539	540	541	542	543	544
Cheyenne County												
Total Population	2,867	2,843	2,821	2,797	2,769	2,745	2,716	2,685	2,657	2,629	2,608	2,584
Age 0 thru 4	101	97	93	88	82	78	74	70	66	62	58	55
Age 5 thru 9	121	114	107	100	94	89	83	78	72	67	63	58
Age 10 thru 14	179	172	166	160	154	147	140	133	127	121	115	109
Age 15 thru 19	199	196	192	187	182	177	171	167	162	157	152	146
Age 20 thru 24	197	213	232	252	275	297	319	340	363	388	415	443
Age 25 thru 29	55	50	46	42	38	35	32	29	26	24	22	20
Age 30 thru 34	91	85	79	73	67	61	56	52	48	44	40	37
Age 35 thru 39	159	155	151	148	144	142	137	133	128	123	119	115
Age 40 thru 44	180	173	165	159	150	143	137	130	124	117	111	105
Age 45 thru 49	268	272	275	275	274	274	273	272	271	270	268	266
Age 50 thru 54	251	258	265	271	278	286	294	299	304	309	314	318
Age 55 thru 59	206	210	215	219	222	223	223	225	226	226	227	227
Age 60 thru 64	159	163	168	173	177	181	185	186	188	190	192	194
Age 65 thru 84	513	492	470	448	425	401	379	358	338	318	299	280
Age 85 & Older	188	193	197	202	207	211	213	213	214	213	213	211
Clark County												
Total Population	2,248	2,233	2,222	2,208	2,190	2,176	2,160	2,146	2,130	2,115	2,099	2,086
Age 0 thru 4	95	91	87	81	76	72	67	64	60	56	52	49
Age 5 thru 9	123	117	112	106	101	96	92	87	82	78	73	68
Age 10 thru 14	162	159	156	153	150	148	145	141	137	133	129	124
Age 15 thru 19	148	144	138	133	128	122	118	113	108	103	98	93
Age 20 thru 24	184	206	231	255	278	303	328	357	388	421	456	493
Age 25 thru 29	68	64	61	58	55	52	48	46	43	40	37	35
Age 30 thru 34	88	84	81	77	73	69	66	62	59	55	52	49
Age 35 thru 39	94	89	83	78	74	70	66	62	58	54	50	47
Age 40 thru 44	150	146	142	138	133	128	123	118	113	108	103	98
Age 45 thru 49	188	190	191	192	192	191	190	190	188	186	184	181
Age 50 thru 54	173	173	173	172	171	170	170	169	167	165	162	159
Age 55 thru 59	181	186	193	201	208	216	222	227	232	237	241	245
Age 60 thru 64	107	105	103	100	96	92	88	85	82	79	75	72
Age 65 thru 84	376	368	360	352	343	334	324	313	302	291	280	268
Age 85 & Older	111	111	111	112	112	113	113	112	111	109	107	105
Clay County												
Total Population	8,481	8,438	8,393	8,339	8,294	8,255	8,215	8,175	8,137	8,101	8,072	8,035
Age 0 thru 4	380	369	358	346	334	322	311	301	290	280	270	259
Age 5 thru 9	378	360	341	323	306	292	277	263	249	236	223	210
Age 10 thru 14	484	463	442	421	401	380	362	345	328	312	296	280
Age 15 thru 19	581	572	562	551	541	530	519	509	499	488	477	465
Age 20 thru 24	697	737	780	820	858	898	939	981	1,025	1,071	1,119	1,168

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Clay County (cont'd)												
Age 25 thru 29	489	495	503	515	530	549	562	569	577	585	593	602
Age 30 thru 34	381	370	359	346	335	324	313	301	290	279	269	258
Age 35 thru 39	378	358	339	320	303	288	273	258	244	230	217	204
Age 40 thru 44	560	549	536	522	508	496	483	471	458	445	433	420
Age 45 thru 49	661	656	648	638	627	615	605	597	588	578	568	557
Age 50 thru 54	801	828	853	881	911	941	971	999	1,028	1,056	1,085	1,113
Age 55 thru 59	629	647	667	683	700	715	729	745	761	777	793	808
Age 60 thru 64	428	430	432	434	433	433	433	432	430	429	428	426
Age 65 thru 84	1,229	1,193	1,156	1,117	1,079	1,040	1,003	968	933	898	864	829
Age 85 & Older	405	411	417	422	428	432	435	436	437	437	437	436
Cloud County												
Total Population	9,427	9,338	9,254	9,168	9,080	8,995	8,902	8,813	8,728	8,647	8,566	8,487
Age 0 thru 4	518	517	517	518	518	518	516	513	510	507	504	501
Age 5 thru 9	401	383	366	349	332	316	301	286	272	259	246	233
Age 10 thru 14	486	466	446	427	409	390	372	355	339	324	308	294
Age 15 thru 19	775	756	736	717	698	681	663	646	629	611	593	575
Age 20 thru 24	838	866	896	921	946	970	993	1,018	1,044	1,070	1,095	1,121
Age 25 thru 29	544	556	573	591	610	628	645	656	668	682	696	711
Age 30 thru 34	304	286	268	251	234	220	206	193	181	169	158	148
Age 35 thru 39	476	458	440	423	406	390	375	360	345	331	317	303
Age 40 thru 44	613	605	597	588	578	567	554	544	533	522	511	500
Age 45 thru 49	693	696	698	700	701	702	702	701	700	699	698	696
Age 50 thru 54	686	690	691	690	689	690	691	692	692	691	689	687
Age 55 thru 59	696	718	741	767	791	816	838	860	883	907	931	955
Age 60 thru 64	444	436	428	420	412	402	392	384	375	366	358	349
Age 65 thru 84	1,542	1,506	1,472	1,436	1,399	1,363	1,325	1,288	1,251	1,215	1,179	1,143
Age 85 & Older	411	399	385	370	357	342	329	317	306	294	283	271
Coffey County												
Total Population	8,729	8,728	8,724	8,718	8,709	8,704	8,696	8,684	8,672	8,662	8,653	8,643
Age 0 thru 4	485	479	473	466	460	454	447	438	430	420	411	401
Age 5 thru 9	443	425	407	391	372	353	336	320	304	288	273	258
Age 10 thru 14	548	532	516	499	482	467	451	435	419	403	386	370
Age 15 thru 19	554	536	517	496	474	454	434	417	399	382	364	346
Age 20 thru 24	782	840	905	970	1,038	1,104	1,174	1,244	1,319	1,398	1,480	1,566
Age 25 thru 29	440	437	435	435	433	431	428	422	416	410	404	397
Age 30 thru 34	410	402	392	381	370	357	345	333	321	309	298	286
Age 35 thru 39	415	392	367	346	327	308	290	273	255	239	223	208
Age 40 thru 44	679	670	660	647	632	617	603	590	576	561	546	530
Age 45 thru 49	761	764	764	763	761	760	755	752	748	742	735	727
Age 50 thru 54	853	890	926	957	991	1,025	1,060	1,094	1,127	1,160	1,192	1,224
Age 55 thru 59	652	673	692	716	738	762	785	805	825	845	863	881
Age 60 thru 64	483	493	503	515	525	535	543	549	555	560	566	570
Age 65 thru 84	990	968	946	920	895	870	843	816	788	761	734	707
Age 85 & Older	234	227	221	216	211	207	202	196	190	184	178	172

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Comanche County												
Total Population	1,848	1,827	1,807	1,784	1,766	1,751	1,735	1,718	1,700	1,682	1,668	1,651
Age 0 thru 4	58	54	50	46	42	38	36	33	30	28	26	24
Age 5 thru 9	100	97	95	92	90	88	85	83	80	78	75	73
Age 10 thru 14	101	97	94	90	86	82	78	75	72	68	65	62
Age 15 thru 19	121	122	122	122	123	122	121	121	120	120	119	118
Age 20 thru 24	121	131	141	149	159	171	182	193	206	219	233	248
Age 25 thru 29	68	65	62	60	59	58	56	54	52	50	48	47
Age 30 thru 34	101	103	106	107	109	110	112	112	113	114	115	116
Age 35 thru 39	72	68	63	60	57	54	52	49	46	43	41	38
Age 40 thru 44	121	119	117	114	110	108	104	102	99	96	94	91
Age 45 thru 49	135	134	133	131	130	129	129	127	126	124	123	121
Age 50 thru 54	144	143	141	141	141	141	141	141	140	139	138	136
Age 55 thru 59	147	148	149	150	149	149	149	149	149	149	148	147
Age 60 thru 64	128	127	127	125	124	124	123	122	121	119	118	116
Age 65 thru 84	340	329	318	310	303	295	287	278	269	260	252	243
Age 85 & Older	91	90	89	87	84	82	80	79	77	75	73	71
Cowley County												
Total Population	34,842	34,694	34,521	34,341	34,158	33,988	33,825	33,662	33,509	33,320	33,157	32,985
Age 0 thru 4	2,192	2,176	2,157	2,140	2,117	2,097	2,074	2,053	2,031	2,007	1,984	1,960
Age 5 thru 9	1,991	1,932	1,871	1,811	1,753	1,700	1,649	1,599	1,549	1,498	1,449	1,400
Age 10 thru 14	2,283	2,232	2,181	2,128	2,072	2,018	1,967	1,918	1,870	1,820	1,772	1,723
Age 15 thru 19	2,802	2,764	2,723	2,685	2,648	2,612	2,577	2,543	2,507	2,467	2,427	2,388
Age 20 thru 24	2,993	3,080	3,169	3,246	3,305	3,370	3,436	3,511	3,590	3,665	3,743	3,819
Age 25 thru 29	2,031	2,028	2,030	2,041	2,043	2,046	2,040	2,032	2,025	2,017	2,010	2,004
Age 30 thru 34	1,791	1,757	1,720	1,684	1,647	1,612	1,575	1,537	1,500	1,463	1,428	1,393
Age 35 thru 39	1,718	1,636	1,556	1,482	1,411	1,345	1,282	1,221	1,162	1,105	1,050	997
Age 40 thru 44	2,522	2,499	2,473	2,439	2,406	2,371	2,340	2,311	2,281	2,248	2,216	2,182
Age 45 thru 49	2,708	2,727	2,742	2,749	2,758	2,768	2,781	2,791	2,800	2,805	2,812	2,816
Age 50 thru 54	2,689	2,748	2,802	2,859	2,928	2,997	3,060	3,121	3,184	3,242	3,304	3,365
Age 55 thru 59	2,247	2,292	2,337	2,387	2,435	2,476	2,527	2,573	2,620	2,664	2,710	2,755
Age 60 thru 64	1,719	1,733	1,747	1,760	1,778	1,794	1,804	1,813	1,823	1,831	1,840	1,849
Age 65 thru 84	4,178	4,107	4,027	3,943	3,867	3,791	3,718	3,644	3,572	3,494	3,420	3,344
Age 85 & Older	978	983	986	987	990	991	995	995	995	994	992	990
Crawford County												
Total Population	38,836	38,938	39,009	39,075	39,150	39,229	39,297	39,368	39,444	39,542	39,624	39,723
Age 0 thru 4	2,526	2,533	2,533	2,527	2,520	2,510	2,500	2,495	2,488	2,480	2,468	2,455
Age 5 thru 9	2,204	2,190	2,175	2,164	2,150	2,138	2,119	2,097	2,076	2,055	2,032	2,009
Age 10 thru 14	1,929	1,881	1,831	1,781	1,731	1,682	1,635	1,588	1,542	1,497	1,451	1,406
Age 15 thru 19	2,724	2,657	2,582	2,515	2,453	2,394	2,337	2,282	2,223	2,164	2,103	2,043
Age 20 thru 24	5,157	5,239	5,304	5,332	5,335	5,345	5,364	5,410	5,450	5,485	5,511	5,531
Age 25 thru 29	4,124	4,335	4,578	4,855	5,174	5,473	5,761	6,031	6,321	6,634	6,965	7,317
Age 30 thru 34	2,052	2,035	2,014	1,988	1,961	1,932	1,904	1,873	1,843	1,814	1,784	1,754
Age 35 thru 39	1,836	1,781	1,727	1,675	1,626	1,576	1,528	1,479	1,430	1,383	1,336	1,290
Age 40 thru 44	2,136	2,093	2,046	1,997	1,947	1,904	1,861	1,818	1,774	1,731	1,686	1,642
Age 45 thru 49	2,569	2,584	2,594	2,596	2,597	2,598	2,597	2,600	2,601	2,601	2,597	2,592
Age 50 thru 54	2,401	2,430	2,448	2,465	2,489	2,511	2,537	2,562	2,583	2,602	2,618	2,633

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Crawford County (cont'd)												
Age 55 thru 59	2,241	2,302	2,361	2,426	2,485	2,550	2,619	2,683	2,747	2,812	2,875	2,939
Age 60 thru 64	1,600	1,613	1,625	1,638	1,641	1,641	1,638	1,640	1,642	1,644	1,644	1,644
Age 65 thru 84	4,078	3,993	3,907	3,824	3,740	3,664	3,580	3,490	3,402	3,316	3,229	3,144
Age 85 & Older	1,259	1,272	1,284	1,292	1,301	1,311	1,317	1,320	1,322	1,324	1,325	1,324
Decatur County												
Total Population	2,984	2,941	2,894	2,847	2,796	2,742	2,692	2,640	2,586	2,533	2,480	2,430
Age 0 thru 4	118	114	109	104	99	94	90	85	80	75	71	66
Age 5 thru 9	109	102	94	87	80	74	67	61	56	51	46	42
Age 10 thru 14	157	148	139	130	120	111	103	95	88	81	75	68
Age 15 thru 19	234	231	227	221	216	210	204	199	193	187	180	173
Age 20 thru 24	211	228	248	270	290	310	331	351	371	393	416	439
Age 25 thru 29	57	52	47	43	39	35	31	28	25	22	20	18
Age 30 thru 34	73	67	61	55	49	45	40	36	33	29	26	23
Age 35 thru 39	132	125	117	109	102	94	87	81	75	69	63	58
Age 40 thru 44	196	187	177	167	157	147	139	131	123	115	107	100
Age 45 thru 49	282	283	284	282	280	276	273	270	266	261	256	251
Age 50 thru 54	287	297	306	314	323	329	335	340	345	349	352	355
Age 55 thru 59	186	185	183	184	183	182	182	179	176	173	169	166
Age 60 thru 64	179	180	181	181	181	181	180	178	175	173	170	167
Age 65 thru 84	611	592	573	553	533	512	491	470	448	427	405	384
Age 85 & Older	152	150	148	147	144	142	139	136	132	128	124	120
Dickinson County												
Total Population	19,254	19,238	19,217	19,189	19,166	19,156	19,145	19,129	19,131	19,128	19,123	19,120
Age 0 thru 4	986	971	954	937	920	904	889	872	855	838	821	803
Age 5 thru 9	979	945	910	876	844	816	787	758	731	703	676	649
Age 10 thru 14	1,188	1,150	1,113	1,073	1,036	1,000	966	933	901	869	837	806
Age 15 thru 19	1,401	1,393	1,385	1,368	1,348	1,331	1,315	1,302	1,288	1,273	1,256	1,238
Age 20 thru 24	1,396	1,473	1,556	1,656	1,751	1,844	1,935	2,028	2,129	2,235	2,347	2,463
Age 25 thru 29	1,041	1,048	1,058	1,073	1,085	1,094	1,106	1,109	1,113	1,118	1,123	1,127
Age 30 thru 34	831	807	782	756	729	701	676	652	629	606	583	561
Age 35 thru 39	962	915	867	824	788	753	717	683	650	618	586	556
Age 40 thru 44	1,531	1,522	1,508	1,486	1,461	1,443	1,429	1,414	1,398	1,380	1,361	1,340
Age 45 thru 49	1,706	1,738	1,766	1,790	1,819	1,849	1,876	1,901	1,927	1,953	1,976	1,998
Age 50 thru 54	1,573	1,621	1,669	1,713	1,758	1,800	1,839	1,884	1,931	1,976	2,021	2,066
Age 55 thru 59	1,285	1,314	1,342	1,373	1,403	1,438	1,475	1,505	1,536	1,566	1,596	1,625
Age 60 thru 64	960	961	962	961	959	954	947	943	940	935	930	924
Age 65 thru 84	2,842	2,812	2,782	2,746	2,710	2,673	2,635	2,597	2,560	2,521	2,479	2,438
Age 85 & Older	573	568	563	557	555	556	553	548	543	537	531	526
Doniphan County												
Total Population	7,596	7,527	7,446	7,374	7,319	7,267	7,219	7,179	7,145	7,115	7,091	7,067
Age 0 thru 4	360	348	334	321	309	299	289	279	269	260	251	243
Age 5 thru 9	454	443	433	423	416	410	404	399	396	392	388	385
Age 10 thru 14	503	494	486	479	474	470	465	462	460	458	457	456
Age 15 thru 19	750	743	737	732	730	731	735	738	743	748	753	758
Age 20 thru 24	463	452	438	426	412	396	379	364	350	338	329	320

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Doniphan County (cont'd)												
Age 25 thru 29	427	426	428	431	436	437	437	438	441	444	448	452
Age 30 thru 34	371	364	358	352	346	340	334	328	323	319	316	311
Age 35 thru 39	399	387	377	368	361	354	346	338	330	324	319	312
Age 40 thru 44	468	454	441	428	417	406	395	386	378	370	363	355
Age 45 thru 49	648	647	640	629	620	612	605	599	590	580	570	559
Age 50 thru 54	648	655	656	653	651	650	652	653	652	650	646	642
Age 55 thru 59	541	556	568	575	581	590	598	607	615	622	627	633
Age 60 thru 64	339	337	333	328	323	318	313	308	302	296	289	283
Age 65 thru 84	1,003	996	989	996	1,004	1,009	1,016	1,023	1,032	1,043	1,056	1,070
Age 85 & Older	222	225	228	233	239	245	251	257	264	271	279	288
Douglas County												
Total Population	106,566	107,276	107,932	108,964	109,957	110,741	111,444	112,048	112,644	113,250	113,841	114,446
Age 0 thru 4	6,052	6,099	6,140	6,195	6,240	6,264	6,276	6,276	6,271	6,264	6,255	6,248
Age 5 thru 9	4,967	4,946	4,932	4,929	4,938	4,952	4,964	4,973	4,990	5,005	5,011	5,016
Age 10 thru 14	4,940	4,901	4,865	4,840	4,813	4,788	4,766	4,755	4,750	4,740	4,722	4,701
Age 15 thru 19	10,005	10,033	10,086	10,209	10,354	10,490	10,621	10,740	10,878	11,012	11,133	11,252
Age 20 thru 24	16,454	16,526	16,565	16,672	16,758	16,771	16,748	16,739	16,712	16,730	16,796	16,874
Age 25 thru 29	14,601	15,151	15,792	16,515	17,243	17,909	18,515	19,067	19,661	20,273	20,885	21,460
Age 30 thru 34	6,915	6,833	6,742	6,671	6,585	6,472	6,336	6,204	6,079	5,953	5,819	5,671
Age 35 thru 39	5,333	5,120	4,913	4,740	4,578	4,408	4,241	4,061	3,889	3,719	3,551	3,380
Age 40 thru 44	5,746	5,581	5,408	5,256	5,088	4,909	4,729	4,568	4,410	4,249	4,085	3,914
Age 45 thru 49	6,487	6,430	6,312	6,147	5,976	5,817	5,673	5,523	5,342	5,148	4,947	4,756
Age 50 thru 54	6,869	6,997	7,057	7,024	7,013	7,018	7,034	7,034	6,989	6,917	6,825	6,737
Age 55 thru 59	5,920	6,184	6,429	6,631	6,795	6,972	7,156	7,321	7,451	7,563	7,659	7,763
Age 60 thru 64	3,322	3,368	3,398	3,409	3,416	3,415	3,409	3,388	3,352	3,308	3,258	3,212
Age 65 thru 84	7,690	7,811	7,959	8,319	8,678	9,004	9,349	9,698	10,086	10,497	10,929	11,395
Age 85 & Older	1,265	1,296	1,334	1,407	1,482	1,552	1,627	1,701	1,784	1,872	1,966	2,067
Edwards County												
Total Population	3,169	3,134	3,102	3,069	3,038	3,009	2,976	2,946	2,915	2,887	2,861	2,831
Age 0 thru 4	197	196	194	192	190	187	185	183	180	177	175	172
Age 5 thru 9	172	167	162	157	151	146	140	136	131	126	121	116
Age 10 thru 14	179	171	163	156	150	144	136	130	124	118	112	106
Age 15 thru 19	225	220	215	209	203	198	193	188	184	179	174	169
Age 20 thru 24	220	231	244	258	269	284	296	309	322	336	351	366
Age 25 thru 29	101	95	89	83	79	74	71	66	62	59	55	51
Age 30 thru 34	149	145	141	137	134	130	125	121	117	113	109	105
Age 35 thru 39	177	171	165	160	156	150	145	140	135	130	125	120
Age 40 thru 44	236	230	224	217	210	204	197	192	186	181	175	169
Age 45 thru 49	297	302	306	310	314	319	323	327	330	334	337	340
Age 50 thru 54	273	282	292	302	312	320	329	337	345	354	363	372
Age 55 thru 59	199	201	204	206	208	211	213	214	216	217	219	220
Age 60 thru 64	150	145	141	136	132	128	125	121	117	113	109	105
Age 65 thru 84	466	450	433	417	401	386	371	356	342	327	314	300
Age 85 & Older	128	128	129	129	129	128	127	126	124	123	122	120

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Elk County												
Total Population	3,024	3,004	2,988	2,965	2,942	2,912	2,886	2,863	2,842	2,819	2,796	2,775
Age 0 thru 4	125	123	122	119	115	112	109	106	103	100	97	94
Age 5 thru 9	108	101	95	90	84	79	74	70	65	61	57	53
Age 10 thru 14	156	149	141	133	126	118	112	106	101	95	89	84
Age 15 thru 19	220	219	218	216	213	208	204	201	198	195	191	187
Age 20 thru 24	213	224	236	246	256	264	273	283	294	304	315	325
Age 25 thru 29	223	238	256	275	294	315	336	354	374	395	418	442
Age 30 thru 34	110	106	103	99	95	91	87	84	80	77	73	70
Age 35 thru 39	123	117	111	104	99	94	89	84	79	75	70	66
Age 40 thru 44	202	201	199	198	197	194	191	188	186	183	180	176
Age 45 thru 49	220	218	216	212	207	203	198	194	190	186	182	177
Age 50 thru 54	223	222	221	219	218	217	216	214	212	210	207	205
Age 55 thru 59	232	234	236	238	239	237	236	237	237	236	235	234
Age 60 thru 64	198	197	196	195	197	197	197	195	194	192	190	188
Age 65 thru 84	543	531	518	505	491	477	462	448	434	419	405	391
Age 85 & Older	128	124	120	116	111	106	102	99	95	91	87	83
Ellis County												
Total Population	26,934	26,939	26,925	26,908	26,856	26,797	26,739	26,692	26,644	26,602	26,559	26,529
Age 0 thru 4	1,622	1,621	1,618	1,617	1,610	1,599	1,584	1,570	1,555	1,540	1,523	1,505
Age 5 thru 9	1,237	1,204	1,173	1,142	1,107	1,071	1,039	1,003	969	935	901	869
Age 10 thru 14	1,079	1,020	959	904	850	800	752	707	663	622	582	544
Age 15 thru 19	1,966	1,898	1,825	1,758	1,691	1,625	1,563	1,504	1,444	1,384	1,325	1,267
Age 20 thru 24	4,157	4,219	4,263	4,265	4,251	4,240	4,257	4,276	4,288	4,293	4,289	4,280
Age 25 thru 29	2,925	3,077	3,256	3,458	3,661	3,860	4,025	4,194	4,374	4,565	4,766	4,978
Age 30 thru 34	1,183	1,150	1,117	1,083	1,049	1,014	974	937	901	866	833	800
Age 35 thru 39	1,140	1,082	1,025	972	922	871	825	779	734	692	651	612
Age 40 thru 44	1,429	1,379	1,326	1,273	1,221	1,173	1,124	1,079	1,034	989	945	902
Age 45 thru 49	1,862	1,851	1,832	1,805	1,775	1,746	1,720	1,698	1,673	1,645	1,615	1,584
Age 50 thru 54	2,084	2,162	2,237	2,316	2,393	2,469	2,548	2,623	2,698	2,773	2,847	2,922
Age 55 thru 59	1,530	1,585	1,643	1,704	1,764	1,818	1,872	1,923	1,975	2,027	2,080	2,134
Age 60 thru 64	886	875	864	854	842	830	816	801	786	771	755	739
Age 65 thru 84	3,208	3,187	3,158	3,128	3,094	3,058	3,020	2,979	2,934	2,888	2,840	2,791
Age 85 & Older	626	629	629	629	626	623	620	619	616	612	607	602
Ellsworth County												
Total Population	6,264	6,245	6,225	6,204	6,182	6,160	6,138	6,111	6,089	6,067	6,046	6,024
Age 0 thru 4	197	190	183	176	168	159	151	144	137	131	125	118
Age 5 thru 9	223	213	202	193	184	176	168	160	152	144	136	129
Age 10 thru 14	285	271	256	243	229	217	204	193	182	172	162	152
Age 15 thru 19	432	425	418	408	399	389	380	372	364	355	346	336
Age 20 thru 24	579	613	651	688	727	766	802	838	878	919	962	1,007
Age 25 thru 29	296	289	283	277	272	265	258	251	244	236	229	222
Age 30 thru 34	333	328	324	321	317	312	306	299	292	286	279	273
Age 35 thru 39	353	339	325	311	297	286	277	265	253	242	231	220
Age 40 thru 44	420	407	391	376	361	347	334	322	310	297	285	272
Age 45 thru 49	639	653	665	674	682	690	696	704	712	719	725	730
Age 50 thru 54	550	567	582	596	611	625	640	655	669	683	696	709

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Ellsworth County (cont'd)												
Age 55 thru 59	466	480	495	512	526	540	557	570	584	598	612	625
Age 60 thru 64	336	338	341	341	340	338	336	334	333	331	329	327
Age 65 thru 84	933	915	898	882	866	849	832	811	791	771	751	731
Age 85 & Older	222	217	211	206	203	201	197	193	188	183	178	173
Finney County												
Total Population	40,392	40,693	40,974	41,236	41,463	41,638	41,757	41,833	41,940	42,113	42,314	42,522
Age 0 thru 4	3,655	3,613	3,561	3,500	3,437	3,374	3,307	3,239	3,170	3,103	3,035	2,965
Age 5 thru 9	3,780	3,774	3,761	3,746	3,724	3,693	3,652	3,611	3,570	3,530	3,489	3,446
Age 10 thru 14	3,594	3,605	3,613	3,622	3,616	3,606	3,589	3,563	3,536	3,513	3,489	3,463
Age 15 thru 19	3,349	3,340	3,328	3,316	3,302	3,278	3,246	3,211	3,174	3,139	3,103	3,065
Age 20 thru 24	2,267	2,213	2,145	2,078	2,024	1,970	1,909	1,848	1,787	1,729	1,671	1,614
Age 25 thru 29	1,778	1,678	1,576	1,479	1,386	1,298	1,218	1,140	1,065	996	930	868
Age 30 thru 34	2,288	2,216	2,134	2,050	1,968	1,885	1,799	1,722	1,648	1,577	1,507	1,439
Age 35 thru 39	2,968	2,950	2,930	2,897	2,867	2,835	2,796	2,748	2,702	2,658	2,614	2,569
Age 40 thru 44	3,358	3,415	3,468	3,521	3,567	3,601	3,629	3,650	3,672	3,695	3,719	3,740
Age 45 thru 49	3,180	3,274	3,369	3,455	3,533	3,598	3,663	3,724	3,786	3,852	3,919	3,983
Age 50 thru 54	3,051	3,227	3,411	3,598	3,782	3,969	4,155	4,341	4,537	4,744	4,962	5,186
Age 55 thru 59	2,415	2,568	2,735	2,911	3,085	3,265	3,447	3,621	3,806	4,007	4,219	4,441
Age 60 thru 64	1,559	1,631	1,710	1,788	1,866	1,938	2,006	2,072	2,141	2,217	2,295	2,375
Age 65 thru 84	2,719	2,748	2,781	2,812	2,833	2,846	2,852	2,849	2,846	2,847	2,849	2,849
Age 85 & Older	431	441	452	463	473	482	489	494	500	506	513	519
Ford County												
Total Population	35,428	35,812	36,182	36,545	36,921	37,274	37,628	37,964	38,330	38,724	39,104	39,481
Age 0 thru 4	3,518	3,580	3,639	3,704	3,766	3,831	3,892	3,954	4,019	4,085	4,150	4,213
Age 5 thru 9	3,026	3,051	3,073	3,095	3,119	3,142	3,167	3,189	3,212	3,236	3,257	3,277
Age 10 thru 14	2,901	2,933	2,965	2,992	3,020	3,043	3,064	3,086	3,111	3,137	3,161	3,184
Age 15 thru 19	2,587	2,577	2,567	2,564	2,563	2,562	2,560	2,554	2,547	2,540	2,532	2,523
Age 20 thru 24	2,439	2,434	2,418	2,402	2,386	2,356	2,335	2,322	2,309	2,296	2,280	2,261
Age 25 thru 29	2,775	2,803	2,830	2,859	2,892	2,922	2,947	2,968	2,992	3,017	3,041	3,065
Age 30 thru 34	2,590	2,609	2,619	2,628	2,638	2,646	2,649	2,656	2,664	2,674	2,681	2,687
Age 35 thru 39	2,508	2,522	2,538	2,552	2,573	2,588	2,604	2,612	2,622	2,634	2,645	2,656
Age 40 thru 44	2,512	2,550	2,588	2,627	2,661	2,693	2,725	2,755	2,787	2,821	2,854	2,887
Age 45 thru 49	2,191	2,224	2,255	2,277	2,299	2,325	2,348	2,373	2,398	2,425	2,450	2,475
Age 50 thru 54	2,236	2,324	2,412	2,498	2,589	2,680	2,780	2,877	2,980	3,087	3,197	3,309
Age 55 thru 59	1,740	1,818	1,903	1,994	2,082	2,174	2,270	2,361	2,459	2,564	2,672	2,786
Age 60 thru 64	1,134	1,149	1,166	1,179	1,194	1,206	1,216	1,225	1,236	1,249	1,261	1,272
Age 65 thru 84	2,764	2,734	2,708	2,678	2,647	2,617	2,586	2,550	2,516	2,484	2,452	2,420
Age 85 & Older	507	504	501	496	492	489	485	482	478	475	471	466
Franklin County												
Total Population	27,172	27,276	27,344	27,423	27,519	27,607	27,671	27,694	27,709	27,744	27,787	27,851
Age 0 thru 4	1,691	1,683	1,671	1,656	1,636	1,616	1,594	1,571	1,547	1,523	1,499	1,476
Age 5 thru 9	1,576	1,541	1,505	1,476	1,453	1,435	1,415	1,393	1,372	1,351	1,329	1,308
Age 10 thru 14	1,761	1,727	1,691	1,660	1,629	1,599	1,571	1,547	1,524	1,501	1,476	1,452
Age 15 thru 19	2,098	2,105	2,112	2,117	2,128	2,144	2,166	2,183	2,202	2,219	2,235	2,252
Age 20 thru 24	2,160	2,198	2,231	2,252	2,261	2,251	2,228	2,210	2,189	2,182	2,189	2,202

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Franklin County (cont'd)												
Age 25 thru 29	2,213	2,302	2,414	2,540	2,678	2,823	2,952	3,065	3,190	3,329	3,477	3,629
Age 30 thru 34	1,546	1,543	1,544	1,544	1,547	1,543	1,536	1,526	1,519	1,515	1,510	1,503
Age 35 thru 39	1,481	1,435	1,391	1,350	1,315	1,285	1,251	1,215	1,181	1,148	1,115	1,081
Age 40 thru 44	2,110	2,116	2,121	2,130	2,135	2,136	2,139	2,143	2,147	2,153	2,156	2,156
Age 45 thru 49	2,216	2,245	2,257	2,246	2,240	2,234	2,224	2,212	2,190	2,163	2,132	2,103
Age 50 thru 54	1,872	1,897	1,905	1,890	1,881	1,876	1,877	1,870	1,854	1,833	1,808	1,783
Age 55 thru 59	1,491	1,497	1,490	1,478	1,460	1,449	1,440	1,425	1,403	1,378	1,350	1,323
Age 60 thru 64	1,247	1,253	1,252	1,239	1,229	1,217	1,204	1,190	1,170	1,149	1,125	1,103
Age 65 thru 84	3,076	3,091	3,108	3,174	3,237	3,292	3,351	3,403	3,461	3,521	3,586	3,658
Age 85 & Older	634	643	652	671	690	707	723	741	760	779	800	822
Geary County												
Total Population	22,530	21,844	21,184	20,700	20,231	19,702	19,136	18,565	17,991	17,427	16,851	16,297
Age 0 thru 4	2,714	2,685	2,656	2,650	2,640	2,619	2,587	2,545	2,503	2,460	2,413	2,366
Age 5 thru 9	1,813	1,747	1,681	1,628	1,577	1,521	1,460	1,402	1,343	1,286	1,228	1,172
Age 10 thru 14	1,498	1,428	1,358	1,301	1,247	1,191	1,135	1,080	1,025	972	919	869
Age 15 thru 19	1,363	1,286	1,210	1,155	1,103	1,049	994	940	888	836	786	738
Age 20 thru 24	1,470	1,356	1,245	1,144	1,048	959	881	809	741	678	618	562
Age 25 thru 29	1,872	1,804	1,744	1,705	1,669	1,617	1,561	1,501	1,442	1,385	1,328	1,273
Age 30 thru 34	1,397	1,335	1,276	1,227	1,179	1,125	1,072	1,018	966	916	867	820
Age 35 thru 39	1,251	1,168	1,090	1,025	963	903	846	790	736	685	635	589
Age 40 thru 44	1,501	1,442	1,386	1,336	1,287	1,235	1,179	1,130	1,080	1,031	981	933
Age 45 thru 49	1,556	1,527	1,498	1,476	1,452	1,426	1,395	1,365	1,333	1,300	1,265	1,229
Age 50 thru 54	1,618	1,643	1,670	1,705	1,744	1,774	1,800	1,822	1,841	1,859	1,872	1,886
Age 55 thru 59	1,042	1,032	1,022	1,022	1,018	1,011	999	988	975	960	944	928
Age 60 thru 64	794	778	763	753	746	734	719	702	685	668	650	632
Age 65 thru 84	2,228	2,193	2,158	2,136	2,111	2,083	2,047	2,007	1,964	1,920	1,872	1,826
Age 85 & Older	413	420	427	437	447	455	461	466	469	471	473	474
Gove County												
Total Population	2,635	2,597	2,557	2,521	2,479	2,435	2,391	2,349	2,304	2,260	2,218	2,180
Age 0 thru 4	130	125	120	115	110	105	100	95	90	85	81	76
Age 5 thru 9	134	126	118	110	103	96	89	83	77	71	66	61
Age 10 thru 14	175	168	161	154	146	139	132	125	119	112	105	99
Age 15 thru 19	178	172	165	158	151	145	139	132	126	120	113	107
Age 20 thru 24	194	211	229	253	273	293	314	334	354	377	401	426
Age 25 thru 29	44	40	36	32	28	25	22	20	18	15	14	12
Age 30 thru 34	64	59	54	50	47	44	40	37	34	31	28	26
Age 35 thru 39	78	70	62	56	49	44	39	35	31	27	24	21
Age 40 thru 44	182	177	170	161	153	146	139	132	126	119	112	106
Age 45 thru 49	245	247	248	247	246	243	241	239	235	232	228	224
Age 50 thru 54	240	243	246	248	249	250	250	250	249	247	245	243
Age 55 thru 59	203	207	212	216	221	224	227	229	230	231	232	232
Age 60 thru 64	134	130	127	125	122	118	114	110	106	102	98	94
Age 65 thru 84	518	508	498	487	475	461	446	432	416	401	385	370
Age 85 & Older	116	114	111	109	106	102	99	96	93	90	86	83

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Graham County												
Total Population	2,509	2,459	2,408	2,356	2,304	2,250	2,200	2,153	2,104	2,052	2,001	1,952
Age 0 thru 4	78	73	68	64	60	56	52	49	45	42	38	35
Age 5 thru 9	90	83	76	70	65	59	55	50	46	42	38	34
Age 10 thru 14	111	103	95	88	80	73	66	60	55	50	45	41
Age 15 thru 19	149	142	134	125	118	110	104	98	92	85	79	74
Age 20 thru 24	196	208	221	233	244	254	266	277	288	299	310	320
Age 25 thru 29	91	89	88	88	86	83	80	78	75	73	70	67
Age 30 thru 34	54	48	43	39	35	31	27	24	22	19	17	15
Age 35 thru 39	81	72	63	55	48	43	38	33	29	26	22	19
Age 40 thru 44	241	239	237	232	226	219	212	207	201	195	188	182
Age 45 thru 49	211	206	201	195	188	182	177	171	165	158	152	145
Age 50 thru 54	251	260	271	281	293	305	313	321	328	335	342	348
Age 55 thru 59	128	123	117	112	107	102	97	92	87	82	77	73
Age 60 thru 64	141	135	128	121	114	107	101	96	90	84	79	74
Age 65 thru 84	584	578	570	560	550	539	528	516	503	488	473	458
Age 85 & Older	103	100	96	93	90	87	84	81	78	74	71	67
Grant County												
Total Population	7,592	7,585	7,574	7,563	7,538	7,500	7,468	7,443	7,421	7,387	7,362	7,342
Age 0 thru 4	658	654	649	645	639	629	619	611	602	592	582	573
Age 5 thru 9	539	523	507	491	475	458	442	426	411	395	380	365
Age 10 thru 14	563	545	527	509	490	472	454	437	420	403	386	370
Age 15 thru 19	606	595	583	571	556	540	526	513	499	485	471	457
Age 20 thru 24	622	646	667	689	707	728	747	765	785	803	823	842
Age 25 thru 29	229	209	190	172	154	137	123	112	101	91	82	73
Age 30 thru 34	439	432	423	416	407	399	392	382	373	363	353	344
Age 35 thru 39	391	371	351	331	312	293	276	260	245	230	216	202
Age 40 thru 44	627	629	630	628	625	617	609	604	599	592	585	578
Age 45 thru 49	614	617	618	618	614	609	606	604	601	596	591	587
Age 50 thru 54	664	690	716	742	768	796	820	845	871	895	920	946
Age 55 thru 59	515	538	564	594	626	658	688	715	743	771	802	834
Age 60 thru 64	340	350	363	371	380	385	393	401	408	415	422	429
Age 65 thru 84	695	696	695	694	692	685	679	673	668	661	654	647
Age 85 & Older	90	90	91	92	93	94	94	95	95	95	95	95
Gray County												
Total Population	5,994	6,027	6,059	6,088	6,115	6,138	6,155	6,174	6,190	6,201	6,217	6,233
Age 0 thru 4	467	468	470	470	468	466	463	461	459	455	452	448
Age 5 thru 9	418	410	401	390	380	370	360	350	340	330	320	310
Age 10 thru 14	460	452	443	435	427	419	409	400	390	380	370	360
Age 15 thru 19	461	455	450	443	436	429	422	416	408	400	392	384
Age 20 thru 24	487	510	532	560	587	612	637	662	688	714	741	769
Age 25 thru 29	357	356	354	353	350	346	341	337	334	329	325	320
Age 30 thru 34	323	317	311	303	295	289	282	275	267	259	252	244
Age 35 thru 39	321	311	302	293	286	279	270	261	252	243	234	225
Age 40 thru 44	399	396	393	386	378	369	360	353	347	339	331	324
Age 45 thru 49	443	448	451	454	455	456	460	462	462	462	462	461
Age 50 thru 54	466	484	503	520	540	557	574	592	610	628	645	663

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Gray County (cont'd)												
Age 55 thru 59	383	398	412	430	446	462	478	493	509	524	539	555
Age 60 thru 64	313	332	353	375	399	424	447	469	492	517	543	570
Age 65 thru 84	572	569	566	561	556	550	544	537	529	521	513	505
Age 85 & Older	124	121	118	115	112	110	108	106	103	100	98	95
Greeley County												
Total Population	1,245	1,218	1,184	1,153	1,124	1,092	1,064	1,032	997	965	935	904
Age 0 thru 4	40	36	32	28	25	22	19	17	15	13	11	10
Age 5 thru 9	75	70	66	62	59	55	52	48	45	41	38	35
Age 10 thru 14	82	77	71	67	62	58	54	50	46	42	39	36
Age 15 thru 19	102	99	96	93	90	87	84	81	78	74	71	68
Age 20 thru 24	69	69	68	67	67	66	65	64	62	61	59	58
Age 25 thru 29	36	34	31	29	28	27	25	23	21	19	18	16
Age 30 thru 34	30	27	25	22	20	18	16	14	12	11	10	8
Age 35 thru 39	50	45	39	34	30	26	23	20	18	15	13	12
Age 40 thru 44	121	118	114	111	106	102	99	95	91	87	83	78
Age 45 thru 49	154	159	164	167	168	170	171	173	173	174	175	175
Age 50 thru 54	115	119	121	124	127	129	131	132	133	134	135	135
Age 55 thru 59	79	79	79	80	81	81	81	80	79	78	77	76
Age 60 thru 64	68	69	70	69	69	68	68	67	66	65	63	62
Age 65 thru 84	196	190	183	177	170	163	157	150	142	136	129	122
Age 85 & Older	28	27	25	23	22	20	19	18	16	15	14	13
Greenwood County												
Total Population	7,185	7,141	7,099	7,044	6,995	6,938	6,886	6,831	6,772	6,717	6,660	6,605
Age 0 thru 4	344	337	328	319	311	303	294	286	278	270	261	253
Age 5 thru 9	363	353	343	332	321	309	298	287	277	267	257	247
Age 10 thru 14	384	368	352	337	323	309	296	283	270	258	246	234
Age 15 thru 19	462	452	441	428	416	404	393	382	371	360	348	337
Age 20 thru 24	473	492	512	527	541	552	563	579	593	608	623	637
Age 25 thru 29	528	548	573	596	621	650	677	698	720	743	768	793
Age 30 thru 34	301	295	290	283	276	268	262	254	247	240	233	226
Age 35 thru 39	278	259	241	224	209	195	182	170	158	147	137	127
Age 40 thru 44	522	517	511	501	491	481	472	463	454	445	435	426
Age 45 thru 49	556	560	563	567	569	571	574	575	575	575	574	573
Age 50 thru 54	556	560	562	563	567	572	576	579	581	582	583	583
Age 55 thru 59	550	564	579	595	608	620	630	642	653	664	675	686
Age 60 thru 64	400	400	401	401	402	400	399	397	394	392	389	386
Age 65 thru 84	1,188	1,159	1,129	1,101	1,074	1,044	1,017	987	957	927	898	869
Age 85 & Older	280	277	274	270	266	260	253	249	244	239	233	228
Hamilton County												
Total Population	2,666	2,687	2,702	2,717	2,729	2,735	2,738	2,742	2,747	2,750	2,756	2,762
Age 0 thru 4	210	215	219	223	225	227	228	230	232	234	235	236
Age 5 thru 9	151	147	143	140	137	134	130	126	122	118	114	110
Age 10 thru 14	161	155	148	142	136	129	124	118	113	107	102	97
Age 15 thru 19	225	227	229	230	230	231	231	232	232	231	230	229
Age 20 thru 24	227	245	263	279	298	318	339	361	384	408	432	458

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Hamilton County (cont'd)												
Age 25 thru 29	125	123	120	117	114	110	106	102	99	95	92	88
Age 30 thru 34	150	152	154	155	155	154	153	151	150	149	148	147
Age 35 thru 39	123	118	112	107	101	96	91	86	82	77	73	68
Age 40 thru 44	180	180	179	178	175	173	171	168	166	163	160	157
Age 45 thru 49	218	222	225	228	233	236	237	239	240	241	242	243
Age 50 thru 54	216	227	239	250	262	274	285	295	305	316	327	339
Age 55 thru 59	139	142	145	150	152	154	157	159	160	162	163	165
Age 60 thru 64	109	108	107	105	103	100	97	95	93	90	88	85
Age 65 thru 84	332	325	317	310	304	296	287	278	268	259	250	241
Age 85 & Older	100	101	102	103	104	103	102	102	101	100	100	99
Harper County												
Total Population	5,821	5,762	5,696	5,632	5,564	5,493	5,418	5,346	5,274	5,204	5,130	5,062
Age 0 thru 4	295	288	279	272	265	257	249	241	233	226	218	210
Age 5 thru 9	300	290	279	269	259	250	240	230	221	211	202	193
Age 10 thru 14	319	304	288	274	260	247	234	222	210	199	187	177
Age 15 thru 19	397	390	381	369	356	344	333	324	314	304	294	283
Age 20 thru 24	385	397	410	420	430	436	444	453	462	470	478	486
Age 25 thru 29	355	366	380	395	411	428	439	449	459	471	482	494
Age 30 thru 34	177	167	156	145	135	125	116	108	100	93	86	80
Age 35 thru 39	256	243	231	219	209	199	188	178	168	158	149	141
Age 40 thru 44	394	385	376	364	353	342	332	322	312	302	291	281
Age 45 thru 49	453	451	446	442	435	428	423	417	411	405	397	390
Age 50 thru 54	527	542	558	572	588	605	618	632	645	658	670	683
Age 55 thru 59	419	429	439	454	464	473	481	489	497	504	512	519
Age 60 thru 64	291	285	278	271	263	255	248	240	233	226	218	211
Age 65 thru 84	1,006	983	958	934	909	883	857	830	804	778	752	726
Age 85 & Older	247	242	237	232	227	221	216	211	205	199	194	188
Harvey County												
Total Population	34,810	34,823	34,629	34,659	34,920	35,138	35,347	35,527	35,702	35,885	36,082	36,292
Age 0 thru 4	2,212	2,212	2,195	2,191	2,196	2,198	2,197	2,193	2,187	2,180	2,171	2,163
Age 5 thru 9	2,063	2,035	1,999	1,976	1,972	1,969	1,966	1,960	1,956	1,952	1,945	1,937
Age 10 thru 14	2,124	2,078	2,023	1,984	1,959	1,936	1,911	1,889	1,869	1,848	1,825	1,801
Age 15 thru 19	2,607	2,594	2,570	2,554	2,563	2,574	2,591	2,604	2,620	2,633	2,643	2,651
Age 20 thru 24	2,658	2,694	2,710	2,753	2,803	2,834	2,851	2,869	2,882	2,912	2,965	3,024
Age 25 thru 29	2,328	2,392	2,460	2,551	2,657	2,756	2,842	2,926	3,019	3,118	3,221	3,322
Age 30 thru 34	1,739	1,720	1,693	1,677	1,669	1,660	1,647	1,630	1,617	1,604	1,591	1,574
Age 35 thru 39	1,856	1,805	1,751	1,709	1,683	1,651	1,618	1,583	1,550	1,518	1,485	1,449
Age 40 thru 44	2,363	2,344	2,312	2,294	2,292	2,281	2,272	2,263	2,255	2,247	2,237	2,220
Age 45 thru 49	2,695	2,683	2,636	2,573	2,526	2,490	2,457	2,421	2,372	2,318	2,261	2,206
Age 50 thru 54	2,629	2,665	2,666	2,650	2,662	2,671	2,685	2,695	2,691	2,679	2,662	2,647
Age 55 thru 59	2,123	2,160	2,177	2,191	2,208	2,230	2,251	2,267	2,274	2,275	2,273	2,273
Age 60 thru 64	1,397	1,377	1,342	1,303	1,274	1,248	1,222	1,193	1,160	1,125	1,088	1,054
Age 65 thru 84	4,764	4,782	4,786	4,889	5,024	5,142	5,271	5,400	5,541	5,689	5,844	6,011
Age 85 & Older	1,252	1,282	1,309	1,364	1,432	1,498	1,566	1,634	1,709	1,787	1,871	1,960

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Haskell County												
Total Population	4,317	4,334	4,351	4,372	4,385	4,400	4,411	4,416	4,427	4,440	4,454	4,466
Age 0 thru 4	322	316	309	303	296	290	284	277	271	265	258	252
Age 5 thru 9	379	380	380	381	381	383	384	383	382	381	380	379
Age 10 thru 14	324	316	309	302	295	287	278	271	263	256	249	242
Age 15 thru 19	335	331	327	322	317	311	307	302	297	292	287	281
Age 20 thru 24	349	360	370	380	391	402	410	419	429	439	449	458
Age 25 thru 29	222	214	207	202	196	191	185	178	172	166	160	155
Age 30 thru 34	300	306	314	319	322	324	325	327	329	331	334	336
Age 35 thru 39	184	174	164	154	146	139	132	124	117	111	104	98
Age 40 thru 44	286	282	275	269	263	257	252	246	241	235	229	223
Age 45 thru 49	364	372	380	387	392	398	405	410	415	421	427	432
Age 50 thru 54	337	352	365	377	388	402	415	428	442	456	470	484
Age 55 thru 59	259	270	282	298	315	329	344	358	373	388	405	422
Age 60 thru 64	179	183	188	194	199	203	206	210	214	218	222	226
Age 65 thru 84	409	409	411	412	412	411	410	409	407	405	404	401
Age 85 & Older	68	69	70	72	72	73	74	74	75	76	76	77
Hodgeman County												
Total Population	2,098	2,093	2,089	2,084	2,082	2,081	2,078	2,079	2,074	2,070	2,063	2,061
Age 0 thru 4	126	127	127	128	128	130	130	129	127	126	123	121
Age 5 thru 9	75	69	62	57	52	48	43	39	35	31	28	25
Age 10 thru 14	136	128	120	112	105	98	92	86	80	74	68	62
Age 15 thru 19	183	181	178	174	170	165	161	157	153	147	141	135
Age 20 thru 24	205	232	266	297	327	360	396	435	477	522	570	620
Age 25 thru 29	89	87	85	83	81	79	77	74	71	68	65	62
Age 30 thru 34	75	72	69	66	63	60	57	54	51	48	44	41
Age 35 thru 39	77	70	63	56	50	45	40	36	32	28	25	22
Age 40 thru 44	181	179	176	172	169	166	162	159	154	149	143	138
Age 45 thru 49	192	194	196	198	199	200	199	199	197	195	192	189
Age 50 thru 54	186	192	197	202	208	212	217	221	223	225	226	226
Age 55 thru 59	120	121	121	122	124	124	124	123	122	120	118	116
Age 60 thru 64	84	81	78	75	72	68	65	62	59	56	53	49
Age 65 thru 84	292	283	275	268	261	254	245	236	226	216	205	195
Age 85 & Older	77	77	76	74	73	72	70	69	67	65	62	60
Jackson County												
Total Population	14,247	14,400	14,543	14,715	14,851	14,970	15,063	15,138	15,190	15,239	15,279	15,308
Age 0 thru 4	942	950	956	967	975	981	982	980	976	971	965	958
Age 5 thru 9	891	884	881	879	875	872	868	864	860	855	848	840
Age 10 thru 14	922	907	892	880	868	857	846	835	824	811	797	781
Age 15 thru 19	1,051	1,058	1,067	1,076	1,086	1,095	1,103	1,113	1,123	1,131	1,136	1,139
Age 20 thru 24	1,251	1,326	1,404	1,488	1,561	1,624	1,684	1,742	1,795	1,862	1,943	2,029
Age 25 thru 29	877	910	947	997	1,051	1,100	1,143	1,180	1,219	1,260	1,302	1,341
Age 30 thru 34	694	688	681	675	665	653	640	628	616	604	591	576
Age 35 thru 39	803	792	781	774	762	752	741	727	713	699	683	666
Age 40 thru 44	1,053	1,062	1,072	1,082	1,094	1,104	1,109	1,112	1,115	1,117	1,117	1,112
Age 45 thru 49	1,115	1,122	1,121	1,110	1,099	1,087	1,073	1,059	1,039	1,016	991	966
Age 50 thru 54	1,025	1,038	1,041	1,036	1,023	1,017	1,010	1,004	992	976	957	938

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Jackson County (cont'd)												
Age 55 thru 59	1,002	1,034	1,060	1,079	1,093	1,108	1,125	1,139	1,147	1,152	1,153	1,153
Age 60 thru 64	667	670	670	662	655	648	640	631	619	605	590	575
Age 65 thru 84	1,603	1,604	1,609	1,638	1,661	1,678	1,695	1,711	1,729	1,747	1,763	1,781
Age 85 & Older	351	355	361	372	383	394	404	413	423	433	443	453
Jefferson County												
Total Population	19,663	19,748	19,819	19,924	20,011	20,072	20,117	20,135	20,141	20,147	20,153	20,157
Age 0 thru 4	994	975	953	936	918	898	878	854	830	805	779	755
Age 5 thru 9	1,113	1,091	1,070	1,051	1,034	1,019	1,005	988	972	955	936	917
Age 10 thru 14	1,241	1,213	1,184	1,159	1,133	1,109	1,087	1,066	1,045	1,024	1,000	975
Age 15 thru 19	1,413	1,402	1,393	1,390	1,388	1,385	1,382	1,380	1,379	1,374	1,367	1,358
Age 20 thru 24	1,620	1,693	1,770	1,838	1,895	1,940	1,974	2,014	2,048	2,095	2,157	2,221
Age 25 thru 29	1,330	1,394	1,475	1,570	1,672	1,767	1,859	1,936	2,022	2,114	2,210	2,305
Age 30 thru 34	763	732	701	674	645	617	588	561	535	510	485	459
Age 35 thru 39	1,092	1,055	1,018	986	954	923	892	860	829	798	766	733
Age 40 thru 44	1,543	1,542	1,540	1,538	1,532	1,520	1,502	1,490	1,479	1,465	1,449	1,428
Age 45 thru 49	1,719	1,722	1,713	1,690	1,663	1,639	1,616	1,590	1,555	1,517	1,477	1,437
Age 50 thru 54	1,563	1,576	1,577	1,565	1,557	1,549	1,541	1,528	1,507	1,482	1,453	1,425
Age 55 thru 59	1,410	1,436	1,453	1,457	1,457	1,460	1,463	1,463	1,457	1,445	1,430	1,415
Age 60 thru 64	1,071	1,079	1,081	1,081	1,077	1,070	1,064	1,054	1,040	1,023	1,005	986
Age 65 thru 84	2,384	2,421	2,464	2,544	2,620	2,691	2,764	2,832	2,906	2,983	3,062	3,145
Age 85 & Older	407	417	427	445	466	485	502	519	537	557	577	598
Jewell County												
Total Population	3,127	3,072	3,009	2,940	2,872	2,801	2,733	2,661	2,597	2,538	2,474	2,412
Age 0 thru 4	80	74	67	61	56	52	48	43	39	36	32	29
Age 5 thru 9	125	118	110	102	93	86	79	72	67	61	56	51
Age 10 thru 14	158	149	140	130	121	113	105	98	90	84	77	71
Age 15 thru 19	210	204	198	189	181	172	164	156	149	142	134	127
Age 20 thru 24	177	188	200	218	235	251	264	276	289	303	318	333
Age 25 thru 29	55	50	45	40	37	33	30	27	24	21	19	17
Age 30 thru 34	76	70	64	59	53	48	43	39	35	31	28	25
Age 35 thru 39	86	76	67	59	51	44	39	34	29	26	22	19
Age 40 thru 44	230	223	216	208	201	193	186	178	171	163	155	147
Age 45 thru 49	263	256	248	237	226	213	203	194	185	176	167	157
Age 50 thru 54	376	389	400	409	420	430	437	443	450	455	460	464
Age 55 thru 59	282	289	296	303	306	307	309	309	310	311	311	310
Age 60 thru 64	213	212	210	206	202	198	194	188	183	179	173	168
Age 65 thru 84	656	637	615	591	567	543	520	496	473	451	428	405
Age 85 & Older	140	137	133	128	123	118	112	108	103	99	94	89
Johnson County												
Total Population	545,212	552,605	559,441	565,898	572,521	578,987	585,030	590,110	594,942	599,916	604,890	610,051
Age 0 thru 4	37,606	37,885	38,071	38,217	38,359	38,451	38,486	38,446	38,353	38,242	38,123	38,017
Age 5 thru 9	35,840	35,871	35,894	35,947	36,071	36,249	36,430	36,589	36,778	36,948	37,089	37,225
Age 10 thru 14	36,210	36,223	36,224	36,231	36,295	36,408	36,531	36,648	36,796	36,924	37,023	37,114
Age 15 thru 19	37,115	37,748	38,457	39,089	39,821	40,642	41,505	42,329	43,207	44,086	44,951	45,831
Age 20 thru 24	34,686	35,312	35,818	36,431	36,909	37,059	36,864	36,656	36,412	36,413	36,655	37,008

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Johnson County (cont'd)												
Age 25 thru 29	37,661	38,149	38,785	39,514	40,235	40,869	41,396	41,816	42,302	42,845	43,390	43,869
Age 30 thru 34	38,358	38,648	38,978	39,255	39,509	39,690	39,781	39,824	39,936	40,097	40,243	40,309
Age 35 thru 39	38,125	37,782	37,557	37,369	37,239	37,091	36,872	36,512	36,194	35,909	35,612	35,259
Age 40 thru 44	44,676	45,128	45,690	46,231	46,811	47,342	47,751	48,092	48,488	48,929	49,352	49,688
Age 45 thru 49	43,943	44,097	43,892	43,249	42,601	42,029	41,523	40,945	40,167	39,297	38,348	37,423
Age 50 thru 54	41,485	42,170	42,430	42,159	42,007	42,013	42,091	42,105	41,882	41,510	41,025	40,539
Age 55 thru 59	38,815	40,755	42,582	44,136	45,527	47,026	48,623	50,121	51,444	52,681	53,829	55,022
Age 60 thru 64	22,598	23,225	23,773	24,113	24,454	24,766	25,078	25,284	25,396	25,461	25,480	25,511
Age 65 thru 84	49,218	50,357	51,630	53,717	55,827	57,869	59,957	61,957	64,110	66,366	68,780	71,398
Age 85 & Older	8,876	9,255	9,660	10,240	10,856	11,483	12,142	12,786	13,477	14,208	14,990	15,838
Kearny County												
Total Population	4,648	4,671	4,690	4,705	4,719	4,740	4,754	4,770	4,783	4,798	4,817	4,837
Age 0 thru 4	321	314	305	297	288	280	271	264	257	249	242	234
Age 5 thru 9	369	363	357	351	346	340	334	328	321	315	308	302
Age 10 thru 14	386	379	370	361	353	345	338	330	322	314	306	298
Age 15 thru 19	410	412	414	416	415	415	413	414	413	412	411	410
Age 20 thru 24	384	400	419	432	445	461	476	493	510	527	545	562
Age 25 thru 29	260	262	264	265	267	271	272	271	271	271	271	272
Age 30 thru 34	227	221	214	208	202	195	189	182	176	170	164	158
Age 35 thru 39	231	221	210	198	187	179	170	162	154	146	138	131
Age 40 thru 44	353	354	354	353	351	348	346	344	341	339	336	334
Age 45 thru 49	385	395	405	414	423	433	442	450	458	467	475	484
Age 50 thru 54	338	349	360	373	384	395	406	418	429	440	452	464
Age 55 thru 59	290	304	319	336	353	370	387	404	421	439	459	479
Age 60 thru 64	179	182	185	186	189	191	193	194	196	197	199	200
Age 65 thru 84	472	473	473	475	477	479	481	481	480	479	479	478
Age 85 & Older	43	42	41	40	39	38	36	35	34	33	32	31
Kingman County												
Total Population	8,122	8,103	8,075	8,049	8,017	7,979	7,936	7,886	7,842	7,803	7,760	7,723
Age 0 thru 4	348	333	317	302	287	273	259	246	232	220	207	195
Age 5 thru 9	433	417	399	382	365	348	332	316	301	285	270	256
Age 10 thru 14	512	491	468	446	424	402	381	362	343	325	306	288
Age 15 thru 19	671	670	669	664	656	649	640	631	622	613	602	590
Age 20 thru 24	603	647	695	750	815	870	927	981	1,040	1,103	1,170	1,239
Age 25 thru 29	302	295	287	280	272	262	252	242	233	224	215	206
Age 30 thru 34	282	269	256	242	229	217	205	193	181	170	160	150
Age 35 thru 39	358	338	317	296	276	257	239	223	208	193	179	166
Age 40 thru 44	602	591	576	560	543	528	511	496	481	465	448	432
Age 45 thru 49	829	859	890	921	944	966	988	1,009	1,030	1,051	1,070	1,089
Age 50 thru 54	631	644	655	666	683	698	710	718	726	733	739	745
Age 55 thru 59	598	620	644	670	689	710	731	748	766	784	801	818
Age 60 thru 64	366	357	347	336	324	313	301	291	280	269	258	247
Age 65 thru 84	1,271	1,254	1,236	1,217	1,196	1,175	1,151	1,124	1,096	1,069	1,040	1,011
Age 85 & Older	316	318	319	317	314	311	309	306	303	299	295	291

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Kiowa County												
Total Population	2,800	2,745	2,691	2,631	2,577	2,522	2,467	2,413	2,363	2,317	2,261	2,208
Age 0 thru 4	174	171	169	166	164	160	157	154	151	148	144	140
Age 5 thru 9	125	117	110	103	96	90	84	78	73	68	63	58
Age 10 thru 14	163	156	149	143	135	128	122	116	110	105	99	94
Age 15 thru 19	187	180	173	165	158	152	145	138	132	126	120	114
Age 20 thru 24	181	181	181	180	179	177	174	173	172	170	168	166
Age 25 thru 29	135	133	132	130	129	126	124	121	118	116	113	110
Age 30 thru 34	98	93	88	84	81	77	73	69	65	62	58	55
Age 35 thru 39	86	78	71	64	58	53	48	44	39	36	32	29
Age 40 thru 44	158	151	144	136	128	120	113	107	101	96	90	85
Age 45 thru 49	231	227	223	217	212	207	202	197	193	188	183	177
Age 50 thru 54	273	275	276	277	278	278	279	279	280	280	279	277
Age 55 thru 59	251	261	272	283	295	308	319	329	340	351	361	372
Age 60 thru 64	131	128	124	120	116	112	108	104	100	97	93	89
Age 65 thru 84	481	466	450	434	418	404	389	375	360	346	331	317
Age 85 & Older	126	128	129	129	130	130	130	129	129	128	127	125
Labette County												
Total Population	21,753	21,643	21,535	21,423	21,302	21,183	21,060	20,949	20,845	20,745	20,643	20,542
Age 0 thru 4	1,249	1,230	1,210	1,189	1,166	1,144	1,121	1,101	1,080	1,060	1,039	1,018
Age 5 thru 9	1,223	1,186	1,150	1,115	1,083	1,049	1,015	984	953	922	892	862
Age 10 thru 14	1,379	1,339	1,299	1,258	1,214	1,176	1,138	1,103	1,069	1,034	1,000	967
Age 15 thru 19	1,638	1,616	1,596	1,574	1,553	1,529	1,508	1,487	1,465	1,442	1,419	1,395
Age 20 thru 24	1,537	1,567	1,595	1,621	1,638	1,654	1,674	1,696	1,718	1,740	1,761	1,782
Age 25 thru 29	1,477	1,500	1,531	1,569	1,616	1,659	1,694	1,718	1,745	1,774	1,805	1,837
Age 30 thru 34	952	918	883	848	812	777	742	712	682	654	626	599
Age 35 thru 39	1,190	1,143	1,096	1,051	1,007	969	932	895	859	824	790	757
Age 40 thru 44	1,696	1,697	1,700	1,698	1,699	1,695	1,689	1,683	1,678	1,673	1,667	1,660
Age 45 thru 49	1,596	1,601	1,604	1,609	1,609	1,608	1,607	1,606	1,605	1,604	1,602	1,599
Age 50 thru 54	1,622	1,640	1,653	1,661	1,670	1,684	1,695	1,712	1,727	1,740	1,751	1,761
Age 55 thru 59	1,603	1,646	1,690	1,735	1,777	1,821	1,868	1,914	1,961	2,008	2,055	2,102
Age 60 thru 64	1,219	1,250	1,285	1,321	1,353	1,381	1,408	1,435	1,464	1,495	1,525	1,557
Age 65 thru 84	2,650	2,586	2,518	2,448	2,378	2,310	2,242	2,178	2,116	2,054	1,993	1,932
Age 85 & Older	722	724	725	726	727	727	727	725	723	721	718	714
Lane County												
Total Population	1,766	1,730	1,693	1,659	1,624	1,582	1,541	1,502	1,462	1,425	1,390	1,354
Age 0 thru 4	86	84	81	78	76	73	70	67	64	61	59	56
Age 5 thru 9	70	64	59	53	48	43	39	36	32	29	26	23
Age 10 thru 14	110	105	100	95	90	84	79	74	69	65	61	57
Age 15 thru 19	113	109	104	99	94	90	86	82	78	74	70	66
Age 20 thru 24	122	128	134	142	151	159	166	172	178	184	191	198
Age 25 thru 29	47	44	41	39	38	36	34	32	30	28	27	25
Age 30 thru 34	39	34	30	26	22	19	16	14	12	11	9	8
Age 35 thru 39	96	90	85	80	75	71	66	62	58	54	50	47
Age 40 thru 44	142	139	135	131	127	122	117	112	108	103	99	95
Age 45 thru 49	166	166	166	166	166	164	163	161	159	158	156	153
Age 50 thru 54	163	164	165	165	164	163	161	160	159	157	155	153

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Lane County (cont'd)												
Age 55 thru 59	138	140	142	144	143	141	140	140	139	138	137	136
Age 60 thru 64	108	108	107	107	107	107	106	105	103	101	100	98
Age 65 thru 84	289	279	270	261	252	241	231	220	210	201	191	182
Age 85 & Older	77	76	74	73	71	69	67	65	63	61	59	57
Leavenworth County												
Total Population	75,657	75,945	76,165	76,379	76,610	76,827	76,971	76,984	76,977	77,007	77,066	77,166
Age 0 thru 4	4,529	4,485	4,426	4,365	4,308	4,249	4,187	4,115	4,040	3,963	3,888	3,815
Age 5 thru 9	4,621	4,545	4,468	4,395	4,329	4,271	4,213	4,158	4,107	4,055	4,000	3,946
Age 10 thru 14	5,075	5,025	4,974	4,933	4,888	4,850	4,815	4,780	4,751	4,720	4,686	4,653
Age 15 thru 19	5,350	5,367	5,388	5,405	5,443	5,492	5,544	5,585	5,632	5,677	5,719	5,761
Age 20 thru 24	5,778	5,905	6,021	6,138	6,204	6,218	6,207	6,189	6,164	6,180	6,238	6,315
Age 25 thru 29	5,455	5,559	5,700	5,846	6,005	6,160	6,293	6,398	6,518	6,651	6,788	6,920
Age 30 thru 34	4,581	4,513	4,458	4,413	4,369	4,312	4,239	4,159	4,088	4,024	3,962	3,894
Age 35 thru 39	5,159	4,980	4,816	4,650	4,490	4,331	4,174	4,024	3,882	3,746	3,612	3,476
Age 40 thru 44	7,222	7,317	7,436	7,563	7,700	7,828	7,928	8,014	8,112	8,221	8,330	8,428
Age 45 thru 49	6,219	6,211	6,150	6,026	5,895	5,779	5,681	5,576	5,444	5,300	5,148	5,000
Age 50 thru 54	5,740	5,821	5,849	5,812	5,796	5,803	5,812	5,804	5,766	5,710	5,641	5,574
Age 55 thru 59	4,775	4,902	5,000	5,062	5,109	5,166	5,226	5,276	5,303	5,316	5,316	5,319
Age 60 thru 64	3,105	3,129	3,134	3,116	3,100	3,088	3,076	3,049	3,010	2,965	2,915	2,867
Age 65 thru 84	7,099	7,221	7,364	7,634	7,910	8,171	8,427	8,671	8,934	9,211	9,510	9,836
Age 85 & Older	949	965	981	1,021	1,064	1,109	1,149	1,186	1,226	1,268	1,313	1,362
Lincoln County												
Total Population	3,361	3,351	3,335	3,322	3,304	3,289	3,270	3,248	3,228	3,210	3,192	3,175
Age 0 thru 4	159	157	153	149	145	140	135	130	126	121	117	112
Age 5 thru 9	159	154	148	142	135	129	124	118	112	106	101	95
Age 10 thru 14	163	154	145	137	128	120	113	105	98	91	85	79
Age 15 thru 19	218	214	209	203	197	191	184	178	172	166	160	153
Age 20 thru 24	264	285	307	332	358	384	411	437	464	493	523	555
Age 25 thru 29	176	180	185	189	196	199	202	204	206	208	210	211
Age 30 thru 34	115	110	105	100	94	87	82	77	72	68	63	59
Age 35 thru 39	141	135	128	121	114	109	103	97	92	86	81	75
Age 40 thru 44	201	193	183	173	163	153	144	136	128	120	112	105
Age 45 thru 49	343	347	350	354	356	359	360	361	361	361	359	357
Age 50 thru 54	372	390	409	427	442	458	474	489	505	520	534	549
Age 55 thru 59	247	253	260	267	274	281	286	291	294	298	301	304
Age 60 thru 64	165	163	160	158	155	153	149	145	140	136	132	128
Age 65 thru 84	548	532	515	498	481	465	447	429	411	393	375	358
Age 85 & Older	90	84	78	72	66	61	56	51	47	43	39	35
Linn County												
Total Population	10,165	10,180	10,194	10,220	10,237	10,246	10,246	10,227	10,211	10,200	10,196	10,196
Age 0 thru 4	517	508	497	485	471	458	447	434	422	409	396	383
Age 5 thru 9	593	587	582	581	583	583	579	576	573	570	567	563
Age 10 thru 14	580	564	549	534	518	505	494	482	470	458	446	434
Age 15 thru 19	642	635	629	622	616	610	604	599	594	589	583	577
Age 20 thru 24	778	813	850	886	919	948	970	988	1006	1,031	1,063	1,100

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Linn County (cont'd)												
Age 25 thru 29	781	823	876	932	993	1,054	1,114	1,167	1,226	1,291	1,360	1,431
Age 30 thru 34	520	523	528	535	539	542	542	542	543	544	545	545
Age 35 thru 39	454	434	415	398	383	370	357	342	328	314	301	287
Age 40 thru 44	760	765	771	777	782	783	781	782	784	786	786	785
Age 45 thru 49	743	734	719	698	674	652	634	614	592	569	546	522
Age 50 thru 54	767	766	756	739	725	715	706	694	679	661	641	622
Age 55 thru 59	742	748	748	747	741	735	730	723	713	701	688	674
Age 60 thru 64	578	577	573	562	551	539	527	515	502	487	472	457
Age 65 thru 84	1,448	1,439	1,434	1,449	1,461	1,466	1,472	1,476	1,481	1,487	1,494	1,502
Age 85 & Older	262	264	267	275	281	286	289	293	298	303	308	314
Logan County												
Total Population	2,700	2,667	2,630	2,595	2,563	2,526	2,492	2,456	2,419	2,384	2,355	2,322
Age 0 thru 4	139	134	128	123	118	114	109	104	100	95	91	87
Age 5 thru 9	163	159	155	153	150	147	144	140	136	133	129	126
Age 10 thru 14	147	139	131	124	117	111	104	99	93	87	82	77
Age 15 thru 19	202	198	194	189	184	178	174	169	165	160	156	151
Age 20 thru 24	70	65	61	57	52	48	44	41	38	36	33	31
Age 25 thru 29	140	138	136	132	129	125	122	119	116	113	110	107
Age 30 thru 34	128	127	126	126	125	123	121	119	116	114	112	110
Age 35 thru 39	92	84	76	69	64	59	54	50	45	41	38	34
Age 40 thru 44	203	198	192	186	180	174	169	164	159	154	149	143
Age 45 thru 49	289	298	305	311	318	325	332	338	344	350	357	363
Age 50 thru 54	249	256	263	269	276	280	285	290	295	300	305	310
Age 55 thru 59	173	177	181	186	190	194	199	202	205	208	212	215
Age 60 thru 64	121	118	114	111	108	104	100	96	93	89	86	83
Age 65 thru 84	481	472	463	453	445	436	427	417	406	396	387	377
Age 85 & Older	103	104	105	106	107	108	108	108	108	108	108	108
Lyon County												
Total Population	35,796	35,820	35,830	35,842	35,866	35,889	35,897	35,893	35,888	35,898	35,909	35,913
Age 0 thru 4	2,562	2,568	2,572	2,574	2,577	2,576	2,571	2,566	2,561	2,555	2,548	2,540
Age 5 thru 9	2,071	2,025	1,977	1,933	1,890	1,848	1,808	1,765	1,721	1,679	1,636	1,593
Age 10 thru 14	2,065	2,015	1,963	1,912	1,862	1,812	1,761	1,713	1,665	1,618	1,571	1,524
Age 15 thru 19	2,734	2,667	2,598	2,534	2,470	2,407	2,346	2,289	2,229	2,169	2,110	2,050
Age 20 thru 24	4,231	4,246	4,248	4,221	4,190	4,171	4,153	4,143	4,129	4,112	4,092	4,067
Age 25 thru 29	3,207	3,283	3,373	3,483	3,607	3,713	3,802	3,881	3,964	4,053	4,146	4,242
Age 30 thru 34	1,840	1,811	1,777	1,738	1,699	1,655	1,609	1,569	1,530	1,493	1,455	1,417
Age 35 thru 39	1,714	1,640	1,567	1,499	1,435	1,377	1,320	1,262	1,205	1,151	1,098	1,047
Age 40 thru 44	2,343	2,311	2,275	2,236	2,201	2,164	2,127	2,092	2,056	2,019	1,981	1,942
Age 45 thru 49	2,736	2,780	2,822	2,857	2,888	2,916	2,948	2,981	3,011	3,042	3,072	3,098
Age 50 thru 54	2,615	2,704	2,789	2,874	2,955	3,042	3,133	3,226	3,320	3,414	3,508	3,602
Age 55 thru 59	2,076	2,147	2,220	2,301	2,386	2,475	2,569	2,651	2,736	2,824	2,914	3,006
Age 60 thru 64	1,506	1,546	1,590	1,635	1,678	1,718	1,754	1,791	1,829	1,869	1,909	1,949
Age 65 thru 84	3,204	3,171	3,139	3,111	3,080	3,052	3,019	2,978	2,937	2,896	2,856	2,815
Age 85 & Older	892	906	920	934	948	963	977	986	995	1,004	1,013	1,021

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Marion County												
Total Population	12,954	12,932	12,890	12,840	12,791	12,744	12,702	12,660	12,609	12,563	12,517	12,486
Age 0 thru 4	585	572	556	540	525	511	497	484	470	457	443	430
Age 5 thru 9	605	579	550	525	499	476	452	431	411	390	371	352
Age 10 thru 14	837	820	801	781	761	739	722	704	685	666	648	630
Age 15 thru 19	1,022	1,019	1,015	1,004	992	981	972	963	953	943	931	920
Age 20 thru 24	1,032	1,079	1,128	1,175	1,219	1,263	1,309	1,355	1,402	1,451	1,502	1,555
Age 25 thru 29	618	623	631	641	651	659	666	669	672	676	680	684
Age 30 thru 34	504	489	473	455	438	420	405	390	374	360	345	332
Age 35 thru 39	583	555	526	497	471	447	424	403	382	361	341	323
Age 40 thru 44	893	880	863	846	826	809	792	777	761	744	727	711
Age 45 thru 49	1,146	1,174	1,199	1,227	1,255	1,279	1,302	1,326	1,348	1,371	1,394	1,418
Age 50 thru 54	1,024	1,054	1,082	1,107	1,139	1,172	1,205	1,235	1,265	1,294	1,323	1,354
Age 55 thru 59	828	841	852	862	870	881	891	901	910	918	926	934
Age 60 thru 64	695	698	700	705	708	707	705	704	702	701	699	698
Age 65 thru 84	1,999	1,966	1,933	1,895	1,858	1,821	1,784	1,744	1,704	1,665	1,625	1,587
Age 85 & Older	583	583	581	580	579	579	576	574	570	566	562	558
Marshall County												
Total Population	10,084	10,008	9,920	9,830	9,744	9,656	9,566	9,475	9,383	9,300	9,218	9,139
Age 0 thru 4	505	498	492	485	477	466	457	446	435	425	414	404
Age 5 thru 9	415	394	372	352	334	317	299	281	265	249	234	220
Age 10 thru 14	495	463	429	397	366	337	312	290	268	248	228	210
Age 15 thru 19	794	783	770	753	736	722	706	693	678	662	646	629
Age 20 thru 24	733	764	796	832	875	908	940	973	1,006	1,041	1,077	1,113
Age 25 thru 29	498	505	515	526	536	550	562	565	568	573	578	583
Age 30 thru 34	300	283	265	248	232	216	201	187	174	162	150	139
Age 35 thru 39	360	329	299	270	244	221	201	183	166	150	136	123
Age 40 thru 44	821	813	801	787	773	758	743	730	715	700	685	669
Age 45 thru 49	937	948	954	956	955	955	955	956	955	954	951	948
Age 50 thru 54	969	1,008	1,047	1,088	1,132	1,171	1,211	1,249	1,287	1,326	1,366	1,406
Age 55 thru 59	641	647	652	656	656	660	661	661	661	660	659	657
Age 60 thru 64	552	554	557	560	562	562	559	556	553	550	547	543
Age 65 thru 84	1,685	1,647	1,606	1,565	1,520	1,477	1,432	1,387	1,343	1,299	1,256	1,213
Age 85 & Older	379	372	365	355	346	336	327	318	309	301	291	282
McPherson County												
Total Population	30,087	30,195	30,290	30,385	30,479	30,572	30,647	30,716	30,796	30,893	30,996	31,101
Age 0 thru 4	1,638	1,624	1,608	1,591	1,569	1,551	1,532	1,511	1,490	1,468	1,447	1,424
Age 5 thru 9	1,548	1,511	1,473	1,438	1,405	1,369	1,333	1,296	1,259	1,224	1,189	1,154
Age 10 thru 14	1,633	1,572	1,508	1,443	1,382	1,323	1,264	1,213	1,162	1,112	1,063	1,015
Age 15 thru 19	2,450	2,432	2,409	2,379	2,345	2,313	2,285	2,259	2,230	2,200	2,168	2,135
Age 20 thru 24	2,678	2,762	2,846	2,926	3,011	3,104	3,191	3,268	3,349	3,433	3,519	3,605
Age 25 thru 29	1,906	1,950	2,004	2,068	2,122	2,164	2,202	2,238	2,276	2,317	2,360	2,403
Age 30 thru 34	1,335	1,312	1,289	1,266	1,248	1,229	1,207	1,178	1,151	1,126	1,101	1,076
Age 35 thru 39	1,315	1,250	1,185	1,123	1,066	1,014	963	914	866	820	776	734
Age 40 thru 44	2,017	1,981	1,938	1,892	1,846	1,798	1,753	1,714	1,674	1,633	1,591	1,549
Age 45 thru 49	2,639	2,695	2,746	2,793	2,837	2,879	2,919	2,963	3,006	3,049	3,090	3,129
Age 50 thru 54	2,544	2,642	2,738	2,830	2,934	3,039	3,143	3,248	3,356	3,465	3,576	3,689

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
McPherson County (cont'd)												
Age 55 thru 59	2,090	2,182	2,276	2,379	2,470	2,563	2,658	2,755	2,856	2,962	3,070	3,180
Age 60 thru 64	1,405	1,430	1,457	1,487	1,517	1,544	1,567	1,586	1,606	1,627	1,648	1,670
Age 65 thru 84	4,002	3,971	3,940	3,906	3,871	3,833	3,789	3,741	3,692	3,644	3,595	3,545
Age 85 & Older	887	881	873	864	856	849	841	832	823	813	803	793
Meade County												
Total Population	4,723	4,745	4,765	4,781	4,799	4,813	4,829	4,840	4,848	4,862	4,877	12,486
Age 0 thru 4	324	320	315	310	306	301	296	292	286	281	276	430
Age 5 thru 9	361	358	354	350	344	339	334	329	324	319	313	307
Age 10 thru 14	372	370	368	366	364	361	357	353	348	344	339	334
Age 15 thru 19	343	344	345	343	340	337	336	334	332	329	326	323
Age 20 thru 24	327	343	359	377	395	416	438	456	475	495	516	538
Age 25 thru 29	261	261	261	260	261	262	261	259	257	255	253	251
Age 30 thru 34	229	223	215	206	198	189	181	174	167	160	153	146
Age 35 thru 39	296	295	294	296	298	299	300	298	295	293	292	290
Age 40 thru 44	288	281	273	263	252	242	234	227	219	211	203	196
Age 45 thru 49	418	431	444	460	474	487	498	510	522	534	546	559
Age 50 thru 54	398	426	456	484	516	547	579	611	645	681	719	760
Age 55 thru 59	190	191	193	193	193	193	193	192	191	191	190	189
Age 60 thru 64	154	150	145	140	136	131	127	122	118	114	110	106
Age 65 thru 84	611	602	593	584	574	563	551	540	528	516	504	492
Age 85 & Older	151	150	150	149	148	146	144	143	141	139	137	135
Miami County												
Total Population	32,037	32,310	32,570	32,794	32,986	33,151	33,279	33,347	33,395	33,451	33,514	33,589
Age 0 thru 4	2,097	2,106	2,110	2,110	2,113	2,109	2,105	2,091	2,075	2,057	2,037	2,017
Age 5 thru 9	1,891	1,860	1,829	1,797	1,769	1,745	1,719	1,693	1,668	1,641	1,612	1,583
Age 10 thru 14	2,076	2,037	1,997	1,959	1,918	1,882	1,847	1,815	1,783	1,750	1,714	1,677
Age 15 thru 19	2,274	2,269	2,265	2,260	2,257	2,255	2,257	2,256	2,256	2,253	2,246	2,238
Age 20 thru 24	2,867	3,045	3,239	3,430	3,597	3,738	3,847	3,961	4,076	4,223	4,403	4,602
Age 25 thru 29	2,275	2,371	2,492	2,633	2,791	2,955	3,108	3,228	3,361	3,506	3,660	3,815
Age 30 thru 34	1,521	1,485	1,449	1,416	1,382	1,344	1,307	1,268	1,232	1,197	1,161	1,123
Age 35 thru 39	1,936	1,884	1,835	1,782	1,736	1,693	1,644	1,596	1,550	1,504	1,457	1,407
Age 40 thru 44	2,683	2,697	2,712	2,725	2,727	2,719	2,713	2,712	2,711	2,709	2,703	2,689
Age 45 thru 49	2,742	2,759	2,755	2,725	2,692	2,659	2,630	2,593	2,543	2,486	2,424	2,362
Age 50 thru 54	2,556	2,613	2,650	2,646	2,640	2,637	2,637	2,638	2,624	2,600	2,568	2,535
Age 55 thru 59	1,923	1,944	1,951	1,947	1,938	1,937	1,937	1,924	1,903	1,875	1,842	1,810
Age 60 thru 64	1,510	1,525	1,532	1,518	1,499	1,481	1,462	1,444	1,419	1,390	1,357	1,325
Age 65 thru 84	3,143	3,167	3,200	3,279	3,347	3,405	3,464	3,515	3,570	3,626	3,684	3,748
Age 85 & Older	543	548	554	567	580	592	602	613	624	634	646	658
Mitchell County												
Total Population	6,194	6,134	6,066	5,999	5,933	5,861	5,785	5,711	5,639	5,569	5,494	5,426
Age 0 thru 4	265	257	249	242	234	226	218	210	202	195	187	180
Age 5 thru 9	274	262	249	237	226	215	204	193	183	173	164	155
Age 10 thru 14	343	327	310	293	277	261	246	233	220	208	195	184
Age 15 thru 19	643	637	630	622	614	606	596	587	577	567	556	546
Age 20 thru 24	328	332	336	342	345	348	350	352	354	355	357	358

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Mitchell County (cont'd)												
Age 25 thru 29	203	196	190	182	177	170	164	157	150	144	138	132
Age 30 thru 34	212	203	193	184	176	165	155	147	139	131	123	116
Age 35 thru 39	234	218	201	186	171	159	147	136	126	116	107	98
Age 40 thru 44	467	462	456	448	440	431	421	412	403	395	385	376
Age 45 thru 49	527	530	531	531	532	532	532	531	530	528	525	522
Age 50 thru 54	577	591	603	613	623	632	643	653	663	672	680	688
Age 55 thru 59	513	532	553	577	601	625	647	667	689	710	732	755
Age 60 thru 64	363	369	375	380	384	388	391	393	395	397	399	400
Age 65 thru 84	988	965	942	920	897	874	849	823	797	773	747	723
Age 85 & Older	257	253	248	242	236	229	222	217	211	205	199	193
Montgomery County												
Total Population	33,468	33,192	32,909	32,626	32,338	32,040	31,741	31,442	31,152	30,875	30,600	30,316
Age 0 thru 4	2,016	1,995	1,973	1,952	1,923	1,894	1,866	1,838	1,810	1,782	1,755	1,726
Age 5 thru 9	1,781	1,718	1,656	1,595	1,540	1,484	1,432	1,379	1,328	1,278	1,229	1,182
Age 10 thru 14	2,069	2,011	1,950	1,891	1,832	1,774	1,713	1,660	1,607	1,556	1,505	1,454
Age 15 thru 19	2,384	2,330	2,274	2,221	2,166	2,115	2,066	2,017	1,968	1,918	1,869	1,819
Age 20 thru 24	2,335	2,379	2,420	2,447	2,469	2,479	2,491	2,518	2,544	2,570	2,593	2,614
Age 25 thru 29	1,974	1,977	1,987	2,008	2,036	2,068	2,085	2,087	2,091	2,098	2,106	2,115
Age 30 thru 34	1,528	1,481	1,431	1,379	1,329	1,278	1,232	1,186	1,142	1,099	1,058	1,017
Age 35 thru 39	1,753	1,685	1,620	1,560	1,501	1,445	1,393	1,338	1,285	1,233	1,184	1,135
Age 40 thru 44	2,274	2,238	2,201	2,160	2,121	2,081	2,036	1,997	1,958	1,919	1,880	1,840
Age 45 thru 49	2,442	2,428	2,410	2,389	2,368	2,344	2,322	2,300	2,276	2,254	2,230	2,204
Age 50 thru 54	2,723	2,773	2,820	2,861	2,909	2,962	3,016	3,064	3,112	3,160	3,206	3,251
Age 55 thru 59	2,362	2,399	2,433	2,475	2,504	2,536	2,570	2,603	2,636	2,668	2,699	2,729
Age 60 thru 64	2,067	2,116	2,172	2,228	2,281	2,325	2,368	2,410	2,454	2,501	2,549	2,596
Age 65 thru 84	4,613	4,510	4,405	4,301	4,198	4,094	3,992	3,889	3,788	3,689	3,591	3,493
Age 85 & Older	1,147	1,152	1,157	1,159	1,161	1,161	1,159	1,156	1,153	1,150	1,146	1,141
Morris County												
Total Population	5,992	5,971	5,951	5,931	5,912	5,901	5,889	5,875	5,860	5,849	5,841	5,831
Age 0 thru 4	260	251	241	231	223	215	208	199	191	182	174	166
Age 5 thru 9	293	281	269	258	247	237	225	215	205	194	184	174
Age 10 thru 14	339	324	309	293	277	261	248	235	222	210	198	186
Age 15 thru 19	440	436	432	426	420	417	411	405	398	391	383	374
Age 20 thru 24	515	564	621	680	743	808	868	935	1,007	1,086	1,170	1,259
Age 25 thru 29	299	301	304	308	312	318	323	323	323	323	323	322
Age 30 thru 34	206	195	184	175	165	157	149	140	132	124	116	109
Age 35 thru 39	288	273	259	244	230	217	205	194	182	171	160	150
Age 40 thru 44	435	429	420	411	401	393	386	378	369	359	349	339
Age 45 thru 49	497	496	492	490	486	481	478	474	468	462	455	447
Age 50 thru 54	573	594	614	630	644	656	669	685	700	714	726	737
Age 55 thru 59	400	403	407	410	413	417	421	422	422	422	422	420
Age 60 thru 64	350	354	359	364	370	373	376	378	379	380	380	380
Age 65 thru 84	838	810	779	750	721	692	664	636	609	581	554	526
Age 85 & Older	259	260	261	261	260	259	258	256	253	250	247	242

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Morton County												
Total Population	3,121	3,096	3,075	3,055	3,025	2,992	2,958	2,924	2,893	2,862	2,832	2,803
Age 0 thru 4	220	214	208	201	193	186	178	172	166	160	154	147
Age 5 thru 9	241	237	234	229	224	218	213	207	202	196	191	185
Age 10 thru 14	231	225	220	215	210	206	200	193	187	181	175	170
Age 15 thru 19	215	209	203	196	189	181	173	167	161	154	148	142
Age 20 thru 24	185	187	188	192	194	195	196	197	197	198	198	198
Age 25 thru 29	98	91	84	78	71	65	59	54	50	45	42	38
Age 30 thru 34	125	119	113	107	101	95	90	85	80	75	71	66
Age 35 thru 39	155	147	140	132	126	120	115	109	103	98	92	87
Age 40 thru 44	208	200	192	184	176	166	157	150	143	136	129	122
Age 45 thru 49	346	363	382	402	417	433	450	466	482	499	517	535
Age 50 thru 54	217	218	218	218	217	217	216	215	214	213	211	210
Age 55 thru 59	218	223	229	236	243	250	255	259	263	268	272	277
Age 60 thru 64	153	152	151	151	150	148	148	146	144	142	140	138
Age 65 thru 84	436	436	436	435	432	429	424	419	415	410	404	399
Age 85 & Older	73	75	77	79	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
Nemaha County												
Total Population	10,424	10,407	10,389	10,368	10,352	10,332	10,306	10,281	10,271	10,256	10,240	10,229
Age 0 thru 4	590	574	555	537	518	499	482	466	449	432	415	399
Age 5 thru 9	673	657	641	623	605	588	570	552	535	517	500	482
Age 10 thru 14	709	690	669	647	626	606	587	568	548	529	509	489
Age 15 thru 19	783	776	767	754	742	728	714	703	691	677	663	648
Age 20 thru 24	832	894	964	1,049	1,131	1,211	1,291	1,372	1,462	1,557	1,659	1,766
Age 25 thru 29	439	435	433	433	435	434	431	425	420	415	409	404
Age 30 thru 34	346	327	308	290	271	254	237	222	208	195	182	169
Age 35 thru 39	488	462	437	411	388	367	349	329	311	293	275	258
Age 40 thru 44	836	840	842	838	837	833	827	824	820	815	808	800
Age 45 thru 49	856	875	893	908	922	937	951	964	977	989	999	1,008
Age 50 thru 54	791	822	854	887	920	951	981	1,011	1,043	1,073	1,103	1,134
Age 55 thru 59	564	576	588	600	612	625	636	645	654	663	670	678
Age 60 thru 64	420	415	411	405	397	390	382	374	367	359	351	343
Age 65 thru 84	1,674	1,652	1,628	1,600	1,573	1,543	1,510	1,478	1,447	1,414	1,380	1,345
Age 85 & Older	423	412	399	386	375	366	358	348	339	328	317	306
Neosho County												
Total Population	16,358	16,297	16,238	16,181	16,113	16,046	15,974	15,911	15,847	15,788	15,733	15,683
Age 0 thru 4	1,001	997	994	991	988	988	986	980	974	968	963	957
Age 5 thru 9	855	826	797	772	746	720	694	670	647	623	601	579
Age 10 thru 14	983	952	920	888	856	825	796	769	741	715	689	663
Age 15 thru 19	1,248	1,229	1,208	1,184	1,161	1,138	1,116	1,098	1,078	1,057	1,036	1,015
Age 20 thru 24	1,184	1,212	1,241	1,262	1,284	1,301	1,319	1,343	1,366	1,389	1,412	1,435
Age 25 thru 29	1,065	1,084	1,109	1,141	1,178	1,213	1,241	1,262	1,283	1,308	1,334	1,362
Age 30 thru 34	755	734	713	692	670	649	629	608	588	569	550	532
Age 35 thru 39	883	851	821	789	758	730	702	676	650	625	600	577
Age 40 thru 44	1,113	1,093	1,071	1,051	1,031	1,009	987	968	948	928	908	888
Age 45 thru 49	1,353	1,375	1,397	1,417	1,431	1,446	1,462	1,478	1,495	1,511	1,527	1,543
Age 50 thru 54	1,254	1,277	1,297	1,313	1,332	1,354	1,376	1,397	1,418	1,438	1,457	1,476

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Neosho County (cont'd)												
Age 55 thru 59	1,147	1,185	1,225	1,269	1,306	1,344	1,381	1,421	1,462	1,504	1,547	1,590
Age 60 thru 64	799	797	794	794	791	788	783	779	774	769	765	760
Age 65 thru 84	2,203	2,166	2,128	2,090	2,050	2,007	1,966	1,925	1,885	1,845	1,805	1,766
Age 85 & Older	515	519	523	528	531	534	536	537	538	539	539	540
Ness County												
Total Population	2,740	2,667	2,598	2,534	2,470	2,394	2,322	2,247	2,173	2,100	2,030	1,959
Age 0 thru 4	117	110	105	99	94	88	83	78	73	68	63	59
Age 5 thru 9	112	104	96	89	82	75	68	62	57	52	47	42
Age 10 thru 14	142	134	126	119	112	104	98	90	84	78	72	66
Age 15 thru 19	146	137	127	117	108	99	91	84	77	71	65	59
Age 20 thru 24	150	156	163	173	181	190	197	202	208	213	219	224
Age 25 thru 29	31	26	22	18	15	12	10	9	7	6	5	4
Age 30 thru 34	79	73	68	64	60	56	53	48	44	41	37	34
Age 35 thru 39	74	64	55	47	40	34	29	25	21	18	15	13
Age 40 thru 44	249	244	237	229	221	212	202	194	186	177	169	160
Age 45 thru 49	274	272	269	267	264	259	255	250	245	238	232	226
Age 50 thru 54	278	284	290	293	298	300	302	303	303	303	303	301
Age 55 thru 59	206	207	208	211	211	211	211	209	206	204	201	198
Age 60 thru 64	150	144	139	135	130	124	117	112	106	100	95	90
Age 65 thru 84	592	575	560	545	530	512	493	472	452	432	412	393
Age 85 & Older	140	137	133	128	124	118	113	109	104	99	95	90
Norton County												
Total Population	5,601	5,579	5,554	5,526	5,491	5,455	5,420	5,387	5,355	5,322	5,288	5,257
Age 0 thru 4	220	214	209	203	196	189	182	177	171	165	160	154
Age 5 thru 9	236	227	218	208	198	188	179	171	163	155	147	140
Age 10 thru 14	300	291	282	273	265	256	247	238	230	222	214	206
Age 15 thru 19	367	364	362	356	350	345	340	335	330	324	319	313
Age 20 thru 24	498	518	538	563	590	614	639	662	686	711	737	764
Age 25 thru 29	320	317	315	312	309	305	300	296	291	287	282	277
Age 30 thru 34	305	299	292	285	276	267	259	251	244	236	229	222
Age 35 thru 39	341	329	316	303	289	277	267	256	246	235	225	215
Age 40 thru 44	467	465	461	459	458	457	454	451	448	445	440	436
Age 45 thru 49	499	510	519	526	529	533	539	545	551	557	562	566
Age 50 thru 54	406	411	415	419	422	424	425	428	430	432	433	435
Age 55 thru 59	376	384	393	401	408	415	422	429	436	443	450	456
Age 60 thru 64	300	304	308	313	318	324	328	331	333	336	339	342
Age 65 thru 84	683	661	638	615	592	569	546	525	504	483	462	443
Age 85 & Older	283	285	288	290	291	292	293	292	292	291	289	288
Osage County												
Total Population	17,589	17,664	17,740	17,837	17,923	17,987	18,045	18,080	18,112	18,143	18,172	18,203
Age 0 thru 4	807	783	758	734	714	691	668	645	621	597	574	552
Age 5 thru 9	1,044	1,028	1,015	1,004	993	984	975	965	957	948	937	926
Age 10 thru 14	1,153	1,132	1,113	1,094	1,077	1,060	1,044	1,030	1,017	1,002	986	970
Age 15 thru 19	1,361	1,377	1,399	1,421	1,445	1,469	1,495	1,520	1,547	1,574	1,598	1,621
Age 20 thru 24	1,260	1,300	1,339	1,381	1,419	1,447	1,460	1,479	1,493	1,516	1,551	1,588

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Osage County (cont'd)												
Age 25 thru 29	1,207	1,256	1,319	1,396	1,470	1,543	1,613	1,672	1,738	1,809	1,883	1,956
Age 30 thru 34	839	837	836	837	837	836	830	821	815	808	802	793
Age 35 thru 39	836	798	761	727	695	665	637	608	581	554	527	500
Age 40 thru 44	1,446	1,456	1,466	1,475	1,484	1,488	1,485	1,488	1,492	1,495	1,495	1,490
Age 45 thru 49	1,540	1,557	1,565	1,561	1,551	1,540	1,536	1,526	1,510	1,490	1,467	1,446
Age 50 thru 54	1,359	1,380	1,393	1,390	1,392	1,397	1,403	1,404	1,398	1,389	1,376	1,364
Age 55 thru 59	1,159	1,175	1,186	1,193	1,192	1,195	1,200	1,199	1,193	1,184	1,172	1,162
Age 60 thru 64	893	892	885	870	853	834	817	801	782	761	739	718
Age 65 thru 84	2,203	2,205	2,210	2,244	2,275	2,300	2,330	2,357	2,389	2,422	2,455	2,491
Age 85 & Older	482	488	495	510	526	538	552	565	579	594	610	626
Osborne County												
Total Population	3,831	3,772	3,708	3,646	3,579	3,511	3,447	3,382	3,315	3,253	3,192	3,131
Age 0 thru 4	154	148	142	137	131	125	119	113	107	102	96	91
Age 5 thru 9	146	135	125	115	106	98	90	83	76	70	64	58
Age 10 thru 14	214	201	188	176	164	153	141	132	122	113	105	97
Age 15 thru 19	312	310	307	302	296	290	286	280	274	268	261	254
Age 20 thru 24	251	265	279	297	315	336	355	370	386	403	421	439
Age 25 thru 29	103	98	92	87	81	75	70	66	61	57	53	49
Age 30 thru 34	95	89	82	75	69	64	59	54	49	45	41	37
Age 35 thru 39	124	112	101	90	80	71	63	57	51	45	40	35
Age 40 thru 44	318	313	306	301	295	287	280	273	266	258	250	242
Age 45 thru 49	357	358	359	358	356	352	349	345	341	337	332	327
Age 50 thru 54	385	401	418	430	441	451	461	473	483	494	504	513
Age 55 thru 59	223	219	215	211	207	203	200	195	190	184	179	174
Age 60 thru 64	244	246	248	252	256	257	257	256	255	253	252	251
Age 65 thru 84	697	673	647	621	595	568	542	516	491	467	443	419
Age 85 & Older	208	204	199	194	187	181	175	169	163	157	151	145
Ottawa County												
Total Population	6,279	6,317	6,347	6,374	6,399	6,421	6,442	6,459	6,479	6,499	6,522	6,544
Age 0 thru 4	318	316	312	309	304	298	292	286	281	275	268	262
Age 5 thru 9	310	300	289	278	267	257	246	236	226	216	207	197
Age 10 thru 14	377	367	357	347	338	330	321	311	301	291	281	271
Age 15 thru 19	456	454	449	439	429	419	412	405	398	390	381	371
Age 20 thru 24	486	531	581	638	687	743	797	856	921	990	1,065	1,144
Age 25 thru 29	294	292	289	288	287	285	283	279	274	270	265	260
Age 30 thru 34	321	320	319	317	314	310	306	301	296	290	285	280
Age 35 thru 39	281	264	247	230	215	201	189	177	165	153	143	132
Age 40 thru 44	554	559	560	562	563	563	562	562	560	558	555	551
Age 45 thru 49	578	590	600	607	615	622	630	636	642	647	651	654
Age 50 thru 54	555	575	596	613	632	650	667	684	701	717	733	748
Age 55 thru 59	413	420	426	431	438	446	452	456	460	463	466	468
Age 60 thru 64	376	385	394	406	418	424	432	438	444	450	456	462
Age 65 thru 84	814	805	796	784	774	762	749	734	718	703	686	670
Age 85 & Older	146	139	132	125	118	111	104	98	92	86	80	74

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Pawnee County												
Total Population	6,476	6,398	6,317	6,244	6,168	6,092	6,018	5,933	5,859	5,790	5,721	5,654
Age 0 thru 4	276	265	253	241	230	219	210	200	191	181	173	164
Age 5 thru 9	346	338	331	325	318	312	304	296	288	280	272	265
Age 10 thru 14	321	304	287	271	255	240	226	212	200	188	177	166
Age 15 thru 19	561	553	545	537	527	517	507	497	487	477	467	457
Age 20 thru 24	498	516	535	558	582	608	635	655	677	701	725	749
Age 25 thru 29	289	280	271	266	260	253	245	236	228	221	213	206
Age 30 thru 34	307	298	289	277	265	253	243	232	223	213	204	195
Age 35 thru 39	295	275	256	239	224	211	198	185	172	161	149	139
Age 40 thru 44	493	485	476	470	462	452	442	432	423	413	404	394
Age 45 thru 49	517	509	499	486	472	459	448	437	426	415	404	392
Age 50 thru 54	642	664	686	705	730	752	774	793	814	835	857	878
Age 55 thru 59	438	441	444	450	453	455	457	458	459	461	461	462
Age 60 thru 64	391	395	398	401	403	404	403	403	403	404	403	403
Age 65 thru 84	802	770	738	707	676	645	614	586	558	531	505	479
Age 85 & Older	300	305	309	311	311	312	312	311	310	309	307	305
Phillips County												
Total Population	5,221	5,142	5,066	4,990	4,912	4,832	4,752	4,670	4,589	4,511	4,433	4,355
Age 0 thru 4	258	250	243	235	229	220	212	204	196	189	181	174
Age 5 thru 9	262	252	242	232	222	212	203	194	185	176	167	159
Age 10 thru 14	281	265	250	234	219	204	191	179	168	157	146	136
Age 15 thru 19	401	397	393	387	382	378	372	366	359	353	346	338
Age 20 thru 24	256	260	264	271	279	283	285	288	292	295	298	300
Age 25 thru 29	139	130	120	112	103	96	90	83	77	71	66	61
Age 30 thru 34	179	169	158	149	139	129	120	112	104	97	90	84
Age 35 thru 39	243	228	215	201	188	177	167	156	146	137	128	119
Age 40 thru 44	387	381	376	368	360	351	342	334	325	317	308	299
Age 45 thru 49	411	406	400	395	387	380	372	365	357	349	341	333
Age 50 thru 54	504	512	519	523	526	529	532	536	539	541	543	544
Age 55 thru 59	478	497	518	542	565	590	611	631	651	672	694	716
Age 60 thru 64	287	283	279	275	270	264	260	254	249	243	237	231
Age 65 thru 84	932	915	897	880	864	846	827	806	785	764	743	722
Age 85 & Older	203	197	192	186	179	173	168	162	156	150	145	139
Pottawatomie County												
Total Population	19,912	20,105	20,306	20,498	20,691	20,878	21,068	21,253	21,449	21,650	21,845	22,043
Age 0 thru 4	1,334	1,328	1,321	1,319	1,314	1,309	1,302	1,293	1,284	1,274	1,262	1,250
Age 5 thru 9	1,257	1,234	1,209	1,184	1,158	1,134	1,109	1,085	1,060	1,035	1,010	984
Age 10 thru 14	1,361	1,337	1,310	1,283	1,254	1,226	1,201	1,175	1,149	1,123	1,095	1,067
Age 15 thru 19	1,507	1,506	1,504	1,496	1,489	1,480	1,472	1,466	1,458	1,448	1,436	1,424
Age 20 thru 24	1,648	1,744	1,849	1,954	2,063	2,165	2,269	2,379	2,496	2,620	2,748	2,880
Age 25 thru 29	1,332	1,363	1,402	1,444	1,488	1,529	1,565	1,593	1,624	1,656	1,688	1,722
Age 30 thru 34	995	979	963	947	927	904	884	862	842	822	802	781
Age 35 thru 39	1,036	996	957	920	887	858	829	797	766	735	705	676
Age 40 thru 44	1,550	1,554	1,555	1,550	1,542	1,537	1,530	1,525	1,519	1,512	1,502	1,491
Age 45 thru 49	1,645	1,680	1,713	1,741	1,766	1,788	1,815	1,843	1,870	1,896	1,920	1,942
Age 50 thru 54	1,598	1,660	1,720	1,778	1,842	1,912	1,981	2,051	2,121	2,191	2,262	2,332

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Pottawatomie County (cont'd)												
Age 55 thru 59	1,350	1,419	1,492	1,569	1,646	1,726	1,807	1,888	1,973	2,062	2,153	2,247
Age 60 thru 64	840	855	869	882	896	904	914	925	936	946	955	963
Age 65 thru 84	2,043	2,032	2,022	2,007	1,993	1,978	1,961	1,941	1,921	1,900	1,877	1,854
Age 85 & Older	416	418	420	424	426	428	429	430	430	430	430	430
Pratt County												
Total Population	9,456	9,440	9,418	9,394	9,369	9,342	9,320	9,298	9,283	9,264	9,249	9,238
Age 0 thru 4	513	504	494	484	473	463	453	442	431	419	406	394
Age 5 thru 9	499	486	474	462	450	438	425	411	398	384	370	356
Age 10 thru 14	487	466	444	422	401	379	359	340	322	304	286	269
Age 15 thru 19	682	659	634	612	589	569	548	528	507	486	464	443
Age 20 thru 24	1,061	1,138	1,220	1,302	1,381	1,462	1,547	1,635	1,727	1,823	1,922	2,024
Age 25 thru 29	462	460	460	460	459	458	457	452	447	441	435	430
Age 30 thru 34	365	354	342	330	317	304	292	279	267	255	243	231
Age 35 thru 39	399	376	354	333	313	295	278	261	244	228	213	198
Age 40 thru 44	610	591	569	546	524	503	482	463	444	425	406	386
Age 45 thru 49	825	827	824	820	818	813	808	803	796	788	779	769
Age 50 thru 54	1,004	1,064	1,129	1,192	1,255	1,313	1,373	1,436	1,501	1,567	1,635	1,703
Age 55 thru 59	498	500	500	501	500	501	501	498	495	491	487	482
Age 60 thru 64	429	426	421	416	411	404	397	390	383	375	367	359
Age 65 thru 84	1,262	1,227	1,189	1,148	1,110	1,072	1,034	996	959	920	882	844
Age 85 & Older	360	362	364	366	368	368	366	364	362	358	354	350
Rawlins County												
Total Population	2,477	2,423	2,373	2,315	2,260	2,204	2,150	2,098	2,043	1,989	1,934	1,876
Age 0 thru 4	65	60	54	48	43	38	33	30	26	23	19	17
Age 5 thru 9	87	79	71	63	56	50	45	40	35	30	26	22
Age 10 thru 14	127	118	108	99	90	82	73	66	59	52	46	40
Age 15 thru 19	159	151	142	131	121	112	104	96	88	80	72	64
Age 20 thru 24	262	297	341	386	430	471	514	558	604	652	699	745
Age 25 thru 29	22	18	15	13	11	9	7	6	5	4	3	3
Age 30 thru 34	49	43	38	33	29	25	21	18	15	13	11	9
Age 35 thru 39	80	71	63	55	48	42	36	32	27	23	20	17
Age 40 thru 44	175	167	158	148	139	129	120	111	103	94	85	76
Age 45 thru 49	224	219	213	205	198	191	183	174	164	154	144	133
Age 50 thru 54	254	257	259	258	257	254	251	246	240	233	224	213
Age 55 thru 59	190	188	185	184	179	175	170	164	157	149	141	132
Age 60 thru 64	160	157	155	150	146	142	137	131	124	117	110	102
Age 65 thru 84	488	465	441	415	390	366	343	318	294	269	244	220
Age 85 & Older	135	133	130	127	123	118	113	108	102	96	90	83
Reno County												
Total Population	63,855	63,915	63,948	63,953	63,950	63,916	63,850	63,795	63,750	63,732	63,728	63,740
Age 0 thru 4	3,946	3,928	3,906	3,878	3,848	3,817	3,786	3,754	3,721	3,688	3,654	3,620
Age 5 thru 9	3,681	3,631	3,581	3,535	3,484	3,431	3,373	3,315	3,259	3,203	3,148	3,094
Age 10 thru 14	3,575	3,484	3,390	3,298	3,209	3,118	3,029	2,943	2,858	2,775	2,694	2,614
Age 15 thru 19	4,200	4,131	4,058	3,989	3,918	3,847	3,777	3,710	3,640	3,571	3,501	3,432
Age 20 thru 24	4,703	4,791	4,867	4,913	4,962	5,004	5,040	5,099	5,158	5,215	5,268	5,319

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Reno County (cont'd)												
Age 25 thru 29	4,325	4,380	4,451	4,537	4,626	4,711	4,783	4,828	4,878	4,933	4,993	5,056
Age 30 thru 34	3,278	3,229	3,180	3,128	3,072	3,010	2,948	2,883	2,820	2,761	2,704	2,648
Age 35 thru 39	3,218	3,085	2,955	2,830	2,713	2,605	2,503	2,397	2,293	2,194	2,099	2,008
Age 40 thru 44	4,467	4,404	4,333	4,255	4,181	4,105	4,027	3,959	3,888	3,817	3,745	3,673
Age 45 thru 49	5,121	5,163	5,194	5,225	5,250	5,262	5,276	5,297	5,315	5,333	5,349	5,363
Age 50 thru 54	5,330	5,498	5,660	5,805	5,960	6,122	6,286	6,453	6,623	6,795	6,969	7,146
Age 55 thru 59	4,486	4,649	4,821	5,002	5,171	5,345	5,522	5,698	5,880	6,070	6,266	6,468
Age 60 thru 64	3,093	3,127	3,163	3,202	3,241	3,273	3,295	3,317	3,340	3,364	3,389	3,414
Age 65 thru 84	8,448	8,389	8,320	8,247	8,165	8,078	7,983	7,889	7,794	7,700	7,606	7,512
Age 85 & Older	1,984	2,026	2,069	2,109	2,150	2,188	2,222	2,253	2,283	2,313	2,343	2,373
Republic County												
Total Population	4,822	4,730	4,637	4,535	4,435	4,329	4,225	4,119	4,020	3,919	3,826	3,733
Age 0 thru 4	190	182	174	166	158	149	142	134	126	118	111	104
Age 5 thru 9	193	183	173	163	154	145	135	126	118	109	101	94
Age 10 thru 14	214	198	181	165	150	137	124	113	103	93	84	75
Age 15 thru 19	341	334	326	313	300	286	272	261	249	237	225	213
Age 20 thru 24	332	358	387	419	462	504	546	579	616	655	697	741
Age 25 thru 29	79	71	64	57	50	44	39	35	31	27	24	21
Age 30 thru 34	146	137	128	119	110	101	93	85	78	72	66	60
Age 35 thru 39	152	137	123	110	98	87	78	69	62	55	48	42
Age 40 thru 44	338	326	313	298	283	269	255	242	229	216	203	190
Age 45 thru 49	450	448	443	437	429	419	409	400	390	379	368	356
Age 50 thru 54	491	501	511	518	525	532	539	541	543	543	543	541
Age 55 thru 59	367	368	370	369	364	358	350	344	338	331	324	316
Age 60 thru 64	296	292	287	285	282	276	269	261	254	246	238	230
Age 65 thru 84	1,025	994	963	929	891	852	812	774	736	699	662	626
Age 85 & Older	208	201	194	187	179	170	162	155	147	139	132	124
Rice County												
Total Population	10,421	10,413	10,392	10,368	10,330	10,291	10,257	10,225	10,198	10,175	10,159	10,136
Age 0 thru 4	580	575	569	561	550	540	530	521	512	503	494	485
Age 5 thru 9	520	503	485	470	455	439	423	408	393	378	364	350
Age 10 thru 14	585	567	548	528	505	484	464	447	429	412	396	379
Age 15 thru 19	939	928	913	897	881	865	852	839	826	812	797	781
Age 20 thru 24	1,294	1,344	1,394	1,446	1,500	1,560	1,616	1,672	1,731	1,789	1,850	1,911
Age 25 thru 29	534	539	547	556	562	564	563	564	565	567	569	571
Age 30 thru 34	410	399	389	378	368	359	348	337	326	315	306	296
Age 35 thru 39	396	373	350	329	309	290	274	257	241	226	212	198
Age 40 thru 44	655	643	628	612	595	578	564	550	536	522	508	494
Age 45 thru 49	877	897	915	932	947	960	973	987	1,000	1,014	1,028	1,041
Age 50 thru 54	787	814	839	861	883	905	929	951	974	997	1,021	1,045
Age 55 thru 59	611	622	634	647	656	666	674	682	690	699	707	715
Age 60 thru 64	472	468	463	460	455	448	442	435	429	423	417	410
Age 65 thru 84	1,428	1,406	1,381	1,352	1,324	1,294	1,268	1,239	1,211	1,184	1,157	1,129
Age 85 & Older	333	335	337	339	340	339	337	336	335	334	333	331

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Riley County												
Total Population	61,624	61,170	60,669	60,348	60,103	59,897	59,694	59,491	59,298	59,101	58,839	58,554
Age 0 thru 4	4,027	4,034	4,046	4,061	4,069	4,072	4,072	4,070	4,071	4,073	4,070	4,064
Age 5 thru 9	2,528	2,446	2,364	2,292	2,227	2,162	2,094	2,028	1,965	1,902	1,840	1,778
Age 10 thru 14	2,124	2,021	1,916	1,825	1,738	1,656	1,580	1,508	1,438	1,370	1,303	1,237
Age 15 thru 19	6,231	6,064	5,889	5,758	5,632	5,518	5,409	5,298	5,184	5,066	4,942	4,816
Age 20 thru 24	16,695	16,661	16,574	16,502	16,425	16,365	16,340	16,322	16,296	16,255	16,182	16,092
Age 25 thru 29	7,670	7,825	8,020	8,254	8,531	8,798	9,000	9,186	9,387	9,602	9,817	10,037
Age 30 thru 34	3,550	3,493	3,437	3,386	3,332	3,269	3,212	3,151	3,094	3,038	2,980	2,921
Age 35 thru 39	2,404	2,295	2,190	2,095	2,005	1,926	1,848	1,768	1,691	1,617	1,545	1,474
Age 40 thru 44	2,266	2,161	2,053	1,958	1,875	1,792	1,714	1,641	1,570	1,500	1,430	1,363
Age 45 thru 49	2,651	2,612	2,563	2,523	2,484	2,448	2,417	2,389	2,358	2,325	2,288	2,249
Age 50 thru 54	2,530	2,530	2,518	2,501	2,491	2,488	2,490	2,499	2,504	2,504	2,498	2,489
Age 55 thru 59	2,290	2,351	2,410	2,485	2,562	2,641	2,727	2,808	2,891	2,976	3,058	3,140
Age 60 thru 64	1,271	1,257	1,240	1,226	1,214	1,201	1,186	1,174	1,161	1,149	1,134	1,118
Age 65 thru 84	4,321	4,323	4,321	4,324	4,325	4,332	4,340	4,348	4,352	4,354	4,349	4,340
Age 85 & Older	1,066	1,097	1,128	1,158	1,193	1,229	1,265	1,301	1,336	1,370	1,403	1,436
Rooks County												
Total Population	5,161	5,105	5,052	4,999	4,945	4,893	4,838	4,783	4,731	4,679	4,630	4,581
Age 0 thru 4	254	246	238	231	223	216	209	201	194	186	179	171
Age 5 thru 9	247	234	222	210	198	187	176	166	157	147	138	129
Age 10 thru 14	298	283	269	255	241	228	215	203	191	180	169	158
Age 15 thru 19	363	358	352	345	338	332	325	318	310	302	294	286
Age 20 thru 24	464	495	530	567	605	644	683	720	760	802	847	892
Age 25 thru 29	173	164	155	146	138	129	121	114	107	100	93	87
Age 30 thru 34	233	224	216	207	199	190	182	174	166	158	150	143
Age 35 thru 39	227	211	195	181	168	156	144	133	123	114	104	96
Age 40 thru 44	404	398	391	382	373	365	357	349	340	331	322	312
Age 45 thru 49	486	498	511	522	532	540	546	554	561	568	574	579
Age 50 thru 54	375	379	381	382	383	385	387	388	388	387	386	384
Age 55 thru 59	350	358	367	376	384	391	397	402	407	412	417	421
Age 60 thru 64	231	224	217	211	205	199	192	185	179	172	165	159
Age 65 thru 84	846	825	803	782	760	737	714	690	666	643	619	596
Age 85 & Older	210	208	205	202	198	194	190	186	182	177	173	168
Rush County												
Total Population	3,287	3,260	3,230	3,202	3,175	3,143	3,114	3,085	3,057	3,031	3,003	2,976
Age 0 thru 4	179	178	177	176	175	173	171	168	166	163	160	157
Age 5 thru 9	134	128	121	115	109	103	98	92	87	82	77	72
Age 10 thru 14	170	162	154	147	139	132	126	120	113	107	101	95
Age 15 thru 19	207	204	200	196	192	187	181	177	172	168	162	157
Age 20 thru 24	274	296	321	347	376	405	435	465	498	532	568	605
Age 25 thru 29	144	143	142	140	139	138	135	133	130	128	125	122
Age 30 thru 34	114	109	104	99	94	87	82	77	73	68	64	60
Age 35 thru 39	136	128	119	112	106	101	95	89	84	78	73	68
Age 40 thru 44	223	218	212	205	197	190	184	178	172	165	159	152
Age 45 thru 49	277	277	276	273	270	266	262	259	256	252	248	243
Age 50 thru 54	296	302	308	313	318	322	326	329	332	335	337	338

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Rush County (cont'd)												
Age 55 thru 59	252	259	266	275	282	288	295	300	304	309	313	317
Age 60 thru 64	157	153	149	145	141	137	132	128	123	119	114	110
Age 65 thru 84	592	573	553	534	515	495	476	457	437	418	399	380
Age 85 & Older	132	130	128	125	122	119	116	113	110	107	103	100
Russell County												
Total Population	6,585	6,516	6,438	6,356	6,272	6,190	6,110	6,027	5,950	5,879	5,807	5,731
Age 0 thru 4	335	331	326	321	315	310	305	299	292	286	279	272
Age 5 thru 9	286	272	258	245	233	221	208	197	186	175	165	155
Age 10 thru 14	351	338	325	310	296	282	270	257	245	233	222	210
Age 15 thru 19	364	349	333	317	302	289	275	263	251	238	226	214
Age 20 thru 24	528	565	607	654	699	741	782	826	873	924	977	1,032
Age 25 thru 29	217	209	200	194	189	185	178	170	163	156	149	143
Age 30 thru 34	244	235	225	215	205	194	185	175	166	158	149	141
Age 35 thru 39	260	240	221	201	183	167	152	139	127	116	106	96
Age 40 thru 44	496	490	482	476	468	461	453	443	434	425	415	405
Age 45 thru 49	563	565	566	562	558	554	550	546	541	537	531	524
Age 50 thru 54	553	561	565	569	571	574	578	580	582	583	583	582
Age 55 thru 59	499	506	513	518	520	521	524	526	527	528	529	528
Age 60 thru 64	386	384	382	378	377	375	371	366	361	356	351	345
Age 65 thru 84	1,152	1,117	1,079	1,039	999	960	923	886	850	814	779	742
Age 85 & Older	351	354	356	357	357	356	356	354	352	350	346	342
Saline County												
Total Population	54,916	55,092	55,243	55,383	55,528	55,684	55,831	55,978	56,126	56,270	56,438	56,608
Age 0 thru 4	3,601	3,588	3,565	3,544	3,517	3,494	3,474	3,452	3,428	3,402	3,376	3,349
Age 5 thru 9	3,403	3,353	3,298	3,242	3,192	3,138	3,081	3,030	2,977	2,923	2,870	2,817
Age 10 thru 14	3,604	3,561	3,515	3,473	3,424	3,374	3,326	3,279	3,231	3,182	3,134	3,085
Age 15 thru 19	3,523	3,462	3,396	3,338	3,287	3,241	3,190	3,140	3,088	3,033	2,978	2,923
Age 20 thru 24	4,262	4,369	4,472	4,541	4,606	4,677	4,749	4,835	4,922	5,007	5,092	5,175
Age 25 thru 29	3,640	3,661	3,694	3,747	3,800	3,838	3,867	3,884	3,903	3,923	3,947	3,972
Age 30 thru 34	3,080	3,028	2,973	2,909	2,838	2,772	2,706	2,643	2,582	2,522	2,463	2,404
Age 35 thru 39	3,233	3,147	3,063	2,985	2,915	2,854	2,790	2,717	2,644	2,572	2,503	2,435
Age 40 thru 44	3,901	3,863	3,818	3,765	3,714	3,666	3,619	3,575	3,529	3,480	3,431	3,381
Age 45 thru 49	4,402	4,457	4,505	4,546	4,592	4,628	4,669	4,713	4,754	4,793	4,832	4,869
Age 50 thru 54	4,300	4,424	4,542	4,654	4,775	4,910	5,043	5,176	5,310	5,444	5,580	5,717
Age 55 thru 59	3,836	4,006	4,190	4,392	4,582	4,775	4,977	5,181	5,394	5,616	5,848	6,089
Age 60 thru 64	2,403	2,429	2,459	2,489	2,521	2,546	2,569	2,590	2,611	2,633	2,655	2,677
Age 65 thru 84	6,480	6,468	6,449	6,427	6,405	6,380	6,351	6,319	6,285	6,248	6,213	6,175
Age 85 & Older	1,248	1,276	1,304	1,331	1,360	1,391	1,420	1,444	1,468	1,492	1,516	1,540
Scott County												
Total Population	4,397	4,344	4,287	4,228	4,168	4,099	4,032	3,960	3,886	3,814	3,747	3,689
Age 0 thru 4	291	288	284	282	279	274	268	262	255	248	242	236
Age 5 thru 9	235	224	213	202	192	183	173	163	153	144	135	127
Age 10 thru 14	268	254	240	226	212	199	187	175	164	153	143	133
Age 15 thru 19	336	328	320	312	303	293	283	273	262	252	242	233
Age 20 thru 24	350	366	385	400	414	427	442	455	467	480	493	507

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Scott County (cont'd)												
Age 25 thru 29	171	163	155	147	140	133	126	119	112	105	99	93
Age 30 thru 34	216	211	206	201	196	190	185	178	171	164	158	152
Age 35 thru 39	190	176	162	149	138	126	115	105	96	87	80	72
Age 40 thru 44	316	308	299	288	277	266	255	245	234	223	213	203
Age 45 thru 49	397	396	393	388	382	375	368	361	354	346	338	330
Age 50 thru 54	436	447	457	467	474	478	482	486	490	493	495	498
Age 55 thru 59	395	410	425	445	466	490	510	524	539	554	569	586
Age 60 thru 64	250	250	252	252	252	250	248	246	243	240	236	234
Age 65 thru 84	431	411	389	366	344	322	301	283	265	248	231	216
Age 85 & Older	115	112	107	103	99	93	89	85	81	77	73	69
Sedgwick County												
Total Population	480,456	480,866	478,581	479,042	482,732	485,791	488,672	491,124	493,527	496,002	498,432	500,903
Age 0 thru 4	38,237	38,416	38,367	38,504	38,863	39,127	39,330	39,464	39,577	39,680	39,779	39,886
Age 5 thru 9	33,821	33,483	33,016	32,779	32,833	32,908	32,985	33,047	33,150	33,239	33,283	33,315
Age 10 thru 14	34,918	34,807	34,574	34,561	34,811	35,032	35,259	35,512	35,820	36,119	36,376	36,619
Age 15 thru 19	33,410	33,367	33,225	33,354	33,782	34,233	34,685	35,097	35,554	36,003	36,414	36,824
Age 20 thru 24	32,216	31,799	31,083	30,571	30,207	29,643	28,975	28,436	27,823	27,385	27,139	26,925
Age 25 thru 29	35,257	35,547	35,806	36,358	37,134	37,841	38,432	38,913	39,481	40,089	40,703	41,247
Age 30 thru 34	31,226	31,188	31,049	31,103	31,322	31,398	31,406	31,385	31,440	31,523	31,599	31,602
Age 35 thru 39	29,751	29,196	28,598	28,236	28,104	27,918	27,674	27,338	27,048	26,772	26,488	26,154
Age 40 thru 44	35,252	35,135	34,894	34,866	35,062	35,142	35,172	35,245	35,354	35,458	35,533	35,523
Age 45 thru 49	37,612	37,510	36,959	36,240	35,754	35,337	34,991	34,596	34,032	33,393	32,701	32,046
Age 50 thru 54	35,505	35,992	36,004	35,789	35,873	36,045	36,280	36,458	36,453	36,340	36,155	35,995
Age 55 thru 59	28,654	29,300	29,679	29,972	30,360	30,771	31,237	31,617	31,873	32,065	32,206	32,382
Age 60 thru 64	18,678	18,731	18,617	18,462	18,430	18,395	18,338	18,210	18,016	17,795	17,554	17,336
Age 65 thru 84	47,050	47,208	47,204	48,220	49,552	50,747	52,015	53,280	54,686	56,178	57,746	59,437
Age 85 & Older	8,869	9,187	9,506	10,027	10,645	11,254	11,893	12,526	13,220	13,963	14,756	15,612
Seward County												
Total Population	24,489	24,769	25,043	25,294	25,532	25,768	26,008	26,239	26,476	26,707	26,943	27,189
Age 0 thru 4	2,786	2,868	2,951	3,030	3,114	3,192	3,265	3,343	3,423	3,503	3,583	3,666
Age 5 thru 9	2,082	2,092	2,101	2,109	2,111	2,113	2,121	2,124	2,127	2,128	2,128	2,127
Age 10 thru 14	1,912	1,916	1,919	1,918	1,913	1,906	1,898	1,893	1,887	1,880	1,872	1,864
Age 15 thru 19	1,906	1,899	1,891	1,883	1,874	1,869	1,862	1,854	1,844	1,832	1,820	1,807
Age 20 thru 24	1,476	1,452	1,420	1,383	1,341	1,300	1,266	1,238	1,209	1,179	1,149	1,117
Age 25 thru 29	1,725	1,716	1,706	1,700	1,693	1,687	1,679	1,667	1,654	1,640	1,627	1,614
Age 30 thru 34	1,619	1,610	1,597	1,578	1,555	1,531	1,509	1,490	1,471	1,450	1,430	1,409
Age 35 thru 39	1,787	1,793	1,799	1,810	1,819	1,824	1,831	1,832	1,833	1,834	1,834	1,835
Age 40 thru 44	1,773	1,796	1,816	1,829	1,846	1,864	1,880	1,895	1,909	1,922	1,935	1,947
Age 45 thru 49	1,780	1,837	1,893	1,945	1,994	2,043	2,096	2,148	2,201	2,255	2,309	2,365
Age 50 thru 54	1,594	1,664	1,738	1,812	1,895	1,978	2,059	2,141	2,226	2,314	2,405	2,501
Age 55 thru 59	1,192	1,245	1,302	1,361	1,416	1,475	1,534	1,591	1,652	1,715	1,780	1,849
Age 60 thru 64	798	817	839	862	884	905	925	942	961	980	999	1,020
Age 65 thru 84	1,628	1,620	1,614	1,604	1,594	1,584	1,572	1,558	1,544	1,529	1,514	1,499
Age 85 & Older	431	444	457	470	483	497	511	523	535	546	558	569

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Shawnee County												
Total Population	175,476	176,066	176,721	177,713	178,611	179,412	180,178	180,822	181,520	182,290	183,095	183,981
Age 0 thru 4	12,425	12,542	12,661	12,784	12,878	12,951	13,006	13,039	13,068	13,096	13,126	13,161
Age 5 thru 9	11,118	11,090	11,089	11,125	11,163	11,216	11,269	11,323	11,400	11,476	11,542	11,607
Age 10 thru 14	11,224	11,175	11,152	11,158	11,186	11,211	11,237	11,269	11,323	11,377	11,420	11,462
Age 15 thru 19	11,932	11,942	11,989	12,080	12,200	12,340	12,482	12,614	12,767	12,919	13,060	13,204
Age 20 thru 24	10,566	10,320	10,019	9,762	9,491	9,157	8,803	8,492	8,162	7,891	7,682	7,487
Age 25 thru 29	12,290	12,527	12,848	13,246	13,656	14,030	14,354	14,619	14,929	15,265	15,613	15,940
Age 30 thru 34	10,181	10,157	10,161	10,178	10,154	10,099	10,019	9,947	9,899	9,860	9,818	9,751
Age 35 thru 39	9,780	9,566	9,392	9,240	9,088	8,927	8,745	8,557	8,387	8,223	8,059	7,879
Age 40 thru 44	12,175	12,109	12,070	12,055	12,023	11,960	11,884	11,818	11,769	11,719	11,660	11,573
Age 45 thru 49	13,422	13,309	13,118	12,831	12,541	12,280	12,047	11,806	11,519	11,215	10,901	10,606
Age 50 thru 54	14,339	14,551	14,668	14,636	14,623	14,655	14,715	14,755	14,730	14,667	14,581	14,508
Age 55 thru 59	12,833	13,251	13,645	13,971	14,250	14,564	14,882	15,163	15,399	15,616	15,819	16,046
Age 60 thru 64	8,306	8,363	8,398	8,385	8,356	8,321	8,291	8,234	8,153	8,063	7,965	7,879
Age 65 thru 84	21,286	21,488	21,746	22,343	22,920	23,460	24,033	24,613	25,263	25,960	26,701	27,508
Age 85 & Older	3,599	3,676	3,765	3,919	4,082	4,241	4,411	4,573	4,752	4,943	5,148	5,370
Sheridan County												
Total Population	2,468	2,442	2,413	2,382	2,351	2,316	2,282	2,246	2,217	2,184	2,154	2,124
Age 0 thru 4	118	116	112	108	105	101	97	92	88	84	80	76
Age 5 thru 9	97	90	83	77	70	64	58	53	48	44	40	36
Age 10 thru 14	134	124	115	105	96	88	81	74	68	62	56	51
Age 15 thru 19	211	209	206	199	193	186	180	174	168	162	156	149
Age 20 thru 24	208	224	242	265	288	310	334	354	376	400	424	450
Age 25 thru 29	44	40	36	32	30	27	24	22	20	17	16	14
Age 30 thru 34	64	60	55	50	46	41	37	34	31	28	25	22
Age 35 thru 39	73	65	57	50	44	39	34	30	27	23	20	17
Age 40 thru 44	210	207	203	198	192	186	180	174	168	162	156	149
Age 45 thru 49	238	238	237	235	232	228	223	219	214	209	204	198
Age 50 thru 54	278	290	303	315	325	335	344	352	361	368	375	382
Age 55 thru 59	175	178	180	183	185	188	189	189	189	188	187	186
Age 60 thru 64	112	107	103	98	92	87	82	77	73	68	64	59
Age 65 thru 84	452	443	434	423	411	398	384	370	356	342	327	313
Age 85 & Older	54	51	47	44	42	38	35	32	30	27	24	22
Sherman County												
Total Population	5,938	5,871	5,802	5,730	5,661	5,585	5,503	5,423	5,340	5,269	5,199	5,134
Age 0 thru 4	318	310	301	293	284	275	266	258	249	241	233	226
Age 5 thru 9	307	295	284	275	266	257	247	237	228	218	210	202
Age 10 thru 14	331	317	302	288	273	260	247	235	224	213	202	192
Age 15 thru 19	522	511	499	489	480	471	460	449	438	428	418	408
Age 20 thru 24	416	413	409	402	395	387	380	374	368	363	357	351
Age 25 thru 29	272	264	257	252	248	245	240	233	227	221	215	210
Age 30 thru 34	236	226	217	205	196	186	177	169	160	153	145	138
Age 35 thru 39	238	223	209	197	185	174	163	152	142	133	125	117
Age 40 thru 44	392	384	374	363	353	344	333	324	314	305	296	288
Age 45 thru 49	513	517	520	524	527	529	532	533	533	534	535	537
Age 50 thru 54	479	489	498	504	510	514	517	522	527	532	537	542

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Sherman County (cont'd)												
Age 55 thru 59	398	403	408	414	419	425	431	435	438	442	446	450
Age 60 thru 64	359	363	367	370	373	372	372	373	373	374	375	376
Age 65 thru 84	921	912	903	892	881	867	853	838	823	809	796	782
Age 85 & Older	236	244	254	262	271	279	285	291	296	303	309	315
Smith County												
Total Population	3,879	3,816	3,752	3,685	3,621	3,559	3,489	3,420	3,355	3,288	3,228	3,165
Age 0 thru 4	141	136	131	127	123	120	116	111	106	101	97	92
Age 5 thru 9	146	137	128	119	110	101	93	86	80	73	67	62
Age 10 thru 14	194	183	171	160	149	139	129	120	111	103	95	87
Age 15 thru 19	254	247	240	231	222	215	207	199	190	182	174	165
Age 20 thru 24	267	289	314	344	380	414	449	481	515	552	591	632
Age 25 thru 29	110	106	102	99	95	91	86	82	78	74	70	66
Age 30 thru 34	90	82	74	67	60	53	48	43	39	34	31	27
Age 35 thru 39	145	133	121	109	100	91	83	75	68	62	56	50
Age 40 thru 44	319	314	310	302	294	287	279	271	263	254	246	236
Age 45 thru 49	353	355	357	356	352	349	344	340	336	331	325	319
Age 50 thru 54	321	323	325	324	325	324	322	320	318	314	310	306
Age 55 thru 59	296	300	305	312	315	317	317	317	317	316	315	313
Age 60 thru 64	204	199	193	187	180	174	167	161	154	147	140	134
Age 65 thru 84	830	808	783	756	730	704	676	648	620	592	565	537
Age 85 & Older	209	204	198	192	186	180	173	166	160	153	146	139
Stafford County												
Total Population	4,282	4,221	4,162	4,102	4,046	3,985	3,927	3,871	3,814	3,757	3,702	3,648
Age 0 thru 4	188	179	171	162	153	143	135	128	121	114	107	100
Age 5 thru 9	228	218	208	200	192	183	174	166	158	150	142	134
Age 10 thru 14	258	243	229	215	202	190	179	168	158	148	138	129
Age 15 thru 19	389	390	391	388	386	384	381	378	375	372	368	363
Age 20 thru 24	270	282	296	309	323	335	347	358	370	382	395	407
Age 25 thru 29	136	130	124	118	113	109	103	98	93	88	83	79
Age 30 thru 34	125	116	108	100	92	86	80	74	68	62	57	53
Age 35 thru 39	195	181	167	154	142	130	120	111	102	94	86	78
Age 40 thru 44	368	364	358	351	344	337	330	324	317	309	302	294
Age 45 thru 49	390	392	393	392	390	385	382	380	377	374	370	365
Age 50 thru 54	426	444	463	483	504	527	549	568	586	605	625	645
Age 55 thru 59	276	277	279	281	282	282	282	282	281	280	279	277
Age 60 thru 64	225	224	221	220	219	217	214	211	208	205	201	198
Age 65 thru 84	620	594	568	544	522	498	475	452	430	408	387	367
Age 85 & Older	188	187	186	185	182	179	176	173	170	166	162	159
Stanton County												
Total Population	2,216	2,205	2,193	2,179	2,160	2,146	2,127	2,109	2,091	2,067	2,047	2,025
Age 0 thru 4	159	156	153	150	146	142	139	136	132	128	124	120
Age 5 thru 9	149	144	139	135	130	125	120	116	111	106	101	97
Age 10 thru 14	161	156	151	147	142	136	130	126	121	116	111	106
Age 15 thru 19	160	157	154	150	146	144	141	138	134	131	127	123
Age 20 thru 24	125	123	121	119	116	114	111	108	106	103	100	97

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Stanton County (cont'd)												
Age 25 thru 29	112	109	106	103	100	96	92	89	86	82	79	76
Age 30 thru 34	120	116	113	109	105	102	98	94	90	86	83	79
Age 35 thru 39	135	130	125	119	115	110	105	100	96	91	87	82
Age 40 thru 44	196	197	198	197	198	199	198	198	198	197	195	194
Age 45 thru 49	180	181	182	184	183	183	183	183	182	181	180	179
Age 50 thru 54	190	203	216	229	242	258	271	284	299	313	329	345
Age 55 thru 59	89	88	87	87	85	83	81	79	78	76	74	72
Age 60 thru 64	85	84	82	81	79	79	78	77	75	73	72	70
Age 65 thru 84	302	305	308	309	310	310	312	312	312	311	310	309
Age 85 & Older	53	56	58	60	63	65	68	69	71	73	75	76
Stevens County												
Total Population	5,492	5,511	5,528	5,542	5,553	5,558	5,570	5,576	5,591	5,610	5,628	5,634
Age 0 thru 4	424	422	420	414	409	404	399	395	391	387	382	377
Age 5 thru 9	419	414	409	403	397	391	385	379	374	368	362	355
Age 10 thru 14	427	422	416	413	410	405	400	394	389	384	378	372
Age 15 thru 19	441	439	436	428	421	415	412	408	403	399	394	388
Age 20 thru 24	414	430	446	470	492	511	525	543	563	584	605	626
Age 25 thru 29	248	240	231	223	216	211	205	198	191	185	178	172
Age 30 thru 34	356	359	363	367	369	369	369	369	369	370	371	371
Age 35 thru 39	236	222	208	194	183	173	163	154	145	136	128	120
Age 40 thru 44	448	450	450	448	444	440	439	437	436	434	432	428
Age 45 thru 49	496	516	537	555	574	592	610	628	647	668	689	709
Age 50 thru 54	353	362	371	382	392	401	411	419	429	438	448	457
Age 55 thru 59	290	294	298	302	308	313	319	323	328	332	337	340
Age 60 thru 64	266	273	281	290	295	301	309	315	321	328	336	342
Age 65 thru 84	531	521	511	498	486	473	462	450	439	429	418	406
Age 85 & Older	143	147	151	155	157	159	162	164	166	168	170	171
Sumner County												
Total Population	24,282	24,009	23,633	23,447	23,447	23,397	23,338	23,267	23,183	23,088	22,969	22,862
Age 0 thru 4	1,417	1,385	1,346	1,317	1,295	1,270	1,246	1,220	1,193	1,166	1,137	1,109
Age 5 thru 9	1,424	1,372	1,318	1,278	1,250	1,224	1,197	1,171	1,146	1,121	1,093	1,065
Age 10 thru 14	1,643	1,584	1,520	1,472	1,440	1,406	1,375	1,345	1,316	1,287	1,254	1,222
Age 15 thru 19	1,984	1,961	1,935	1,924	1,931	1,940	1,945	1,952	1,961	1,967	1,968	1,968
Age 20 thru 24	1,739	1,770	1,793	1,837	1,899	1,944	1,977	2,009	2,036	2,077	2,132	2,192
Age 25 thru 29	1,221	1,216	1,212	1,223	1,243	1,259	1,265	1,269	1,276	1,283	1,289	1,293
Age 30 thru 34	955	918	879	848	825	800	773	746	721	697	673	648
Age 35 thru 39	1,153	1,096	1,038	993	957	919	884	849	815	782	749	715
Age 40 thru 44	1,714	1,671	1,622	1,584	1,564	1,537	1,508	1,484	1,461	1,436	1,408	1,376
Age 45 thru 49	2,319	2,314	2,285	2,249	2,223	2,199	2,178	2,157	2,126	2,088	2,045	2,003
Age 50 thru 54	2,137	2,166	2,172	2,170	2,192	2,216	2,240	2,256	2,263	2,261	2,253	2,247
Age 55 thru 59	1,650	1,673	1,684	1,693	1,708	1,726	1,746	1,758	1,764	1,765	1,760	1,758
Age 60 thru 64	1,096	1,078	1,051	1,025	1,008	988	969	947	922	895	866	839
Age 65 thru 84	3,119	3,084	3,045	3,076	3,125	3,154	3,191	3,231	3,277	3,324	3,369	3,418
Age 85 & Older	711	721	733	758	787	815	844	873	906	939	973	1,009

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Thomas County												
Total Population	7,436	7,369	7,294	7,215	7,141	7,068	6,995	6,914	6,834	6,751	6,670	6,598
Age 0 thru 4	403	390	375	363	350	338	326	313	300	288	275	263
Age 5 thru 9	442	427	412	395	380	365	351	336	321	307	293	279
Age 10 thru 14	473	459	444	429	413	396	380	364	349	334	319	305
Age 15 thru 19	701	684	667	649	633	618	602	584	566	547	529	511
Age 20 thru 24	489	475	457	435	416	399	382	367	352	337	321	306
Age 25 thru 29	469	471	474	477	479	477	477	474	471	467	464	460
Age 30 thru 34	316	307	299	290	279	270	261	251	241	231	221	212
Age 35 thru 39	292	271	250	232	215	199	184	170	156	144	132	121
Age 40 thru 44	500	487	473	456	439	424	407	393	379	364	349	335
Age 45 thru 49	582	576	567	558	551	543	535	527	517	506	495	484
Age 50 thru 54	806	858	914	970	1,025	1,082	1,141	1,199	1,260	1,322	1,387	1,455
Age 55 thru 59	426	433	439	448	456	464	470	474	478	481	484	487
Age 60 thru 64	341	341	341	341	342	340	338	336	334	331	327	324
Age 65 thru 84	973	963	952	938	925	911	895	878	861	842	823	804
Age 85 & Older	223	227	230	234	238	242	246	248	249	250	251	252
Trego County												
Total Population	2,883	2,839	2,792	2,742	2,697	2,649	2,600	2,551	2,507	2,465	2,422	2,375
Age 0 thru 4	133	128	124	121	116	113	109	105	100	96	92	88
Age 5 thru 9	127	121	115	110	104	99	94	88	83	78	74	69
Age 10 thru 14	151	144	137	129	122	115	108	102	96	90	85	79
Age 15 thru 19	194	184	174	164	154	144	136	128	121	113	106	99
Age 20 thru 24	186	196	208	221	238	255	266	278	291	305	320	334
Age 25 thru 29	98	95	92	88	85	81	77	73	70	67	63	60
Age 30 thru 34	94	90	86	82	79	75	71	66	62	59	55	52
Age 35 thru 39	107	99	90	82	75	68	63	58	53	48	43	39
Age 40 thru 44	168	158	147	136	127	117	108	101	94	87	80	74
Age 45 thru 49	349	357	365	373	380	387	393	399	404	409	413	416
Age 50 thru 54	267	276	285	291	299	305	311	317	322	327	332	336
Age 55 thru 59	168	167	167	166	163	160	157	154	151	149	146	142
Age 60 thru 64	147	143	139	135	132	128	124	119	115	111	107	102
Age 65 thru 84	520	505	487	468	447	426	407	389	372	355	337	319
Age 85 & Older	174	176	176	176	176	176	176	174	173	171	169	166
Wabaunsee County												
Total Population	6,981	6,985	6,982	6,982	6,966	6,942	6,910	6,868	6,817	6,759	6,701	6,638
Age 0 thru 4	340	332	323	313	302	290	280	269	258	248	237	226
Age 5 thru 9	401	394	389	386	384	383	380	375	371	366	361	355
Age 10 thru 14	409	395	382	371	361	352	342	332	323	313	303	292
Age 15 thru 19	503	499	496	490	482	476	470	467	463	458	452	445
Age 20 thru 24	561	590	619	653	686	715	735	755	774	797	827	859
Age 25 thru 29	356	360	366	377	388	397	405	408	412	416	419	422
Age 30 thru 34	321	317	314	310	306	303	298	291	285	279	273	266
Age 35 thru 39	319	303	288	275	261	247	236	224	212	200	189	177
Age 40 thru 44	560	559	556	551	545	536	526	519	513	505	496	485
Age 45 thru 49	675	683	686	683	674	667	662	656	646	633	620	606
Age 50 thru 54	614	625	631	633	633	635	634	633	629	623	614	606

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Wabaunsee County (cont'd)												
Age 55 thru 59	506	514	519	519	522	525	529	528	524	519	512	506
Age 60 thru 64	372	372	371	366	359	352	346	339	330	320	310	301
Age 65 thru 84	866	860	855	860	861	856	853	852	851	850	849	847
Age 85 & Older	178	182	187	195	202	208	214	220	226	232	239	245
Wallace County												
Total Population	1,497	1,478	1,456	1,434	1,409	1,383	1,354	1,331	1,306	1,283	1,261	1,237
Age 0 thru 4	87	85	83	80	79	76	73	70	68	65	62	59
Age 5 thru 9	64	58	52	48	43	38	34	31	27	24	22	19
Age 10 thru 14	126	123	119	116	112	108	104	100	95	91	87	82
Age 15 thru 19	99	93	87	80	74	68	64	59	54	50	46	42
Age 20 thru 24	154	167	183	199	213	227	240	254	269	284	300	317
Age 25 thru 29	46	44	41	39	38	36	34	32	30	28	26	24
Age 30 thru 34	42	39	36	34	31	29	26	24	22	20	18	16
Age 35 thru 39	41	37	32	28	24	21	18	16	14	12	10	9
Age 40 thru 44	93	88	83	77	72	68	63	59	55	51	47	43
Age 45 thru 49	144	143	143	141	138	135	133	130	127	124	121	117
Age 50 thru 54	152	156	160	162	165	166	166	167	168	168	168	167
Age 55 thru 59	112	115	118	121	124	126	127	128	129	130	130	130
Age 60 thru 64	60	58	55	53	50	48	45	43	40	38	35	33
Age 65 thru 84	223	217	210	202	193	184	175	167	159	150	142	134
Age 85 & Older	54	55	54	54	53	53	52	51	49	48	47	45
Washington County												
Total Population	5,742	5,672	5,596	5,521	5,448	5,372	5,297	5,221	5,149	5,077	5,004	4,932
Age 0 thru 4	257	247	237	227	217	208	199	191	183	175	167	159
Age 5 thru 9	308	300	291	283	275	268	260	252	244	236	228	220
Age 10 thru 14	319	305	291	277	263	249	237	225	213	203	192	182
Age 15 thru 19	422	419	417	413	409	405	401	396	392	387	382	376
Age 20 thru 24	279	286	292	301	311	317	324	329	336	342	348	355
Age 25 thru 29	194	188	181	174	167	160	153	147	141	135	129	124
Age 30 thru 34	230	222	214	207	200	194	187	180	172	166	159	153
Age 35 thru 39	249	234	219	205	191	179	168	158	148	138	129	120
Age 40 thru 44	435	430	424	417	411	402	394	388	381	374	366	359
Age 45 thru 49	521	534	545	554	561	569	577	585	593	600	608	615
Age 50 thru 54	466	474	480	487	493	501	507	513	519	524	529	533
Age 55 thru 59	415	419	424	429	435	440	445	448	451	454	457	460
Age 60 thru 64	367	369	373	375	377	377	377	376	376	376	376	375
Age 65 thru 84	1,001	971	940	909	880	851	822	793	766	738	711	684
Age 85 & Older	279	274	268	263	258	252	246	240	234	229	223	217
Wichita County												
Total Population	2,188	2,148	2,107	2,069	2,029	1,992	1,956	1,918	1,875	1,839	1,797	1,761
Age 0 thru 4	125	118	111	105	99	94	88	83	78	73	68	64
Age 5 thru 9	168	164	159	155	150	145	141	136	131	127	122	117
Age 10 thru 14	155	151	147	143	138	133	127	122	117	113	108	103
Age 15 thru 19	126	120	114	109	103	98	94	89	84	80	75	71
Age 20 thru 24	131	129	128	127	126	126	127	126	124	123	121	119

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Wichita County (cont'd)												
Age 25 thru 29	89	84	79	74	70	65	61	58	54	50	47	44
Age 30 thru 34	109	105	100	95	90	85	81	76	72	68	64	61
Age 35 thru 39	128	123	119	116	112	108	105	101	96	92	89	85
Age 40 thru 44	130	125	119	112	106	100	95	90	85	80	76	71
Age 45 thru 49	192	192	191	190	188	187	185	184	181	179	176	174
Age 50 thru 54	219	228	237	248	258	268	279	288	297	307	316	326
Age 55 thru 59	140	141	143	144	145	146	145	145	145	145	144	144
Age 60 thru 64	115	114	113	112	112	112	112	111	110	109	107	106
Age 65 thru 84	292	286	281	274	268	262	255	249	242	235	228	221
Age 85 & Older	69	68	66	65	64	63	61	60	59	58	56	55
Wilson County												
Total Population	9,733	9,695	9,649	9,595	9,543	9,486	9,425	9,368	9,308	9,255	9,193	9,147
Age 0 thru 4	474	464	452	440	426	413	401	390	378	367	355	344
Age 5 thru 9	501	482	463	446	430	416	400	385	370	356	341	327
Age 10 thru 14	608	589	569	548	528	507	486	468	450	433	415	399
Age 15 thru 19	711	707	703	699	693	687	680	673	666	659	651	643
Age 20 thru 24	652	671	689	700	712	723	738	753	767	781	795	809
Age 25 thru 29	618	631	647	664	681	697	713	725	737	750	763	777
Age 30 thru 34	490	487	484	480	474	467	460	452	445	438	431	425
Age 35 thru 39	417	395	373	351	333	315	297	281	265	250	235	221
Age 40 thru 44	646	633	618	601	583	564	547	533	518	503	487	473
Age 45 thru 49	792	798	802	806	810	814	816	818	819	820	820	821
Age 50 thru 54	873	904	935	965	998	1,032	1,064	1,096	1,129	1,162	1,195	1,230
Age 55 thru 59	635	644	651	661	669	675	678	684	689	695	699	704
Age 60 thru 64	541	545	548	550	552	555	559	559	559	559	559	560
Age 65 thru 84	1,408	1,376	1,343	1,311	1,279	1,246	1,211	1,177	1,143	1,110	1,077	1,045
Age 85 & Older	367	369	372	373	375	375	375	374	373	372	370	369
Woodson County												
Total Population	3,427	3,390	3,347	3,306	3,264	3,220	3,177	3,139	3,096	3,059	3,021	2,987
Age 0 thru 4	163	160	156	153	151	147	143	139	134	130	126	121
Age 5 thru 9	164	162	160	157	154	151	147	143	139	135	131	127
Age 10 thru 14	117	106	95	85	76	68	61	55	50	44	39	35
Age 15 thru 19	238	232	227	219	211	202	194	187	180	173	166	158
Age 20 thru 24	242	247	252	253	251	249	248	249	250	250	249	248
Age 25 thru 29	279	297	317	342	375	407	438	463	488	517	547	580
Age 30 thru 34	134	129	124	119	113	107	102	97	92	87	82	78
Age 35 thru 39	134	125	115	106	97	89	81	75	68	63	57	52
Age 40 thru 44	222	216	208	201	193	186	178	171	164	157	150	143
Age 45 thru 49	275	270	264	257	249	242	235	229	222	215	208	201
Age 50 thru 54	331	342	353	365	377	385	395	404	413	421	429	436
Age 55 thru 59	220	219	218	218	215	212	209	207	203	200	196	192
Age 60 thru 64	211	214	216	218	219	221	221	221	220	219	218	217
Age 65 thru 84	541	516	490	464	437	411	386	364	342	321	300	281
Age 85 & Older	156	155	152	149	146	143	139	135	131	127	123	118

Appendix L (cont'd)

Kansas Population Projections, by County, by Age Cohort for 2009 through 2020

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
Wyandotte County												
Total Population	153,308	152,099	150,880	149,713	148,647	147,630	146,606	145,475	144,464	143,631	142,918	142,344
Age 0 thru 4	13,507	13,549	13,608	13,649	13,677	13,692	13,691	13,676	13,665	13,666	13,682	13,718
Age 5 thru 9	11,014	10,816	10,644	10,508	10,411	10,339	10,271	10,187	10,126	10,074	10,026	9,989
Age 10 thru 14	11,242	11,107	10,989	10,874	10,772	10,683	10,608	10,553	10,522	10,499	10,477	10,463
Age 15 thru 19	10,473	10,280	10,106	9,999	9,932	9,895	9,856	9,792	9,748	9,710	9,677	9,656
Age 20 thru 24	10,155	9,857	9,503	9,138	8,753	8,347	7,933	7,562	7,200	6,901	6,658	6,444
Age 25 thru 29	11,509	11,458	11,451	11,475	11,521	11,558	11,561	11,543	11,555	11,592	11,640	11,680
Age 30 thru 34	11,434	11,479	11,563	11,648	11,741	11,802	11,844	11,873	11,942	12,043	12,155	12,258
Age 35 thru 39	9,366	9,132	8,933	8,751	8,602	8,463	8,313	8,140	7,988	7,855	7,729	7,599
Age 40 thru 44	11,425	11,393	11,397	11,405	11,417	11,416	11,401	11,398	11,419	11,459	11,504	11,539
Age 45 thru 49	11,682	11,643	11,534	11,314	11,091	10,903	10,743	10,567	10,354	10,133	9,903	9,689
Age 50 thru 54	10,660	10,715	10,683	10,541	10,428	10,339	10,273	10,197	10,082	9,948	9,803	9,670
Age 55 thru 59	8,993	9,112	9,194	9,224	9,233	9,264	9,302	9,303	9,278	9,244	9,202	9,175
Age 60 thru 64	5,915	5,851	5,766	5,626	5,482	5,350	5,221	5,089	4,946	4,802	4,658	4,524
Age 65 thru 84	13,190	12,921	12,670	12,623	12,555	12,464	12,390	12,316	12,270	12,239	12,232	12,252
Age 85 & Older	2,743	2,786	2,839	2,938	3,032	3,115	3,199	3,279	3,369	3,466	3,572	3,688

Source: *Moody's Economy.com*